

PSG Institute of Technology and Applied Research Neelambur, Coimbatore 641 062

Approved by AICTE, New Delhi, Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai All Eligible 5 Programs Accredited by NBA, 124th Rank in NIRF 2022

B.TECH ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND DATA

SCIENCE

REGULATION 2021

CURRICULUM

&

SYLLABUS

ANNA UNIVERSITY : : CHENNAI - 600 025

AFFILIATED INSTITUTIONS

REGULATIONS 2021

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM

Common to all B. E. / B. Tech. Full-Time Programmes

(For the students admitted to B. E./B. Tech. Programme at various Non-Autonomous Affiliated Institutions)

DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING / BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY

This Regulation is applicable to the students admitted to B.E/B.Tech. Programmes at all Engineering Colleges affiliated to Anna University, Chennai (other than Autonomous Colleges) and to all the University Colleges of Engineering of Anna University, Chennai from the academic year 2021-2022 onwards.

1. PRELIMINARY DEFINITIONS AND NOMENCLATURE

In these Regulations, unless the context otherwise requires:

- I) "Programme" means Degree Programme, that is B.E./B.Tech. Degree Programme.
- II) "**Discipline**" means specialization or branch of B.E./B.Tech. Degree Programme, like Civil Engineering, Textile Technology, etc.
- III) "**Course**" means a theory or practical subject that is normally studied in a semester, like Mathematics, Physics, etc.
- IV) "Director, Centre for Academic Courses" means the authority of the University who is responsible for all academic activities of the Academic Programmes for implementation of relevant rules of this Regulations pertaining to the Academic Programmes.
- V) "Chairperson" means the Head of the Faculty.
- VI) "Head of the Institution" means the Principal of the College.
- VII) "Head of the Department (HOD)" means the Head of the Department concerned.
- VIII) "Controller of Examinations (COE)" means the authority of the University who is responsible for all activities of the University Examinations.
- IX) "University" means ANNA UNIVERSITY, CHENNAI.

2. ADMISSION

2.1 Candidates seeking admission to the first semester of the eight semesters B.E./ B.Tech. Degree Programme:

Should have passed the Higher Secondary Examinations of (10+2) Curriculum (Academic Stream) prescribed by the Government of Tamil Nadu with Mathematics, Physics and Chemistry as three of the four subjects of study under Part-III or any examination of any other University or authority accepted by the Syndicate of Anna University as equivalent thereto.

(OR)

Should have passed the Higher Secondary Examination of Vocational stream (Vocational groups in Engineering / Technology) as prescribed by the Government of Tamil Nadu.

2.2 Lateral entry admission

(i) The candidates who possess the Diploma in Engineering / Technology awarded by the State Board of Technical Education, Tamil Nadu or its equivalent are eligible to apply for Lateral entry admission to the third semester of B.E. / B.Tech., as per the rules fixed by Government of Tamil Nadu.

(OR)

(ii) The candidates who possess the Degree in Science (B.Sc.) (10+2+3 stream) with Mathematics as a subject at the B.Sc. Level are eligible to apply for Lateral entry admission to the third semester of B.E. / B.Tech.

Such candidates shall undergo two additional Engineering subject(s) in the **third and fourth semesters** as prescribed by the University.

3. PROGRAMMES OFFERED

B.E. / B.Tech. Programmes under the Faculty of Civil Engineering, Faculty of Mechanical Engineering, Faculty of Electrical Engineering, Faculty of Information and Communication Engineering and Faculty of Technology.

4. STRUCTURE OF PROGRAMMES

4.1 Categorization of Courses

Every B.E. / B. Tech. Programme will have a curriculum with syllabi consisting of theory and practical courses that shall be categorized as follows:

- i. **Humanities, Social Sciences and Management Courses (HSMC)** include Professional English, Communication skills etc.
- ii. **Basic Sciences Courses (BSC)** include Mathematics, Physics, Chemistry, Biology, Environmental Science etc.
- Engineering Sciences Courses (ESC) include Engineering Practices, Engineering Graphics, Basics of Civil / Mechanical / Electrical / Electronics / Instrumentation, Computer Engineering, etc.
- iv. **Professional Core Courses (PCC)** include the core courses relevant to the chosen specialization/branch.

- v. **Professional Elective Courses (PEC)** include the elective courses relevant to the chosen specialization/ branch.
- vi. Open Elective Courses (OEC) include the courses offered by a branch to other branches, from the list specified in the respective curriculum of the B.E. / B. Tech. / B. Arch. Programmes.
- vii. **Employability Enhancement Courses (EEC)** include Project Work, Internship, Seminar, Professional Practices, Case Study and Industrial/Practical Training etc.
- viii. Audit courses (AC) include the courses such as Constitution of India, Sangam literature etc.

4.2 Personality and Character Development

All students shall enroll, on admission, in any one of the personality and character development programmes NCC/NSS/NSO/YRC and undergo training / conduct activities for about 80 hours and attend a camp of about seven days. The training shall include classes on hygiene and health awareness and also training in first-aid. Alternately, activities of science, literature and arts also help for personality and character development. So, students shall conduct and participate actively in Science club/Literary Forum/Fine Arts activities for 80 hours and participate in at least ONE event.

National Cadet Corps (NCC) will have about 20 parades.

National Service Scheme (NSS) will have social service activities in and around the College / Institution.

National Sports Organization (NSO) will have Sports, Games, Drills and Physical exercises.

Youth Red Cross (YRC) will have activities related to social services in and around College/Institution.

While the training activities will normally be during weekends, the camp will normally be during vacation period.

Science club shall organise activities of popularisation of science and scientific temper through activities related to astronomy, works of great scientists from India and abroad, observing National Science Day, etc.

Literary Club like 'Tamil Ilakkiya Mandram' shall be formed, which shall organise colourful literary events to propagate good humanist values, morals and ethics reflected in the literature.

Fine Arts Club like music, painting and documentary films with social themes shall be encouraged.

Students who enroll and take active participation in anyone of the above activities for 80 hours and participate at least one event/programme will be given a certificate by the Head of the Institution and the copy of the same shall be forwarded to the Controller of Examinations for the purpose of record and scrutiny.

No fee shall be charged for all these activities.

4.3 Number of courses per semester

Each semester curriculum shall normally have a blend of lecture courses not exceeding **7** Theory courses and Laboratory integrated theory courses and **4** Employability Enhancement Course(s) and Laboratory Courses. However, the total number of courses per semester shall not exceed 10. Each Course shall have credits assigned as per clause 4.4.

4.4 Credit Assignment

Each course is assigned certain number of credits based on the following:

Contact period per week	CREDITS
1 Lecture Period	1
1 Tutorial Period	1
1 Laboratory Period (also for EEC courses like Seminar / Project Work /Case study / etc.)	0.5

4.5. Industrial Training/ Internship

4.5.1 The students may undergo Industrial training for a period as specified in the Curriculum during the summer / winter vacation. In this case, the training has to be undergone continuously for a period of at least two weeks in an organization.

The students may undergo Internship at a Research organization / University/ Industry (after due approval from the Head of the Institution) for the period prescribed in the curriculum during the summer / winter vacation, in lieu of Industrial training. Attendance Certificate mentioning the period of Industrial Training / Internship and signed by the competent authority of the industry, as per the format provided by the Centre for Academic Courses shall be submitted to the Head of the Institution. The attendance certificate shall be forwarded to the COE, Anna University by the Head of the Institution for processing results.

4.5.2 If Industrial Training/ Internship is not prescribed in the curriculum, the student may undergo Industrial Training/ Internship optionally and the credits earned will be indicated in the Grade Sheet. If the student earns three credits in Industrial Training/ Internship, the student may drop one Professional Elective (only one professional elective can be dropped). In such cases, Industrial Training / Internship need to be undergone continuously from one organization or with a combination one two week and one four week from one/two organizations. However, if the number of credits earned is 1 or 2, then these credits shall not be considered for classification of the degree. Students shall get permission from the Head of the Institution for taking Industrial Training/Internship and the Certificate of completion of Industrial Training / Internship shall be forwarded to the COE.

DURATION OF TRAINING/INTERNSHIP	CREDITS
2 Weeks*	1
4 Weeks	2
6 Weeks	3

*1 Week = 40 Internship Hours

4.6 Industrial Visit

Every student is required to go for at least one Industrial Visit every semester starting from the second year of the Programme. The Heads of Departments shall ensure that necessary arrangements are made in this regard.

4.7 Value Added Courses

The students may optionally undergo Value Added Courses (VAC) over and above the topics covered in the curriculum to obtain practical and industry specific knowledge. The credits earned through the Value Added Courses shall be over and above the total credit requirements prescribed in the curriculum for the award of the degree. One / Two credit courses shall be offered by a Department of an institution with the prior approval from the Head of the Institution and the Centre for Academic courses without any additional fee charged from the students. The details of the syllabus, time table and course coordinator may be sent to the Centre for Academic Courses at least one month before the course is offered for approval. Students can take a maximum of two one credit courses / one two credit course during the entire duration of the Programme.

4.8 Online Courses

Students may be permitted to credit a maximum of two online courses, subject to a maximum of six credits, with the approval of the Head of the Institution and the Centre for Academic Courses, in lieu of open elective / professional elective courses. The Head of the Institution shall form a three member committee with members as HOD and a faculty member from the Department of the student, HOD of any other branch of the Institution to ensure that the student has not studied such courses and would not repeat it again as Professional Core/Professional Elective/Open Elective courses. Suitable online courses shall be chosen from the SWAYAM platform.

4.9 Audit courses

The student may optionally study audit courses prescribed by the University and it will be mentioned in the Grade Sheet. However, it will not be considered for computation of CGPA.

4.10 Advancement of Courses:

The students who completed their final semester courses (except project work) in advance, shall be permitted to carry out their final semester Project Work for six months in an industry/research organization.

These students shall undergo the eighth semester courses other than the Project Work in the sixth and seventh semesters, provided they do not have current arrears and have a CGPA of 7.50 and above at the end of Semester IV. The Head of Department, in consultation with the faculty handling the said courses shall forward the proposal recommended by the Head of Institution to the Controller of Examinations through the Director, Centre for Academic Courses for approval at least 4 weeks before the commencement of the sixth semester of the programme for approval.

4.11 Medium of Instruction

The medium of instruction is English for all courses, examinations, Seminar presentations and Project Work reports except for the programmes offered in Tamil Medium.

5. DURATION OF THE PROGRAMME

- 5.1 A student is ordinarily expected to complete the B.E. / B.Tech. Programme in 8 semesters (for HSC students) and six semesters (for Lateral Entry students) but in any case not more than 14 Semesters for HSC (or equivalent) students and not more than 12 semesters for Lateral Entry students.
- 5.1.1 A student is ordinarily expected to complete the B.E. Mechanical Engineering (Sandwich) Programme in 10 semesters (five academic years) but in any case not more than 18 Semesters for HSC (or equivalent) students.
- 5.2 Each semester shall normally consist of 75 working days or 540 periods of 50 minutes each. The Head of the Institution shall ensure that every teacher imparts instruction as per the number of periods specified in the syllabus and that the teacher teaches the full content of the specified syllabus for the course being taught.
- 5.3 The Head of the Institution may conduct additional classes for improvement, special coaching, conduct of model test etc., over and above the specified periods. But for the purpose of calculation of attendance requirement for writing the end semester examinations (as per clause 6) by the students, following method shall be used.

Percentage of Total no. of periods attended in all the courses per semester Attendance = X 100

(No. of periods / week as prescribed in the curriculum) x 15 taken together for all courses of the semester

The University Examination will normally follow immediately after the last working day of the semester as per the academic schedule prescribed from time to time.

5.4 The total period for completion of the programme reckoned from the commencement of the first semester to which the student was admitted shall not exceed the maximum period specified in clause 5.1 irrespective of the period of break of study (vide clause 18) in order that he/she may be eligible for the award of the degree (vide clause 16).

6. COURSE REGISTRATION

6.1 The institution is responsible for registering the courses that each student is proposing to undergo in the ensuing semester. Each student has to register for all courses to be undergone in the curriculum of a particular semester (with the facility to drop courses to a maximum of 6 credits (vide clause 6.2)). The courses dropped in earlier semesters can be registered in the subsequent semesters when offered.

The registration details of the student shall be approved by the Head of the Institution and forwarded to the Controller of Examinations. This registration is for undergoing the course as well as for writing the End Semester Examinations.

The courses that a student registers in a particular semester may include

- i. Courses of the current semester.
- ii. Courses dropped in the lower semesters and
- iii. Courses advanced to Semester VI and VII from Semester VIII (as per clause 4.10).

The maximum number of credits that can be registered in a semester is 36. However, this does not include the number of Re-appearance (RA) and Withdrawal (W) courses registered by the student for the appearance of Examination.

6.2 Flexibility to Drop courses

- 6.2.1 A student has to earn the total number of credits specified in the curriculum of the respective Programme of study in order to be eligible to obtain the degree.
- 6.2.2 From the second to final semesters, the student has the option of dropping existing courses in a semester during registration. Total number of credits of such courses shall not exceed 6 per semester. The student is permitted to drop the course(s) within 30 days of the commencement of the academic schedule.

7. ATTENDANCE REQUIREMENTS FOR COMPLETION OF THE SEMESTER

7.1 A student who has fulfilled the following conditions shall be deemed to have satisfied the requirements for completion of a semester.

Ideally every student is expected to attend all classes of all the courses and secure 100% attendance. However, in order to give provision for certain unavoidable reasons such as medical / participation in sports, the student is expected to attend at least 75% of the classes.

Therefore, he/she shall **secure not less than 75%** (after rounding off to the nearest integer) of overall attendance as calculated as per clause 5.3.

- 7.2 However, a student who <u>secures overall attendance between 65% and 74%</u> in the current semester due to medical reasons (prolonged hospitalization / accident / specific illness) / participation in sports events may be permitted to appear for the current semester examinations, subject to the condition that the student shall submit the medical certificate / sports participation certificate attested by the Head of the Institution. The same shall be forwarded to the Controller of Examinations for record purposes.
- 7.3 Students who **secure less than 65% overall attendance** shall not be permitted to write the University examination at the end of the semester and not permitted to move to the next semester. They are required to repeat the incomplete semester in the next academic year, as per the norms prescribed.

8. CLASS ADVISOR

There shall be a class advisor for each class. The class advisor will be one among the course-instructors of the class. He / She will be appointed by the HOD of the department concerned. The class advisor is the ex-officio member and the Convener of the class committee. The responsibilities for the class advisor shall be:

- To act as the channel of communication between the HOD and the students of the respective class.
- To collect and maintain various statistical details of students.
- To help the chairperson of the class committee in planning and conduct of the class committee meetings.

- To monitor the academic performance of the students including attendance and to inform the class committee.
- To attend to the students' welfare activities like awards, medals, scholarships and industrial visits.

9. CLASS COMMITTEE

- 9.1. Every class shall have a class committee consisting of teachers of the class concerned, student representatives and a chairperson, who is not teaching the class. It is like the 'Quality Circle' (more commonly used in industries) with the overall goal of improving the teaching-learning process. The functions of the class committee include:
 - Solving problems experienced by students in the class room and in the laboratories.
 - Clarifying the regulations of the degree programme and the details of rules therein particularly (clause 5 and 7).
 - Informing the student representatives, the academic schedule including the dates of assessments and the syllabus coverage for each assessment.
 - Informing the student representatives the details of Regulations regarding weightage
 used for each assessment. In the case of practical courses (laboratory / drawing /
 project work / seminar etc.) the breakup of marks for each experiment / exercise /
 module of work, should be clearly discussed in the class committee meeting and
 informed to the students.
 - Analyzing the performance of the students of the class after each test and finding the ways and means of solving problems, if any.
 - Identifying the slow-learners, if any, and requesting the teachers concerned to provide some additional help or guidance or coaching to such students.
- 9.2 The class committee for a class under a particular branch is normally constituted by the Head of the Department. However, if the students of different branches are mixed in a class (like the first semester which is generally common to all branches), the class committee is to be constituted by the Head of the Institution.
- 9.3 The class committee shall be constituted within the first week of each semester.
- 9.4 At least 4 student representatives (usually 2 boys and 2 girls) shall be included in the class committee, covering all the elective courses.
- 9.5 The chairperson of the class committee may invite the class adviser(s) and the Head of the Department to the class committee meeting.
- 9.6 The Head of the Institution may participate in any class committee meeting of the institution.
- 9.7 The chairperson is required to prepare the minutes of every meeting, submit the same to the Head of the Institution within two days of the meeting and arrange to circulate it among the students and teachers concerned. If there are some points in the minutes requiring action by the management, the same shall be brought to the notice of the Management by the Head of the Institution.
- 9.8 The first meeting of the class committee shall be held within one week from the date of commencement of the semester, in order to inform the students about the nature and weightage of assessments within the framework of the Regulations. Two or three subsequent meetings may be held in a semester at suitable intervals. **The Class**

Committee Chairperson shall display the cumulative attendance particulars of each student on the Notice Board at the end of every such meeting to enable the students to know their attendance details to satisfy the clause 6 of this Regulation. During these meetings the student members representing the entire class, shall meaningfully interact and express the opinions and suggestions of the other students of the class in order to improve the effectiveness of the teaching-learning process.

10. COURSE COMMITTEE FOR COMMON COURSES

Each common theory course offered to more than one discipline or group, shall have a "Course Committee" comprising all the teachers teaching the common course with one of them nominated as the course coordinator. The nomination of the course coordinator shall be made by the Head of the Department / Head of the Institution depending upon whether all the teachers teaching the common course belong to a single department or to several departments. The 'Course Committee' shall meet in order to arrive at a common scheme of evaluation for the test and shall ensure a uniform evaluation of the tests. Wherever feasible, the Course Committee may also prepare a common question paper for the internal assessment test(s).

11. SYSTEM OF EXAMINATION

- 11.1 Performance in each course of study shall be evaluated based on (i) continuous internal assessment throughout the semester and (ii) University examination at the end of the semester.
- 11.2 Each course, both theory and practical (including project work & viva voce examinations) shall be evaluated for a maximum of 100 marks.
- 11.2.1 For all theory courses, the continuous internal assessment will carry **40 marks** while the End Semester University examination will carry **60 marks**.
- 11.2.2 For all theory courses with laboratory component, the continuous internal assessment will carry **50 marks** while the End Semester University examination will carry **50 marks**.
- 11.2.3 For all laboratory courses, the continuous internal assessment will carry **60 marks** while the End Semester University examination will carry **40 marks**.
- 11.2.4 The continuous internal assessment for the project work will carry 40 **marks** while the End Semester University examination will carry 60 **marks**.
- 11.3 Industrial Training and Seminar shall carry 100 marks and shall be evaluated through internal assessment only.
- 11.4 The University examination (theory and practical) of 3 hours duration shall ordinarily be conducted between October and December during the odd semesters and between April and June during the even semesters.
- 11.5 The University examination for Project Work shall consist of evaluation of the final report submitted by the student or students of the project group (of not exceeding 4 students) by an external examiner and an internal examiner, followed by a viva-voce examination conducted separately for each student by a committee consisting of the external examiner, the supervisor of the project group and an internal examiner.

11.6 For the University examination of practical courses including P roject W ork, the internal and external examiners shall be appointed by the Controller of Examinations.

12. PROCEDURE FOR AWARDING MARKS FOR INTERNAL ASSESSMENT

For all theory, laboratory courses, theory courses with laboratory component and project work the continuous assessment shall be awarded as per the procedure given below:

12.1 THEORY COURSES

Two assessments each carrying 100 marks shall be conducted during the semester by the Department / College concerned. The total marks obtained in all assessments put together out of 200, shall be proportionately reduced for 40 marks and rounded to the nearest integer (This also implies equal weightage to the two assessments).

Assessment I (100 Ma	arks)	Assessment II (100 M	Total	
Individual Assignment /	Written	Individual Assignment /	Internal	
Case Study / Seminar /	Test	Case Study /	Test	Assessment
Mini Project		Seminar / Mini Project		
40	60	40	60	200*

*The weighted average shall be converted into 40 marks for internal Assessment.

Two internal assessments will be conducted as a part of continuous assessment. Each internal assessment is to be conducted for 100 marks and will have to be distributed in two parts viz., Individual Assignment/Case study/Seminar/Mini project and Test with each having a weightage of 40% and 60% respectively. The tests shall be in written mode. The total internal assessment marks of 200 shall be converted into a maximum of 40 marks and rounded to the nearest integer.

12.2 LABORATORY COURSES

The maximum marks for Internal Assessment shall be 60 marks in case of practical courses. Every practical exercise / experiment shall be evaluated based on conduct of experiment / exercise and records to be maintained. There shall be at least one test. The criteria for arriving at the Internal Assessment marks of 60 is as follows: 75 marks shall be awarded for successful completion of all the prescribed experiments done in the Laboratory and 25 marks for the test. The total mark shall be converted into a maximum of 60 marks and rounded to the nearest integer.

Internal Assessment (100 Marks)*	
Evaluation of Laboratory Observation, Record	Test
75	25

* Internal assessment marks shall be converted into 60 marks

12.3 THEORY COURSES WITH LABORATORY COMPONENT

If there is a theory course with laboratory component, there shall be two assessments: the first assessment (maximum mark is 100) will be similar to assessment of theory course and the second assessment (maximum mark is 100) will be similar to assessment of laboratory course respectively. The weightage of first assessment shall be 40 % and the second assessment be 60 %. The weighted average of these two assessments shall be converted into 50 marks and rounded to the nearest integer.

Assessment I (40% weig (Theory Component)	htage)	Assessment II (60% weig (Laboratory Component)	Total	
Individual Assignment / Case Study / Seminar / Mini Project	Written Test	Evaluation of Laboratory Observation, Record	Test	Internal Assessment
40	60	75	25	200*

*The weighted average shall be converted into 50 marks for internal Assessment.

12.4 **PROJECT WORK**

The student shall register for Project Work-I in pre-final semester and Project Work-II in final semester. Project work may be allotted to a single student or to a group of students not exceeding 4 per group. Project Work-II may/may not be a continuation of Project Work-I. If Project Work II is not a continuation of Project Work I, then the topic and constitution of the project team members need not be the same.

- 12.4.1 Project Work shall be carried out under the supervision of a "qualified teacher" in the Department concerned. In this context "qualified teacher" means the faculty member possessing (i) PG degree or (ii) Ph.D. degree.
- 12.4.2 The Project Work-II carried out in industry/academic/research institutions need not be a continuation of Project Work-I. In such cases, the Project Work-II shall be jointly supervised by a supervisor of the department and an expert as a joint supervisor from the organization and the student shall be instructed to meet the supervisor periodically and to attend the review committee meetings for evaluating the progress. The review meetings, if necessary, may also be arranged in online mode with prior approval from the Head of the Institution and suitable record of the meetings shall be maintained.
- 12.4.3 The Head of the Institutions shall constitute a review committee for Project Work for each programme. The review committee consists of supervisor, an expert from the Department and a project coordinator from the Department. If the project coordinator/expert member happens to be the supervisor, then an alternate member shall be nominated. In the case of Industrial Project, the review committee shall have the supervisor, the coordinator from industry and the project coordinator from the Department.

There shall be three reviews during the semesters VII and VIII by the review committee. The student shall make presentation on the progress made by him / her before the committee. The total marks obtained in the three reviews shall be **reduced for 40 marks** and rounded to the nearest integer (as per the scheme given in 12.4.4).

12.4.4 The project report shall carry a maximum of 20 marks. The project report shall be submitted as per the approved guidelines as given by the Director, Centre for Academic Courses. Same marks shall be awarded to every student within the project group for the project report. The viva-voce examination shall carry 40 marks. Marks are awarded to each student of the project group is based on the individual performance in the viva-voce examination.

Review	1	Review	Review	End Semester Examinations								
I		II	III	Project Report						Viva	a-Voce Exa	mination
10		15	15	Internal	External	Internal	External	Supervisor				
10		10	10	10	10	10	20	10				

12.4.5 The last date for submission of the project report is on the last working day of the semester. If a student fails to submit the project report on or before the specified deadline or the student has submitted the project report but did not appear for the viva-voce examination, it will be considered as fail in the Project Work and the student shall re-register for the same in the subsequent semester.

12.5 OTHER EMPLOYABILITY ENHANCEMENT COURSES

- (a) The Seminar / Case Study / Mini Project course is to be considered as purely INTERNAL (with 100% internal marks only). Every student is expected to present a minimum of 2 seminars per semester before the evaluation committee and for each seminar, marks can be equally apportioned. The three member committee appointed by the Head of the Institution, consisting of the course coordinator and two experts from the Department, will evaluate the seminar and at the end of the semester, the marks shall be consolidated and taken as the final mark. The evaluation shall be based on the seminar paper (40%), presentation (40%) and response to the questions asked during presentation (20%).
- (b) The Industrial / Practical Training, Summer Project, Internship, shall carry 100 marks and shall be evaluated through internal assessment only. At the end of Industrial / Practical Training / Internship / Summer Project, the student shall submit an attendance certificate from the organization where he / she has undergone training and a brief report. The evaluation will be made based on this report and a viva-voce Examination, conducted internally by a three member Departmental Committee constituted by the Head of the Institution consisting of the course coordinator and two experts from the Department. The certificates (issued by the organization) submitted by the students shall be attached to the mark list sent by the Head of the Institution to the Controller of Examinations.
- (c) For all the courses under Employability Enhancement Courses Category, except the Project Work, the evaluation shall be done with 100% internal marks and as per the procedure described in clause 12.5 (a) / (b).

12.6 ASSESSMENT FOR VALUE ADDED COURSES

The one / two credit course shall carry 100 marks and shall be evaluated through **continuous assessments only**. Two Assessments as per the clause 12.1 or 12.2 shall be conducted by the Department concerned. The total marks obtained in the assessments shall be reduced to 100 marks and rounded to the nearest integer. A committee consisting of the Head of the Department, staff handling the course and a senior faculty member nominated by the Head of the Institution shall do the evaluation process. The list of students along with the marks and the grades earned shall be forwarded to the Controller of Examinations for appropriate action at least one month before the commencement of End Semester Examinations. The grades earned by the students for Value Added Courses will be recorded in the Grade Sheet, however the same shall not be considered for the computation of CGPA.

12.7 ASSESSMENT FOR ONLINE COURSES

Students may be permitted to credit two online courses (which are provided with certificate), subject to a maximum of six credits. **The online course of 3 credits can be considered instead of one elective course**. These online courses shall be chosen from the SWAYAM platform, provided the offering organisation conducts regular examination and provides marks. The credits earned shall be transferred and the marks earned shall be converted into grades and transferred, provided the student has passed in the examination as per the norms of the offering organisation. The details regarding online courses taken up by the student and marks/credits earned and the approval for the course from Centre for Academic Courses shall be sent to the Controller of Examinations, Anna University in the subsequent semester(s) along with the details of the elective(s) to be dropped.

12.8. Internal marks approved by the Head of the Institution shall be displayed by the respective HODs within 5 days from the last working day.

12.9 Attendance Record

Every teacher is required to maintain an 'ATTENDANCE AND ASSESSMENT RECORD', which consists of attendance marked in each lecture or practical or project work class, the test marks and the record of class work (topic covered), separately for each course. This should be submitted to the Head of the Department periodically (at least three times in a semester) for checking the syllabus coverage and the records of test marks and attendance. The Head of the Department will put his/her signature and date after due verification. At the end of the semester, the record should be verified by the Head of the Institution who will keep this document in safe custody (for five years). The University or any inspection team appointed by the University may verify the records of attendance and assessment of both current and previous semesters.

12.10 Conduct of Academic Audit by every Institution

Every educational institution shall strive for a better performance of the students by conducting the internal assessments as mentioned in Clause 12.

In order to ensure the above, Academic Audit is to be done for every course taught during the semester. For the internal assessments conducted for each course as per details provided in Clause 12, the academic records shall be maintained in the form of documentation for the individual assignments / case study report / report of mini project submitted by each student and assessment test question paper and answer script. Report of industrial training / internship shall also be maintained, if applicable. For laboratory courses students' record shall be maintained. Further, the attendance of all students shall be maintained as a record.

The Head of the Institution shall arrange to conduct the Academic Audit for every course in a semester by forming the respective committees with an external course expert as one of the members drawn from a Technical institution of repute near the institute.

The University or any inspection team appointed by the University may verify the records of Academic Audit report of the courses of both current and previous semesters, as and when required.

13. REQUIREMENTS FOR APPEARING FOR UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

A student shall normally be permitted to appear for the University Examinations for all the courses registered in the current semester (vide clause 6) if he/she has satisfied the semester completion requirements (as per clause 7).

Further, examination registration by a student is mandatory for all the courses in the current semester and all arrear(s) course(s) for the University examinations failing which, the student will not be permitted to move to the higher semester.

A student who has already appeared for any course in a semester and passed the examination is not entitled to reappear in the same subject for improvement of grades.

14. PASSING REQUIREMENTS

- 14.1 A student who secures not less than 50% of total marks prescribed for the course [Internal Assessment + End semester University Examinations] with a minimum of 45% of the marks prescribed for the end-semester University Examination, shall be declared to have passed the course and acquired the relevant number of credits. This is applicable for both theory and laboratory courses (including project work).
- 14.2 If a student fails to secure a pass in a theory course / laboratory course (except electives), the student shall register and appear only for the end semester examination in the subsequent semester. In such case, the internal assessment marks obtained by the student in the first appearance shall be retained and considered valid for all subsequent attempts till the student secures a pass. However, from the third attempt onwards if a student fails to obtain pass marks (IA + End Semester Examination) as per clause 14.1, then the student shall be declared to have passed the examination if he/she secures a minimum of 50% marks prescribed for the University end semester examinations alone.
- 14.3 If the course, in which the student has failed, is a Professional Elective or an Open Elective course, the student may be permitted to complete the same course. In such case, the internal assessment marks obtained by the student in the first appearance shall be retained and considered valid for all subsequent attempts till the candidate secures a pass. However, from the third attempt onwards if a candidate fails to obtain pass marks (IA + End Semester Examination) as per clause 14.1, then the candidate shall be declared to have passed the examination if he/she secures a minimum of 50% marks prescribed for the University end semester examinations alone.

If any other Professional Elective or Open Elective course is opted by the student, the previous registration is cancelled and henceforth it is to be considered as a new Professional Elective or Open Elective course. The student has to register and attend the classes, earn the continuous assessment marks, fulfil the attendance requirements as per clause 7 and appear for the end semester examination.

- 14.4 If a student is absent during the viva voce examination, it would be considered as fail. If a student fails to secure a pass in Project Work-I, **the student shall register** for the course again in the subsequent semester and can do Project Work-I and II together.
- 14.5 The passing requirement for the courses which are assessed only through purely internal assessments (EEC courses except Project Work and laboratory), is 50% of the internal assessment (continuous assessment) marks only.
- 14.6 A student can apply for revaluation of the student's semester examination answer paper in a theory course, as per the guidelines of the COE on payment of a prescribed fee along with prescribed application to the COE through the Head of the Institution. The COE will arrange for the revaluation and the results will be intimated to the student concerned through the Head of the Institution. Revaluation is not permitted for laboratory course and EEC courses.

15. AWARD OF LETTER GRADES

15.1 The award of letter grades will be decided using relative grading principle. The performance of a student will be reported using letter grades, each carrying certain points as detailed below:

Letter Grade	Grade Points*
O (Outstanding)	10
A + (Excellent)	9
A (Very Good)	8
B + (Good)	7
B (Average)	6
C (Satisfactory)	5
RA (Re-appearance)	0
SA (Shortage of Attendance)	0
W (Withdrawal)	0

A student is deemed to have passed and acquired the corresponding credits in a particular course if he/she obtains any one of the following grades: "O", "A+", "A", "B+", "B", "C".

'SA' denotes shortage of attendance (as per clause 7.3) and hence prevented from writing the end semester examinations. 'SA' will appear only in the result sheet.

"RA" denotes that the student has failed to pass in that course. **"W"** denotes **withdrawal** from the exam for the particular course. The grades RA and W will figure both in the Grade Sheet as well as in the Result Sheet. In both cases, the student has to appear for the End Semester Examinations as per the Regulations.

If the grade RA is given to **Theory Courses**/ Laboratory Courses it is not required to satisfy the attendance requirements (vide clause 7), but has to appear for the end semester examination and fulfil the norms specified in clause 14 to earn a pass in the respective courses.

If the grade RA is given to **EEC course (except Project Work), which are evaluated only through internal assessment,** the student shall register for the course again in the subsequent semester, fulfil the norms as specified in clause 14 to earn pass in the course. However, attendance requirement need not be satisfied.

- 15.2 For the Co-curricular activities such as National Cadet Corps (NCC)/ National Service Scheme (NSS) / NSO / YRC / Science club / Literary Club/ Fine Arts Club, a 'completed' remark will appear in the Grade Sheet on successful completion of the same. Every student shall put in a minimum of 75% attendance in the training and attend the camp or events of the clubs compulsorily. The training and camp or club events shall be completed during the first year of the programme. However, for valid reasons, the Head of the Institution may permit a student to complete this requirement in the subsequent years. Successful completion of any one of the above co-curricular activities is compulsory for the award of degree.
- 15.3 The grades O, A+, A, B+, B, C obtained for the one/two credit course (not the part of curriculum) shall figure in the Grade Sheet under the title 'Value Added Courses/Internship/Industrial training'. The courses for which the grades obtained are RA, SA will not figure in the Grade Sheet.
- 15.4 For the students who complete the Audit Course satisfying attendance requirement, the title of the Audit Course will be mentioned in the Grade Sheet. If the attendance requirement is not satisfied, it will not be shown in the **Grade Sheet**.

15.5 **GRADE SHEET**

After results are declared, Grade Sheets will be issued to each student which will contain the following details:

- The college in which the student has studied
- The list of courses registered during the semester and the grade scored.
- The Grade Point Average (GPA) for the semester and
- The Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) of all courses enrolled from first semester onwards.

GPA for a semester is the ratio of the sum of the products of the number of credits acquired for courses and the corresponding points to the sum of the number of credits acquired for the courses in the semester. CGPA will be calculated in a similar manner, considering all the courses registered from first semester. RA grades will be excluded for calculating GPA and CGPA.

where $\,C_{i}\,$ is the number of Credits assigned to the course

GP_i is the point corresponding to the grade obtained for each course **n** is number of all courses successfully cleared during the particular semester in the case of GPA and during all the semesters in the case of CGPA.

16 ELIGIBILITY FOR THE AWARD OF THE DEGREE

- **16.1** A student shall be declared to be eligible for the award of the B.E. / B.Tech. Degree provided the student has
 - i. Successfully gained the required number of total credits as specified in the curriculum corresponding to the student's programme within the stipulated time.
 - ii. Successfully completed the course requirements, appeared for the End Semester examinations and passed all the subjects within the period as prescribed in clause 5.1 and 5.1.1.
 - iii. Successfully passed any additional courses prescribed by the Director, Centre for Academic Courses whenever the student is readmitted under Regulations R-2021 from the earlier Regulations.
 - iv. Successfully completed the NCC / NSS / NSO / YRC / Science Club / Literature Club / Fine Arts Club requirements.
 - v. No disciplinary action pending against the student.
 - vi. The award of Degree must have been approved by the Syndicate of the University.

16.2 CLASSIFICATION OF THE DEGREE AWARDED

16.2.1 FIRST CLASS WITH DISTINCTION

A student who satisfies the following conditions shall be declared to have passed the examination in **First class with Distinction**:

- Should have passed the examination in all the courses of all the eight semesters (10 Semesters in case of Mechanical (Sandwich) and 6 semesters in the case of Lateral Entry) in the student's First Appearance within **five** years (Six years in the case of Mechanical (Sandwich) and Four years in the case of Lateral Entry). Withdrawal from examination (vide Clause 17) will not be considered as an appearance.
- Should have secured a CGPA of not less than **8.50**.
- One year authorized break of study (if availed of) is included in the five years (Six years in the case of Mechanical (Sandwich) and four years in the case of lateral entry) for award of First class with Distinction.
- Should NOT have been prevented from writing end semester examination due to lack of attendance in any semester.

16.2.2 FIRST CLASS:

A student who satisfies the following conditions shall be declared to have passed the examination in **First class:**

- Should have passed the examination in all the courses of all eight semesters (10 Semesters in case of Mechanical (Sandwich) and 6 semesters in the case of Lateral Entry) within five years. (Six years in case of Mechanical (Sandwich) and Four years in the case of Lateral Entry).
- One year authorized break of study (if availed of) or prevention from writing the End Semester examination due to lack of attendance (if applicable) is included in the duration of five years (Six years in case of Mechanical (Sandwich) and four years in the case of lateral entry) for award of First class.
- Should have secured a CGPA of not less than 6.50.

16.2.3 SECOND CLASS:

All other students (not covered in clauses 16.2.1 and 16.2.2) who qualify for the award of the degree (vide Clause 16.1) shall be declared to have passed the examination in **Second Class**.

16.3 A student who is absent in end semester examination in a course / project work after having registered for the same shall be considered to have appeared in that examination for the purpose of classification. (subject to clause 17).

16.4 Photocopy / Revaluation

A student can apply for photocopy of his/her semester examination answer paper in a theory course, as per the guidelines of the COE, on payment of a prescribed fee through proper application to the Controller of Examinations through the Head of the Institutions. The answer script is to be valued and justified by a faculty member, who has handled the subject and recommend for revaluation with t h e breakup of marks for each question. Based on the recommendation, the student can register for the revaluation through proper application to the Controller of Examinations. The Controller of Examinations will arrange for the revaluation and the results will be intimated to the student concerned through the Head of the Institutions. Revaluation is not permitted for practical courses and EEC courses.

A student can apply for revaluation of answer scripts for not exceeding 5 subjects at a time.

16.5 Review

Students not satisfied with Revaluation can apply for Review of his/ her examination answer paper in a theory course, within the prescribed date on payment of a prescribed fee through proper application to the Controller of Examinations through the Head of the Institution.

Students applying for Revaluation only are eligible to apply for Review.

17. PROVISION FOR WITHDRAWAL FROM END-SEMESTER EXAMINATION

- 17.1 A student may, for valid reasons, (medically unfit / unexpected family situations / sports approved by the Chairman, Sports Board and the HOD) be granted permission to withdraw from appearing for the end semester examination in any course or courses in ANY ONE of the semester examinations during the entire duration of the degree programme. The application shall be sent to the COE through the Head of the Institutions with required documents.
- 17.2 Withdrawal application is valid if the student is otherwise eligible to write the examination (Clause 7) and if it is made within TEN days after the date of the examination(s) in that course or courses and recommended by the Head of the Institution and approved by the Controller of Examinations. For a student to withdraw from a course / courses, he/she should have registered for the course, fulfilled the attendance requirements (vide clause 7) and earned continuous assessment marks.
- 17.2.1 Notwithstanding the requirement of mandatory 10 days, applications for withdrawal for special cases under extraordinary conditions will be considered on the merit of the case.
- 17.3 In case of withdrawal from a course / courses, the courses will figure both in the Grade Sheet as well as in the Result Sheet. However, withdrawal shall not be considered as an appearance for the eligibility of a student for First Class with Distinction.
- 17.4 If a student withdraws from writing end semester examinations for a course or courses, he/she shall register for the same in the subsequent semester and write the end semester examination(s).
- 17.5 If a student applies for withdrawal from Project Work, he/she will be permitted for the withdrawal only after the submission of project report before the deadline. However, the student may appear for the viva voce examination within 30/60 days after the declaration of results for Project Work I and II respectively and the same shall not be considered as reappearance.
- 17.6 Withdrawal is permitted for the end semester examinations in the final semester, as per clause 16.2.1.

18. PROVISION FOR AUTHORISED BREAK OF STUDY

- 18.1 A student is permitted to go on authorised break of study for a maximum period of one year as a single spell.
- 18.2 Break of Study shall be granted only once for valid reasons for a maximum of one year during the entire period of study of the degree programme. However, in extraordinary situation the student may apply for additional break of study not exceeding another one year. If a student intends to temporarily discontinue the programme in the middle of the semester for valid reasons, and to re-join the programme in a subsequent year, permission may be granted based on the merits of the case provided he / she applies to the Director, Student Affairs in advance, but not later than the last date for registering for the end semester examination of the semester in question, through the Head of the Institution stating the reasons therefore and the probable date of re-joining the programme.

- 18.3 The student permitted to re-join the programme after break of study / prevention due to lack of attendance, shall be governed by the Curriculum and Regulations in force at the time of re-joining. The students re-joining in new Regulations shall register for additional courses, if any, as notified by the Centre for Academic Courses under change of Regulations. These courses may be from any of the semesters of the curriculum in force, so as to bridge the curriculum in force and the old curriculum. In such cases, the total number of credits to be earned by the student may be more than or equal to the total number of credits prescribed in the curriculum in force.
- 18.4 The authorized break of study is included in the duration specified for passing all the courses for the purpose of classification (vide Clause 16.2).
- 18.5 The total period for completion of the Programme reckoned from, the commencement of the first semester to which the candidate was admitted shall not exceed the maximum period specified in clause 5.1 irrespective of the period of break of study in order that he/she may be eligible for the award of the degree.
- 18.6 If any student is prevented for want of required attendance, the period of prevention shall not be considered as authorized 'Break of Study' (Clause 18.1).
- 18.7 If a student in Full Time mode wants to take up a job / start-up / entrepreneurship during the period of study he/she shall apply for authorised break of study for one year. The student shall join the job / start-up / entrepreneurship only after getting approval of the same by the Director, Centre for Academic Courses with due proof to that effect.
- 18.8 No fee is applicable to students during the Break of Study period.

19. DISCIPLINE

- 19.1 Every student is required to observe disciplined and decorous behaviour both inside and outside the college and not to indulge in any activity which will tend to bring down the prestige of the University / College. The Head of the Institution shall constitute a disciplinary committee consisting of the Head of the Institution, Two Heads of Department of which one should be from the faculty of the student, to enquire into acts of indiscipline and notify the University about the disciplinary action recommended for approval. In case of any serious disciplinary action which leads to suspension or dismissal, then a committee shall be constituted including one representative from Anna University, Chennai. In this regard, the member will be nominated by the University on getting information from the Head of the Institution.
- 19.2 If a student indulges in malpractice in any of the University / internal examination he / she shall be liable for punitive action as prescribed by the University from time to time.

20. REVISION OF REGULATIONS, CURRICULUM AND SYLLABI

The University may from time to time revise, amend or change the Regulations, curriculum, syllabus and scheme of examinations through the Academic Council with the approval of the Syndicate.

20 Page 20 of 437

AMENDMENTS TO THE REGULATION 2021 (CBCS) FOR B.E. / B. Tech. DEGREE PROGRAMME OFFERED IN NON-AUTONOMOUS COLLEGES AFFILIATED TO ANNA UNIVERSITY - APPROVED BY THE 28TH ACADEMIC COUNCIL MEETING HELD ON 12.08.2022.

CLAUSE NO	EXISTING	REVISED
4	STRUCTURE OF THE PROGRAMMES	4 STRUCTURE OF THE PROGRAMMES
4.1	Categorization of Courses	4.1 Categorization of Courses
v	Professional Elective Courses (PEC) include the elective courses relevant to the chosen specialization/ branch.	 v Professional Elective Courses (PEC) include the elective courses relevant to the chosen specialization/ branch. Professional Elective courses are offered under verticals (specialisation groups).
Viii	Audit courses (AC) include the courses such as Constitution of India, Sangam	viii Mandatory courses (MC) include the courses such as Languages, Well being etc.
	Literature, etc.	 4.2A Induction Programme Induction Programme is mandatory for the students pursuing the Undergraduate Programme. List of students who have successfully completed the Induction Programme shall be certified by the Head of the Institution. The completion of the Induction Programme shall be printed in the Grade Sheet as "COMPLETED". In the case of students who have got admitted later and those who have not attended the Induction Programme, it shall be conducted later and on completion, it shall be recorded in the grade sheet. No fee will be charged towards the conduct of the Induction Programme and for including in the STATEMENT OF GRADES for the
		successful completion of the Induction Programme.
	Audit Courses The student may optionally study audit courses prescribed by the University and it will be mentioned in the Grade Sheet. However, it will not be considered for computation of CGPA.	4.9 Mandatory courses The student shall study the mandatory courses prescribed by the University and it will be mentioned in the Grade Sheet. However, it will not be considered for computation of CGPA.

Page 1 of 15

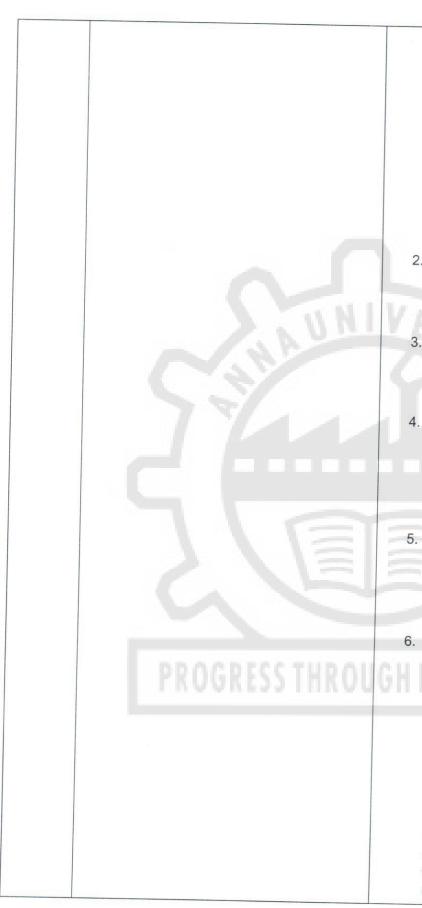
DIRECTOR Centre for Academic Courses Page 21 of 437Anna University, Chennai-600 025

4.10	Advancement of Courses:	4.10 D	ropped
	The students who completed their final		
	semester courses (except project work) in		
	advance, shall be permitted to carry out their		
	final semester Project Work for six months in		
	an industry/research organization.		
	These students shall undergo the eighth		
	semester courses other than the Project Work		
	in the sixth and seventh semesters, provided		
	they do not have current arrears and have a		
	CGPA of 7.50 and above at the end of		
	Semester IV. The Head of Department, in		
	consultation with the faculty handling the said		
	courses shall forward the proposal		
	recommended by the Head of Institution to the		
	Controller of Examinations through the		
	Director, Centre for Academic Courses for		
	approval at least 4 weeks before the		
	commencement of the sixth semester of the		
	programme for approval.		
		4.10 B.	E. / B. Tech. (Hons) Specialisation in
		the	e same discipline, B.E. / B. Tech.(Hons
		an	d B.E. / B. Tech. minor in othe
		sp	ecialisation.
		(i)	RE/RTook Honours (mart line)
		(1)	B.E./B.Tech. Honours (specialisation in the same discipline):
			a. The student should have earned
			additionally a minimum of 18 credits from a specified group of
			From a specified group of Professional Electives of the same
			programme.
			b. Should have passed all the courses
	PROGRESS THROUG		in the first attempt.
	TROOMEDD HIRVOU		c. Should have earned a minimum of
			7.50 CGPA.
		(ii) B.E / B.Tech. Honours
			a. The students should have taken
			additional courses from more than
			one vertical of the same programme
			and earned a minimum of 18 credits.
			b. Should have passed all the courses in the first attempt.
			in the first attempt.
			C Should have carned a minimum
			c. Should have earned a minimum of 7.50 CGPA.

.

Page 2 of 15

DIRECTOR Centre for Academic Courses Page 22 of 437a University, Chennai-600 025



(iii) B.E./B.Tech. (minor in other specialisation)

The student should have earned additionally a minimum of 18 credits in any one of the verticals of other B.E/B.Tech programmes or from any one of the following verticals

Vertical I: Fintech And Block Chain Vertical II: Entrepreneurship Vertical III: Public Administration Vertical IV: Business Data Analytics Vertical V: Environment And Sustainability

- Out of these 18 credits students can earn a maximum of 6 credits in online mode (SWAYAM platform), as approved by Centre for Academic Courses.
- B.E./ B. Tech. (Hons) Specialisation in the same discipline, B.E / B.Tech. Honors and B.E./B.Tech. minor in other specialisation degree will be optional for students.
- 4. For the categories 1 (i) to 1(ii), the students shall be permitted to register for the courses from the V Semester onwards provided the students has earned a minimum CGPA 7.50 of until III Semester and has cleared all the courses in the first attempt.
- 5. For the category 1 (iii), the students will be permitted to register the courses from Semester V onwards provided the marks earned by the students until Semester III is CGPA 7.50 and above.
- 6. If a student decides not to opt for Honours, after completing certain number of additional courses, the additional courses studied shall be considered instead of the Professional Elective courses which are part of the curriculum. If the student has studied more number of such courses than the number of Professional Elective courses required as per the curriculum, the courses with higher grades shall be considered for the calculation of CGPA.

Page 3 of 15

Centre for Academic Courses

Page 23 of 437 Anna University, Chennai-600 025

6.	COURSE REGISTRATION	 7. If a student decides not to opt for Minor, after completing certain number of courses, the additional courses studied shall be considered instead of Open Elective courses which are part of the curriculum. If the student has studied more number of such courses than the number of open electives required as per the curriculum, the courses with higher grades shall be considered for calculation of CGPA. 6 COURSE REGISTRATION
6.1	The institution is responsible for registering the courses that each student is proposing to	6.1 The institution is responsible for registration of
	undergo in the ensuing semester. Each student has to register for all courses to be undergone in the curriculum of a particular semester (with the facility to drop courses to a maximum of 6 credits (vide clause 6.2)). The courses dropped in earlier semesters can be registered in the subsequent semesters when offered. The registration details of the student shall be approved by the Head of the Institution and forwarded to the Controller of Examinations. This registration is for undergoing the course as well as for writing the End Semester Examinations. The courses that a student registers in a particular semester may include i. Courses of the current semester. ii. Courses dropped in the lower semesters and iii. Courses advanced to Semester VI and VII from Semester VIII (as per clause 4.10). The maximum number of credits that can be registered in a semester is 36. However, this does not include the number of Re- appearance (RA) and Withdrawal (W) courses registered by the student for the appearance of Examination.	undergo in the ensuing semester. Each student has to register for all courses to be undergone
		6.3 Choice of Professional Elective Courses
		The professional Elective Courses are listed in the Curriculum in Table format as verticals (Specialisation groups). A student can choose all the Professional Elective Courses either from one of the verticals or a combination of courses from all verticals in a semester.

.

Page 4 of 15

٩.

-19 DIRECTOR

Centre for Academic Courses Page 24 of 43 Anna University, Chennai-600 025

11	SYSTEM OF	EXAN	INATION			11 SYSTEM OF EXAMINATION						
11.2.4	The continuous internal assessment for the project work will carry 40 marks while the End Semester University examination will carry 60 marks.				11.2.4 The continuous internal assessment for the project work will carry 60 marks while the End Semester University examination will							
12.	PROCEDURE FOR AWARDING MARKS FOR INTERNAL ASSESSMENT						THE TOR AWARDING WAR					
12.1	THEORY COURSES						FOR INTE	RNA	L ASSESS	MENT		
	Two assess shall be con- the Departm total marks of together out reduced for nearest integ weightage to Assessmer (100 Marks Individual Assignment / Case Study/ Seminar /Mini Project	nents ducted ent / btaine of 200 40 ma ger (T the tw it I	each carry I during th College c d in all as , shall be arks and r his also o assess o assess II (100 Ma Individu al	ne sen oncer sessn propo ounde implie nents) nent	nester by ned. The nents put rtionately ed to the es equal		shall be co Departmer marks ob together o reduced fo	ssmer onduct otained ut of or 40 oteger to the nt I	nts each ca ed during the college cond in all 200, shall marks and (This als two assess Assessm (100 Mar Individua I Assignm ent / Case	ne sem cerned assess be pro d roun so imp sments ent II	ester by the I. The tothe ments proteinate ded to the polies equi-	
	Project 40 60 40 60 40 60 40 40 40 60 40 40 40 60 40 40 40 60 40 60 40 60 40 60 40 60 40 average shall be converted into 40 marks for internal Assessment.						any other experienti al Learning	Test	/Mini Project / any other experien tial Learning	Test	ment	
						1	40	60	40	60	200*	
	be conducted for 100 marks and will have to be distributed in two parts viz., Individual Assignment/Case study/Seminar/Mini project and Test with each having a weightage of 40% and 60% respectively. The tests shall be in written mode. The total internal assessment marks of 200 shall be converted into a maximum of 40 marks and rounded to the nearest integer.						he weighted a arks for interna minimum of nducted as a ch internal ass arks and will h ., Individual As ni project / ar st with each ha pectively. The al internal ass averted into a r	al Asse two ir part sessm ave to ssignn aving a tests sessm	essment. of continu ent is to be o be distrib nent / Case er experier a weightage shall be in v ent marks	essmer ous as conduc uted in study a tial lea e of 40% written of 200	nts will be ssessment ted for 100 two parts / Seminar arning and % and 60% mode. The 0 shall be	

Page 5 of 15

c 5 01 15

Centre for Academic Courses Anna University, Chennai-600 025

DIRECTOR

Page 25 of 437

12.3 THEORY COURSES WITH LABORATORY COMPONENT

If there is a theory course with laboratory component, there shall be two assessments: the first assessment (maximum mark is 100) will be similar to assessment of theory course and the second assessment (maximum mark is 100) will be similar to assessment of laboratory course respectively. The weightage of first assessment shall be 40 % and the second assessment be 60 %. The weighted average of these two assessments shall be converted into 50 marks and rounded to the nearest integer.

Assess (40% weighta (Theory Compo	ge)	(60% we (Laborat	Assessment II (60% weightage) (Laboratory Component)					
Individ ual Assign ment / Case Study / Semin ar / Mini Project	Writte n Test	Evaluati on of Laborat ory Observ ation, Record	Test					
40	60	75	25	200*				

*The weighted average shall be converted into 50 marks for internal Assessment.

12.4 PROJECT WORK

The student shall register for Project Work-I in pre-final semester and Project Work-II in final semester. Project work may be allotted to a single student or to a group of students not exceeding 4 per group. Project Work-II may/may not be a continuation of Project Work-I. If Project Work II is not a continuation of Project Work I, then the topic and constitution of the project team members need not be the same.

12.3 THEORY COURSES WITH LABORATORY COMPONENT / LABORATORY COURSES WITH THEORY COMPONENT

Weightage of internal assessment and end semester examination marks will be 50% each. The distribution of marks for the theory and laboratory components in the internal assessments and end semester examination for different types of courses are provided in the table.

L	т	P	с	Internal Assess ment 1	Internal Assess ment 2	End Semester Examinati on
1	0	4	3	Lab (25%)	Theory (25%)	Lab only (50%)
1	0	2	2	Lab (25%)	Theory (25%)	Lab only (50%)
2	0	2	3	Theory (25%)	Lab (25%)	Theory (25%) Lab (25%)
3	0	2	4	Theory (25%)	Lab (25%)	Theory (35%) Lab (15%)
2	0	4	4	Theory (25%)	Laborat ory (25%)	Theory (15%) Lab(35%)

The procedure for the conduct of internal assessments for theory and laboratory components shall be as per the clause 12.1 and 12.2 respectively.

*The weighted average shall be converted into 50 marks for internal Assessment.

12.4 PROJECT WORK / INTERNSHIP

The student shall register for Project Work in final semester. Project work may be allotted to a single student or to a group of students not exceeding 4 per group. The student is also permitted to undergo a semester long internship in an industry / academic / research institution.

Page 6 of 15

Page 26 of 437

12.4.2	The Project Work-II carried out in industry/academic/research institutions need not be a continuation of Project Work- I. In such cases, the Project Work-II shall be jointly supervised by a supervisor of the department and an expert as a joint supervisor from the organization and the student shall be instructed to meet the supervisor periodically and to attend the review committee meetings for evaluating the progress. The review meetings, if necessary, may also be arranged in online mode with prior approval from the Head of the Institution and suitable record of the meetings shall be maintained.	academic/research institution shall be jointly supervised. The Project Work shall be jointly supervised by a supervisor of the department and an expert from the organization as a joint supervisor and the student shall be instructed to meet the supervisor periodically and to attend the review committee meetings for evaluating the progress. The review meetings, if necessary, may also be arranged in online mode with prior approval from the Head of the Institution and suitable record of the
12.4.3	The Head of the Institutions shall constitute a review committee for Project Work for each programme. The review committee consists of supervisor, an expert from the Department and a project coordinator from the Department. If the project coordinator/expert member happens to be the supervisor, then an alternate member shall be nominated. In the case of Industrial Project, the review committee shall have the supervisor, the coordinator from industry and the project coordinator from the Department.	each programme. The review committee consists of supervisor, an expert from the Department and a project coordinator from
12.4.4	There shall be three reviews during the semesters VII and VIII by the review committee. The student shall make presentation on the progress made by him / her before the committee. The total marks obtained in the three reviews shall be reduced for 40 marks and rounded to the nearest integer (as per the scheme given in 12.4.4). The project report shall carry a maximum of 20 marks. The project report shall be submitted as per the approved guidelines as given by the Director, Centre for Academic Courses. Same marks shall be awarded to every student within the project group for the project report. The viva-voce examination shall carry 40 marks. Marks are awarded to each student of the project group is based on the individual performance in the viva voce examination.	 There shall be three reviews conducted by the review committee. The student shall make presentation on the progress made by him / her before the committee. The total marks obtained in the three reviews shall be reduced for 60 marks and rounded to the nearest integer (as per the scheme given in 12.4.4). 12.4.4 The project report shall carry a maximum of 10 marks. The project report shall be submitted as per the approved guidelines as given by the Director, Centre for Academic Courses. Same marks shall be awarded to every student within the project group for the project report. The viva-voce examination shall carry 30 marks. Marks awarded to each student of the project group is based on the individual performance in the viva-voce examination.

Page 7 of 15

Page 27 of 437 Anna University, Chennai-600 025

	Asses (40 M	nuous ssment arks		(60 N	emeste larks)	er Exar	ninatior	IS	As (6)	ssess 0 Ma			(40 Marl	ks)	Examinatio	
	ReReReviewviewviewIIIIII		Projec Repor			Voce nination	1	Re vie	e ew	Re view II	Re view III	Project Report	Viva-	Voce Exa	mination	
	10	15	15	Inter nal	Exter nal	Int er nal	Exter nal	Sup er visor	2	20	20	20	Exter nal 10	Inter nal 10	Exter nal 10	Super visor 10
				10	10	10	10	10	for supe from	sup ervis n Inc	oerviso sor fro dustry.	or will om the	be sh e Depar	nared tment	equall and c	ks allotte y by th oordinate
									12.4	ŕ	activity part of	for th proje	ne develo ect work	opmer . If th	nt of pro	oducts as
									2	v it	whose t shall	conce be co	ept is test onsidered	ted an d in lie	id valida eu of th	duct and ited, ther e projec a start up
										r p	eport, proces	which s flow	n include	es the e dev	e conce eloped	epts and product
													ion of t use 12.4		tart-up	report i
14. 14.4	PASSING REQUIREMENTS						14.	P	ASSI	IG RE	QUIREN	IENT	S			
14.4	If a stu															
	examin															ed as fail
	a student fails to secure a pass in Project															e course
	Work-I, the student shall register for the course again in the subsequent semester and can do Project Work-I and II together.										igain i o Proj			ent se	emester	and car
15.	AWARI	101				-	107	1110	15.	A	WAR	OFL	ETTER	GRA	DES	
15.1	The award of letter grades will be decided using relative grading principle. The performance of a student will be reported using letter grades, each carrying certain points as detailed below:					he ted	15.1 The award of letter grades will be decid using relative grading principle exce Laboratory Courses and Project Work T							except ork. The reported		

.

Page 8 of 15

DIRECTOR . Centre for Academic Courses Anna University, Chennai-600 025 Page 28 of 437

Letter Grade	Grade Points
O (Outstanding)	10
A + (Excellent)	9
A (Very Good)	8
B + (Good)	7
B (Average)	6
RA (Reappearance Registration)	0
SA (Shortage of Attendance)	0
W (Withdrawal)	0

A student is deemed to have passed and acquired the corresponding credits in a particular course if he/she obtains any one of the following grades: "O", "A+", "A", "B+","B", "C".

'SA' denotes shortage of attendance (as per clause 7.3) and hence prevented from writing the end semester examinations. 'SA' will appear only in the result sheet.

"RA" denotes that the student has failed to pass in that course. "W" denotes withdrawal from the exam for the particular course. The grades RA and W will figure both in the Grade Sheet as well as in the Result Sheet. In both cases, the student has to appear for the End Semester Examinations as per the Regulations.

If the grade RA is given to Theory Courses/ Laboratory Courses it is not required to satisfy the attendance requirements (vide clause 7), but has to appear for the end semester examination and fulfil the norms specified in clause 14 to earn a pass in the respective courses.

If the grade RA is given to EEC course (except Project Work), which are evaluated only through internal assessment, the student shall register for the course again in the subsequent semester, fulfil the norms as specified in clause 14 to earn pass in the course. However, attendance requirement need not be satisfied.

Letter Grade	Grade Points*
O (Outstanding)	10
A + (Excellent)	9
A (Very Good)	8
B + (Good)	7
B (Average)	6
C (Satisfactory)	5
U (Re-appearance)	0
SA (Shortage of Attendance)	0
WD (Withdrawal)	0

A student is deemed to have passed and acquired the corresponding credits in a particular course if he/she obtains any one of the following grades: "O", "A+", "A", "B+", "B", "C".

'SA' denotes shortage of attendance (as per clause 7.3) and hence prevented from writing the end semester examinations. 'SA' will appear only in the result sheet.

"U" denotes that the student has failed to pass in that course. "WD" denotes withdrawal from the exam for the particular course. The grades U and W will figure both in the Grade Sheet as well as in the Result Sheet. In both cases, the student has to appear for the End Semester Examinations as per the Regulations.

If the grade U is given to Theory Courses/ Laboratory Courses it is not required to satisfy the attendance requirements (vide clause 7), but has to appear for the end semester examination and fulfil the norms specified in clause 14 to earn a pass in the respective courses.

If the grade U is given to EEC course (except Project Work), which are evaluated only through internal assessment, the student shall register for the course again in the subsequent semester, fulfil the norms as specified in clause 14 to earn pass in the course. However, attendance requirement need not be satisfied.

Page 9 of 15

Centre for Academic Courses Anna University, Chennal-600 025

Page 29 of 437

		15.1.1 R						
		F	or thos	e stud	dents v	who have	ve pass	ed the
			ourse		ory co			oratory
			ntegrate				-	-
			ourses					
			ourse /					
			rading s					
			tudents putted					
			elative					
			rading r					
			sing the					
			nd com					
			ourse se					
	U.N.		ach stu					
			tegrate					
			ourses a					
			udents' elative g					
						a shan	De auo	oleu.
		15.1.2 Ab			-		41a 4	1 ()
			For a				ual to 3	
							l be fo	
							pecified	
			Table.					
			For th	e Pro	iect W	ork / Ir	nternshi	n and
							olute g	
							d as gi	
			the Tal	ble.				
		Table	- Grad	e rang	ge for a	absolut	e gradi	ng
		0	A+	Α	B+	B	С	U
	PROGRESS THROUG	91 -	81 -	71 -	61 -	56 -	50 -	<
	TROOKESS INKUU	100	90	80	70	60	55	50
15.4	For the students who complete the Audit							
10.7	Course satisfying attendance requirement,		r the				omplete	
	the title of the Audit Course will be mentioned	red red	andatory quireme	nt th	urse s	atistying	g atten	datce
	in the Grade Sheet. If the attendance requirement is not satisfied, it will not be	Co	urse w	ill be	ment	ioned i	e ivian n the	Grade
	shown in the Grade Sheet.		eet.		on		in the	Jidde

DIRECTOR Centre for Academic Courses Anna University, Chennai-600 025

Page 10 of 15

Page 30 of 437

16.2 16.2.1	CLASSIFICATION OF THE DEGREE AWARDED FIRST CLASS WITH DISTINCTION:	16.2.1 FIRST A stude	IFICATION OF T CLASS WITH DI ent who satisfies vith Distinction:	STINCTION			be declar	ed to have pa	assed the exar	nination in Firs
	A student who satisfies the following conditions shall be declared to have passed the examination in First class with Distinction: • Should have passed	Degree (i)	Duration of programme (ii)	Duration permitted (iii)	Additional credits above the requirement of curriculum (iv)	CGPA (v)	Pass in (vi)	Break of study (vii)	Prevention due to lack of attendance	Withdrawal from writing end semester examination (viii)
	the examination in all the courses of all the eight semesters (10 Semesters in case of Mechanical (Sandwich) and 6 semesters in the case of Lateral Entry) in	B.E./B.Tech. (Regular)	4 years	5 years		8.50	First attempt	One year authorised break of study included in the Duration permitted (iii)	Not permitted	Will not be considered as an attempt
	the student's First Appearance within five years (Six years in the case of Mechanical (Sandwich) and Four years in the case of	B.E./B.Tech. (sandwich)	5 years	6 years		8.50	First attempt	One year authorised break of study included in the Duration permitted (iii)	Not permitted	Will not be considered as an attempt
	Lateral Entry). Withdrawal from examination (vide Clause 17) will not be considered as an appearance.	B.E./B.Tech. Lateral Entry	3 years	4 years	HKNO	8.50	First attempt	One year	permitted	Will not be considered as an attempt
	appearance.					U	10-			

Page 11 of 15

DIRECTOR Centre for Academic Courses Anna University, Chennai-600 025

Page 31 of 437

	Should have secured a CGPA of not less than 8.50 .	B.E./B.Tech.	3/4/5 years	4/5/6	18 credits	9.50		permitted (iii)		
•	One year authorized break of study (if availed of) is included in the five years (Six years in the case of Mechanical (Sandwich) and four	(Honours) Specialisation in the same discipline B.E./B.Tech.	(Lateral entry, Regular.	years (Lateral entry, Regular, Sandwich respective ly) 4/5/6	from any one vertical of the same programme	2	First attempt	One year authorised break of study included in the Duration permitted (iii)	Not permitted	Will not b considered as an attemp
•	years in the case of lateral entry) for award of First class with Distinction. Should NOT have been prevented from writing end semester examination due to	Honours) (Later Regul Sandy respendent B.E./B.Tech. 3/4/5 y	(Lateral entry, Regular, Sandwich espectively)	4/5/6 years (Lateral entry, Regular, Sandwich respective ly) 4/5/6				One year authorised break of study included in the Duration permitted (iii)	Not permitted	Will not be considered as an attemp
	lack of attendance in any semester.	minor in other specialisation	(Lateral entry, Regular, Sandwich espectively)	years (Lateral entry, Regular, Sandwich respective ly)	18 credits from any one vertical of the other programme	8.50		One year	Not permitted	Will not be considered as an attempt

PROGRESS THROUGH KNOWLEDGE

DIRECTOR Centre for Academic Courses Anna University, Chennai-600 025

Page 12 of 15

Page 32 of 437

16.2.2	FIRST CLASS: A student who satisfies the following conditions shall	16.2.2 FIRST A stud First cl	ent who sa	tisfies the	following co	onditions	shall be	declared to	have passed t	he examination
	be declared to have passed the examination in First class: • Should have passed the examination in all	Degree (i)	Duration of programme (ii)	permitted (iii)	Additional credits (iv)	CGPA (v)	Pass in (vi)	Break of study (vii)	Prevention due to lack of attendance	Withdrawal from writing end semester examination (viii)
1	the courses of all eight semesters (10 Semesters in case of Mechanical (Sandwich) and 6 semesters in the case of Lateral Entry)	B.E./B.Tech. (Regular)	4 years	5 years		6.50	1	One year authorised break of study included in the Duration permitted (iii)	Included in the Duration permitted (iii)	-
- 14	 within five years. (Six years in case of Mechanical (Sandwich) and Four years in the case of Lateral Entry). One year authorized 	B.E./B.Tech. (sandwich)	5 years	6 years		6.50	13	One year authorised break of study included in the Duration permitted (iii)	Included in the Duration permitted (iii)	-
	break of study (if availed of) or prevention from writing the End Semester examination due to lack of attendance (if applicable) is	B.E./B.Tech. Lateral Entry	3 years	4 years	JGH KN	6.50	EDGE	One year authorised break of study included in the Duration permitted (iii)	Included in the Duration permitted (iii)	-

Page 13 of 15

DIRECTOR Centre for Academic Courses Anna University, Chennai-600 025

Page 33 of 437

	included in the duration of five years (Six years in case of Mechanical (Sandwich) and four years in the case of lateral entry) for award of First class.	B.E./B.Tech. (Honours) Specialisation in the same discipline	3/4/5 years (Lateral entry, Regular, Sandwich respective ly)	4/5/6/ years (Lateral entry, Regular, Sandwich respectiv ely)	18 credits from any one vertical of the same programme		First attempt	One year authorised break of study included in the Duration permitted (iii)	Not permitted	Will not be considered as an attempt
•	• Should have secured a CGPA of not less than 6.50 .	B.E./B.Tech. (Honours)	3/4/5 years (Lateral entry, Regular, Sandwich respective ly)	4/5/6 years (Lateral entry, Regular, Sandwich respectiv ely)	18 credits from more than one verticals of the same programme	7.50	First attempt	One year authorised break of study included in the Duration permitted (iii)	Not permitted	Will not be considered as an attempt
		B.E./B.Tech. minor in other specialisation	3/4/5 years (Lateral entry, Regular, Sandwich respective ly)	4/5/6 years (Lateral entry, Regular, Sandwich respectiv ely)	18 credits from any one vertical of the other programme	6.50	3	One year authorised break of study included in the Duration permitted (iii)	Included in the Duration permitted (iii)	-
		PROC	RESS	THROL		OWL	EDGE			

1-

DIRECTOR Centre for Academic Courses Anna University, Chennai-600 025

Page 14 of 15

Page 34 of 437

16.2.3	SECOND CLASS:	16.2.3 SECOND CLASS:
	All other students (not covered in clauses 16.2.1 and 16.2.2) who qualify for the award of the degree (vide Clause 16.1) shall be declared to have passed the examination in Second Class .	B.E./B.Tech. Regular, sandwich and lateral entry and B.E./B.Tech. minor in other specialisation degree students (not covered in clauses 16.2.1 and 16.2.2) who qualify for the award of the degree (vide Clause 16.1) shall be declared to have passed the examination in Second Class .
		 16.2.4 Student earned additional 18 credits as per Clause 4.10 (i) and (ii) but does not satisfy the conditions mentioned in 16.2.1 or 16.2.2 shall not be awarded B.E./B.Tech.Honours. In such cases the mark sheet will show the additional courses studied and those courses shall not be considered for CGPA computation. In such case if the student becomes eligible for First Class, while computing CGPA without taking into account the additional course studied B.E. / B.Tech. in First Class only (or) student may opt to consider these additional courses as per Clause 4.10 (6,7).

DIRECTOR Centre for Academic Courses Anna University, Chennai-600 025

PROGRESS THROUGH KNOWLEDGE

station and the second second

Page 15 of 15

Page 35 of 437



ANNA UNIVERSITY, CHENNAI NON- AUTONOMOUS AFFILIATED COLLEGES REGULATIONS 2021 CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM

B.TECH. ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND DATA SCIENCE

I. PROGRAM EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEOs)

Graduates can

- 1. Utilize their proficiencies in the fundamental knowledge of basic sciences, mathematics, Artificial Intelligence, data science and statistics to build systems that require management and analysis of large volumes of data.
- 2. Advance their technical skills to pursue pioneering research in the field of AI and Data Science and create disruptive and sustainable solutions for the welfare of ecosystems.
- 3. Think logically, pursue lifelong learning and collaborate with an ethical attitude in a multidisciplinary team.
- 4. Design and model AI based solutions to critical problem domains in the real world.
- 5. Exhibit innovative thoughts and creative ideas for effective contribution towards economy building.

II.PROGRAM OUTCOMES (POs)

PO# Graduate Attribute

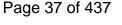
- 1 **Engineering knowledge**: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
- 2 **Problem analysis**: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
- 3 **Design/development of solutions**: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.
- 4 **Conduct investigations of complex problems**: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
- 5 **Modern tool usage**: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.
- 6 **The engineer and society**: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

- 7 **Environment and sustainability**: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
- 8 **Ethics**: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
- 9 **Individual and team work**: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
- 10 **Communication:** Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
- 11 **Project management and finance:** Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
- 12 Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

III. PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs)

Graduates should be able to:

- 1. evolve AI based efficient domain specific processes for effective decision making in several domains such as business and governance domains.
- 2. arrive at actionable Foresight, Insight, hindsight from data for solving business and engineering problems
- 3. create, select and apply the theoretical knowledge of AI and Data Analytics along with practical industrial tools and techniques to manage and solve wicked societal problems
- 4. develop data analytics and data visualization skills, skills pertaining to knowledge acquisition, knowledge representation and knowledge engineering, and hence be capable of coordinating complex projects.
- 5. able to carry out fundamental research to cater the critical needs of the society through cutting edge technologies of AI.



ar S	Sem	Course name	PO												PSO		
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
		Induction Programme															
		Professional English - I	1.6	2.2	1.8	2.2	1.5	3	3	3	1.6	3	3	3	-	-	-
		Matrices and Calculus	3	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	3	-	-	-
		Engineering Physics	3	3	1.6	1.2	1.8	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
		Engineering Chemistry	2.8	1.3	1.6	1	-	1.5	1.8	-		-	-	1.5	-	-	-
		Problem Solving and Python Programming	2	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	3	3	
		தமிழர் மரபு /Heritage of Tamils															
		Problem Solving and Python Programming Laboratory	2	3	3	3	2	V	E	50	4	-	2	2	3	3	-
		Physics and Chemistry Laboratory	3 2.6	2.4 1.3	2.6 1.6	1	1	1.4	1.8	2	L)			1.3	_	_	-
				Υ.								2	1	4			
_		English Laboratory ^{\$}	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-
I		Professional English - II		3	3	3	2.75	3	3	3	2.2	3	3	3	-	-	
		Statistics and Numerical Methods	3	3	1	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	2	3	-	-	
		Physics for Information Science	3	1.3	2	1.3	2.3	1	1.3	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	.
		Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering	2	1.8	1	-	-	111		1	7	-	ŀ	2	-	-	1
		Engineering Graphics	3	1	2	-	2	-	1	5	1	3		2	2	2	•
		Data Structures Design	~							1							
		தமிழரும் தொழில்நுட்பமும் /Tamils and Technology	GR	1	S T	HR	01	G	K	NO		FD	3.5				
		Engineering Practices Laboratory	3	2	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	2	2	1	1
		Data Structures Design Laboratory															
		Communication Laboratory / Foreign Language ^{\$}	2.4	2.8	3	3	1.8	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	
I	ii	Discrete Mathematics	1	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	
		Digital Principles and Computer Organization	3	3	3	3	1.8	1.6	1	1	1	1	1.6	2.6	1.4	2.6	1
		Database Design and Management	2	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	2	2	1	1	2	2	
		Design and Analysis of Algorithms	3	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2	:

		Data Exploration and Visualization	2	1	2	2	1	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
		Artificial Intelligence	2	1	2	2	1	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
		Database Design and Management Laboratory	2	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
		Artificial Intelligence Laboratory	2	1	2	2	1	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
		Professional Development ^{\$}															
	IV	Probability and Statistics	3	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2			
		Operating Systems	2	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	1	2
		Machine Learning	2	2	3	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2	1
		Fundamentals of Data Science and Analytics	1	1	2	2	2	-	-	1	3	2	2	2	3	2	1
		Computer Networks	2	2	2	2	2		-		2	2	2	1	2	2	2
		Environmental Sciences and Sustainability	2.8	1.8	1	1		2.2	2.4	2-3			-	1.8	-	-	-
		Data Science and Analytics Laboratory	2	2	1	2	2	-	-		2	2	2	2	2	2	1
		Machine Learning Laboratory	2	2	2	2	2	-	-	1-	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
111	v	Deep Learning	2.8	2.4	2	2.4	2.2	-	-	-	1.6	2.4	1.4	2.4	2	1.8	2.6
		Data and Information Security	2.4	2.6	2.4	2.2	1.5	-	-	-	1.4	2.2	1.2	2.2	1.8	2	1.6
		Distributed Computing	1.8	2.4	1.8	2.4	2	-	-	-	2.6	2.2	2.2	1.6	2	1.8	1.6
		Big Data Analytics	2.8	3	2.8	2.8	2.8		-	-	2.2	1.8	2.6	2	2.2	2.8	2.6
		Deep Learning Laboratory	2.6	2.6	1.6	2	1.4	-	-		2	2.4	2.2	1.6	2.4	2.8	2
		Summer internship	~						٨			5					
	VI	Embedded Systems and IoT	2.6	2	3	2.4	1.5	-	-	-	1	2.2	2.2	2.4	2.2	1.6	2.6
IV	VII	Human Values and Ethics	GR	F	ST	HR	01	GI	ľ	NO	NI	rn.	2.2				
		Summer internship															
	VIII	Project Work / Internship	iah (

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

ANNA UNIVERSITY, CHENNAI NON- AUTONOMOUS AFFILIATED COLLEGES REGULATIONS 2021 CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM B.TECH. ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND DATA SCIENCE CURRICULUM AND SYLLABI FOR SEMESTERS I TO VIII SEMESTER I

S. NO.	COURSE	COURSE TITLE	CATE- GORY	PER	RIODS WEEK	1	TOTAL CONTACT	CREDITS
			••••	L	Т	Ρ	PERIODS	
1.	IP3151	Induction Programme	-	-	-	-	-	0
THEOP	RY							
2.	HS3152	Professional English - I	HSMC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	MA3151	Matrices and Calculus	BSC	3	1	0	4	4
4.	PH3151	Engineering Physics	BSC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	CY3151	Engineering Chemistry	BSC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	GE3151	Problem Solving and Python Programming	ESC	3	0	0	3	3
7.	GE3152	தமிழர் மரபு /Heritage of Tamils	HSMC	1	0	0	1	1
PRAC	TICALS				27	7.6		
8.	GE3171	Problem Solving and Python Programming Laboratory	ESC	0	0	4	4	2
9.	BS3171	Physics and Chemistry Laboratory	BSC	0	0	4	4	2
10.	GE3172	English Laboratory ^{\$}	EEC	0	0	2	2	1
			TOTAL	16	1	10	27	22

^{\$} Skill Based Course

SEMESTER II

		OLINE	SIEKI					
S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE- GORY		NODS I WEEK		TOTAL CONTACT	CREDITS
NO.	CODE		GORT	Γ	Т	Ρ	PERIODS	
THEO	RY		1		-			
1.	HS3252	Professional English - II	HSMC	2	0	0	2	2
2.	MA3251	Statistics and Numerical Methods	BSC	3	1	0	4	4
3.	PH3256	Physics for Information Science	BSC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	BE3251	Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering	ESC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	GE3251	Engineering Graphics	ESC	2	0	4	6	4
6.	AD3251	Data Structures Design	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
7.	GE3252	தமிழரும் தொழில்நுட்பமும்	HSMC	1	0	0	1	1
		/Tamils and Technology						
8.		NCC Credit Course Level 1#	-	2	0	0	2	2#
PRAC	TICALS							
9.	GE3271	Engineering Practices Laboratory	ESC	0	0	4	4	2
10.	AD3271	Data Structures Design Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2
11.	GE3272	Communication Laboratory / Foreign Language ^{\$}	EEC	0	0	4	4	2
			TOTAL	17	1	16	34	26

[#] NCC Credit Course level 1 is offered for NCC students only. The grades earned by the students will be recorded in the Mark Sheet, however the same shall not be considered for the computation of CGPA. ^{\$} Skill Based Course

		SEME	STER III					
S. NO.	COURSE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY			DDS /EEK	TOTAL CONTACT	CREDITS
			UOINI	L	Т	Р	PERIODS	
THEC	DRY							
1.	MA3354	Discrete Mathematics	BSC	3	1	0	4	4
2.	CS3351	Digital Principles and Computer Organization	PCC	3	0	2	5	4
3.	AD3391	Database Design and Management	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	AD3351	Design and Analysis of Algorithms	PCC	3	0	2	5	4
5.	AD3301	Data Exploration and Visualization	PCC	3	0	2	5	4
6.	AL3391	Artificial Intelligence	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
PRAG	CTICALS							
7.	AD3381	Database Design and Management Laboratory	PCC	0	0	3	3	1.5
8.	AD3311	Artificial Intelligence Laboratory	PCC	0	0	3	3	1.5
9.	GE3361	Professional Development ^{\$}	EEC	0	0	2	2	1
			TOTAL	18	1	14	33	26

^{\$} Skill Based Course

SEMESTER IV

		SEMES						
S. NO.	COURSE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY			ODS /EEK	TOTAL CONTACT	CREDITS
NO.	CODE		GONT	L	Т	Р	PERIODS	
THEC	DRY							
1.	MA3391	Probability and Statistics	BSC	3	1	0	4	4
2.	AL3452	Operating Systems	PCC	3	0	2	5	4
3.	AL3451	Machine Learning	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	AD3491	Fundamentals of Data Science and Analytics	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	CS3591	Computer Networks	PCC	3	0	2	5	4
6.	GE3451	Environmental Sciences and Sustainability	BSC	2	0	0	2	2
7.		NCC Credit Course Level 2 [#]	HAU.	3	0	0	3	3#
PRAC	CTICALS	LYOOVEDD HIKO	UVII	R.H	v	IL L L	DOL	
8.	AD3411	Data Science and Analytics Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2
9.	AD3461	Machine Learning Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2
	•	<u> </u>	TOTAL	17	1	12	30	24

^{*}NCC Credit Course level 2 is offered for NCC students only. The grades earned by the students will be recorded in the Mark Sheet, however the same shall not be considered for the computation of CGPA.

		SEMES	TER V					
S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY			ODS VEEK	TOTAL CONTACT	CREDITS
NU.	CODE		GORT	L	Т	Р	PERIODS	
THEC	ORY							
1.	AD3501	Deep Learning	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	CW3551	Data and Information Security	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	CS3551	Distributed Computing	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	CCS334	Big Data Analytics	PCC	2	0	2	4	3
5.		Professional Elective I	PEC	-	-	-	-	3
6.		Professional Elective II	PEC	-	-	-	-	3
7.		Mandatory Course-I ^{&}	MC	3	0	0	3	0
PRAC	CTICALS							
8.	AD3511	Deep Learning Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2
9.	AD3512	Summer internship	EEC	0	0	0	0	2
			TOTAL		-		-	22

^{*} Mandatory Course-I is a Non-credit Course (Student shall select one course from the list given under Mandatory Course-I)

SEMES	TER	VI

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSEITTLE	CATE GORY			ODS VEEK	TOTAL CONTACT	CREDITS
NO.	CODE		GORT	L	Т	Р	PERIODS	
THEC	DRY				-			
1.	CS3691	Embedded Systems and IoT	PCC	3	0	2	5	4
2.		Open Elective – I*	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.		Professional Elective III	PEC	-	-	7 -	-	3
4.		Professional Elective IV	PEC	-	-	-	-	3
5.		Professional Elective V	PEC	-	- 1	/-	-	3
6.		Professional Elective VI	PEC	-	/-/		-	3
7.		Mandatory Course-II &	AC	3	0	0	3	0
8.		NCC Credit Course Level 3#		3	0	0	3	
			TOTAL	-	-	-	-	19

*Open Elective - I Shall be chosen from the list of open electives offered by other Programmes

[&] Mandatory Course-II is a Non-credit Course (Student shall select one course from the list given under Mandatory Course-II)

[#] NCC Credit Course level 3 is offered for NCC students only. The grades earned by the students will be recorded in the Mark Sheet, however the same shall not be considered for the computation of CGPA

SEMESTER VII / VIII*

S. NO		COURSE TITLE	CATE		rio R We	-	TOTAL CONTACT	CREDITS
	CODE		GORY	L	Т	Ρ	PERIODS	
THE	ORY							
1.	GE3791	Human Values and Ethics	HSMC	2	0	0	2	2
2.		Elective - Management [#]	HSMC	3	0	0	3	3
3.		Open Elective – II**	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
4.		Open Elective – III**	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
5.		Open Elective – IV**	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
			TOTAL	14	0	0	14	14

*If students undergo internship in Semester VII, then the courses offered during semester VII will be offered during semester VIII.

** Open Elective II - IV (Shall be chosen from the list of open electives offered by other Programmes). * Elective - Management shall be chosen from the Elective Management courses.

SEMESTER VIII /VII*

S. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY		PERIODS PER WEEK L T P		TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
PRA	CTICALS							
1.	AD3811	Project Work / Internship	EEC	0	0	20	20	10
			TOTAL	0	0	20	20	10

*If students undergo internship in Semester VII, then the courses offered during semester VII will be offered during semester VII.

TOTAL CREDITS: 163

ELECTIVE – MANAGEMENT COURSES

S. NO.	COURSE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY		Eric R W	DDS EEK	TOTAL CONTACT	CREDITS
NO.	CODE		GORT	L	Т	Р	PERIODS	
1.	GE3751	Principles of Management	HSMC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	GE3752	Total Quality Management	HSMC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	GE3753	Engineering Economics and Financial Accounting	HSMC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	GE3754	Human Resource Management	HSMC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	GE3755	Knowledge Management	HSMC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	GE3792	Industrial Management	HSMC	3	0	0	3	3

MANDATORY COURSES I

S. NO.	COURSE	COURSE TITLE	CATE		PERIODS PER WEEK		PER WEEK CONTACT		CREDITS
NO.	CODE		GORT	L	Т	Ρ	PERIODS		
1.	MX3081	Introduction to Women and Gender Studies	MC	3	0	0	3	0	
2.	MX3082	Elements of Literature	MC	3	0	0	3	0	
3.	MX3083	Film Appreciation	MC	3	0	0	3	0	
4.	MX3084	Disaster Risk Reduction and Management	MC	3	0	0	3	0	

MANDATORY COURSES II

S. NO.	COURSE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT	CREDITS
	CODE			L	Т	Ρ	PERIODS	
1.	MX3085	Well Being with Traditional Practices - Yoga, Ayurveda and Siddha	MC	3	0	0	3	0
2.	MX3086	History of Science and Technology in India	MC	3	0	0	3	0
3.	MX3087	Political and Economic Thought for a Humane Society	MC	3	0	0	3	0
4.	MX3088	State, Nation Building and Politics in India	MC	3	0	0	3	0
5.	MX3089	Industrial Safety	MC	3	0	0	3	0

PROGRESS THROUGH KNOWLEDGE

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE COURSES: VERTICALS

Vertical for AIDS I	Vertical II Full Stack Development for IT	Vertical III Cloud Computing and Data Center Technologies	Vertical IV Cyber Security and Data Privacy	Vertical V Creative Media	Vertical VI Emerging Technologies	Vertical for AIDS II
Knowledge Engineering	Cloud Computing	Cloud Computing	Ethical Hacking	Augmented Reality/Virtual Reality	Augmented Reality/Virtual Reality	Bio-Inspired Optimization Techniques
Recommender Systems	App Development	Virtualization	Digital and Mobile Forensics	Multimedia and Animation	Robotic Process Automation	App Development
Soft Computing	Cloud Services Management	Cloud Services Management	Social Network Security	Video Creation and Editing	Neural Networks and Deep Learning	Health Care Analytics
Text and Speech Analysis	UI and UX Design	Data Warehousing	Modern Cryptography	UI and UX Design	Cyber Security	Cyber Security
Business Analytics	Software Testing and Automation	Storage Technologies	Engineering Secure Software Systems	Digital marketing	Quantum Computing	Optimization Techniques
Image and video analytics	Web Application Security	Software Defined Networks	Cryptocurrency and Blockchain Technologies	Multimedia Data Compression and Storage	Cryptocurrency and Blockchain Technologies	Game Theory
Computer Vision	DevOps	Stream Processing	Network Security	Game Development	Game Development	Cognitive Science
Big Data Analytics	Principles of Programming Languages	Security and Privacy in Cloud	Security and Privacy in Cloud	Visual Effects	3D Printing and Design	Ethics and Al

Registration of Professional Elective Courses from Verticals:

Professional Elective Courses will be registered in Semesters V and VI. These courses are listed in groups called verticals that represent a particular area of specialisation / diversified group. Students are permitted to choose all the Professional Electives from a particular vertical or from different verticals. Further, only one Professional Elective course shall be chosen in a semester horizontally (row-wise). However, two courses are permitted from the same row, provided one course is enrolled in Semester V and another in semester VI.

The registration of courses for B.E./B.Tech (Honours) or Minor degree shall be done from Semester V to VIII. The procedure for registration of courses explained above shall be followed for the courses of B.E/B.Tech (Honours) or Minor degree also. For more details on B.E./B.Tech (Honours) or Minor degree refer to the Regulations 2021, Clause 4.10 (Amendments).

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE COURSES: VERTICALS

S.	COURSE	COURSE TITLE	CATE		Eric R W	DS EEK	TOTAL CONTACT	CREDITS
NO.	CODE		GORY	Ц	Т	Ρ	PERIODS	
1.	CCS350	Knowledge Engineering	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
2.	CCS360	Recommender Systems	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
3.	CCS364	Soft Computing	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
4.	CCS369	Text and Speech Analysis	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
5.	CCW331	Business Analytics	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
6.	CCS349	Image and Video Analytics	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
7.	CCS338	Computer Vision	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
8.	CCS334	Big Data Analytics	PEC	2	0	2	4	3

VERTICAL 1: VERTICALS FOR AIDS I

VERTICAL 2: FULL STACK DEVELOPMENT FOR IT

S. NO.	COURSE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY		eric R W	DS EEK	TOTAL CONTACT	CREDITS
NO.	CODE		GORT	L	Т	Ρ	PERIODS	
1.	CCS335	Cloud Computing	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
2.	CCS332	App Development	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
3.	CCS336	Cloud Services Management	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
4.	CCS370	UI and UX Design	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
5.	CCS366	Software Testing and Automation	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
6.	CCS374	Web Application Security	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
7.	CCS342	DevOps	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
8.	CCS358	Principles of Programming Languages	PEC	3	0	0	3	3

VERTICAL 3: CLOUD COMPUTING AND DATA CENTER TECHNOLOGIES

S.	COURSE	COURSE TITLE	CATE	PF	Eric R W	DS EEK	TOTAL CONTACT	CREDITS
NO.	CODE		GORY	L	Т	Ρ	PERIODS	
1.	CCS335	Cloud Computing	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
2.	CCS372	Virtualization	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
3.	CCS336	Cloud Services Management	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
4.	CCS341	Data Warehousing	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
5.	CCS367	Storage Technologies	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	CCS365	Software Defined Networks	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
7.	CCS368	Stream Processing	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
8.	CCS362	Security and Privacy in Cloud	PEC	2	0	2	4	3

VERTICAL 4: CYBER SECURITY AND DATA PRIVACY

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY		PERIODS PER WEEK		TOTAL CONTACT	CREDITS
NO.	CODE		GONT	Ľ	Т	Р	PERIODS	
1.	CCS344	Ethical Hacking	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
2.	CCS343	Digital and Mobile Forensics	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
3.	CCS363	Social Network Security	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
4.	CCS351	Modern Cryptography	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
5.	CB3591	Engineering Secure Software Systems	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
6.	CCS339	Cryptocurrency and Blockchain Technologies	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
7.	CCS354	Network Security	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
8.	CCS362	Security and Privacy in Cloud	PEC	2	0	2	4	3

VERTICAL 5: CREATIVE MEDIA

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY		Eric R W	DDS EEK	TOTAL CONTACT	CREDITS
NO.	CODE		GORT	L	Т	Ρ	PERIODS	
1.	CCS333	Augmented Reality/Virtual Reality	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
2.	CCS352	Multimedia and Animation	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
3.	CCS371	Video Creation and Editing	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
4.	CCS370	UI and UX Design	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
5.	CCW332	Digital marketing	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
6.	CCS353	Multimedia Data Compression and Storage	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
7.	CCS347	Game Development	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
8.	CCS373	Visual Effects	PEC	2	0	2	4	3

VERTICAL 6: EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES

S.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE		ERIC R W	DS EEK	TOTAL CONTACT	CREDITS
NO.	CODE		GORY	L	Т	Ρ	PERIODS	
1.	CCS333	Augmented Reality/Virtual Reality	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
2.	CCS361	Robotic Process Automation	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
3.	CCS355	Neural Networks and Deep Learning	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
4.	CCS340	Cyber Security	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
5.	CCS359	Quantum Computing	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
6.	CCS339	Cryptocurrency and Blockchain Technologies	PEC	2	0	2	EDČE	3
7.	CCS347	Game Development	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
8.	CCS331	3D Printing and Design	PEC	2	0	2	4	3

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE PERIODS GORY L T			TOTAL CONTACT	CREDITS	
NO.	CODE		GORT	L	Т	Ρ	PERIODS	
1.	AD3001	Bio-Inspired Optimization Techniques	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	CCS332	App Development	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
3.	AD3002	Health Care Analytics	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	CCS340	Cyber Security	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
5.	CCS357	Optimization Techniques	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
6.	CCS348	Game Theory	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
7.	CCS337	Cognitive Science	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
8.	CCS345	Ethics and AI	PEC	2	0	2	4	3

VERTICAL 7: VERTICALS FOR AIDS II

OPEN ELECTIVES

(Students shall choose the open elective courses, such that the course contents are not similar to any other course contents/title under other course categories).

OPEN ELECTIVES – I

S.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT	CREDITS
NO.			GORT	L	Т	Ρ	PERIODS	
1.	OAS351	Space Science	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	OIE351	Introduction to Industrial Engineering	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	OBT351	Food, Nutrition and Health	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	OCE351	Environment and Social Impact Assessment	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	OEE351	Renewable Energy System	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	OEI351	Introduction to Industrial Instrumentation and Control	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
7.	OMA351	Graph Theory	OEC	3	0	0	3	3

OPEN ELECTIVES - II

S.	COURSE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT	CREDITS
NO.	CODE		GURT	L	Т	Р	PERIODS	
1.	OIE352	Resource Management Techniques	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	OMG351	Fintech Regulation	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	OFD351	Holistic Nutrition	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	AI3021	IT in Agricultural System	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	OEI352	Introduction to Control Engineering	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	OPY351	Pharmaceutical Nanotechnology	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
7.	OAE351	Aviation Management	OEC	3	0	0	3	3

OPEN ELECTIVES - III

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE		erio R Wi	EEK	TOTAL CONTACT	CREDITS
NO.				L	Т	Ρ	PERIODS	
1.	OHS351	English for Competitive Examinations	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	OMG352	NGOs and Sustainable Development	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	OMG353	Democracy and Good Governance	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	CME365	Renewable Energy Technologies	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	OME354	Applied Design Thinking	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	MF3003	Reverse Engineering	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
7.	OPR351	Sustainable Manufacturing	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
8.	AU3791	Electric and Hybrid Vehicles	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
9.	OAS352	Space Engineering	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
10.	OIM351	Industrial Management	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
11.	OIE354	Quality Engineering	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
12.	OSF351	Fire Safety Engineering	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
13.	OML351	Introduction to Non-destructive Testing	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
14.	OMR351	Mechatronics	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
15.	ORA351	Foundation of Robotics	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
16.	OAE352	Fundamentals of Aeronautical Engineering	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
17.	OGI351	Remote Sensing Concepts	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
18.	OAI351	Urban Agriculture	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
19.	OEN351	Drinking Water Supply and Treatment	OEC	3	0	0	3	3

20.	OEE352	Electric Vehicle Technology	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
21.	OEI353	Introduction to PLC	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
		Programming						
22.	OCH351	Nano Technology	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
23.	OCH352	Functional Materials	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
24.	OFD352	Traditional Indian Foods	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
25.	OFD353	Introduction to food processing	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
26.	OPY352	IPR for Pharma Industry	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
27.	OTT351	Basics of Textile Finishing	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
28.	OTT352	Industrial Engineering for Garment Industry	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
29.	OTT353	Basics of Textile Manufacture	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
30.	OPE351	Introduction to Petroleum Refining and Petrochemicals	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
31.	CPE334	Energy Conservation and Management	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
32.	OPT351	Basics of Plastics Processing	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
33.	OEC351	Signals and Systems	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
34.	OEC352	Fundamentals of Electronic Devices and Circuits	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
35.	CBM348	Foundation Skills in Integrated Product Development	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
36.	CBM333	Assistive Technology	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
37.	OMA352	Operations Research	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
38.	OMA353	Algebra and Number Theory	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
39.	OMA354	Linear Algebra	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
40.	OCE353	Lean Concepts, Tools and Practices	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
41.	OBT352	Basics of Microbial Technology	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
42.	OBT353	Basics of Biomolecules	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
43.	OBT354	Fundamentals of Cell and Molecular Biology	OEC	3	0	0	3	3

OPEN ELECTIVES – IV

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE COURSE TITLE		CATE GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT	CREDITS
NO.			GORT	L	Т	Ρ	PERIODS	
1.	OHS352	Project Report Writing	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	OMA355	Advanced Numerical Methods	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	OMA356	Random Processes	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	OMA357	Queuing and Reliability Modelling	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	OMG354	Production and Operations Management for	OEC	3	0	0	3	3

		Entrepreneurs						
6.	OMG355	Multivariate Data Analysis	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
7.	OME352	Additive Manufacturing	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
8.	CME343	New Product Development	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
9.	OME355	Industrial Design & Rapid Prototyping Techniques	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
10.	MF3010	Micro and Precision Engineering	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
11.	OMF354	Cost Management of Engineering Projects	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
12.	AU3002	Batteries and Management system	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
13.	AU3008	Sensors and Actuators	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
14.	OAS353	Space Vehicles	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
15.	OIM352	Management Science	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
16.	OIM353	Production Planning and Control	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
17.	OIE353	Operations Management	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
18.	OSF352	Industrial Hygiene	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
19.	OSF353	Chemical Process Safety	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
20.	OML352	Electrical, Electronic and Magnetic materials	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
21.	OML353	Nanomaterials and Applications	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
22.	OMR352	Hydraulics and Pneumatics	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
23.	OMR353	Sensors	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
24.	ORA352	Concepts in Mobile Robots	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
25.	MV3501	Marine Propulsion	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
26.	OMV351	Marine Merchant Vessels	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
27.	OMV352	Elements of Marine Engineering	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
28.	CRA332	Drone Technologies	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
29.	OGI352	Geographical Information System	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
30.	OAI352	Agriculture Entrepreneurship Development	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
31.	OEN352	Biodiversity Conservation	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
32.	OEE353	Introduction to control systems	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
33.	OEI354	Introduction to Industrial Automation Systems	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
34.	OCH353	Energy Technology	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
35.	OCH354	Surface Science	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
36.	OFD354	Fundamentals of Food Engineering	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
37.	OFD355	Food safety and Quality	OEC	3	0	0	3	3

		Regulations						
38.	OPY353	Nutraceuticals	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
39.	OTT354	Basics of Dyeing and Printing	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
40.	FT3201	Fibre Science	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
41.	OTT355	Garment Manufacturing Technology	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
42.	OPE353	Industrial safety	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
43.	OPE354	Unit Operations in Petro Chemical Industries	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
44.	OPT352	Plastic Materials for Engineers	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
45.	OPT353	Properties and Testing of Plastics	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
46.	OEC353	VLSI Design	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
47.	CBM370	Wearable Devices	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
48.	CBM356	Medical Informatics	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
49.	OCE354	Basics of Integrated Water Resources Management	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
50.	OBT355	Biotechnology for Waste Management	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
51.	OBT356	Lifestyle Diseases	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
52.	OBT357	Biotechnology in Health Care	OEC	3	0	0	3	3

PROGRESS THROUGH KNOWLEDGE

	Name of the	e Progra	amme: E	B.Tech. /	Artificial	Intellige	ence an	d Data S	cience	
S.No	Subject Area	Credits per Semester								Total Credits
			II	III	IV	V	VI	VII/VIII	VIII/VII	Credits
1	HSMC	4	3					5		12
2	BSC	12	7	4	6					29
3	ESC	5	9							14
4	PCC		5	21	18	14	4			62
5	PEC					6	12			18
6	OEC						3	9		12
7	EEC	1	2	1		2			10	16
8	Non-Credit /(Mandatory)					<pre></pre>	\checkmark			
	Total 22 26 26 24 22 19 14 10							163		

SUMMARY

ENROLLMENT FOR B.E. / B. TECH. (HONOURS) / MINOR DEGREE (OPTIONAL)

A student can also optionally register for additional courses (18 credits) and become eligible for the award of B.E. / B. Tech. (Honours) or Minor Degree.

For B.E. / B. Tech. (Honours), a student shall register for the additional courses (18 credits) from semester V onwards. These courses shall be from the same vertical or a combination of different verticals of the same programme of study only.

For minor degree, a student shall register for the additional courses (18 credits) from semester V onwards. All these courses have to be in a particular vertical from any one of the other programmes, Moreover, for minor degree the student can register for courses from any one of the following verticals also.

Complete details are available in clause 4.10 (Amendments) of Regulations 2021.

VERTICALS FOR MINOR DEGREE (In addition to all the verticals of other programmes)

Vertical I	Vertical II	Vertical III	Vertical IV Business Data	Vertical V
Fintech and Block Chain	Entrepreneurship	Public Administration	Analytics	Environment and Sustainability
Financial Management	Foundations of Entrepreneurship	Principles of Public Administration	Statistics for Management	Sustainable infrastructure Development
Fundamentals of Investment	Team Building & Leadership Management for Business	Constitution of India	Datamining for Business Intelligence	Sustainable Agriculture and Environmental Management
Banking, Financial Services and Insurance	Creativity & Innovation in Entrepreneurship	Public Personnel Administration	Human Resource Analytics	Sustainable Bio Materials
Introduction to Blockchain and its Applications	Principles of Marketing Management for Business	Administrative Theories	Marketing and Social Media Web Analytics	Materials for Energy Sustainability
Fintech Personal Finance and Payments	Human Resource Management for Entrepreneurs	Indian Administrative System	Operation and Supply Chain Analytics	Green Technology
Introduction to Fintech	Financing New Business Ventures	Public Policy Administration	Financial Analytics	Environmental Quality Monitoring and Analysis
-				Integrated Energy Planning for Sustainable Development
-				Energy Efficiency for Sustainable Development

PROGRESS THROUGH KNOWLEDGE

(choice of courses for Minor degree is to be made from any one vertical of other programmes or from anyone of the following verticals)

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY		Eric R W	DDS EEK	TOTAL CONTACT	CREDITS
NO.	CODE		GORT	L	Т	Ρ	PERIODS	
1.	CMG331	Financial Management	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	CMG332	Fundamentals of Investment	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	CMG333	Banking, Financial Services and Insurance	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	CMG334	Introduction to Blockchain and its Applications	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	CMG335	Fintech Personal Finance and Payments	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	CMG336	Introduction to Fintech	PEC	3	0	0	3	3

VERTICAL 1: FINTECH AND BLOCK CHAIN

VERTICAL 2: ENTREPRENEURSHIP

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	E COURSE TITLE CATE GORY			ERIC R W	EEK		CREDITS
1.		Foundations of		L		Р	PERIODS	
1.	CMG337	Entrepreneurship	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	CMG338	Team Building & Leadership Management for Business	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	CMG339	Creativity & Innovation in Entrepreneurship	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	CMG340	Principles of Marketing Management For Business	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	CMG341	Human Resource Management for Entrepreneurs	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	CMG342	Financing New Business Ventures	PEC	3	0	0	3	3

S.	COURSE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY				TOTAL CONTACT	CREDITS
NO.	CODE		GORT	L	Т	Ρ	PERIODS	
1.	CMG343	Principles of Public Administration	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	CMG344	Constitution of India	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	CMG345	Public Personnel Administration	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	CMG346	Administrative Theories	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	CMG347	Indian Administrative System	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	CMG348	Public Policy Administration	PEC	3	0	0	3	3

VERTICAL 3: PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

VERTICAL 4: BUSINESS DATA ANALYTICS

S. NO.	COURSE	COURSE TITLE	CATE	GORY FER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT	CREDITS	
NO.	CODE		GORT	L.	Т	Ρ	PERIODS		
1.	CMG349	Statistics for Management	PEC	3	0	0	3	3	
2.	CMG350	Datamining For Business Intelligence	PEC	3	0	0	3	3	
3.	CMG351	Human Resource Analytics	PEC	3	0	0	3	3	
4.	CMG352	Marketing And Social Media Web Analytics	PEC	3	0	0	3	3	
5.	CMG353	Operation And Supply Chain Analytics	PEC	3	0	0	3	3	
6.	CMG354	Financial Analytics	PEC	3	0	0	3	3	

VERTICAL 5: ENVIRONMENT AND SUSTAINABILITY

S. NO.		COURSE TITLE	CATE			DDS /EEK	TOTAL CONTACT	CREDITS
NO.	CODE		GONT	L	Т	Ρ	PERIODS	
1.	CES331	Sustainable infrastructure Development	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	CES332	Sustainable Agriculture and Environmental Management	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	CES333	Sustainable Bio Materials	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	CES334	Materials for Energy Sustainability	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	CES335	Green Technology	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	CES336	Environmental Quality Monitoring and Analysis	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
7.	CES337	Integrated Energy Planning for Sustainable Development	PEC	З	0	0	3	3
8.	CES338	Energy Efficiency for Sustainable Development	PEC	3	0	0	3	3

IP3151

INDUCTION PROGRAMME

This is a mandatory 2 week programme to be conducted as soon as the students enter the institution. Normal classes start only after the induction program is over.

The induction programme has been introduced by AICTE with the following objective:

"Engineering colleges were established to train graduates well in the branch/department of admission, have a holistic outlook, and have a desire to work for national needs and beyond. The graduating student must have knowledge and skills in the area of his/her study. However, he/she must also have a broad understanding of society and relationships. Character needs to be nurtured as an essential quality by which he/she would understand and fulfill his/her responsibility as an engineer, a citizen and a human being. Besides the above, several meta-skills and underlying values are needed."

"One will have to work closely with the newly joined students in making them feel comfortable, allow them to explore their academic interests and activities, reduce competition and make them work for excellence, promote bonding within them, build relations between teachers and students, give a broader view of life, and build character. "

Hence, the purpose of this programme is to make the students feel comfortable in their new environment, open them up, set a healthy daily routine, create bonding in the batch as well as between faculty and students, develop awareness, sensitivity and understanding of the self, people around them, society at large, and nature.

The following are the activities under the induction program in which the student would be fully engaged throughout the day for the entire duration of the program.

(i) Physical Activity

This would involve a daily routine of physical activity with games and sports, yoga, gardening, etc.

(ii) Creative Arts

Every student would choose one skill related to the arts whether visual arts or performing arts. Examples are painting, sculpture, pottery, music, dance etc. The student would pursue it everyday for the duration of the program. These would allow for creative expression. It would develop a sense of aesthetics and

also enhance creativity which would, hopefully, grow into engineering design later.

(iii) Universal Human Values

This is the anchoring activity of the Induction Programme. It gets the student to explore oneself and allows one to experience the joy of learning, stand up to peer pressure, make decisions with courage, be aware of relationships with colleagues and supporting stay in the hostel and department, be sensitive to others, etc. A module in Universal Human Values provides the base. Methodology of teaching this content is extremely important. It must not be through do's and don'ts, but get students to explore and think by engaging them in a dialogue. It is best taught through group discussions and real life activities rather than lecturing.

Discussions would be conducted in small groups of about 20 students with a faculty

mentor each. It would be effective that the faculty mentor assigned is also the faculty advisor for the student for the full duration of the UG programme.

(iv) Literary Activity

Literary activity would encompass reading, writing and possibly, debating, enacting a play etc.

(v) Proficiency Modules

This would address some lacunas that students might have, for example, English, computer familiarity etc.

(vi) Lectures by Eminent People

Motivational lectures by eminent people from all walks of life should be arranged to give the students exposure to people who are socially active or in public life.

(vii) Visits to Local Area

A couple of visits to the landmarks of the city, or a hospital or orphanage could be organized. This would familiarize them with the area as well as expose them to the underprivileged.

(viii) Familiarization to Dept./Branch & Innovations

They should be told about what getting into a branch or department means what role it plays in society, through its technology. They should also be shown the laboratories, workshops & other facilities.

(ix) Department Specific Activities

About a week can be spent in introducing activities (games, quizzes, social interactions, small experiments, design thinking etc.) that are relevant to the particular branch of Engineering / Technology / Architecture that can serve as a motivation and kindle interest in building things (become a maker) in that particular field. This can be conducted in the form of a workshop. For example, CSE and IT students may be introduced to activities that kindle computational thinking, and get them to build simple games. ECE students may be introduced to building simple circuits as an extension of their knowledge in Science, and so on. Students may be asked to build stuff using their knowledge of science.

Induction Programme is totally an activity based programme and therefore there shall be no tests / assessments during this programme.

References: Guide to Induction program from AICTE

HS3152

1

8

9

9

9

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To improve the communicative competence of learners
- To learn to use basic grammatic structures in suitable contexts
- To acquire lexical competence and use them appropriately in a sentence and understand their meaning in a text
- To help learners use language effectively in professional contexts
- To develop learners' ability to read and write complex texts, summaries, articles, blogs, definitions, essays and user manuals.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO EFFECTIVE COMMUNICATION

What is effective communication? (Explain using activities) Why is communication critical for excellence during study, research and work? What are the seven C's of effective communication? What are key language skills? What is effective listening? What does it involve? What is effective speaking? What does it mean to be an excellent reader? What should you be able to do? What is effective writing? How does one develop language and communication skills? What does the course focus on? How are communication and language skills going to be enhanced during this course? What do you as a learner need to do to enhance your English language and communication skills to get the best out of this course?

INTRODUCTION TO FUNDAMENTALS OF COMMUNICATION

Reading - Reading brochures (technical context), telephone messages / social media messages relevant to technical contexts and emails. Writing - Writing emails / letters introducing oneself. Grammar - Present Tense (simple and progressive); Question types: Wh/ Yes or No/ and Tags. Vocabulary - Synonyms; One word substitution; Abbreviations & Acronyms (as used in technical contexts).

UNIT II NARRATION AND SUMMATION

Reading - Reading biographies, travelogues, newspaper reports, Excerpts from literature, and travel & technical blogs. Writing - Guided writing-- Paragraph writing Short Report on an event (field trip etc.) Grammar –Past tense (simple); Subject-Verb Agreement; and Prepositions. Vocabulary - Word forms (prefixes& suffixes); Synonyms and Antonyms. Phrasal verbs.

UNIT III DESCRIPTION OF A PROCESS / PRODUCT

Reading – Reading advertisements, gadget reviews; user manuals. Writing - Writing definitions; instructions; and Product /Process description. Grammar - Imperatives; Adjectives; Degrees of comparison; Present & Past Perfect Tenses. Vocabulary - Compound Nouns, Homonyms; and Homophones, discourse markers (connectives & sequence words).

UNIT IV CLASSIFICATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Reading – Newspaper articles; Journal reports –and Non Verbal Communcation (tables, pie charts etc,.). Writing – Note-making / Note-taking (*Study skills to be taught, not tested); Writing recommendations; Transferring information from non verbal (chart, graph etc, to verbal mode) Grammar – Articles; Pronouns - Possessive & Relative pronouns. Vocabulary - Collocations; Fixed / Semi fixed expressions.

UNIT V EXPRESSION

Reading – Reading editorials; and Opinion Blogs; Writing – Essay Writing (Descriptive or narrative). Grammar – Future Tenses, Punctuation; Negation (Statements & Questions); and Simple, Compound & Complex Sentences. Vocabulary - Cause & Effect Expressions – Content vs Function words.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

LEARNING OUTCOMES :

At the end of the course, learners will be able

CO1:To use appropriate words in a professional context

CO2: To gain understanding of basic grammatic structures and use them in right context.

CO3: To read and infer the denotative and connotative meanings of technical texts

CO4:To write definitions, descriptions, narrations and essays on various topics

TEXT BOOKS :

- 1. English for Engineers & Technologists Orient Blackswan Private Ltd. Department of English, Anna University, (2020 edition)
- English for Science & Technology Cambridge University Press, 2021. Authored by Dr. Veena Selvam, Dr. Sujatha Priyadarshini, Dr. Deepa Mary Francis, Dr. KN. Shoba, and Dr. Lourdes Joevani, Department of English, Anna University.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Technical Communication Principles And Practices By Meenakshi Raman & Sangeeta Sharma, Oxford Univ. Press, 2016, New Delhi.
- 2. A Course Book On Technical English By Lakshminarayanan, Scitech Publications (India) Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. English For Technical Communication (With CD) By Aysha Viswamohan, Mcgraw Hill Education, ISBN : 0070264244.
- 4. Effective Communication Skill, Kulbhusan Kumar, RS Salaria, Khanna Publishing House.
- 5. Learning to Communicate Dr. V. Chellammal, Allied Publishing House, New Delhi, 2003.

ASSESSMENT PATTERN

Two internal assessments and an end semester examination to test students' reading and writing skills along with their grammatical and lexical competence.

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
1	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	1	3	1.772	3	-	-	-
2	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	1	3	-	3	I	-	-
3	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	-	-	-
4	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	-	-	-
5	2	3	3	3	-	3	3	3	2	3	-	3	-	-	-
AVg.	1.6	2.2	1.8	2.2	1.5	3	3	3	1.6	3	3	3	-	-	-

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

9 + 3

9 + 3

9 + 3

9 + 3

9 + 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To develop the use of matrix algebra techniques that are needed by engineers for practical applications.
- To familiarize the students with differential calculus.
- To familiarize the student with functions of several variables. This is needed in many branches of engineering.
- To make the students understand various techniques of integration.
- To acquaint the student with mathematical tools needed in evaluating multiple integrals and their applications.

UNIT I MATRICES

Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors of a real matrix – Characteristic equation – Properties of Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors – Cayley - Hamilton theorem – Diagonalization of matrices by orthogonal transformation – Reduction of a quadratic form to canonical form by orthogonal transformation – Nature of quadratic forms – Applications : Stretching of an elastic membrane.

UNIT II DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS

Representation of functions - Limit of a function - Continuity - Derivatives - Differentiation rules (sum, product, quotient, chain rules) - Implicit differentiation - Logarithmic differentiation - Applications : Maxima and Minima of functions of one variable.

UNIT III FUNCTIONS OF SEVERAL VARIABLES

Partial differentiation – Homogeneous functions and Euler's theorem – Total derivative – Change of variables – Jacobians – Partial differentiation of implicit functions – Taylor's series for functions of two variables – Applications : Maxima and minima of functions of two variables and Lagrange's method of undetermined multipliers.

UNIT IV INTEGRAL CALCULUS

Definite and Indefinite integrals - Substitution rule - Techniques of Integration : Integration by parts, Trigonometric integrals, Trigonometric substitutions, Integration of rational functions by partial fraction, Integration of irrational functions - Improper integrals - Applications : Hydrostatic force and pressure, moments and centres of mass.

UNIT V MULTIPLE INTEGRALS

Double integrals – Change of order of integration – Double integrals in polar coordinates – Area enclosed by plane curves – Triple integrals – Volume of solids – Change of variables in double and triple integrals – Applications : Moments and centres of mass, moment of inertia.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the students will be able to

CO1:Use the matrix algebra methods for solving practical problems.

CO2:Apply differential calculus tools in solving various application problems.

CO3:Able to use differential calculus ideas on several variable functions.

CO4: Apply different methods of integration in solving practical problems.

CO5:Apply multiple integral ideas in solving areas, volumes and other practical problems. **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Kreyszig.E, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", John Wiley and Sons, 10th Edition, New Delhi, 2016.
- 2. Grewal.B.S., "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 44th Edition , 2018.
- James Stewart, "Calculus : Early Transcendentals ", Cengage Learning, 8th Edition, New Delhi, 2015. [For Units II & IV Sections 1.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.5, 2.7 (Tangents problems only), 2.8, 3.1 to 3.6, 3.11, 4.1, 4.3, 5.1 (Area problems only), 5.2, 5.3, 5.4 (excluding net change theorem), 5.5, 7.1 7.4 and 7.8].

REFERENCES:

- 1. Anton. H, Bivens. I and Davis. S, " Calculus ", Wiley, 10th Edition, 2016
- 2. Bali. N., Goyal. M. and Watkins. C., " Advanced Engineering Mathematics ", Firewall Media (An imprint of Lakshmi Publications Pvt., Ltd.,), New Delhi, 7th Edition, 2009.
- 3. Jain . R.K. and Iyengar. S.R.K., "Advanced Engineering Mathematics ", Narosa Publications, New Delhi, 5th Edition, 2016.
- 4. Narayanan. S. and Manicavachagom Pillai. T. K., "Calculus" Volume I and II, S. Viswanathan Publishers Pvt. Ltd., Chennai, 2009.
- 5. Ramana. B.V., "Higher Engineering Mathematics", McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2016.
- 6. Srimantha Pal and Bhunia. S.C, "Engineering Mathematics" Oxford University Press, 2015.
- 7. Thomas. G. B., Hass. J, and Weir. M.D, " Thomas Calculus ", 14th Edition, Pearson India, 2018.

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	3	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	3	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	3	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	3	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	3	-	-	-
Avg	3	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	3	-	-	-

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

PH3151

ENGINEERING PHYSICS

L T P C 3 0 0 3

9

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To make the students effectively achieve an understanding of mechanics.
- To enable the students to gain knowledge of electromagnetic waves and its applications.
- To introduce the basics of oscillations, optics and lasers.
- Equipping the students to successfully understand the importance of quantum physics.
- To motivate the students towards the applications of quantum mechanics.

UNIT I MECHANICS

Multi-particle dynamics: Center of mass (CM) – CM of continuous bodies – motion of the CM – kinetic energy of the system of particles. Rotation of rigid bodies: Rotational kinematics – rotational kinetic energy and moment of inertia - theorems of M .I –moment of inertia of continuous bodies – M.I of a diatomic molecule - torque – rotational dynamics of rigid bodies – conservation of angular

20

momentum – rotational energy state of a rigid diatomic molecule - gyroscope - torsional pendulum – double pendulum –Introduction to nonlinear oscillations.

UNIT II ELECTROMAGNETIC WAVES

The Maxwell's equations - wave equation; Plane electromagnetic waves in vacuum, Conditions on the wave field - properties of electromagnetic waves: speed, amplitude, phase, orientation and waves in matter - polarization - Producing electromagnetic waves - Energy and momentum in EM waves: Intensity, waves from localized sources, momentum and radiation pressure - Cell-phone reception. Reflection and transmission of electromagnetic waves from a non-conducting medium-vacuum interface for normal incidence.

UNIT III OSCILLATIONS, OPTICS AND LASERS

Simple harmonic motion - resonance –analogy between electrical and mechanical oscillating systems - waves on a string - standing waves - traveling waves - Energy transfer of a wave - sound waves - Doppler effect. Reflection and refraction of light waves - total internal reflection - interference –Michelson interferometer –Theory of air wedge and experiment. Theory of laser - characteristics - Spontaneous and stimulated emission - Einstein's coefficients - population inversion - Nd-YAG laser, CO₂ laser, semiconductor laser –Basic applications of lasers in industry.

UNIT IV BASIC QUANTUM MECHANICS

Photons and light waves - Electrons and matter waves -Compton effect - The Schrodinger equation (Time dependent and time independent forms) - meaning of wave function - Normalization -Free particle - particle in a infinite potential well: 1D,2D and 3D Boxes-Normalization, probabilities and the correspondence principle.

UNIT V APPLIED QUANTUM MECHANICS

The harmonic oscillator(qualitative)- Barrier penetration and quantum tunneling(qualitative)-Tunneling microscope - Resonant diode - Finite potential wells (qualitative)- Bloch's theorem for particles in a periodic potential –Basics of Kronig-Penney model and origin of energy bands.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of this course, the students should be able to

CO1:Understand the importance of mechanics.

CO2:Express their knowledge in electromagnetic waves.

CO3:Demonstrate a strong foundational knowledge in oscillations, optics and lasers.

CO4:Understand the importance of quantum physics.

CO5:Comprehend and apply quantum mechanical principles towards the formation of energy bands.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. D.Kleppner and R.Kolenkow. An Introduction to Mechanics. McGraw Hill Education (Indian Edition), 2017.
- 2. E.M.Purcell and D.J.Morin, Electricity and Magnetism, Cambridge Univ.Press, 2013.
- 3. Arthur Beiser, Shobhit Mahajan, S. Rai Choudhury, Concepts of Modern Physics, McGraw-Hill (Indian Edition), 2017.

REFERENCES:

9

9

- 1. R.Wolfson. Essential University Physics. Volume 1 & 2. Pearson Education (Indian Edition), 2009.
- 2. Paul A. Tipler, Physic Volume 1 & 2, CBS, (Indian Edition), 2004.
- 3. K.Thyagarajan and A.Ghatak. Lasers: Fundamentals and Applications, Laxmi Publications, (Indian Edition), 2019.
- 4. D.Halliday, R.Resnick and J.Walker. Principles of Physics, Wiley (Indian Edition), 2015.
- 5. N.Garcia, A.Damask and S.Schwarz. Physics for Computer Science Students. Springer-Verlag, 2012.

СО	PO	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
1	3	3	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	3	3	2	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	3	3	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
4	3	3	1	1	2	1	- //	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	
5	3	3	1	1	2	1	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
AV	3	3	1.6	1.2	1.8	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-
	4 1	•			hiah (

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CY3151

ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To inculcate sound understanding of water quality parameters and water treatment techniques.
- To impart knowledge on the basic principles and preparatory methods of nanomaterials.
- To introduce the basic concepts and applications of phase rule and composites.
- To facilitate the understanding of different types of fuels, their preparation, properties and combustion characteristics.
- To familiarize the students with the operating principles, working processes and applications of energy conversion and storage devices.

UNIT I WATER AND ITS TREATMENT

Water: Sources and impurities, Water quality parameters: Definition and significance of-color, odour, turbidity, pH, hardness, alkalinity, TDS, COD and BOD, fluoride and arsenic. Municipal water treatment: primary treatment and disinfection (UV, Ozonation, break-point chlorination). Desalination of brackish water: Reverse Osmosis. Boiler troubles: Scale and sludge, Boiler corrosion, Caustic embrittlement, Priming & foaming. Treatment of boiler feed water: Internal treatment (phosphate, colloidal, sodium aluminate and calgon conditioning) and External treatment – Ion exchange demineralization and zeolite process.

UNIT II NANOCHEMISTRY

Basics: Distinction between molecules, nanomaterials and bulk materials; Size-dependent properties (optical, electrical, mechanical and magnetic); Types of nanomaterials: Definition, properties and uses of – nanoparticle, nanocluster, nanorod, nanowire and nanotube. Preparation of nanomaterials: sol-gel, solvothermal, laser ablation, chemical vapour deposition, electrochemical deposition and electro spinning. Applications of nanomaterials in medicine, agriculture, energy, electronics and catalysis.

UNIT III PHASE RULE AND COMPOSITES

9

22

Phase rule: Introduction, definition of terms with examples. One component system - water system; Reduced phase rule; Construction of a simple eutectic phase diagram - Thermal analysis; Two component system: lead-silver system - Pattinson process.

Composites: Introduction: Definition & Need for composites; Constitution: Matrix materials (Polymer matrix, metal matrix and ceramic matrix) and Reinforcement (fiber, particulates, flakes and whiskers). Properties and applications of: Metal matrix composites (MMC), Ceramic matrix composites and Polymer matrix composites. Hybrid composites - definition and examples.

UNIT IV FUELS AND COMBUSTION

Fuels: Introduction: Classification of fuels; Coal and coke: Analysis of coal (proximate and ultimate), Carbonization, Manufacture of metallurgical coke (Otto Hoffmann method). Petroleum and Diesel: Manufacture of synthetic petrol (Bergius process), Knocking - octane number, diesel oil - cetane number; Power alcohol and biodiesel.

Combustion of fuels: Introduction: Calorific value - higher and lower calorific values, Theoretical calculation of calorific value; Ignition temperature: spontaneous ignition temperature, Explosive range; Flue gas analysis - ORSAT Method. CO₂ emission and carbon footprint.

UNIT V ENERGY SOURCES AND STORAGE DEVICES

Stability of nucleus: mass defect (problems), binding energy; Nuclear energy: light water nuclear power plant, breeder reactor. Solar energy conversion: Principle, working and applications of solar cells; Recent developments in solar cell materials. Wind energy; Geothermal energy; Batteries: Types of batteries, Primary battery - dry cell, Secondary battery - lead acid battery and lithium-ion-battery; Electric vehicles - working principles; Fuel cells: H₂-O₂ fuel cell, microbial fuel cell; Supercapacitors: Storage principle, types and examples.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will be able:

CO1:To infer the quality of water from quality parameter data and propose suitable treatment methodologies to treat water.

CO2:To identify and apply basic concepts of nanoscience and nanotechnology in designing the synthesis of nanomaterials for engineering and technology applications.

CO3:To apply the knowledge of phase rule and composites for material selection requirements.

CO4:To recommend suitable fuels for engineering processes and applications.

CO5:To recognize different forms of energy resources and apply them for suitable applications in energy sectors.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. P. C. Jain and Monica Jain, "Engineering Chemistry", 17th Edition, Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company (P) Ltd, New Delhi, 2018.
- 2. Sivasankar B., "Engineering Chemistry", Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd, New Delhi, 2008.
- 3. S.S. Dara, "A Text book of Engineering Chemistry", S. Chand Publishing, 12th Edition, 2018

REFERENCES:

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

- 1. B. S. Murty, P. Shankar, Baldev Raj, B. B. Rath and James Murday, "Text book of nanoscience and nanotechnology", Universities Press-IIM Series in Metallurgy and Materials Science, 2018.
- O.G. Palanna, "Engineering Chemistry" McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2nd Edition, 2017.
- 3. Friedrich Emich, "Engineering Chemistry", Scientific International PVT, LTD, New Delhi, 2014.
- 4. ShikhaAgarwal, "Engineering Chemistry-Fundamentals and Applications", Cambridge University Press, Delhi, Second Edition, 2019.
- 5. O.V. Roussak and H.D. Gesser, Applied Chemistry-A Text Book for Engineers and Technologists, Springer Science Business Media, New York, 2nd Edition, 2013.

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

CO	P01	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
1	3	2	2	1	-	1	1	-	-		-	1	-	-	-
2	2	-	-	1	-	2	2	-	-	- Y .		-	-	-	-
3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
4	3	1	1	-	-	1	2	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
5	3	1	2	1	-	2	2			\mathbf{R}		2	-	-	-
CO	2.8	1.3	1.6	1		1.5	1.8			ł		1.5	í	-	-

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

GE3151 PROBLEM SOLVING AND PYTHON PROGRAMMING L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics of algorithmic problem solving.
- To learn to solve problems using Python conditionals and loops.
- To define Python functions and use function calls to solve problems.
- To use Python data structures lists, tuples, dictionaries to represent complex data.
- To do input/output with files in Python.

UNIT I COMPUTATIONAL THINKING AND PROBLEM SOLVING

Fundamentals of Computing – Identification of Computational Problems -Algorithms, building blocks of algorithms (statements, state, control flow, functions), notation (pseudo code, flow chart, programming language), algorithmic problem solving, simple strategies for developing algorithms (iteration, recursion). Illustrative problems: find minimum in a list, insert a card in a list of sorted cards, guess an integer number in a range, Towers of Hanoi.

UNIT II DATA TYPES, EXPRESSIONS, STATEMENTS

Python interpreter and interactive mode, debugging; values and types: int, float, boolean, string , and list; variables, expressions, statements, tuple assignment, precedence of operators, comments; Illustrative programs: exchange the values of two variables, circulate the values of n variables, distance between two points.

9

UNIT III CONTROL FLOW, FUNCTIONS, STRINGS

Conditionals:Boolean values and operators, conditional (if), alternative (if-else), chained conditional (if-elif-else); Iteration: state, while, for, break, continue, pass; Fruitful functions: return values, parameters, local and global scope, function composition, recursion; Strings: string slices, immutability, string functions and methods, string module; Lists as arrays. Illustrative programs: square root, gcd, exponentiation, sum an array of numbers, linear search, binary search.

UNIT IV LISTS, TUPLES, DICTIONARIES

Lists: list operations, list slices, list methods, list loop, mutability, aliasing, cloning lists, list parameters; Tuples: tuple assignment, tuple as return value; Dictionaries: operations and methods; advanced list processing - list comprehension; Illustrative programs: simple sorting, histogram, Students marks statement, Retail bill preparation.

UNIT V FILES, MODULES, PACKAGES

Files and exceptions: text files, reading and writing files, format operator; command line arguments, errors and exceptions, handling exceptions, modules, packages; Illustrative programs: word count, copy file, Voter's age validation, Marks range validation (0-100).

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

- **CO1**: Develop algorithmic solutions to simple computational problems.
- **CO2**: Develop and execute simple Python programs.
- **CO3**: Write simple Python programs using conditionals and loops for solving problems.

CO4: Decompose a Python program into functions.

C05: Represent compound data using Python lists, tuples, dictionaries etc.

CO6: Read and write data from/to files in Python programs.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Allen B. Downey, "Think Python: How to Think like a Computer Scientist", 2nd Edition, O'Reilly Publishers, 2016.
- 2. Karl Beecher, "Computational Thinking: A Beginner's Guide to Problem Solving and Programming", 1st Edition, BCS Learning & Development Limited, 2017.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Paul Deitel and Harvey Deitel, "Python for Programmers", Pearson Education, 1st Edition, 2021.
- 2. G Venkatesh and Madhavan Mukund, "Computational Thinking: A Primer for Programmers and Data Scientists", 1st Edition, Notion Press, 2021.
- 3. John V Guttag, "Introduction to Computation and Programming Using Python: With Applications to Computational Modeling and Understanding Data", Third Edition, MIT Press , 2021
- 4. Eric Matthes, "Python Crash Course, A Hands on Project Based Introduction to Programming", 2nd Edition, No Starch Press, 2019.
- 5. https://www.python.org/
- 6. Martin C. Brown, "Python: The Complete Reference", 4th Edition, Mc-Graw Hill, 2018.

9

PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO8 PO9 СО **PO7** PO10 PO11 PO12 PSO1 PSO2 PSO3 3 3 3 3 2 2 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 3 3 2 2 2 3 _ --_ _ _ _ 3 3 3 3 2 2 3 3 -_ _ _ -_ -_ 4 2 2 2 2 1 3 -----_ ---5 1 2 1 1 2 _ _ _ _ -_ _ -_ _ 2 2 2 1 2 6 -_ -------AVg. 2 3 3 3 2 2 2 3 3 _

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

GE3152 HERITAGE OF TAMILS

UNIT I LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE

Language Families in India - Dravidian Languages - Tamil as a Classical Language - Classical Literature in Tamil - Secular Nature of Sangam Literature - Distributive Justice in Sangam Literature - Management Principles in Thirukural - Tamil Epics and Impact of Buddhism & Jainism in Tamil Land - Bakthi Literature Azhwars and Nayanmars - Forms of minor Poetry - Development of Modern literature in Tamil - Contribution of Bharathiyar and Bharathidhasan.

UNIT II HERITAGE - ROCK ART PAINTINGS TO MODERN ART - SCULPTURE 3

Hero stone to modern sculpture - Bronze icons - Tribes and their handicrafts - Art of temple car making - - Massive Terracotta sculptures, Village deities, Thiruvalluvar Statue at Kanyakumari, Making of musical instruments - Mridhangam, Parai, Veenai, Yazh and Nadhaswaram - Role of Temples in Social and Economic Life of Tamils.

UNIT III FOLK AND MARTIAL ARTS

Therukoothu, Karagattam, Villu Pattu, Kaniyan Koothu, Oyillattam, Leatherpuppetry, Silambattam, Valari, Tiger dance - Sports and Games of Tamils.

UNIT IV THINAI CONCEPT OF TAMILS

Flora and Fauna of Tamils & Aham and Puram Concept from Tholkappiyam and Sangam Literature - Aram Concept of Tamils - Education and Literacy during Sangam Age - Ancient Cities and Ports of Sangam Age - Export and Import during Sangam Age - Overseas Conquest of Cholas.

UNIT V CONTRIBUTION OF TAMILS TO INDIAN NATIONAL MOVEMENT AND INDIAN CULTURE 3

Contribution of Tamils to Indian Freedom Struggle - The Cultural Influence of Tamils over the other parts of India - Self-Respect Movement - Role of Siddha Medicine in Indigenous Systems of Medicine – Inscriptions & Manuscripts – Print History of Tamil Books.

TOTAL: 15 PERIODS

TEXT-CUM-REFERENCE BOOKS

- தமிழக வரலாறு மக்களும் பண்பாடும் கே.கே. பிள்ளை (வெளியீடு: 1. தமிழ்நாடு பாடதால் மற்றும் கல்வியியல் பணிகள் கழகம்).
- கணினித் தமிழ் முனைவர் இல. சுந்தரம். (விகடன் பிரசுரம்). 2.

3

3

LTPC 1001

- கீழடி வைகை நதிக்கரையில் சங்ககால நகர நாகரிகம் (தொல்லியல் துறை வெளியீடு)
- பொருநை ஆற்றங்கரை நாகரிகம். (தொல்லியல் துறை வெளியீடு)
- 5. Social Life of Tamils (Dr.K.K.Pillay) A joint publication of TNTB & ESC and RMRL (in print)
- 6. Social Life of the Tamils The Classical Period (Dr.S.Singaravelu) (Published by: International Institute of Tamil Studies.
- 7. Historical Heritage of the Tamils (Dr.S.V.Subatamanian, Dr.K.D. Thirunavukkarasu) (Published by: International Institute of Tamil Studies).
- 8. The Contributions of the Tamils to Indian Culture (Dr.M.Valarmathi) (Published by: International Institute of Tamil Studies.)
- 9. Keeladi 'Sangam City C ivilization on the banks of river Vaigai' (Jointly Published by: Department of Archaeology & Tamil Nadu Text Book and Educational Services Corporation, Tamil Nadu)
- 10. Studies in the History of India with Special Reference to Tamil Nadu (Dr.K.K.Pillay) (Publishedby: The Author)
- 11. Porunai Civilization (Jointly Published by: Department of Archaeology & Tamil Nadu Text Bookand Educational Services Corporation, Tamil Nadu)
- 12. Journey of Civilization Indus to Vaigai (R.Balakrishnan) (Published by: RMRL) Reference Book.

GE3152

தமிழர் மரபு

LTPC

1 0 0 1

3

3

அலகு I <u>மொழி மற்றும் இலக்கியம்</u>:

இந்திய மொழிக் குடும்பங்கள் – திராவிட மொழிகள் – தமிழ் ஒரு செம்மொழி – தமிழ் செவ்விலக்கியங்கள் - சங்க இலக்கியத்தின் சமயச் சார்பற்ற தன்மை – சங்க இலக்கியத்தில் பகிர்தல் அறம் – திருக்குறளில் மேலாண்மைக் கருத்துக்கள் – தமிழ்க் காப்பியங்கள், தமிழகத்தில் சமண பௌத்த சமயங்களின் தாக்கம் -பக்தி இலக்கியம், ஆழ்வார்கள் மற்றும் நாயன்மார்கள் – சிற்றிலக்கியங்கள் – தமிழில் நவீன இலக்கியத்தின் வளர்ச்சி – தமிழ் இலக்கிய வளர்ச்சியில் பாரதியார் மற்றும் பாரதிதாசன் ஆகியோரின் பங்களிப்பு.

அலகு II மரபு – பாறை ஓவியங்கள் முதல் நவீன ஓவியங்கள் வரை – சிற்பக் கலை:

நடுகல் முதல் நவீன சிற்பங்கள் வரை – ஐம்பொன் சிலைகள்– பழங்குடியினர் மற்றும் அவர்கள் தயாரிக்கும் கைவினைப் பொருட்கள், பொம்மைகள் – தேர் செய்யும் கலை – சுடுமண் சிற்பங்கள் – நாட்டுப்புறத் தெய்வங்கள் – குமரிமுனையில் திருவள்ளுவர் சிலை – இசைக் கருவிகள் – மிருதங்கம், பறை, வீணை, யாழ், நாதஸ்வரம் – தமிழர்களின் சமூக பொருளாதார வாழ்வில் கோவில்களின் பங்கு.

அலகு III நாட்டுப்புறக் கலைகள் மற்றும் வீர விளையாட்டுகள்: 3 தெருக்கூத்து, கரகாட்டம், வில்லுப்பாட்டு, கணியான் கூத்து, ஒயிலாட்டம், தோல்பாவைக் கூத்து, சிலம்பாட்டம், வளரி, புலியாட்டம், தமிழர்களின் விளையாட்டுகள்.

அலகு IV <u>தமிழர்களின் திணைக் கோட்பாடுகள்</u>:

தமிழகத்தின் தாவரங்களும், விலங்குகளும் – தொல்காப்பியம் மற்றும் சங்க இலக்கியத்தில் அகம் மற்றும் புறக் கோட்பாடுகள் – தமிழர்கள் போற்றிய அறக்கோட்பாடு – சங்ககாலத்தில் தமிழகத்தில் எழுத்தறிவும், கல்வியும் – சங்ககால நகரங்களும் துறை முகங்களும் – சங்ககாலத்தில் ஏற்றுமதி மற்றும் இறக்குமதி – கடல்கடந்த நாடுகளில் சோழர்களின் வெற்றி.

அலகு V இந்திய தேசிய இயக்கம் மற்றும் இந்திய பண்பாட்டிற்குத் தமிழர்களின் பங்களிப்பு:

இந்திய விடுதலைப்போரில் தமிழர்களின் பங்கு – இந்தியாவின் பிறப்பகுதிகளில் தமிழ்ப் பண்பாட்டின் தாக்கம் – சுயமரியாதை இயக்கம் – இந்திய மருத்துவத்தில், சித்த மருத்துவத்தின் பங்கு – கல்வெட்டுகள், கையெழுத்துப்படிகள் - தமிழ்ப் புத்தகங்களின் அச்சு வரலாறு.

TEXT-CUM-REFERENCE BOOKS

- தமிழக வரலாறு மக்களும் பண்பாடும் கே.கே. பிள்ளை (வெளியீடு: தமிழ்நாடு பாடநால் மற்றும் கல்வியியல் பணிகள் கழகம்).
- 2. கணினித் தமிழ் முனைவர் இல. சுந்தரம். (விகடன் பிரசுரம்).
- கீழடி வைகை நதிக்கரையில் சங்ககால நகர நாகரிகம் (தொல்லியல் துறை வெளியீடு)
- 4. பொருநை ஆற்றங்கரை நாகரிகம். (தொல்லியல் துறை வெளியீடு)
- 5. Social Life of Tamils (Dr.K.K.Pillay) A joint publication of TNTB & ESC and RMRL (in print)
- 6. Social Life of the Tamils The Classical Period (Dr.S.Singaravelu) (Published by: International Institute of Tamil Studies.
- 7. Historical Heritage of the Tamils (Dr.S.V.Subatamanian, Dr.K.D. Thirunavukkarasu) (Published by: International Institute of Tamil Studies).
- 8. The Contributions of the Tamils to Indian Culture (Dr.M.Valarmathi) (Published by: International Institute of Tamil Studies.)
- 9. Keeladi 'Sangam City C ivilization on the banks of river Vaigai' (Jointly Published by: Department of Archaeology & Tamil Nadu Text Book and Educational Services Corporation, Tamil Nadu)
- 10. Studies in the History of India with Special Reference to Tamil Nadu (Dr.K.K.Pillay) (Publishedby: The Author)
- 11. Porunai Civilization (Jointly Published by: Department of Archaeology & Tamil Nadu Text Bookand Educational Services Corporation, Tamil Nadu)
- 12. Journey of Civilization Indus to Vaigai (R.Balakrishnan) (Published by: RMRL) Reference Book.

GE3171 PROBLEM SOLVING AND PYTHON PROGRAMMING LABORATORY L T P C

0 0 4 2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

• To understand the problem solving approaches.

27

3

3

TOTAL : 15 PERIODS

- To learn the basic programming constructs in Python.
- To practice various computing strategies for Python-based solutions to real world problems.
- To use Python data structures lists, tuples, dictionaries.
- To do input/output with files in Python.

EXPERIMENTS:

Note: The examples suggested in each experiment are only indicative. The lab instructor is expected to design other problems on similar lines. The Examination shall not be restricted to the sample experiments listed here.

- 1. Identification and solving of simple real life or scientific or technical problems, and developing flow charts for the same. (Electricity Billing, Retail shop billing, Sin series, weight of a motorbike, Weight of a steel bar, compute Electrical Current in Three Phase AC Circuit, etc.)
- 2. Python programming using simple statements and expressions (exchange the values of two variables, circulate the values of n variables, distance between two points).
- 3. Scientific problems using Conditionals and Iterative loops. (Number series, Number Patterns, pyramid pattern)
- 4. Implementing real-time/technical applications using Lists, Tuples. (Items present in a library/Components of a car/ Materials required for construction of a building –operations of list & tuples)
- 5. Implementing real-time/technical applications using Sets, Dictionaries. (Language, components of an automobile, Elements of a civil structure, etc.- operations of Sets & Dictionaries)
- 6. Implementing programs using Functions. (Factorial, largest number in a list, area of shape)
- 7. Implementing programs using Strings. (reverse, palindrome, character count, replacing characters)
- 8. Implementing programs using written modules and Python Standard Libraries (pandas, numpy. Matplotlib, scipy)
- 9. Implementing real-time/technical applications using File handling. (copy from one file to another, word count, longest word)
- 10. Implementing real-time/technical applications using Exception handling. (divide by zero error, voter's age validity, student mark range validation)
- 11. Exploring Pygame tool.
- 12. Developing a game activity using Pygame like bouncing ball, car race etc.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, students will be able to:

- **CO1:** Develop algorithmic solutions to simple computational problems
 - CO2: Develop and execute simple Python programs.
 - CO3: Implement programs in Python using conditionals and loops for solving problems...
 - **CO4:** Deploy functions to decompose a Python program.
 - **CO5**: Process compound data using Python data structures.
 - **CO6:** Utilize Python packages in developing software applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Allen B. Downey, "Think Python: How to Think like a Computer Scientist", 2nd Edition, O'Reilly Publishers, 2016.

2. Karl Beecher, "Computational Thinking: A Beginner's Guide to Problem Solving and Programming", 1st Edition, BCS Learning & Development Limited, 2017.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Paul Deitel and Harvey Deitel, "Python for Programmers", Pearson Education, 1st Edition, 2021.
- 2. G Venkatesh and Madhavan Mukund, "Computational Thinking: A Primer for Programmers and Data Scientists", 1st Edition, Notion Press, 2021.
- 3. John V Guttag, "Introduction to Computation and Programming Using Python: With Applications to Computational Modeling and Understanding Data", Third Edition, MIT Press, 2021
- 4. Eric Matthes, "Python Crash Course, A Hands on Project Based Introduction to Programming", 2nd Edition, No Starch Press, 2019.
- 5. https://www.python.org/
- 6. Martin C. Brown, "Python: The Complete Reference", 4th Edition, Mc-Graw Hill, 2018.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
1	3	3	3	3	2	3	-	-	-	X	2	2	3	3	-
2	3	3	3	3	2	7-1	-	-	1	-	2	2	3	-	-
3	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	2		3	-	-
4	2	2	-	2	2	-	-	-			1	-	3	-	-
5	1	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	-		1	-	2	-	-
6	2	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	-		1	-	2	-	
AVg.	2	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	3	3	-
	1 - low 2 - modium 2 - high (1 - no correlation														

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

BS3171

PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY LABORATORY

0 0 4 2

PHYSICS LABORATORY : (Any Seven Experiments) COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the proper use of various kinds of physics laboratory equipment.
- To learn how data can be collected, presented and interpreted in a clear and concise manner.
- To learn problem solving skills related to physics principles and interpretation of experimental data.
- To determine error in experimental measurements and techniques used to minimize such error.
- To make the student an active participant in each part of all lab exercises.
 - 1. Torsional pendulum Determination of rigidity modulus of wire and moment of inertia of regular and irregular objects.
 - 2. Simple harmonic oscillations of cantilever.
 - 3. Non-uniform bending Determination of Young's modulus
 - 4. Uniform bending Determination of Young's modulus
 - 5. Laser- Determination of the wavelength of the laser using grating

- 6. Air wedge Determination of thickness of a thin sheet/wire
- a) Optical fibre -Determination of Numerical Aperture and acceptance angleb) Compact disc- Determination of width of the groove using laser.
- 8. Acoustic grating- Determination of velocity of ultrasonic waves in liquids.
- 9. Ultrasonic interferometer determination of the velocity of sound and compressibility of liquids

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

- 10. Post office box -Determination of Band gap of a semiconductor.
- 11. Photoelectric effect
- 12. Michelson Interferometer.
- 13. Melde's string experiment
- 14. Experiment with lattice dynamics kit.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the students should be able to

CO1:Understand the functioning of various physics laboratory equipment.

CO2: Use graphical models to analyze laboratory data.

CO3:Use mathematical models as a medium for quantitative reasoning and describing physical reality.

CO4: Access, process and analyze scientific information.

C05:Solve problems individually and collaboratively.

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

CO	P01	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
1	3	2	3	1	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	3	3	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ł	-	-
3	3	2	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	3	3	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
5	3	2	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
AVG	3	2.4	2.6	1	1	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CHEMISTRY LABORATORY: (Any seven experiments to be conducted)

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To inculcate experimental skills to test basic understanding of water quality parameters, such as, acidity, alkalinity, hardness, DO, chloride and copper.
- To induce the students to familiarize with electroanalytical techniques such as, pH metry, potentiometry and conductometry in the determination of impurities in aqueous solutions.
- To demonstrate the analysis of metals and alloys.
- To demonstrate the synthesis of nanoparticles
 - 1. Preparation of Na₂CO₃ as a primary standard and estimation of acidity of a water sample using the primary standard
 - 2. Determination of types and amount of alkalinity in a water sample.
 - Split the first experiment into two
 - 3. Determination of total, temporary & permanent hardness of water by EDTA method.
 - 4. Determination of DO content of water sample by Winkler's method.
 - 5. Determination of chloride content of water sample by Argentometric method.
 - 6. Estimation of copper content of the given solution by lodometry.

- 7. Estimation of TDS of a water sample by gravimetry.
- 8. Determination of strength of given hydrochloric acid using pH meter.
- 9. Determination of strength of acids in a mixture of acids using conductivity meter.
- 10. Conductometric titration of barium chloride against sodium sulphate (precipitation titration)

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

T P C 0 2 1

6

- 11. Estimation of iron content of the given solution using potentiometer.
- 12. Estimation of sodium /potassium present in water using a flame photometer.
- 13. Preparation of nanoparticles (TiO₂/ZnO/CuO) by Sol-Gel method.
- 14. Estimation of Nickel in steel
- 15. Proximate analysis of Coal

COURSE OUTCOMES :

CO1:To analyse the quality of water samples with respect to their acidity, alkalinity, hardness and DO.

CO2: To determine the amount of metal ions through volumetric and spectroscopic techniques

CO3: To analyse and determine the composition of alloys.

CO4:To learn simple method of synthesis of nanoparticles

CO5: To quantitatively analyse the impurities in solution by electroanalytical techniques

TEXT BOOKS :

1. J. Mendham, R. C. Denney, J.D. Barnes, M. Thomas and B. Sivasankar, Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Chemical Analysis (2009).

CO's	s-PO's	& PSC	D's MA	PPING	i	

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
1	3	-	1	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	1	2	-	-	-
2	3	1	2	-	-	1	2	-	-	-	-	1		-	-
3	3	2	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	2	1	2	-	-	2	2	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
5	2	1	2	1	1	2	2	-	-	-	14	1	-	-	-
Avg.	2.6	1.3	1.6	1	1	1.4	1.8	-	-		-	1.3		-	-

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

GE3172

ENGLISH LABORATORY

COURSE OBJECTIVES :

- To improve the communicative competence of learners
- To help learners use language effectively in academic /work contexts
- To develop various listening strategies to comprehend various types of audio materials like lectures, discussions, videos etc.
- To build on students' English language skills by engaging them in listening, speaking and grammar learning activities that are relevant to authentic contexts.
- To use language efficiently in expressing their opinions via various media.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO FUNDAMENTALS OF COMMUNICATION

Listening for general information-specific details- conversation: Introduction to classmates - Audio / video (formal & informal); Telephone conversation; Listening to voicemail & messages; Listening and filling a form. Speaking - making telephone calls-Self Introduction; Introducing a friend; -

politeness strategies- making polite requests, making polite offers, replying to polite requests and offers- understanding basic instructions(filling out a bank application for example).

UNIT II NARRATION AND SUMMATION

Listening - Listening to podcasts, anecdotes / stories / event narration; documentaries and interviews with celebrities. Speaking - Narrating personal experiences / events-Talking about current and temporary situations & permanent and regular situations* - describing experiences and feelings- engaging in small talk- describing requirements and abilities.

UNIT III **DESCRIPTION OF A PROCESS / PRODUCT**

Listening - Listen to product and process descriptions; a classroom lecture; and advertisements about products. Speaking - Picture description- describing locations in workplaces- Giving instruction to use the product- explaining uses and purposes- Presenting a product- describing shapes and sizes and weights- talking about quantities (large & small)-talking about precautions.

UNIT IV CLASSIFICATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Listening – Listening to TED Talks; Listening to lectures - and educational videos. Speaking – Small Talk; discussing and making plans-talking about tasks-talking about progress- talking about positions and directions of movement-talking about travel preparationstalking about transportation-

UNIT V **EXPRESSION**

Listening - Listening to debates/ discussions; different viewpoints on an issue; and panel discussions. Speaking -making predictions- talking about a given topic-giving opinionsunderstanding a website-describing processes

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

LEARNING OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, learners will be able

CO1: To listen to and comprehend general as well as complex academic information

CO2: To listen to and understand different points of view in a discussion

CO3: To speak fluently and accurately in formal and informal communicative contexts

CO4: To describe products and processes and explain their uses and purposes clearly and accurately

CO5: To express their opinions effectively in both formal and informal discussions

PO **PSO** CO -_ ----_ --AVg. --

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

Note: The average value of this course to be used for program articulation matrix.

ASSESSMENT PATTERN

One online / app based assessment to test listening /speaking

-

-

-

-

End Semester **ONLY** listening and speaking will be conducted online.

• Proficiency certification is given on successful completion of listening and speaking internal test and end semester exam.

HS3252	PROFESSIONAL ENGLISH - II	LTPC
		2 0 0 2

COURSE OBJECTIVES :

- To engage learners in meaningful language activities to improve their reading and writing skills
- To learn various reading strategies and apply in comprehending documents in professional context.
- To help learners understand the purpose, audience, contexts of different types of writing
- To develop analytical thinking skills for problem solving in communicative contexts
- To demonstrate an understanding of job applications and interviews for internship and placements

UNIT I MAKING COMPARISONS

Reading - Reading advertisements, user manuals, brochures; Writing – Professional emails, Email etiquette - Compare and Contrast Essay; Grammar – Mixed Tenses, Prepositional phrases

UNIT II EXPRESSING CAUSAL RELATIONS IN SPEAKING AND WRITING

Reading - Reading longer technical texts- Cause and Effect Essays, and Letters / emails of complaint, Writing - Writing responses to complaints. Grammar - Active Passive Voice transformations, Infinitive and Gerunds

UNIT III PROBLEM SOLVING

Reading - Case Studies, excerpts from literary texts, news reports etc. Writing – Letter to the Editor, Checklists, Problem solution essay / Argumentative Essay. Grammar – Error correction; If conditional sentences

UNIT IV REPORTING OF EVENTS AND RESEARCH

Reading –Newspaper articles; Writing – Recommendations, Transcoding, Accident Report, Survey Report Grammar – Reported Speech, Modals Vocabulary – Conjunctions- use of prepositions

UNIT V THE ABILITY TO PUT IDEAS OR INFORMATION COGENTLY

Reading – Company profiles, Statement of Purpose, (SOP), an excerpt of interview with professionals; Writing – Job / Internship application – Cover letter & Resume; Grammar – Numerical adjectives, Relative Clauses.

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

6

6

6

6

6

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, learners will be able

CO1:To compare and contrast products and ideas in technical texts.

CO2:To identify and report cause and effects in events, industrial processes through technical texts

CO3:To analyse problems in order to arrive at feasible solutions and communicate them in the written format.

CO4:To present their ideas and opinions in a planned and logical manner

CO5:To draft effective resumes in the context of job search.

TEXT BOOKS :

- 1. English for Engineers & Technologists (2020 edition) Orient Blackswan Private Ltd. Department of English, Anna University.
- 2. English for Science & Technology Cambridge University Press 2021.
- 3. Authored by Dr. Veena Selvam, Dr. Sujatha Priyadarshini, Dr. Deepa Mary Francis, Dr. KN. Shoba, and Dr. Lourdes Joevani, Department of English, Anna University.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Raman. Meenakshi, Sharma. Sangeeta (2019). Professional English. Oxford university press. New Delhi.
- 2. Improve Your Writing ed. V.N. Arora and Laxmi Chandra, Oxford Univ. Press, 2001, NewDelhi.
- 3. Learning to Communicate Dr. V. Chellammal. Allied Publishers, New Delhi, 2003
- 4. Business Correspondence and Report Writing by Prof. R.C. Sharma & Krishna Mohan, Tata McGraw Hill & Co. Ltd., 2001, New Delhi.
- 5. Developing Communication Skills by Krishna Mohan, Meera Bannerji- Macmillan India Ltd. 1990, Delhi.

ASSESSMENT PATTERN

Two internal assessments and an end semester examination to test students' reading and writing skills along with their grammatical and lexical competence.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3		-	-
2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	-	-	-
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	-	-	-
4	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	(S) -	-	-
5	-	-	-		ł	-	•	-	3	3	3	3	-	-	-
AVg.	3	3	3	3	2.75	3	3	3	2.2	3	3	3	-	-	-

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

Note: The average value of this course to be used for program articulation matrix.

MA3251

STATISTICS AND NUMERICAL METHODS

L T P C 3 1 0 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- This course aims at providing the necessary basic concepts of a few statistical and numerical methods and give procedures for solving numerically different kinds of problems occurring in engineering and technology.
- To acquaint the knowledge of testing of hypothesis for small and large samples which plays an important role in real life problems.
- To introduce the basic concepts of solving algebraic and transcendental equations.
- To introduce the numerical techniques of interpolation in various intervals and numerical techniques of differentiation and integration which plays an important role in engineering and technology disciplines.

35

 To acquaint the knowledge of various techniques and methods of solving ordinary differential equations.

UNIT I TESTING OF HYPOTHESIS

Sampling distributions - Tests for single mean, proportion and difference of means (Large and small samples) – Tests for single variance and equality of variances – Chi square test for goodness of fit – Independence of attributes.

UNIT II DESIGN OF EXPERIMENTS

One way and two way classifications - Completely randomized design – Randomized block design – Latin square design - 2² factorial design.

UNIT III SOLUTION OF EQUATIONS AND EIGENVALUE PROBLEMS 9 + 3

Solution of algebraic and transcendental equations - Fixed point iteration method – Newton Raphson method- Solution of linear system of equations - Gauss elimination method – Pivoting - Gauss Jordan method – Iterative methods of Gauss Jacobi and Gauss Seidel - Eigenvalues of a matrix by Power method and Jacobi's method for symmetric matrices.

UNIT IV INTERPOLATION, NUMERICAL DIFFERENTIATION AND NUMERICAL INTEGRATION

Lagrange's and Newton's divided difference interpolations – Newton's forward and backward difference interpolation – Approximation of derivates using interpolation polynomials – Numerical single and double integrations using Trapezoidal and Simpson's 1/3 rules.

UNIT V NUMERICAL SOLUTION OF ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS 9 +3

Single step methods: Taylor's series method - Euler's method - Modified Euler's method - Fourth order Runge-Kutta method for solving first order differential equations - Multi step methods: Milne's and Adams - Bash forth predictor corrector methods for solving first order differential equations.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1:Apply the concept of testing of hypothesis for small and large samples in real life problems.

CO2: Apply the basic concepts of classifications of design of experiments in the field of agriculture.

CO3:Appreciate the numerical techniques of interpolation in various intervals and apply the numerical techniques of differentiation and integration for engineering problems.

CO4:Understandthe knowledge of various techniques and methods for solving first and second order ordinary differential equations.

CO5:Solve the partial and ordinary differential equations with initial and boundary conditions by using certain techniques with engineering applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Grewal, B.S., and Grewal, J.S., "Numerical Methods in Engineering and Science", Khanna Publishers, 10th Edition, New Delhi, 2015.

9 + 3

9+3

9 + 3

2. Johnson, R.A., Miller, I and Freund J., "Miller and Freund's Probability and Statistics for Engineers", Pearson Education, Asia, 8th Edition, 2015.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Burden, R.L and Faires, J.D, "Numerical Analysis", 9th Edition, Cengage Learning, 2016.
- 2. Devore. J.L., "Probability and Statistics for Engineering and the Sciences", Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 8th Edition, 2014.
- 3. Gerald. C.F. and Wheatley. P.O. "Applied Numerical Analysis" Pearson Education, Asia, New Delhi, 7th Edition, 2007.
- 4. Gupta S.C. and Kapoor V. K., "Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics", Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi, 12th Edition, 2020.
- 5. Spiegel. M.R., Schiller. J. and Srinivasan. R.A., "Schaum's Outlines on Probability and Statistics ", Tata McGraw Hill Edition, 4th Edition, 2012.
- 6. Walpole. R.E., Myers. R.H., Myers. S.L. and Ye. K., "Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists", 9th Edition, Pearson Education, Asia, 2010.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	1	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	2	3	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	1	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	2	3	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	1	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	2	3	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	1	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	2	3	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	1	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	2	3	-	-	-
Avg	3	3	1	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	2	3	-	-	-

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

PH3256	PHYSICS FOR INFORMATION SCIENCE	с L	т	Р	С
		3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To make the students understand the importance in studying electrical properties of materials.
- To enable the students to gain knowledge in semiconductor physics
- To instill knowledge on magnetic properties of materials.
- To establish a sound grasp of knowledge on different optical properties of materials, optical displays and applications
- To inculcate an idea of significance of nano structures, quantum confinement, ensuing nano device applications and quantum computing.

9

UNIT I ELECTRICAL PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS

Classical free electron theory - Expression for electrical conductivity – Thermal conductivity, expression - Wiedemann-Franz law – Success and failures - electrons in metals – Particle in a three dimensional box – degenerate states – Fermi- Dirac statistics – Density of energy states – Electron in periodic potential – Energy bands in solids – tight binding approximation - Electron effective mass – concept of hole.

UNIT II SEMICONDUCTOR PHYSICS

Intrinsic Semiconductors – Energy band diagram – direct and indirect band gap semiconductors – Carrier concentration in intrinsic semiconductors – extrinsic semiconductors - Carrier concentration in N-type & P-type semiconductors – Variation of carrier concentration with temperature – variation of Fermi level with temperature and impurity concentration – Carrier transport in Semiconductor: random motion, drift, mobility and diffusion – Hall effect and devices – Ohmic contacts – Schottky diode.

UNIT III MAGNETIC PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS

Magnetic dipole moment – atomic magnetic moments- magnetic permeability and susceptibility -Magnetic material classification: diamagnetism – paramagnetism – ferromagnetism – antiferromagnetism – ferrimagnetism – Ferromagnetism: origin and exchange interactionsaturation magnetization and Curie temperature – Domain Theory- M versus H behaviour – Hard and soft magnetic materials – examples and uses-– Magnetic principle in computer data storage – Magnetic hard disc (GMR sensor).

UNIT IV OPTICAL PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS

Classification of optical materials – carrier generation and recombination processes - Absorption emission and scattering of light in metals, insulators and semiconductors (concepts only) - photo current in a P-N diode – solar cell - LED – Organic LED – Laser diodes – Optical data storage techniques.

UNIT V NANODEVICES AND QUANTUM COMPUTING

Introduction - quantum confinement – quantum structures: quantum wells, wires and dots — band gap of nanomaterials. Tunneling – Single electron phenomena: Coulomb blockade - resonant-tunneling diode – single electron transistor – quantum cellular automata - Quantum system for information processing - quantum states – classical bits – quantum bits or qubits –CNOT gate - multiple qubits – Bloch sphere – quantum gates – advantage of quantum computing over classical computing.

TOTAL :45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students should be able to

CO1:gain knowledge on classical and quantum electron theories, and energy band structures CO2:acquire knowledge on basics of semiconductor physics and its applications in various devices CO3:get knowledge on magnetic properties of materials and their applications in data storage, CO4:have the necessary understanding on the functioning of optical materials for optoelectronics CO5:understand the basics of quantum structures and their applications and basics of quantum computing

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Jasprit Singh, "Semiconductor Devices: Basic Principles", Wiley (Indian Edition), 2007.
- 2. S.O. Kasap. Principles of Electronic Materials and Devices, McGraw-Hill Education (Indian Edition), 2020.
- 3. Parag K. Lala, Quantum Computing: A Beginner's Introduction, McGraw-Hill Education (Indian Edition), 2020.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Charles Kittel, Introduction to Solid State Physics, Wiley India Edition, 2019.
- 2. Y.B.Band and Y.Avishai, Quantum Mechanics with Applications to Nanotechnology and
- 3. Information Science, Academic Press, 2013.

9

9

- 4. V.V.Mitin, V.A. Kochelap and M.A.Stroscio, Introduction to Nanoelectronics, Cambridge Univ.Press, 2008.
- 5. G.W. Hanson, Fundamentals of Nanoelectronics, Pearson Education (Indian Edition) 2009.
- 6. B.Rogers, J.Adams and S.Pennathur, Nanotechnology: Understanding Small Systems, CRC Press, 2014.

CO's						P	0's						F	PSO'	S
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	3	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	3	-	-	1	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	3	-	2	1	3	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
AVG	3	1.3	2	1.3	2.3	1	1.3	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1-Low,2-Medium,3-High,"-"-no correlation

Note: the average value of this course to be used for program articulation matrix.

BE3251 BASIC ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING L T P C

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the basics of electric circuits and analysis
- To impart knowledge in the basics of working principles and application of electrical machines

3

0 3

9

9

9

- To introduce analog devices and their characteristics
- To educate on the fundamental concepts of digital electronics
- To introduce the functional elements and working of measuring instruments

UNIT I ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS

DC Circuits: Circuit Components: Conductor, Resistor, Inductor, Capacitor – Ohm's Law - Kirchhoff's Laws –Independent and Dependent Sources – Simple problems- Nodal Analysis, Mesh analysis with Independent sources only (Steady state)

Introduction to AC Circuits and Parameters: Waveforms, Average value, RMS Value, Instantaneous power, real power, reactive power and apparent power, power factor – Steady state analysis of RLC circuits (Simple problems only)

UNIT II ELECTRICAL MACHINES

Construction and Working principle- DC Separately and Self excited Generators, EMF equation, Types and Applications. Working Principle of DC motors, Torque Equation, Types and Applications. Construction, Working principle and Applications of Transformer, Three phase Alternator, Synchronous motor and Three Phase Induction Motor.

UNIT III ANALOG ELECTRONICS

Resistor, Inductor and Capacitor in Electronic Circuits- Semiconductor Materials: Silicon & Germanium – PN Junction Diodes, Zener Diode –Characteristics Applications – Bipolar Junction

Transistor-Biasing, JFET, SCR, MOSFET, IGBT – Types, I-V Characteristics and Applications, Rectifier and Inverters

UNIT IV DIGITAL ELECTRONICS

Review of number systems, binary codes, error detection and correction codes, Combinational logic - representation of logic functions-SOP and POS forms, K-map representations - minimization using K maps (Simple Problems only).

UNIT V MEASUREMENTS AND INSTRUMENTATION

Functional elements of an instrument, Standards and calibration, Operating Principle, types -Moving Coil and Moving Iron meters, Measurement of three phase power, Energy Meter, Instrument Transformers-CT and PT, DSO- Block diagram- Data acquisition.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

9

9

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completing this course, the students will be able to

- CO1: Compute the electric circuit parameters for simple problems
- CO2: Explain the working principle and applications of electrical machines
- CO3: Analyze the characteristics of analog electronic devices
- **CO4**: Explain the basic concepts of digital electronics
- CO5: Explain the operating principles of measuring instruments

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Kothari DP and I.J Nagrath, "Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering", Second Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2020
- 2. S.K.Bhattacharya "Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering", Pearson Education, Second Edition, 2017.
- 3. Sedha R.S., "A textbook book of Applied Electronics", S. Chand & Co., 2008
- 4. James A .Svoboda, Richard C. Dorf, "Dorf's Introduction to Electric Circuits", Wiley, 2018.
- 5. A.K. Sawhney, Puneet Sawhney 'A Course in Electrical & Electronic Measurements & Instrumentation', Dhanpat Rai and Co, 2015.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Kothari DP and I.J Nagrath, "Basic Electrical Engineering", Fourth Edition, McGraw Hill
- 2. Education, 2019.
- 3. Thomas L. Floyd, 'Digital Fundamentals', 11th Edition, Pearson Education, 2017.
- 4. Albert Malvino, David Bates, 'Electronic Principles, McGraw Hill Education; 7th edition, 2017.
- 5. Mahmood Nahvi and Joseph A. Edminister, "Electric Circuits", Schaum' Outline Series, McGraw Hill, 2002.
- 6. H.S. Kalsi, 'Electronic Instrumentation', Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2010

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO 9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
1	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	1
2	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	1
3	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	1
4	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	1
5	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	1
CO	2	1.8	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	1

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

GE3251

ENGINEERING GRAPHICS

L T P C 2 0 4 4

6+12

6+12

6+12

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to prepare the students for:

- Drawing engineering curves.
- Drawing a freehand sketch of simple objects.
- Drawing orthographic projection of solids and section of solids.
- Drawing development of solids
- Drawing isometric and perspective projections of simple solids.

CONCEPTS AND CONVENTIONS (Not for Examination)

Importance of graphics in engineering applications — Use of drafting instruments — BIS conventions and specifications — Size, layout and folding of drawing sheets — Lettering and dimensioning.

UNIT I PLANE CURVES

Basic Geometrical constructions, Curves used in engineering practices: Conics — Construction of ellipse, parabola and hyperbola by eccentricity method — Construction of cycloid — construction of involutes of square and circle — Drawing of tangents and normal to the above curves.

UNIT II PROJECTION OF POINTS, LINES AND PLANE SURFACE

Orthographic projection- principles-Principal planes-First angle projection-projection of points. Projection of straight lines (only First angle projections) inclined to both the principal planes -Determination of true lengths and true inclinations by rotating line method and traces. Projection of planes (polygonal and circular surfaces) inclined to both the principal planes by rotating object method.

UNIT III PROJECTION OF SOLIDS AND FREEHAND SKETCHING

Projection of simple solids like prisms, pyramids, cylinder, cone and truncated solids when the axis is inclined to one of the principal planes and parallel to the other by rotating object method. Visualization concepts and Free Hand sketching: Visualization principles —Representation of Three Dimensional objects — Layout of views- Freehand sketching of multiple views from pictorial views of objects.

Practicing three dimensional modeling of simple objects by CAD Software (Not for examination)

UNIT IV PROJECTION OF SECTIONED SOLIDS AND DEVELOPMENT OF SURFACES

Sectioning of above solids in simple vertical position when the cutting plane is inclined to one of the principal planes and perpendicular to the other — obtaining true shape of section. Development of lateral surfaces of simple and sectioned solids — Prisms, pyramids cylinders and cones.

Practicing three dimensional modeling of simple objects by CAD Software (Not for examination)

UNIT V ISOMETRIC AND PERSPECTIVE PROJECTIONS

Principles of isometric projection — isometric scale — isometric projections of simple solids and truncated solids - Prisms, pyramids, cylinders, cones- combination of two solid objects in simple vertical positions - Perspective projection of simple solids - Prisms, pyramids and cylinders by visual ray method.

Practicing three dimensional modeling of isometric projection of simple objects by CAD Software (Not for examination)

TOTAL: (L=30+P=60) 90 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

CO1:Use BIS conventions and specifications for engineering drawing.

CO2:Construct the conic curves, involutes and cycloid.

CO3:Solve practical problems involving projection of lines.

CO4: Draw the orthographic, isometric and perspective projections of simple solids.

CO5:Draw the development of simple solids.

TEXT BOOK:

- 1. Bhatt N.D. and Panchal V.M., "Engineering Drawing", Charotar Publishing House, 53rd Edition, 2019.
- 2. Natarajan K.V., "A Text Book of Engineering Graphics", Dhanalakshmi Publishers, Chennai, 2018.
- 3. Parthasarathy, N. S. and Vela Murali, "Engineering Drawing", Oxford University Press, 2015

REFERENCES:

- 1. Basant Agarwal and Agarwal C.M., "Engineering Drawing", McGraw Hill, 2nd Edition, 2019.
- 2. Gopalakrishna K.R., "Engineering Drawing" (Vol. I&II combined), Subhas Publications, Bangalore, 27th Edition, 2017.
- 3. Luzzader, Warren.J. and Duff,John M., "Fundamentals of Engineering Drawing with an introduction to Interactive Computer Graphics for Design and Production, Eastern Economy Edition, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2005.
- 4. Parthasarathy N. S. and Vela Murali, "Engineering Graphics", Oxford University, Press, New Delhi, 2015.
- 5. Shah M.B., and Rana B.C., "Engineering Drawing", Pearson Education India, 2nd Edition, 2009.
- 6. Venugopal K. and Prabhu Raja V., "Engineering Graphics", New Age International (P) Limited, 2008.

Publication of Bureau of Indian Standards:

- 1. IS 10711 2001: Technical products Documentation Size and layout of drawing sheets.
- 2. IS 9609 (Parts 0 & 1) 2001: Technical products Documentation Lettering.

6 +12

6+12

- 3. IS 10714 (Part 20) 2001 & SP 46 2003: Lines for technical drawings.
- 4. IS 11669 1986 & SP 46 2003: Dimensioning of Technical Drawings.
- 5. IS 15021 (Parts 1 to 4) 2001: Technical drawings Projection Methods.

Special points applicable to University Examinations on Engineering Graphics:

- 1. There will be five questions, each of either or type covering all units of the syllabus.
- 2. All questions will carry equal marks of 20 each making a total of 100.
- 3. The answer paper shall consist of drawing sheets of A3 size only. The students will be permitted to use appropriate scale to fit a solution within A3 size.
- 4. The examination will be conducted in appropriate sessions on the same day

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
1	3	1	2	-	2	32 -	- 1	-	-	3	-	2	2	2	-
2	3	1	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	-	2	2	2	-
3	3	1	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	-	2	2	2	-
4	3	1	2	-	2		11	-	-7	3	7 -	2	2	2	-
5	3	1	2	-	2	i.		-		3		2	2	2	-
CO	3	1	2	1	2	4	h,	-		3	Ś	2	2	2	-

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

AD3251

DATA STRUCTURES DESIGN

L T P C 3 0 0 3

9

9

9

9

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the concepts of ADTs
- To design linear data structures lists, stacks, and queues
- To understand sorting, searching and hashing algorithms
- To apply Tree and Graph structures

UNIT I ABSTRACT DATA TYPES

Abstract Data Types (ADTs) – ADTs and classes – introduction to OOP – classes in Python – inheritance – namespaces – shallow and deep copying

Introduction to analysis of algorithms – asymptotic notations – recursion – analyzing recursive algorithms

UNIT II LINEAR STRUCTURES

List ADT – array-based implementations – linked list implementations – singly linked lists – circularly linked lists – doubly linked lists – applications of lists – Stack ADT – Queue ADT – double ended queues

UNIT III SORTING AND SEARCHING

Bubble sort – selection sort – insertion sort – merge sort – quick sort – linear search – binary search – hashing – hash functions – collision handling – load factors, rehashing, and efficiency

UNIT IV TREE STRUCTURES

Tree ADT – Binary Tree ADT – tree traversals – binary search trees – AVL trees – heaps – multiway search trees

UNIT V GRAPH STRUCTURES

Graph ADT – representations of graph – graph traversals – DAG – topological ordering – shortest paths – minimum spanning trees

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

CO1:explain abstract data types

CO2:design, implement, and analyse linear data structures, such as lists, queues, and stacks, according to the needs of different applications

CO3:design, implement, and analyse efficient tree structures to meet requirements such as searching, indexing, and sorting

CO4:model problems as graph problems and implement efficient graph algorithms to solve them

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Michael T. Goodrich, Roberto Tamassia, and Michael H. Goldwasser, "Data Structures and Algorithms in Python" (An Indian Adaptation), Wiley, 2021.
- 2. Lee, Kent D., Hubbard, Steve, "Data Structures and Algorithms with Python" Springer Edition 2015.
- 3. Narasimha Karumanchi, "Data Structures and Algorithmic Thinking with Python" Careermonk, 2015.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Rance D. Necaise, "Data Structures and Algorithms Using Python", John Wiley & Sons, 2011.
- 2. Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest, and Clifford Stein, "Introduction to Algorithms", Third Edition, PHI Learning, 2010.
- 3. Mark Allen Weiss, "Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis in C++", Fourth Edition, Pearson Education, 2014
- 4. Aho, Hopcroft, and Ullman, "Data Structures and Algorithms", Pearson Education India, 2002.

GE3252

TAMILS AND TECHNOLOGY

UNIT I WEAVING AND CERAMIC TECHNOLOGY

Weaving Industry during Sangam Age – Ceramic technology – Black and Red Ware Potteries (BRW) – Graffiti on Potteries.

UNIT II DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION TECHNOLOGY

Designing and Structural construction House & Designs in household materials during Sangam Age - Building materials and Hero stones of Sangam age – Details of Stage Constructions in Silappathikaram - Sculptures and Temples of Mamallapuram - Great Temples of Cholas and other worship places - Temples of Nayaka Period - Type study (Madurai Meenakshi Temple)- Thirumalai Nayakar Mahal - Chetti Nadu Houses, Indo - Saracenic architecture at Madras during British Period.

3

3

L T P C 1 0 0 1

UNIT III MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY

Art of Ship Building - Metallurgical studies - Iron industry - Iron smelting, steel -Copper and gold-Coins as source of history - Minting of Coins – Beads making-industries Stone beads -Glass beads - Terracotta beads -Shell beads/ bone beats - Archeological evidences - Gem stone types described in Silappathikaram.

UNIT IV AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION TECHNOLOGY

Dam, Tank, ponds, Sluice, Significance of Kumizhi Thoompu of Chola Period, Animal Husbandry -Wells designed for cattle use - Agriculture and Agro Processing - Knowledge of Sea - Fisheries – Pearl - Conche diving - Ancient Knowledge of Ocean - Knowledge Specific Society.

UNIT V SCIENTIFIC TAMIL & TAMIL COMPUTING

Development of Scientific Tamil - Tamil computing – Digitalization of Tamil Books – Development of Tamil Software – Tamil Virtual Academy – Tamil Digital Library – Online Tamil Dictionaries – Sorkuvai Project.

TOTAL : 15 PERIODS

TEXT-CUM-REFERENCE BOOKS

- தமிழக வரலாறு மக்களும் பண்பாடும் கே.கே. பிள்ளை (வெளியீடு: தமிழ்நாடு பாடநால் மற்றும் கல்வியியல் பணிகள் கழகம்).
- 2. கணினித் தமிழ் முனைவர் இல. சுந்தரம். (விகடன் பிரசுரம்).
- கீழடி வைகை நதிக்கரையில் சங்ககால நகர நாகரிகம் (தொல்லியல் துறை வெளியீடு)
- 4. பொருநை ஆற்றங்கரை நாகரிகம். (தொல்லியல் துறை வெளியீடு)
- 5. Social Life of Tamils (Dr.K.K.Pillay) A joint publication of TNTB & ESC and RMRL (in print)
- 6. Social Life of the Tamils The Classical Period (Dr.S.Singaravelu) (Published by: International Institute of Tamil Studies.
- 7. Historical Heritage of the Tamils (Dr.S.V.Subatamanian, Dr.K.D. Thirunavukkarasu) (Published by: International Institute of Tamil Studies).
- 8. The Contributions of the Tamils to Indian Culture (Dr.M.Valarmathi) (Published by: International Institute of Tamil Studies.)
- 9. Keeladi 'Sangam City Civilization on the banks of river Vaigai' (Jointly Published by: Department of Archaeology & Tamil Nadu Text Book and Educational Services Corporation, Tamil Nadu)
- 10. Studies in the History of India with Special Reference to Tamil Nadu (Dr.K.K.Pillay) (Publishedby: The Author)
- 11. Porunai Civilization (Jointly Published by: Department of Archaeology & Tamil Nadu Text Bookand Educational Services Corporation, Tamil Nadu)
- 12. Journey of Civilization Indus to Vaigai (R.Balakrishnan) (Published by: RMRL) Reference Book.

GE3252	<u>தமிழரும் தொழில்நுட்பமும்</u>	LTPC
		1001
அலகு I	<u>நெசவு மற்றும் பானைத் தொழில்நுட்பம்</u> :	3
சங்க கால	த்தில் நெசவுத் தொழில் – பானைத் தொழில்நுட்பம் - கருப்பு	சிவப்பு

44

3

பாண்டங்கள் – பாண்டங்களில் கீறல் குறியீடுகள்.

அலகு II <u>வடிவமைப்பு மற்றும் கட்டிடத் தொழில்நுட்பம்</u>:

சங்க காலத்தில் வடிவமைப்பு மற்றும் கட்டுமானங்கள் & சங்க காலத்தில் வீட்டுப் பொருட்களில் வடிவமைப்பு- சங்க காலத்தில் கட்டுமான பொருட்களும் நடுகல்லும் – சிலப்பதிகாரத்தில் மேடை அமைப்பு பற்றிய விவரங்கள் - மாமல்லபுரச் சிற்பங்களும், கோவில்களும் – சோழர் காலத்துப் பெருங்கோயில்கள் மற்றும் பிற வழிபாட்டுத் தலங்கள் – நாயக்கர் காலக் கோயில்கள் - மாதிரி கட்டமைப்புகள் பற்றி அறிதல், மதுரை மீனாட்சி அம்மன் ஆலயம் மற்றும் திருமலை நாயக்கர் மஹால் – செட்டிநாட்டு வீடுகள் – பிரிட்டிஷ் காலத்தில் சென்னையில் இந்தோ-சாரோசெனிக் கட்டிடக் கலை.

3

3

3

3

TOTAL: 15 PERIODS

அலகு III <u>உற்பத்தித் தொழில் நுட்பம்</u>:

கப்பல் கட்டும் கலை – உலோகவியல் – இரும்புத் தொழிற்சாலை – இரும்பை உருக்குதல், எஃகு – வரலாற்றுச் சான்றுகளாக செம்பு மற்றும் தங்க நாணயங்கள் – நாணயங்கள் அச்சடித்தல் – மணி உருவாக்கும் தொழிற்சாலைகள் – கல்மணிகள், கண்ணாடி மணிகள் – சுடுமண் மணிகள் – சங்கு மணிகள் – எலும்புத்துண்டுகள் – தொல்லியல் சான்றுகள் – சிலப்பதிகாரத்தில் மணிகளின் வகைகள்.

அலகு IV <u>வேளாண்மை மற்றும் நீர்ப்பாசனத் தொழில் நுட்பம்</u>:

அணை, ஏரி, குளங்கள், மதகு – சோழர்காலக் குமுழித் தாம்பின் முக்கியத்துவம் – கால்நடை பராமரிப்பு – கால்நடைகளுக்காக வடிவமைக்கப்பட்ட கிணறுகள் – வேளாண்மை மற்றும் வேளாண்மைச் சார்ந்த செயல்பாடுகள் – கடல்சார் அறிவு – மீன்வளம் – முத்து மற்றும் முத்துக்குளித்தல் – பெருங்கடல் குறித்த பண்டைய அறிவு – அறிவுசார் சமூகம்.

அலகு V <u>அறிவியல் தமிழ் மற்றும் கணித்தமிழ்</u>:

அறிவியல் தமிழின் வளர்ச்சி –கணித்தமிழ் வளர்ச்சி - தமிழ் நூல்களை மின்பதிப்பு செய்தல் – தமிழ் மென்பொருட்கள் உருவாக்கம் – தமிழ் இணையக் கல்விக்கழகம் – தமிழ் மின் நூலகம் – இணையத்தில் தமிழ் அகராதிகள் – சொற்குவைத் திட்டம்.

TEXT-CUM-REFERENCE BOOKS

- தமிழக வரலாறு மக்களும் பண்பாடும் கே.கே. பிள்ளை (வெளியீடு: தமிழ்நாடு பாடநால் மற்றும் கல்வியியல் பணிகள் கழகம்).
- 2. கணினித் தமிழ் முனைவர் இல. சுந்தரம். (விகடன் பிரசுரம்).
- கீழடி வைகை நதிக்கரையில் சங்ககால நகர நாகரிகம் (தொல்லியல் துறை வெளியீடு)
- 4. பொருநை ஆற்றங்கரை நாகரிகம். (தொல்லியல் துறை வெளியீடு)
- 5. Social Life of Tamils (Dr.K.K.Pillay) A joint publication of TNTB & ESC and RMRL (in print)
- 6. Social Life of the Tamils The Classical Period (Dr.S.Singaravelu) (Published by:

International Institute of Tamil Studies.

- 7. Historical Heritage of the Tamils (Dr.S.V.Subatamanian, Dr.K.D. Thirunavukkarasu) (Published by: International Institute of Tamil Studies).
- 8. The Contributions of the Tamils to Indian Culture (Dr.M.Valarmathi) (Published by: International Institute of Tamil Studies.)
- 9. Keeladi 'Sangam City C ivilization on the banks of river Vaigai' (Jointly Published by: Department of Archaeology & Tamil Nadu Text Book and Educational Services Corporation, Tamil Nadu)
- 10. Studies in the History of India with Special Reference to Tamil Nadu (Dr.K.K.Pillay) (Publishedby: The Author)
- 11. Porunai Civilization (Jointly Published by: Department of Archaeology & Tamil Nadu Text Bookand Educational Services Corporation, Tamil Nadu)
- 12. Journey of Civilization Indus to Vaigai (R.Balakrishnan) (Published by: RMRL) Reference Book.



NX3251

NCC Credit Course Level 1*

(ARMY WING)

	NCC Credit Course Level - I	L 2	Т 0	Р 0	C 2
NCC GENER	RAL				6
NCC 1	Aims, Objectives & Organization of NCC				1
NCC 2	Incentives				2
NCC 3	Duties of NCC Cadet				1
NCC 4	NCC Camps: Types & Conduct				2
NATIONAL I	NTEGRATION AND AWARENESS				4
NI 1	National Integration: Importance & Necessity				1
NI 2	Factors Affecting National Integration				1
NI 3	Unity in Diversity & Role of NCC in Nation Building				1
NI 4	Threats to National Security				1
PERSONAL					7
PD 1	Self-Awareness, Empathy, Critical & Creative Thinking, Decision Making and Problem Solving				2
PD 2	Communication Skills				3
PD 3	Group Discussion: Stress & Emotions				2
LEADERSH					5
L 1	Leadership Capsule: Traits, Indicators, Motivation, Moral Values, Honour Code				3
L 2	Case Studies: Shivaji, Jhasi Ki Rani				2
SOCIAL SE	RVICE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT				8
SS 1	Basics, Rural Development Programmes, NGOs, Contribution of Youth				3
SS 4	Protection of Children and Women Safety				1
SS 5	Road / Rail Travel Safety				1
SS 6	New Initiatives				2
SS 7	Cyber and Mobile Security Awareness				1

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

NX3252	NCC Credit Course Level 1* (NAVAL WING)				
	NCC Credit Course Level - I	L	т	Ρ	С
		2	0	0	2
NCC GENER	RAL				6
NCC 1	Aims, Objectives & Organization of NCC				1
NCC 2	Incentives				2
NCC 3	Duties of NCC Cadet				1
NCC 4	NCC Camps: Types & Conduct				2
NATIONAL I	NTEGRATION AND AWARENESS				4
NI 1	National Integration: Importance & Necessity				1
NI 2	Factors Affecting National Integration				1
NI 3	Unity in Diversity & Role of NCC in Nation Building				1
NI 4	Threats to National Security				1
PERSONAL	ITY DEVELOPMENT				7
PD 1	Self-Awareness, Empathy, Critical & Creative Thinking, Decision Making and Problem Solving				2
PD 2	Communication Skills				3
PD 3	Group Discussion: Stress & Emotions				2
LEADERSHI					5
L 1	Leadership Capsule: Traits, Indicators, Motivation, Moral Values, Honour Code				3
L 2	Case Studies: Shivaji, Jhasi Ki Rani				2
SOCIAL SEF					8
SS 1	Basics, Rural Development Programmes, NGOs, Contribution of Youth				3
SS 4	Protection of Children and Women Safety				1
SS 5	Road / Rail Travel Safety				1
SS 6	New Initiatives				2
SS 7	Cyber and Mobile Security Awareness				1

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

NX3253	NCC Credit Course Level 1* (AIR FORCE WING)				
	NCC Credit Course Level - I	L	т	Ρ	С
		2	0	0	2
					6
NCC 1	Aims, Objectives & Organization of NCC				1
NCC 2	Incentives				2
NCC 3	Duties of NCC Cadet				1
NCC 4	NCC Camps: Types & Conduct				2
NATIONAL I	NTEGRATION AND AWARENESS				4
NI 1	National Integration: Importance & Necessity				1
NI 2	Factors Affecting National Integration				1
NI 3	Unity in Diversity & Role of NCC in Nation Building				1
NI 4	Threats to National Security				1
PERSONALI	TY DEVELOPMENT				7
PD 1	Self-Awareness, Empathy, Critical & Creative Thinking, Decision Making and Problem Solving				2
PD 2	Communication Skills				3
PD 3	Group Discussion: Stress & Emotions				2
LEADERSHI					5
L 1	Leadership Capsule: Traits, Indicators, Motivation, Moral Values, Honour Code				3
L 2	Case Studies: Shivaji, Jhasi Ki Rani				2
SOCIAL SEF	VICE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT				8
SS 1	Basics, Rural Development Programmes, NGOs, Contribution of Youth				3
SS 4	Protection of Children and Women Safety				1
SS 5	Road / Rail Travel Safety				1
SS 6	New Initiatives				2
SS 7	Cyber and Mobile Security Awareness				1

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

15

15

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to provide hands on training to the students in:

- 1. Drawing pipe line plan; laying and connecting various pipe fittings used in common household plumbing work; Sawing; planing; making joints in wood materials used in commonhousehold wood work.
- 2. Wiring various electrical joints in common household electrical wire work.
- 3. Welding various joints in steel plates using arc welding work; Machining various simple processes like turning, drilling, tapping in parts; Assembling simple mechanical assembly of common household equipments; Making a tray out of metal sheet using sheet metal work.
- 4. Soldering and testing simple electronic circuits; Assembling and testing simple electronic components on PCB.

GROUP – A (CIVIL & ELECTRICAL)

PART I CIVIL ENGINEERING PRACTICES

PLUMBING WORK:

- a) Connecting various basic pipe fittings like valves, taps, coupling, unions, reducers, elbows and other components which are commonly used in household.
- b) Preparing plumbing line sketches.
- c) Laying pipe connection to the suction side of a pump
- d) Laying pipe connection to the delivery side of a pump.
- e) Connecting pipes of different materials: Metal, plastic and flexible pipes used inhousehold appliances.

WOOD WORK:

- a) Sawing,
- b) Planing and

c) Making joints like T-Joint, Mortise joint and Tenon joint and Dovetail joint. Wood Work Study:

- a) Studying joints in door panels and wooden furniture
- b) Studying common industrial trusses using models.

PART II ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICES

- a) Introduction to switches, fuses, indicators and lamps Basic switch board wiring with lamp, fan and three pin socket
- b) Staircase wiring
- c) Fluorescent Lamp wiring with introduction to CFL and LED types.
- d) Energy meter wiring and related calculations/ calibration
- e) Study of Iron Box wiring and assembly
- f) Study of Fan Regulator (Resistor type and Electronic type using Diac/Triac/quadrac)

g) Study of emergency lamp wiring/Water heater

GROUP – B (MECHANICAL AND ELECTRONICS) PART III MECHANICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICES

WELDING WORK:

- a) Welding of Butt Joints, Lap Joints, and Tee Joints using arc welding.
- b) Practicing gas welding.

BASIC MACHINING WORK:

- a) (simple)Turning.
- b) (simple)Drilling.
- c) (simple)Tapping.

ASSEMBLY WORK:

- a) Assembling a centrifugal pump.
- b) Assembling a household mixer.
- c) Assembling an airconditioner.

SHEET METAL WORK:

a) Making of a square tray

FOUNDRY WORK:

a) Demonstrating basic foundry operations.

PART IV ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING PRACTICES

SOLDERING WORK:

a) Soldering simple electronic circuits and checking continuity.

ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY AND TESTING WORK:

a) Assembling and testing electronic components on a small PCB.

ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT STUDY:

- a) Study an elements of smart phone ...
- b) Assembly and dismantle of LED TV.
- c) Assembly and dismantle of computer/ laptop

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- Draw pipe line plan; lay and connect various pipe fittings used in common household plumbing work; Saw; plan; make joints in wood materials used in common household wood work.
- Wire various electrical joints in common household electrical wire work.
- Weld various joints in steel plates using arc welding work; Machine various simple processes like turning, drilling, tapping in parts; Assemble simple mechanical assembly

15

15

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

of common household equipments; Make a tray out of metal sheet using sheet metal work.

• Solder and test simple electronic circuits; Assemble and test simple electronic components on PCB.

CO	P01	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO 9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
1	3	2	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	2	2	1	1
2	3	2	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	2	2	1	1
3	3	2	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	2	2	1	1
CO	3	2	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	2	2	1	1

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

AD3271 DATA STRUCTURES DESIGN LABORATORY

LT PC 0 0 4 2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To implement ADTs in Python
- To design and implement linear data structures lists, stacks, and queues
- To implement sorting, searching and hashing algorithms
- To solve problems using tree and graph structures

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

<u>Note:</u> The lab instructor is expected to design problems based on the topics listed. The Examination shall not be restricted to the sample experiments designed.

- 1. Implement simple ADTs as Python classes
- 2. Implement recursive algorithms in Python
- 3. Implement List ADT using Python arrays
- 4. Linked list implementations of List
- 5. Implementation of Stack and Queue ADTs
- 6. Applications of List, Stack and Queue ADTs
- 7. Implementation of sorting and searching algorithms
- 8. Implementation of Hash tables
- 9. Tree representation and traversal algorithms
- 10. Implementation of Binary Search Trees
- 11. Implementation of Heaps
- 12. Graph representation and Traversal algorithms
- 13. Implementation of single source shortest path algorithm
- 14. Implementation of minimum spanning tree algorithms

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

CO1:implement ADTs as Python classes

CO2:design, implement, and analyse linear data structures, such as lists, queues, and stacks, according to the needs of different applications

CO3:design, implement, and analyse efficient tree structures to meet requirements such as searching, indexing, and sorting

CO4:model problems as graph problems and implement efficient graph algorithms to solve them

TEXT BOOKS:

- **1.** Michael T. Goodrich, Roberto Tamassia, and Michael H. Goldwasser, "Data Structures and Algorithms in Python" (An Indian Adaptation), Wiley, 2021.
- 2. Lee, Kent D., Hubbard, Steve, "Data Structures and Algorithms with Python" Springer Edition 2015.
- **3.** Narasimha Karumanchi, "Data Structures and Algorithmic Thinking with Python" Careermonk, 2015.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Rance D. Necaise, "Data Structures and Algorithms Using Python", John Wiley & Sons, 2011.
- 2. Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest, and Clifford Stein, "Introduction to Algorithms", Third Edition, PHI Learning, 2010.
- 3. Mark Allen Weiss, "Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis in C++", Fourth Edition, Pearson Education, 2014
- 4. Aho, Hopcroft, and Ullman, "Data Structures and Algorithms", Pearson Education India, 2002.

GE3272

COMMUNICATION LABORATORY

LT P C 0 0 4 2

12

12

12

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To identify varied group discussion skills and apply them to take part in effective discussions in a professional context.
- To analyse concepts and problems and make effective presentations explaining them clearly and precisely.
- To be able to communicate effectively through formal and informal writing.
- To be able to use appropriate language structures to write emails, reports and essays
- To give instructions and recommendations that are clear and relevant to the context

UNIT I

Speaking-Role Play Exercises Based on Workplace Contexts, - talking about competitiondiscussing progress toward goals-talking about experiences- talking about events in lifediscussing past events-Writing: writing emails (formal & semi-formal).

UNIT II

Speaking: discussing news stories-talking about frequency-talking about travel problemsdiscussing travel procedures- talking about travel problems- making arrangements-describing arrangements-discussing plans and decisions- discussing purposes and reasons- understanding common technology terms-Writing: - writing different types of emails.

UNIT III

Speaking: discussing predictions-describing the climate-discussing forecasts and scenariostalking about purchasing-discussing advantages and disadvantages- making comparisonsdiscussing likes and dislikes- discussing feelings about experiences-discussing imaginary scenarios Writing: short essays and reports-formal/semi-formal letters.

Page 98 of 437

54

UNIT IV

Speaking: discussing the natural environment-describing systems-describing position and movement- explaining rules-(example- discussing rental arrangements)- understanding technical instructions-Writing: writing instructions-writing a short article.

UNIT V

Speaking: describing things relatively-describing clothing-discussing safety issues (making recommendations) talking about electrical devices-describing controlling actions- Writing: job application(Cover letter + Curriculum vitae)-writing recommendations.

LEARNING OUTCOMES

CO1:Speak effectively in group discussions held in a formal/semi formal contexts.

CO2:Discuss, analyse and present concepts and problems from various perspectives to arrive at suitable solutions

CO3:Write emails, letters and effective job applications.

CO4:Write critical reports to convey data and information with clarity and precision

CO5: Give appropriate instructions and recommendations for safe execution of tasks

Assessment Pattern

- One online / app based assessment to test speaking and writing skills
- Proficiency certification is given on successful completion of speaking and writing.

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

СО	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO1	PO1	PO1	PSO	PSO	PSO
1	2	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-
2	2	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-
3	2	2	3	3	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-
4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-
5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-
AV	2.4	2.8	3	3	1.8	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

Note: The average value of this course to be used for program articulation matrix.

MA3354

DISCRETE MATHEMATICS

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To extend student's logical and mathematical maturity and ability to deal with abstraction.
- To introduce most of the basic terminologies used in computer science courses and application of ideas to solve practical problems.
- To understand the basic concepts of combinatorics and graph theory.
- To familiarize the applications of algebraic structures.
- To understand the concepts and significance of lattices and boolean algebra which are widely used in computer science and engineering.

UNIT I LOGIC AND PROOFS

Propositional logic – Propositional equivalences - Predicates and quantifiers – Nested quantifiers – Rules of inference - Introduction to proofs – Proof methods and strategy.

12

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

9 + 3

PC

recurrence relations – Generating functions – Inclusion and exclusion principle and its applications.

COMBINATORICS

UNIT III GRAPHS

UNIT II

Graphs and graph models – Graph terminology and special types of graphs – Matrix representation of graphs and graph isomorphism – Connectivity – Euler and Hamilton paths.

Mathematical induction – Strong induction and well ordering – The basics of counting – The pigeonhole principle – Permutations and combinations – Recurrence relations – Solving linear

UNIT IV ALGEBRAIC STRUCTURES

Algebraic systems – Semi groups and monoids - Groups – Subgroups – Homomorphism's – Normal subgroup and cosets – Lagrange's theorem – Definitions and examples of Rings and Fields.

UNIT V LATTICES AND BOOLEAN ALGEBRA

Partial ordering – Posets – Lattices as posets – Properties of lattices - Lattices as algebraic systems – Sub lattices – Direct product and homomorphism – Some special lattices – Boolean algebra – Sub Boolean Algebra – Boolean Homomorphism.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, students would :

CO1:Have knowledge of the concepts needed to test the logic of a program.

CO2: Have an understanding in identifying structures on many levels.

CO3:Be aware of a class of functions which transform a finite set into another finite set which relates to input and output functions in computer science.

CO4:Be aware of the counting principles.

CO5:Be exposed to concepts and properties of algebraic structures such as groups, rings and fields.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Rosen. K.H., "Discrete Mathematics and its Applications", 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Pub. Co. Ltd., New Delhi, Special Indian Edition, 2017.
- 2. Tremblay. J.P. and Manohar. R, "Discrete Mathematical Structures with Applications to Computer Science", Tata McGraw Hill Pub. Co. Ltd, New Delhi, 30th Reprint, 2011.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Grimaldi. R.P. "Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics: An Applied Introduction", 5thEdition, Pearson Education Asia, Delhi, 2013.
- 2. Koshy. T. "Discrete Mathematics with Applications", Elsevier Publications, 2006.
- 3. Lipschutz. S. and Mark Lipson., "Discrete Mathematics", Schaum's Outlines, Tata McGraw Hill Pub. Co. Ltd., New Delhi, 3rd Edition, 2010.

9 + 3

9 + 3

9 + 3

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

	PUT	POZ	PU3	P04	PU5	PU6	P07	PUð	PU9	POID	POTT	PUIZ	P301	P302	P303
1	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	-	3	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-
4	-	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	-	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
AVg.	1	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
	1 - lo	w. 2 - I	mediu	m. 3 - k	niah. '-	' - no c	orrela	tion							

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

no correlation · meaium, 3

DIGITAL PRINCIPLES AND COMPUTER ORGANIZATION LTPC CS3351

3024

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To analyze and design combinational circuits.
- To analyze and design sequential circuits
- To understand the basic structure and operation of a digital computer.

- To study the design of data path unit, control unit for processor and to familiarize with the • hazards.
- To understand the concept of various memories and I/O interfacing.

UNIT I COMBINATIONAL LOGIC

Combinational Circuits - Karnaugh Map - Analysis and Design Procedures - Binary Adder -Subtractor - Decimal Adder - Magnitude Comparator - Decoder - Encoder - Multiplexers -**Demultiplexers**

UNIT II SYNCHRONOUS SEQUENTIAL LOGIC

Introduction to Sequential Circuits - Flip-Flops - operation and excitation tables, Triggering of FF, Analysis and design of clocked sequential circuits - Design - Moore/Mealy models, state minimization, state assignment, circuit implementation - Registers - Counters.

UNIT III **COMPUTER FUNDAMENTALS**

Functional Units of a Digital Computer: Von Neumann Architecture - Operation and Operands of Computer Hardware Instruction - Instruction Set Architecture (ISA): Memory Location, Address and Operation – Instruction and Instruction Sequencing – Addressing Modes, Encoding of Machine Instruction – Interaction between Assembly and High Level Language.

UNIT IV PROCESSOR

Instruction Execution – Building a Data Path – Designing a Control Unit – Hardwired Control, Microprogrammed Control - Pipelining - Data Hazard - Control Hazards.

UNIT V **MEMORY AND I/O**

Memory Concepts and Hierarchy - Memory Management - Cache Memories: Mapping and Replacement Techniques - Virtual Memory - DMA - I/O - Accessing I/O: Parallel and Serial Interface – Interrupt I/O – Interconnection Standards: USB, SATA

PRACTICAL EXERCISES:

1. Verification of Boolean theorems using logic gates.

45 PERIODS 30 PERIODS

9

9

9

q

- 2. Design and implementation of combinational circuits using gates for arbitrary functions.
- 3. Implementation of 4-bit binary adder/subtractor circuits.
- 4. Implementation of code converters.
- 5. Implementation of BCD adder, encoder and decoder circuits
- 6. Implementation of functions using Multiplexers.
- 7. Implementation of the synchronous counters
- 8. Implementation of a Universal Shift register.
- 9. Simulator based study of Computer Architecture

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the students will be able to:

- CO1 : Design various combinational digital circuits using logic gates
- **CO2** : Design sequential circuits and analyze the design procedures
- CO3 : State the fundamentals of computer systems and analyze the execution of an instruction
- CO4 : Analyze different types of control design and identify hazards
- CO5 : Identify the characteristics of various memory systems and I/O communication

TEXT BOOKS

- **1.** M. Morris Mano, Michael D. Ciletti, "Digital Design : With an Introduction to the Verilog HDL, VHDL, and System Verilog", Sixth Edition, Pearson Education, 2018.
- **2.** David A. Patterson, John L. Hennessy, "Computer Organization and Design, The Hardware/Software Interface", Sixth Edition, Morgan Kaufmann/Elsevier, 2020.

REFERENCES

- 1. Carl Hamacher, Zvonko Vranesic, Safwat Zaky, Naraig Manjikian, "Computer Organization and Embedded Systems", Sixth Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2012.
- **2.** William Stallings, "Computer Organization and Architecture Designing for Performance", Tenth Edition, Pearson Education, 2016.
- **3.** M. Morris Mano, "Digital Logic and Computer Design", Pearson Education, 2016.

					003	103	410	0 3 117							
						PC)'s							PSO's	5
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	3	3	3	3	2	1	1	1	1	2	3	2	3	3
2	3	3	3	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	1	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	3	2	3	1
4	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	3	1
5	3	3	3	3	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	2	1
AVG	3	3	3	3	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	2	1

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

AD3391

DATABASE DESIGN AND MANAGEMENT

LT P C 3 0 0 3

TOTAL:75 PERIODS

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce database development life cycle and conceptual modeling
- To learn SQL for data definition, manipulation and querying a database
- To learn relational database design using conceptual mapping and normalization

- To learn transaction concepts and serializability of schedules
- To learn data model and querying in object-relational and No-SQL databases

UNIT I CONCEPTUAL DATA MODELING

Database environment – Database system development lifecycle – Requirements collection – Database design -- Entity-Relationship model – Enhanced-ER model – UML class diagrams.

UNIT II RELATIONAL MODEL AND SQL

Relational model concepts -- Integrity constraints -- SQL Data manipulation – SQL Data definition – Views -- SQL programming.

UNIT III RELATIONAL DATABASE DESIGN AND NORMALIZATION

ER and EER-to-Relational mapping – Update anomalies – Functional dependencies – Inference rules – Minimal cover – Properties of relational decomposition – Normalization (upto BCNF).

UNIT IV TRANSACTION MANAGEMENT

Transaction concepts – properties – Schedules – Serializability – Concurrency Control – Twophase locking techniques.

UNIT V OBJECT RELATIONAL AND NO-SQL DATABASES

Mapping EER to ODB schema – Object identifier – reference types – rowtypes – UDTs – Subtypes and supertypes – user-defined routines – Collection types – Object Query Language; No-SQL: CAP theorem – Document-based: MongoDB data model and CRUD operations; Column-based: Hbase data model and CRUD operations.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

After the completion of this course, students will be able to:

CO1:Understand the database development life cycle and apply conceptual modeling
 CO2:Apply SQL and programming in SQL to create, manipulate and query the database
 CO3:Apply the conceptual-to-relational mapping and normalization to design relational database
 CO4:Determine the serializability of any non-serial schedule using concurrency techniques
 CO5:Apply the data model and querying in Object-relational and No-SQL databases.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Thomas M. Connolly, Carolyn E. Begg, Database Systems A Practical Approach to Design, Implementation, and Management, Sixth Edition, Global Edition, Pearson Education, 2015.
- 2. Ramez Elmasri, Shamkant B. Navathe, Fundamentals of Database Systems, 7th Edition, Pearson, 2017.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Toby Teorey, Sam Lightstone, Tom Nadeau, H. V. Jagadish, "DATABASE MODELING AND DESIGN - Logical Design", Fifth Edition, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2011.
- 2. Carlos Coronel, Steven Morris, and Peter Rob, Database Systems: Design, Implementation, and Management, Ninth Edition, Cengage learning, 2012
- 3. Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F Korth, S Sudharshan, "Database System Concepts", 6th Edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2011.
- 4. Hector Garcia-Molina, Jeffrey D Ullman, Jennifer Widom, "Database Systems:The Complete Book", 2nd edition, Pearson.

8

10

10

9

5. Raghu Ramakrishnan, "Database Management Systems", 4th Edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2010.

	PO's CO's 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 1 2 2 3 3 - - - 3 1 2 1 2 2 3 1 3 1 - - - 3 1 2 1 3 2 2 2 1 1 - - - 1 2 2 1 4 2 2 3 1 - - - 1 2 1 2												PSO's			
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	
1	2	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	3	1	2	1	2	3	3	
2	2	3	1	3	1	-	-	-	1	2	2	1	3	3	3	
3	2	2	2	1	1	-	-	-	2	3	1	2	1	1	2	
4	2	2	3	1	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	2	2	2	2	
5	3	1	3	2	1	-	-	-	1	3	1	1	2	1	1	
AVG	2	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

AD3351	DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS	LTPC
		3 0 2 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To critically analyze the efficiency of alternative algorithmic solutions for the same problem
- To illustrate brute force and divide and conquer design techniques.
- To explain dynamic programming and greedy techniques for solving various problems.
- To apply iterative improvement technique to solve optimization problems
- To examine the limitations of algorithmic power and handling it in different problems.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Notion of an Algorithm – Fundamentals of Algorithmic Problem Solving – Important Problem Types –Fundamentals of the Analysis of Algorithm Efficiency – Analysis Framework - Asymptotic Notations and their properties – Empirical analysis - Mathematical analysis of Recursive and Non-recursive algorithms – Visualization.

UNIT II BRUTE FORCE AND DIVIDE AND CONQUER

Brute Force – String Matching - Exhaustive Search - Traveling Salesman Problem - Knapsack Problem - Assignment problem. Divide and Conquer Methodology – Multiplication of Large Integers and Strassen's Matrix Multiplication – Closest-Pair and Convex - Hull Problems. Decrease and Conquer: - Topological Sorting – Transform and Conquer: Presorting – Heaps and Heap Sort.

UNIT III DYNAMIC PROGRAMMING AND GREEDY TECHNIQUE

Dynamic programming – Principle of optimality - Coin changing problem – Warshall's and Floyd's algorithms – Optimal Binary Search Trees - Multi stage graph - Knapsack Problem and Memory functions. Greedy Technique – Dijkstra's algorithm - Huffman Trees and codes - 0/1 Knapsack problem.

UNIT IV ITERATIVE IMPROVEMENT

The Simplex Method-The Maximum-Flow Problem – Maximum Matching in Bipartite Graphs- The Stable marriage Problem.

UNIT V LIMITATIONS OF ALGORITHM POWER

Page 103 of 437

10

10

8

8

Lower - Bound Arguments - P, NP, NP- Complete and NP Hard Problems. Backtracking – N-Queen problem - Hamiltonian Circuit Problem – Subset Sum Problem. Branch and Bound – LIFO Search and FIFO search - Assignment problem – Knapsack Problem – Traveling Salesman Problem - Approximation Algorithms for NP-Hard Problems – Traveling Salesman problem – Knapsack problem.

PRACTICAL EXERCISES:

- 1. Implement recursive and non-recursive algorithms and study the order of growth from log₂n to n!.
- 2. Divide and Conquer Strassen's Matrix Multiplication
- 3. Decrease and Conquer Topological Sorting
- 4. Transform and Conquer Heap Sort
- 5. Dynamic programming Coin change Problem, Warshall's and Floyd's algorithms, Knapsack Problem
- 6. Greedy Technique Dijkstra's algorithm, Huffman Trees and codes
- 7. Iterative improvement Simplex Method
- 8. Backtracking N-Queen problem, Subset Sum Problem
- 9. Branch and Bound Assignment problem, Traveling Salesman Problem

30 PERIODS

45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the students will be able to:

CO1: Analyze the efficiency of recursive and non-recursive algorithms mathematically

CO2: Analyze the efficiency of brute force, divide and conquer, decrease and conquer, Transform and conquer algorithmic techniques

CO3: Implement and analyze the problems using dynamic programming and greedy algorithmic techniques.

CO4: Solve the problems using iterative improvement techniques for optimization.

CO5: Compute the limitations of algorithmic power and solve the problems using backtracking and branch and bound techniques.

TOTAL: 75 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Anany Levitin, Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms, Third Edition, Pearson Education, 2012.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni and Sanguthevar Rajasekaran, Computer Algorithms/ C++, Second Edition, Universities Press, 2019.
- 2. Thomas H.Cormen, Charles E.Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest and Clifford Stein, Introduction to Algorithms, Third Edition, PHI Learning Private Limited, 2012.
- 3. S. Sridhar, Design and Analysis of Algorithms, Oxford university press, 2014.
- 4. Alfred V. Aho, John E. Hopcroft and Jeffrey D. Ullman, Data Structures and Algorithms, Pearson Education, Reprint 2006.

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

						PC)'s							PSO's	;
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	3	3	1	1	-	-	-	1	1	2	2	3	2	1
2	2	1	1	3	2	-	-	-	2	2	1	2	2	2	2
3	3	2	1	2	2	-	-	-	2	1	1	2	1	3	3
4	3	2	3	2	2	-	-	-	3	3	3	2	2	1	2
5	3	1	2	3	3	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	3	1	3
AVG	3	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

AD3301

DATA EXPLORATION AND VISUALIZATION

L T P C 3 0 2 4

OBJECTIVES:

- To outline an overview of exploratory data analysis.
- To implement data visualization using Matplotlib.
- To perform univariate data exploration and analysis.
- To apply bivariate data exploration and analysis.
- To use Data exploration and visualization techniques for multivariate and time series data.

UNIT I EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS

EDA fundamentals – Understanding data science – Significance of EDA – Making sense of data – Comparing EDA with classical and Bayesian analysis – Software tools for EDA - Visual Aids for EDA- Data transformation techniques-merging database, reshaping and pivoting, Transformation techniques - Grouping Datasets - data aggregation – Pivot tables and cross-tabulations.

UNIT II VISUALIZING USING MATPLOTLIB

Importing Matplotlib – Simple line plots – Simple scatter plots – visualizing errors – density and contour plots – Histograms – legends – colors – subplots – text and annotation – customization – three dimensional plotting - Geographic Data with Basemap - Visualization with Seaborn.

UNIT III UNIVARIATE ANALYSIS

Introduction to Single variable: Distributions and Variables - Numerical Summaries of Level and Spread - Scaling and Standardizing – Inequality - Smoothing Time Series.

UNIT IV BIVARIATE ANALYSIS

Relationships between Two Variables - Percentage Tables - Analyzing Contingency Tables - Handling Several Batches - Scatterplots and Resistant Lines – Transformations.

UNIT V MULTIVARIATE AND TIME SERIES ANALYSIS

Introducing a Third Variable - Causal Explanations - Three-Variable Contingency Tables and Beyond - Longitudinal Data – Fundamentals of TSA – Characteristics of time series data – Data Cleaning – Time-based indexing – Visualizing – Grouping – Resampling.

PRACTICAL EXERCISES:

1. Install the data Analysis and Visualization tool: R/ Python /Tableau Public/ Power BI.

Page 105 of 437

45 PERIODS

30 PERIODS

9

9

9

9

- 2. Perform exploratory data analysis (EDA) on with datasets like email data set. Export all your emails as a dataset, import them inside a pandas data frame, visualize them and get different insights from the data.
- 3. Working with Numpy arrays, Pandas data frames, Basic plots using Matplotlib.
- 4. Explore various variable and row filters in R for cleaning data. Apply various plot features in R on sample data sets and visualize.
- 5. Perform Time Series Analysis and apply the various visualization techniques.
- 6. Perform Data Analysis and representation on a Map using various Map data sets with Mouse Rollover effect, user interaction, etc..
- 7. Build cartographic visualization for multiple datasets involving various countries of the world; states and districts in India etc.
- 8. Perform EDA on Wine Quality Data Set.
- 9. Use a case study on a data set and apply the various EDA and visualization techniques and present an analysis report.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the students will be able to:

CO1: Understand the fundamentals of exploratory data analysis.

- CO2: Implement the data visualization using Matplotlib.
- CO3: Perform univariate data exploration and analysis.
- CO4: Apply bivariate data exploration and analysis.
- CO5: Use Data exploration and visualization techniques for multivariate and time series data.

TOTAL: 75 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

- **1.** Suresh Kumar Mukhiya, Usman Ahmed, "Hands-On Exploratory Data Analysis with Python", Packt Publishing, 2020. (Unit 1)
- 2. Jake Vander Plas, "Python Data Science Handbook: Essential Tools for Working with Data", Oreilly, 1st Edition, 2016. (Unit 2)
- 3. Catherine Marsh, Jane Elliott, "Exploring Data: An Introduction to Data Analysis for Social Scientists", Wiley Publications, 2nd Edition, 2008. (Unit 3,4,5)

REFERENCES:

- 1. Eric Pimpler, Data Visualization and Exploration with R, GeoSpatial Training service, 2017.
- 2. Claus O. Wilke, "Fundamentals of Data Visualization", O'reilly publications, 2019.
- 3. Matthew O. Ward, Georges Grinstein, Daniel Keim, "Interactive Data Visualization: Foundations, Techniques, and Applications", 2nd Edition, CRC press, 2015.

						PC)'s							PSO's	
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	1	3	3	-	-	-	-	2	3	3	3	2	2	2
2	2	2	2	1	1	-	-	-	3	2	3	1	3	1	3
3	2	1	2	1	1	-	-	-	3	2	1	2	2	2	1
4	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	3	1	3	2
5	3	1	1	2	1	-	-	-	3	2	1	2	2	2	3
AVG	2	1	2	2	1	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

Page 107 of 437

AL3391

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The main objectives of this course are to:

- Learn the basic AI approaches
- Develop problem solving agents
- Perform logical and probabilistic reasoning •

UNIT I **INTELLIGENT AGENTS**

Introduction to AI – Agents and Environments – concept of rationality – nature of environments – structure of agents. Problem solving agents - search algorithms - uninformed search strategies.

UNIT II PROBLEM SOLVING

Heuristic search strategies - heuristic functions. Local search and optimization problems - local search in continuous space - search with non-deterministic actions - search in partially observable environments - online search agents and unknown environments

UNIT III GAME PLAYING AND CSP

Game theory - optimal decisions in games - alpha-beta search - monte-carlo tree search stochastic games - partially observable games. Constraint satisfaction problems - constraint propagation - backtracking search for CSP - local search for CSP - structure of CSP.

UNIT IV LOGICAL REASONING

Knowledge-based agents - propositional logic - propositional theorem proving - propositional model checking - agents based on propositional logic. First-order logic - syntax and semantics knowledge representation and engineering - inferences in first-order logic - forward chaining backward chaining - resolution.

UNIT V PROBABILISTIC REASONING

Acting under uncertainty - Bayesian inference - naïve Bayes models. Probabilistic reasoning -Bayesian networks – exact inference in BN – approximate inference in BN – causal networks.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the students will be able to:

- **CO1**: Explain intelligent agent frameworks
- CO2: Apply problem solving techniques
- **CO3**: Apply game playing and CSP techniques
- CO4: Perform logical reasoning
- CO5: Perform probabilistic reasoning under uncertainty

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Stuart Russell and Peter Norvig, "Artificial Intelligence – A Modern Approach", Fourth Edition, Pearson Education, 2021.

REFERENCES

- 1. Dan W. Patterson, "Introduction to AI and ES", Pearson Education, 2007
- 2. Kevin Night, Elaine Rich, and Nair B., "Artificial Intelligence", McGraw Hill, 2008
- 3. Patrick H. Winston, "Artificial Intelligence", Third Edition, Pearson Education, 2006
- 4. Deepak Khemani, "Artificial Intelligence", Tata McGraw Hill Education, 2013.

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE



9



9

LTPC 3003

- 9

5. http://nptel.ac.in/

CO's- PO's & F	SO's MAPPING
----------------	--------------

						PC)'s							PSO's	;
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	1	3	3	-	-	-	-	2	3	3	1	2	1	1
2	2	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	2	2	3	1	3	2	2
3	2	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	2	1	1	3	1	2	1
4	2	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	2	1	2	2	1	3	3
5	3	2	2	1	1	-	-	-	3	2	1	2	2	2	1
AVG	2	1	2	2	1	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

AD3381 DATABASE DESIGN AND MANAGEMENT LABORATORY L T P C

0 0 3 1.5

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the database development life cycle
- To learn database design using conceptual modeling, Normalization
- To implement database using Data definition, Querying using SQL manipulation and SQL programming
- To implement database applications using IDE/RAD tools
- To learn querying Object-relational databases

SUGGESTIVE EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Database Development Life cycle:
 - Problem definition and Requirement analysis
 - Scope and Constraints
- 2. Database design using Conceptual modeling (ER-EER) top-down approach Mapping conceptual to relational database and validate using Normalization
- 3. Implement the database using SQL Data definition with constraints, Views
- 4. Query the database using SQL Manipulation
- 5. Querying/Managing the database using SQL Programming
 - Stored Procedures/Functions
 - Constraints and security using Triggers
- 6. Database design using Normalization bottom-up approach
- 7. Develop database applications using IDE/RAD tools (Eg., NetBeans, VisualStudio)
- 8. Database design using EER-to-ODB mapping / UML class diagrams
- 9. Object features of SQL-UDTs and sub-types, Tables using UDTs, Inheritance, Method definition
- 10. Querying the Object-relational database using Objet Query language

COURSE OUTCOMES

After the completion of this course, students will be able to:

CO1:Understand the database development life cycle

CO2: Design relational database using conceptual-to-relational mapping, Normalization

CO3: Apply SQL for creation, manipulation and retrieval of data

CO4: Develop a database applications for real-time problems

CO5: Design and query object-relational databases

HARDWARE:

• Standalone Desktops

SOFTWARE:

PostgreSQL

					00	3- F O	3010	50 3 N		10					
						PC)'s							PSO's	5
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	1	3	3	-	1	3	2	2	1					
2	2	2	1	3	1	3	1	1	1	2					
3	2	1	3	1	-	-	-	-	3	3	1	1	2	1	1
4	2	2	3	1	-	-	-	-	2	3	2	1	2	1	2
5	3	3	1	3	1	-	-	-	1	3	2	3	3	3	2
AVG	2	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
				1 104	2 - n	andiur	n 2	aigh (- no	corrol	ation				

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

AD3311

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE LABORATORY

L T P C 0 0 3 1.5

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To design and implement search strategies
- To implement game playing techniques
- To implement CSP techniques
- To develop systems with logical reasoning
- To develop systems with probabilistic reasoning

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Implement basic search strategies 8-Puzzle, 8 Queens problem, Cryptarithmetic.
- 2. Implement A* and memory bounded A* algorithms
- 3. Implement Minimax algorithm for game playing (Alpha-Beta pruning)
- 4. Solve constraint satisfaction problems
- 5. Implement propositional model checking algorithms
- 6. Implement forward chaining, backward chaining, and resolution strategies
- 7. Build naïve Bayes models
- 8. Implement Bayesian networks and perform inferences
- 9. Mini-Project

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the students will be able to:

- CO1: Design and implement search strategies
- CO2: Implement game playing and CSP techniques
- **CO3**: Develop logical reasoning systems
- **CO4:** Develop probabilistic reasoning systems

						PC)'s							PSO's	;
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	2	1	3	3	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	1	3	2	1
2	1	2	3	3	2	-	-	-	3	2	3	3	3	3	2
3	3	1	3	3	1	-	-	-	1	3	1	2	1	1	3
4	2	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	2	3	1	2	2	2	1
5	3	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	1	3	3	3	3	3	2
AVG	2	1	2	2	1	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

GE3361

PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

L T P C 0 0 2 1

10 Hours

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

To be proficient in important Microsoft Office tools: MS WORD, EXCEL, POWERPOINT.

- To be proficient in using MS WORD to create quality technical documents, by using standard templates, widely acceptable styles and formats, variety of features to enhance the presentability and overall utility value of content.
- To be proficient in using MS EXCEL for all data manipulation tasks including the common statistical, logical, mathematical etc., operations, conversion, analytics, search and explore, visualize,interlink, and utilizing many more critical features offered
- To be able to create and share quality presentations by using the features of MS PowerPoint, including: organization of content, presentability, aesthetics, using media elements and enhance the overall quality of presentations.

MS WORD:

Create and format a document

Working with tables

Working with Bullets and Lists

Working with styles, shapes, smart art, charts

Inserting objects, charts and importing objects from other office tools

Creating and Using document templates

Inserting equations, symbols and special characters

Working with Table of contents and References, citations

Insert and review comments

Work with different types of data: text, currency, date, numeric etc. Split, validate, consolidate, Convert data Sort and filter data Perform calculations and use functions: (Statistical, Logical, Mathematical, date, Time etc.,) Work with Lookup and reference formulae Create and Work with different types of charts Use pivot tables to summarize and analyse data Perform data analysis using own formulae and functions Combine data from multiple worksheets using own formulae and built-in functions to generate results Export data and sheets to other file formats Working with macros Protecting data and Securing the workbook **MS POWERPOINT: 10 Hours** Select slide templates, layout and themes Formatting slide content and using bullets and numbering Insert and format images, smart art, tables, charts Using Slide master, notes and handout master Working with animation and transitions Organize and Group slides

Import or create and use media objects: audio, video, animation

Create bookmarks, hyperlinks, endnotes footnote

Working with document protection and security

Create worksheets, insert and format data

Viewing document in different modes

Inspect document for accessibility

MS EXCEL:

Perform slideshow recording and Record narration and create presentable videos

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

10 Hours

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion the students will be able to

CO1:Use MS Word to create quality documents, by structuring and organizing content for their day to day technical and academic requirements

CO2:Use MS EXCEL to perform data operations and analytics, record, retrieve data as per requirements and visualize data for ease of understanding

CO3:Use MS PowerPoint to create high quality academic presentations by including common tables, charts, graphs, interlinking other elements, and using media objects.

MA3391 PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- This course aims at providing the required skill to apply the statistical tools in engineering problems.
- To introduce the basic concepts of probability and random variables.
- To introduce the basic concepts of two dimensional random variables.
- To acquaint the knowledge of testing of hypothesis for small and large samples which plays an important role in real life problems.
- To introduce the basic concepts of classifications of design of experiments which plays very important roles in the field of agriculture and statistical quality control.

UNIT I PROBABILITY AND RANDOM VARIABLES

Axioms of probability – Conditional probability – Baye's theorem - Discrete and continuous random variables – Moments – Moment generating functions – Binomial, Poisson, Geometric, Uniform, Exponential and Normal distributions – Functions of a random variable.

UNIT II TWO- DIMENSIONAL RANDOM VARIABLES

Joint distributions – Marginal and conditional distributions – Covariance – Correlation and linear regression – Transformation of random variables – Central limit theorem (for independent and identically distributed random variables).

UNIT III ESTIMATION THEORY

Unbiased estimators - Efficiency - Consistency - Sufficiency - Robustness - Method of moments -Method of maximum Likelihood - Interval estimation of Means - Differences between means, variations and ratio of two variances

UNIT IV NON- PARAMETRIC TESTS

Introduction - The Sign test - The Signed - Rank test - Rank - sum tests - The U test - The H test - Tests based on Runs - Test of randomness - The Kolmogorov Tests .

UNIT V STATISTICAL QUALITY CONTROL

Control charts for measurements (\bar{X} and R charts) – Control charts for attributes (p, c and np charts) – Tolerance limits - Acceptance sampling.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

L T P C 3 1 0 4

9 + 3

9 + 3

9 + 3

9 + 3

9 + 3

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: Understand the fundamental knowledge of the concepts of probability and have knowledge of standard distributions which can describe real life phenomenon.

CO2: Understand the basic concepts of one and two dimensional random variables and apply in engineering applications.

CO3:Apply the concept of testing of hypothesis for small and large samples in real life problems.

CO4: Apply the basic concepts of classifications of design of experiments in the field of agriculture and statistical quality control.

CO5: Have the notion of sampling distributions and statistical techniques used in engineering and management problems.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Johnson. R.A., Miller. I.R and Freund . J.E, "Miller and Freund's Probability and Statistics for Engineers", Pearson Education, Asia, 9th Edition, 2016.
- 2. Milton, J. S. and Arnold, J.C., "Introduction to Probability and Statistics", Tata Mc Graw Hill, 4th Edition, 2007.
- 3. John E. Freund, "Mathematical Statistics", Prentice Hall, 5th Edition, 1992.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Gupta. S.C. and Kapoor. V. K., "Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics", Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi, 12th Edition, 2020.
- 2. Devore. J.L., "Probability and Statistics for Engineering and the Sciences", Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 8th Edition, 2014.
- 3. Ross. S.M., "Introduction to Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists", 5thEdition, Elsevier, 2014.
- 4. Spiegel. M.R., Schiller. J. and Srinivasan. R.A., "Schaum's Outline of Theory and Problems of Probability and Statistics", Tata McGraw Hill Edition, 4th Edition, 2012.
- 5. Walpole. R.E., Myers. R.H., Myers. S.L. and Ye. K., "Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists", Pearson Education, Asia, 9th Edition, 2010.

PS O3

_	(CO's-F	0's &	PSO's	S MAP	PING			-	l					
	PO 01	PO 02	PO0 3	PO0 4	PO0 5	PO0 6	PO0 7	PO0 8	PO0 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO1 2	PS O1	PS O2	
CC	1 3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2			
CC	2 3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2			
CC	3 3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2			
CC	94 3	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2			
CC	5 3	3	2	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2			
AV		3	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2			

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

OPERATING SYSTEMS

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics and functions of operating systems.
- To understand Processes and Threads
- To analyze Scheduling algorithms and process synchronization.
- To understand the concept of Deadlocks.
- To analyze various memory management schemes.
- To be familiar with I/O management and File systems.
- To be familiar with the basics of virtual machines and Mobile OS like iOS and Android.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Computer System - Elements and organization; Operating System Overview - Objectives and Functions - Evolution of Operating System; Operating System Structures – Operating System Services - User Operating System Interface - System Calls – System Programs - Design and Implementation - Structuring methods.

UNIT II PROCESS MANAGEMENT

Processes - Process Concept - Process Scheduling - Operations on Processes - Inter-process Communication; CPU Scheduling - Scheduling criteria - Scheduling algorithms: Threads - Multithread Models – Threading issues; Process Synchronization - The critical-section problem - Synchronization hardware – Semaphores – Mutex - Classical problems of synchronization - Monitors; Deadlock - Methods for handling deadlocks, Deadlock prevention, Deadlock avoidance, Deadlock detection, Recovery from deadlock.

UNIT III MEMORY MANAGEMENT

Main Memory - Swapping - Contiguous Memory Allocation – Paging - Structure of the Page Table -Segmentation, Segmentation with paging; Virtual Memory - Demand Paging – Copy on Write -Page Replacement - Allocation of Frames – Thrashing.

UNIT IV STORAGE MANAGEMENT

Mass Storage system – Disk Structure - Disk Scheduling and Management; File-System Interface - File concept - Access methods - Directory Structure - Directory organization - File system mounting - File Sharing and Protection; File System Implementation - File System Structure - Directory implementation - Allocation Methods - Free Space Management; I/O Systems – I/O Hardware, Application I/O interface, Kernel I/O subsystem.

UNIT V VIRTUAL MACHINES AND MOBILE OS

Virtual Machines – History, Benefits and Features, Building Blocks, Types of Virtual Machines and their Implementations, Virtualization and Operating-System Components; Mobile OS - iOS and Android.

PRACTICAL EXERCISES:

- 1. Installation of Operating system : Windows/ Linux
- 2. Illustrate UNIX commands and Shell Programming
- 3. Process Management using System Calls : Fork, Exec, Getpid, Exit, Wait, Close
- 4. Write C programs to implement the various CPU Scheduling Algorithms

10

7

11

10

7

45 PERIODS 30 PERIODS

- 5. Illustrate the inter process communication strategy
- 6. Implement mutual exclusion by Semaphores
- 7. Write a C program to avoid Deadlock using Banker's Algorithm
- 8. Write a C program to Implement Deadlock Detection Algorithm
- 9. Write C program to implement Threading
- 10. Implement the paging Technique using C program
- Write C programs to implement the following Memory Allocation Methods

 a. First Fit
 b. Worst Fit
 c. Best Fit
- 2. Write C programs to implement the various Page Replacement Algorithms
- 3. Write C programs to Implement the various File Organization Techniques
- Implement the following File Allocation Strategies using C programs
 a. Sequential
 b. Indexed
 c. Linked
- 5. Write C programs for the implementation of various disk scheduling algorithms

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the students will be able to:

CO1: Analyze various scheduling algorithms and process synchronization.

- CO2 : Explain deadlock, prevention and avoidance algorithms.
- CO3 : Compare and contrast various memory management schemes.
- CO4 : Explain the functionality of file systems I/O systems, and Virtualization

CO5 : Compare iOS and Android Operating Systems.

TEXTBOOKS

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin and Greg Gagne, "Operating System Concepts", 9th Edition, John Wiley and Sons Inc., 2018.

TOTAL:75 PERIODS

2. Andrew S Tanenbaum, "Modern Operating Systems", Pearson, 4th Edition, New Delhi, 2016.

REFERENCES

- 1. Ramaz Elmasri, A. Gil Carrick, David Levine, "Operating Systems A Spiral Approach", Tata McGraw Hill Edition, 2010.
- 2. William Stallings, "Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles", 7th Edition, Prentice Hall, 2018.
- 3. Achyut S.Godbole, Atul Kahate, "Operating Systems", McGraw Hill Education, 2016.

		_			100 March 100 Ma		and the second second second			and the second second		10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1			
						PC)'s							PSO's	;
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	2	2	1	2
2	2	3	1	3	1	-	-	-	3	2	2	3	3	3	1
3	2	2	3	3	2	-	-	-	3	1	1	2	1	1	1
4	2	2	1	2	1	-	-	-	1	3	2	1	1	1	2
5	2	3	3	2	1	-	-	-	3	1	2	1	3	1	2
AVG	2	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	1	2

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

MACHINE LEARNING

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basic concepts of machine learning.
- To understand and build supervised learning models.
- To understand and build unsupervised learning models.
- To evaluate the algorithms based on corresponding metrics identified

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO MACHINE LEARNING

Review of Linear Algebra for machine learning; Introduction and motivation for machine learning; Examples of machine learning applications, Vapnik-Chervonenkis (VC) dimension, Probably Approximately Correct (PAC) learning, Hypothesis spaces, Inductive bias, Generalization, Bias variance trade-off.

UNIT II SUPERVISED LEARNING

Linear Regression Models: Least squares, single & multiple variables, Bayesian linear regression, gradient descent, Linear Classification Models: Discriminant function - Perceptron algorithm, Probabilistic discriminative model - Logistic regression, Probabilistic generative model - Naive Bayes, Maximum margin classifier - Support vector machine, Decision Tree, Random Forests

UNIT III ENSEMBLE TECHNIQUES AND UNSUPERVISED LEARNING

Combining multiple learners: Model combination schemes, Voting, Ensemble Learning - bagging, boosting, stacking, Unsupervised learning: K-means, Instance Based Learning: KNN, Gaussian mixture models and Expectation maximization.

UNIT IV **NEURAL NETWORKS**

Multilayer perceptron, activation functions, network training - gradient descent optimization stochastic gradient descent, error backpropagation, from shallow networks to deep networks -Unit saturation (aka the vanishing gradient problem) - ReLU, hyperparameter tuning, batch normalization, regularization, dropout.

UNIT V **DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF MACHINE LEARNING EXPERIMENTS**

Guidelines for machine learning experiments, Cross Validation (CV) and resampling - K-fold CV, bootstrapping, measuring classifier performance, assessing a single classification algorithm and comparing two classification algorithms - t test, McNemar's test, K-fold CV paired t test

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the students will be able to:

CO1: Explain the basic concepts of machine learning.

- CO2 : Construct supervised learning models.
- CO3 : Construct unsupervised learning algorithms.
- CO4: Evaluate and compare different models

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. Ethem Alpaydin, "Introduction to Machine Learning", MIT Press, Fourth Edition, 2020.
- 2. Stephen Marsland, "Machine Learning: An Algorithmic Perspective, "Second Edition", CRC Press, 2014.

9

9

8

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

11

REFERENCES:

- 1. Christopher M. Bishop, "Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning", Springer, 2006.
- 2. Tom Mitchell, "Machine Learning", McGraw Hill, 3rd Edition, 1997.
- 3. Mehryar Mohri, Afshin Rostamizadeh, Ameet Talwalkar, "Foundations of Machine Learning", Second Edition, MIT Press, 2012, 2018.
- 4. Ian Goodfellow, Yoshua Bengio, Aaron Courville, "Deep Learning", MIT Press, 2016
- 5. Sebastain Raschka, Vahid Mirjalili , "Python Machine Learning", Packt publishing, 3rd Edition, 2019.

						PC)'s							PSO's	;
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	2	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	3	3	2	2	2	2	1
2	1	3	3	1	2	-	-		2	2	2	1	3	1	1
3	2	1	3	3	2	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	2	1
4	2	3	3	2	1	-	-	-	3	2	3	2	1	2	1
5	1	1	3	3	1	1	-	- /	3	1	1	3	3	3	2
AVG	2	2	3	2	2	-		-	2	2	2	2	2	2	1

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

AD3491

FUNDAMENTALS OF DATA SCIENCE AND ANALYTICS

L T P C 3 0 0 3

80

10

09

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the techniques and processes of data science
- To apply descriptive data analytics
- To visualize data for various applications
- To understand inferential data analytics
- To analysis and build predictive models from data

UNIT I

INTRODUCTION TO DATA SCIENCE

Need for data science – benefits and uses – facets of data – data science process – setting the research goal – retrieving data – cleansing, integrating, and transforming data – exploratory data analysis – build the models – presenting and building applications.

UNIT II DESCRIPTIVE ANALYTICS

Frequency distributions – Outliers –interpreting distributions – graphs – averages - describing variability – interquartile range – variability for qualitative and ranked data - Normal distributions – z scores –correlation – scatter plots – regression – regression line – least squares regression line – standard error of estimate – interpretation of r^2 – multiple regression equations – regression toward the mean.

UNIT III INFERENTIAL STATISTICS

Populations – samples – random sampling – Sampling distribution- standard error of the mean -Hypothesis testing – z-test – z-test procedure –decision rule – calculations – decisions – interpretations - one-tailed and two-tailed tests – Estimation – point estimate – confidence interval – level of confidence – effect of sample size.

UNIT IV ANALYSIS OF VARIANCE

t-test for one sample – sampling distribution of t – t-test procedure – t-test for two independent samples – p-value – statistical significance – t-test for two related samples. F-test – ANOVA – Two-factor experiments – three f-tests – two-factor ANOVA –Introduction to chi-square tests.

UNIT V PREDICTIVE ANALYTICS

Linear least squares – implementation – goodness of fit – testing a linear model – weighted resampling. Regression using StatsModels – multiple regression – nonlinear relationships – logistic regression – estimating parameters – Time series analysis – moving averages – missing values – serial correlation – autocorrelation. Introduction to survival analysis.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- CO1: Explain the data analytics pipeline
- **CO2:** Describe and visualize data
- CO3 : Perform statistical inferences from data
- CO4 : Analyze the variance in the data
- CO5 : Build models for predictive analytics

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. David Cielen, Arno D. B. Meysman, and Mohamed Ali, "Introducing Data Science", Manning Publications, 2016. (first two chapters for Unit I).
- 2. Robert S. Witte and John S. Witte, "Statistics", Eleventh Edition, Wiley Publications, 2017.
- 3. Jake VanderPlas, "Python Data Science Handbook", O'Reilly, 2016.

REFERENCES

- 1. Allen B. Downey, "Think Stats: Exploratory Data Analysis in Python", Green Tea Press, 2014.
- 2. Sanjeev J. Wagh, Manisha S. Bhende, Anuradha D. Thakare, "Fundamentals of Data Science", CRC Press, 2022.
- 3. Chirag Shah, "A Hands-On Introduction to Data Science", Cambridge University Press, 2020.
- 4. Vineet Raina, Srinath Krishnamurthy, "Building an Effective Data Science Practice: A Framework to Bootstrap and Manage a Successful Data Science Practice", Apress, 2021.

						PC)'s							PSO's	5
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	1	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	3	1	3	2	3	3	1
2	1	1	2	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	3	2	3	1	1
3	1	1	3	1	1	-	-	-	2	3	1	1	2	3	1
4	2	3	1	3	1	-	-	-	3	3	3	3	3	2	2
5	2	1	1	1	2	-	-	-	3	3	1	3	2	2	1
AVG	1	1	2	2	2	-	-	-	3	2	2	2	3	2	1

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

74

09 iahtea

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

CS3591

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the concept of layering in networks. •
- To know the functions of protocols of each layer of TCP/IP protocol suite.
- To visualize the end-to-end flow of information. •
- To learn the functions of network layer and the various routing protocols
- To familiarize the functions and protocols of the Transport layer

UNIT I INTRODUCTION AND APPLICATION LAYER

Data Communication - Networks - Network Types - Protocol Layering - TCP/IP Protocol suite -OSI Model – Introduction to Sockets - Application Layer protocols: HTTP – FTP – Email protocols (SMTP - POP3 - IMAP - MIME) - DNS - SNMP

COMPUTER NETWORKS

UNIT II TRANSPORT LAYER

Introduction - Transport-Layer Protocols: UDP - TCP: Connection Management - Flow control -Congestion Control - Congestion avoidance (DECbit, RED) - SCTP - Quality of Service

UNIT III NETWORK LAYER

Switching : Packet Switching - Internet protocol - IPV4 - IP Addressing - Subnetting - IPV6, ARP, RARP, ICMP, DHCP

UNIT IV ROUTING

Routing and protocols: Unicast routing - Distance Vector Routing - RIP - Link State Routing -OSPF - Path-vector routing - BGP - Multicast Routing: DVMRP - PIM.

UNIT V DATA LINK AND PHYSICAL LAYERS

Data Link Layer - Framing - Flow control - Error control - Data-Link Layer Protocols - HDLC -PPP - Media Access Control – Ethernet Basics – CSMA/CD – Virtual LAN – Wireless LAN (802.11) - Physical Layer: Data and Signals - Performance - Transmission media- Switching - Circuit Switching.

PRACTICAL EXERCISES:

1. Learn to use commands like tcpdump, netstat, ifconfig, nslookup and traceroute. Capture ping and trace route PDUs using a network protocol analyzer and examine.

- 2. Write a HTTP web client program to download a web page using TCP sockets.
- 3. Applications using TCP sockets like: a) Echo client and echo server b) Chat
- Simulation of DNS using UDP sockets.
- 5. Use a tool like Wireshark to capture packets and examine the packets
- 6. Write a code simulating ARP /RARP protocols.
- 7. Study of Network simulator (NS) and Simulation of Congestion Control Algorithms using NS.
- 8. Study of TCP/UDP performance using Simulation tool.
- 9. Simulation of Distance Vector/Link State Routing algorithm.
- 10. Simulation of an error correction code (like CRC)

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the students will be able to:

CO 1: Explain the basic layers and its functions in computer networks.

75

7

12

45 PERIODS

30 PERIODS

9

7

10

LTPC 3 0 2 4

- **CO 2:** Understand the basics of how data flows from one node to another.
- **CO 3:** Analyze routing algorithms.
- **CO 4:** Describe protocols for various functions in the network.
- **CO 5:** Analyze the working of various application layer protocols.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. James F. Kurose, Keith W. Ross, Computer Networking, A Top-Down Approach Featuring the Internet, Eighth Edition, Pearson Education, 2021.
- 2. Behrouz A. Forouzan, Data Communications and Networking with TCP/IP Protocol Suite, Sixth Edition TMH, 2022

REFERENCES

- 1. Larry L. Peterson, Bruce S. Davie, Computer Networks: A Systems Approach, Fifth Edition, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers Inc., 2012.
- 2. William Stallings, Data and Computer Communications, Tenth Edition, Pearson Education, 2013.
- 3. Nader F. Mir, Computer and Communication Networks, Second Edition, Prentice Hall, 2014.
- 4. Ying-Dar Lin, Ren-Hung Hwang, Fred Baker, "Computer Networks: An Open Source Approach", McGraw Hill, 2012.

						PC)'s							PSO's	;
CO's	1	2	3	4	11	12	1	2	3						
1	3	1	2	3	6-	-		1	1	1	3	1	3	2	1
2	3	2	1	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	1	3	2	3
3	2	2	3	2	1	-	-	-	3	3	1	2	1	1	3
4	1	3	1	3	1	-	-	-	1	2	1	1	1	3	1
5	3	3	1	1	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
AVG	2	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	1	2	2	2

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

GE3451

ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES AND SUSTAINABILITY L T P C

2 0 0 2

TOTAL:75 PERIODS

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the basic concepts of environment, ecosystems and biodiversity and emphasize on the biodiversity of India and its conservation.
- To impart knowledge on the causes, effects and control or prevention measures of environmental pollution and natural disasters.
- To facilitate the understanding of global and Indian scenario of renewable and nonrenewable resources, causes of their degradation and measures to preserve them.
- To familiarize the concept of sustainable development goals and appreciate the interdependence of economic and social aspects of sustainability, recognize and analyze climate changes, concept of carbon credit and the challenges of environmental management.
- To inculcate and embrace sustainability practices and develop a broader understanding on green materials, energy cycles and analyze the role of sustainable urbanization.

UNIT I ENVIRONMENT AND BIODIVERSITY

Definition, scope and importance of environment – need for public awareness. Eco-system and Energy flow– ecological succession. Types of biodiversity: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity– values of biodiversity, India as a mega-diversity nation – hot-spots of biodiversity – threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts – endangered and endemic species of India – conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and ex-situ.

UNIT II ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION

Causes, Effects and Preventive measures of Water, Soil, Air and Noise Pollutions. Solid, Hazardous and E-Waste management. Case studies on Occupational Health and Safety Management system (OHASMS). Environmental protection, Environmental protection acts.

UNIT III RENEWABLE SOURCES OF ENERGY

Energy management and conservation, New Energy Sources: Need of new sources. Different types new energy sources. Applications of-Hydrogen energy, Ocean energy resources, Tidal energy conversion. Concept, origin and power plants of geothermal energy.

UNIT IV SUSTAINABILITY AND MANAGEMENT

Development, GDP, Sustainability- concept, needs and challenges-economic, social and aspects of sustainability-from unsustainability to sustainability-millennium development goals, and protocols-Sustainable Development Goals-targets, indicators and intervention areas Climate change- Global, Regional and local environmental issues and possible solutions-case studies. Concept of Carbon Credit, Carbon Footprint. Environmental management in industry-A case study.

UNIT V SUSTAINABILITY PRACTICES

Zero waste and R concept, Circular economy, ISO 14000 Series, Material Life cycle assessment, Environmental Impact Assessment. Sustainable habitat: Green buildings, Green materials, Energy efficiency, Sustainable transports. Sustainable energy: Non-conventional Sources, Energy Cyclescarbon cycle, emission and sequestration, Green Engineering: Sustainable urbanization- Socioeconomical and technological change.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1:To recognize and understand the functions of environment, ecosystems and biodiversity and their conservation.

CO2:To identify the causes, effects of environmental pollution and natural disasters and contribute to the preventive measures in the society.

CO3:To identify and apply the understanding of renewable and non-renewable resources and contribute to the sustainable measures to preserve them for future generations.

CO4:To recognize the different goals of sustainable development and apply them for suitable technological advancement and societal development.

CO5:To demonstrate the knowledge of sustainability practices and identify green materials, energy cycles and the role of sustainable urbanization.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Anubha Kaushik and C. P. Kaushik's "Perspectives in Environmental Studies", 6th Edition, New Age International Publishers ,2018.

9

6

6

- 2. Benny Joseph, 'Environmental Science and Engineering', Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2016.
- 3. Gilbert M.Masters, 'Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science', 2nd edition, Pearson Education, 2004.
- 4. Allen, D. T. and Shonnard, D. R., Sustainability Engineering: Concepts, Design and Case Studies, Prentice Hall.
- 5. Bradley. A.S; Adebayo, A.O., Maria, P. Engineering applications in sustainable design and development, Cengage learning.
- 6. Environment Impact Assessment Guidelines, Notification of Government of India, 2006.
- 7. Mackenthun, K.M., Basic Concepts in Environmental Management, Lewis Publication, London, 1998.

REFERENCES:

- 1. R.K. Trivedi, 'Handbook of Environmental Laws, Rules, Guidelines, Compliances and Standards', Vol. I and II, Enviro Media. 38 . edition 2010.
- 2. Cunningham, W.P. Cooper, T.H. Gorhani, 'Environmental Encyclopedia', Jaico Publ., House, Mumbai, 2001.
- 3. Dharmendra S. Sengar, 'Environmental law', Prentice hall of India PVT. LTD, New Delhi, 2007.
- 4. Rajagopalan, R, 'Environmental Studies-From Crisis to Cure', Oxford University Press, Third Edition, 2015.
- 5. Erach Bharucha "Textbook of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses" Orient Blackswan Pvt. Ltd. 2013.

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

СО			Р	0									PS	60	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	2	1	-	-	-	2	3	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
2	3	2	-	ł	-	3	3	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
3	3	-	1		-	2	2	-	-	- /	-	2	-	-	-
4	3	2	1	1	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	2	- 1	-	-
5	3	2	1	-	-	2	2	-	12		-	1	-	-	-
Avg.	2.8	1.8	1	1	-	2.2	2.4	-		-	<u></u>	1.8	-	-	-

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

AD3411

DATA SCIENCE AND ANALYTICS LABORATORY

L T P C 0 0 4 2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To develop data analytic code in python
- To be able to use python libraries for handling data
- To develop analytical applications using python
- To perform data visualization using plots

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

Tools: Python, Numpy, Scipy, Matplotlib, Pandas, statmodels, seaborn, plotly, bokeh

Working with Numpy arrays

- 1. Working with Pandas data frames
- 2. Basic plots using Matplotlib
- 3. Frequency distributions, Averages, Variability
- 4. Normal curves, Correlation and scatter plots, Correlation coefficient
- 5. Regression
- 6. Z-test
- 7. T-test
- 8. ANOVA
- 9. Building and validating linear models
- 10. Building and validating logistic models
- 11. Time series analysis

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

- CO1. Write python programs to handle data using Numpy and Pandas
- CO2. Perform descriptive analytics
- CO3. Perform data exploration using Matplotlib
- CO4. Perform inferential data analytics
- CO5. Build models of predictive analytics

REFERENCES

- 1. Jake VanderPlas, "Python Data Science Handbook", O'Reilly, 2016.
- 2. Allen B. Downey, "Think Stats: Exploratory Data Analysis in Python", Green Tea Press, 2014.
- Data Analysis and Visualization Using Python, Analyze Data to Create Visualizations for BI Systems — Dr. Ossama Embarak

						PC)'s							PSO's	;
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	2	2	2	3	1.1	-	-	-	2	2	3	3	3	2	1
2	1	2	1	2	2	-	-	-	1	2	3	1	3	2	1
3	2	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	3	1	1	2	2	3	1
4	2	3	1	3	2	-	-	-	2	3	1	2	2	1	3
5	3	1	1	1	2	-	-	-	1	2	2	3	2	2	1
AVG	2	2	1	2	2	-	-		2	2	2	2	2	2	1

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

AD3461

MACHINE LEARNING LABORATORY

L T P C 0 0 4 2

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the data sets and apply suitable algorithms for selecting the appropriate features for analysis.
- To learn to implement supervised machine learning algorithms on standard datasets and evaluate the performance.
- To experiment the unsupervised machine learning algorithms on standard datasets and evaluate the performance.
- To build the graph based learning models for standard data sets.

• To compare the performance of different ML algorithms and select the suitable one based on the application.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. For a given set of training data examples stored in a .CSV file, implement and demonstrate the **Candidate-Elimination algorithm** to output a description of the set of all hypotheses consistent with the training examples.
- 2. Write a program to demonstrate the working of the decision tree based **ID3 algorithm**. Use an appropriate data set for building the decision tree and apply this knowledge to classify a new sample.
- 3. Build an Artificial Neural Network by implementing the **Backpropagation algorithm** and test the same using appropriate data sets.
- 4. Write a program to implement the **naïve Bayesian classifier** for a sample training data set stored as a .CSV file and compute the accuracy with a few test data sets.
- 5. Implement **naïve Bayesian Classifier** model to classify a set of documents and measure the accuracy, precision, and recall.
- 6. Write a program to construct a **Bayesian network to** diagnose CORONA infection using standard WHO Data Set.
- 7. Apply **EM algorithm** to cluster a set of data stored in a .CSV file. Use the same data set for clustering using the k-Means **algorithm**. Compare the results of these two algorithms.
- 8. Write a program to implement *k*-Nearest Neighbour algorithm to classify the iris data set. Print both correct and wrong predictions.
- 9. Implement the non-parametric **Locally Weighted Regression algorithm** in order to fit data points. Select an appropriate data set for your experiment and draw graphs.

TOTAL:60 PERIODS

List of Equipments: (30 Students per Batch)

The programs can be implemented in either Python or R.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the students will be able to:

CO1:Apply suitable algorithms for selecting the appropriate features for analysis.

CO2:Implement supervised machine learning algorithms on standard datasets and evaluate the performance.

CO3:Apply unsupervised machine learning algorithms on standard datasets and evaluate the performance.

CO4:Build the graph based learning models for standard data sets.

CO5:Assess and compare the performance of different ML algorithms and select the suitable one based on the application.

						PC)'s							PSO's	;
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	1	2	3	3	3	2	1
2	2	1	1	3	2	-	-	-	3	2	3	2	3	1	1
3	2	2	1	1	2	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	2	3	3
4	2	2	3	3	2	-	-	-	1	2	1	1	1	2	2
5	2	2	3	1	2	-	-	-	3	1	1	1	2	1	2
AVG	2	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

AD3501

DEEP LEARNING

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand and need and principles of deep neural networks •
- To understand CNN and RNN architectures of deep neural networks •
- To comprehend advanced deep learning models
- To learn the evaluation metrics for deep learning models

UNIT I **DEEP NETWORKS BASICS**

Linear Algebra: Scalars -- Vectors -- Matrices and tensors; Probability Distributions -- Gradientbased Optimization - Machine Learning Basics: Capacity -- Overfitting and underfitting --Hyperparameters and validation sets -- Estimators -- Bias and variance -- Stochastic gradient descent -- Challenges motivating deep learning; Deep Networks: Deep feedforward networks; Regularization -- Optimization.

UNIT II **CONVOLUTIONAL NEURAL NETWORKS**

Convolution Operation -- Sparse Interactions -- Parameter Sharing -- Equivariance -- Pooling --Convolution Variants: Strided -- Tiled -- Transposed and dilated convolutions; CNN Learning: Nonlinearity Functions -- Loss Functions -- Regularization -- Optimizers -- Gradient Computation.

UNIT III **RECURRENT NEURAL NETWORKS**

Unfolding Graphs -- RNN Design Patterns: Acceptor -- Encoder -- Transducer; Gradient Computation -- Sequence Modeling Conditioned on Contexts -- Bidirectional RNN -- Sequence to Sequence RNN - Deep Recurrent Networks -- Recursive Neural Networks -- Long Term Dependencies; Leaky Units: Skip connections and dropouts; Gated Architecture: LSTM.

UNIT IV MODEL EVALUATION

Performance metrics -- Baseline Models -- Hyperparameters: Manual Hyperparameter -- Automatic Hyperparameter -- Grid search -- Random search -- Debugging strategies.

UNIT V AUTOENCODERS AND GENERATIVE MODELS

Autoencoders: Undercomplete autoencoders -- Regularized autoencoders -- Stochastic encoders and decoders -- Learning with autoencoders; Deep Generative Models: Variational autoencoders --Generative adversarial networks.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After the completion of this course, students will be able to:

CO1: Explain the basics in deep neural networks

CO2: Apply Convolution Neural Network for image processing

CO3: Apply Recurrent Neural Network and its variants for text analysis

CO4: Apply model evaluation for various applications

CO5: Apply autoencoders and generative models for suitable applications

TEXT BOOK

1. Ian Goodfellow, Yoshua Bengio, Aaron Courville, ``Deep Learning", MIT Press, 2016.

81

Page 125 of 437

2. Andrew Glassner, "Deep Learning: A Visual Approach", No Starch Press, 2021.

8

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

9

10

REFERENCES

1. Salman Khan, Hossein Rahmani, Syed Afaq Ali Shah, Mohammed Bennamoun, ``A Guide to Convolutional Neural Networks for Computer Vision", Synthesis Lectures on Computer Vision, Morgan & Claypool publishers, 2018.

2. Yoav Goldberg, ``Neural Network Methods for Natural Language Processing", Synthesis Lectures on Human Language Technologies, Morgan & Claypool publishers, 2017.

3. Francois Chollet, ``Deep Learning with Python", Manning Publications Co, 2018.

4. Charu C. Aggarwal, ``Neural Networks and Deep Learning: A Textbook'', Springer International Publishing, 2018.

5. Josh Patterson, Adam Gibson, ``Deep Learning: A Practitioner's Approach", O'Reilly Media, 2017.

						PC)'s							PSO's	5
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	2	2	3	1	-	-	-	2	3	1	2	3	3	3
2	2	2	2	3	3	1	-	-7	1	2	2	3	1	1	3
3	3	3	3	3	3	5	1	-	2	1	1	2	2	1	3
4	3	3	1	1	1	, F	-		1	3	1	3	2	1	1
5	3	2	2	2	3		-		2	3	2	2	2	3	3
AVG	2.8	2.4	2	2.4	2.2	-	-	-	1.6	2.4	1.4	2.4	2	1.8	2.6

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CW3551

DATA AND INFORMATION SECURITY

L T P C 3 0 0 3

9

9

9

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics of Information Security
- To know the legal, ethical and professional issues in Information Security
- To equip the students' knowledge on digital signature, email security and web security

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

History, What is Information Security?, Critical Characteristics of Information, NSTISSC Security Model, Components of an Information System, Securing the Components, Balancing Security and Access, The SDLC, The Security SDLC

UNIT II SECURITY INVESTIGATION

Need for Security, Business Needs, Threats, Attacks, Legal, Ethical and Professional Issues - An Overview of Computer Security - Access Control Matrix, Policy-Security policies, Confidentiality policies, Integrity policies and Hybrid policies

UNIT III DIGITAL SIGNATURE AND AUTHENTICATION

Digital Signature and Authentication Schemes: Digital signature-Digital Signature Schemes and their Variants- Digital Signature Standards-Authentication: Overview- Requirements Protocols - Applications - Kerberos -X.509 Directory Services

UNIT IV E-MAIL AND IP SECURITY

E-mail and IP Security: Electronic mail security: Email Architecture -PGP – Operational Descriptions- Key management- Trust Model- S/MIME.IP Security: Overview- Architecture - ESP, AH Protocols IPSec Modes – Security association - Key management.

UNIT V WEB SECURITY

Web Security: Requirements- Secure Sockets Layer- Objectives-Layers -SSL secure communication-Protocols - Transport Level Security. Secure Electronic Transaction- Entities DS Verification-SET processing.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

CO1: Understand the basics of data and information security

CO2:Understand the legal, ethical and professional issues in information security

CO3: Understand the various authentication schemes to simulate different applications.

CO4:Understand various security practices and system security standards

CO5: Understand the Web security protocols for E-Commerce applications

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Michael E Whitman and Herbert J Mattord, "Principles of Information Security, Course Technology, 6th Edition, 2017.
- 2. Stallings William. Cryptography and Network Security: Principles and Practice, Seventh Edition, Pearson Education, 2017.

REFERENCES

- 1. Harold F. Tipton, Micki Krause Nozaki,, "Information Security Management Handbook, Volume 6, 6th Edition, 2016.
- 2. Stuart McClure, Joel Scrambray, George Kurtz, "Hacking Exposed", McGraw- Hill, Seventh Edition, 2012.
- 3. Matt Bishop, "Computer Security Art and Science, Addison Wesley Reprint Edition, 2015.
- 4. Behrouz A Forouzan, Debdeep Mukhopadhyay, Cryptography And network security, 3rd Edition, . McGraw-Hill Education, 2015.

						PC)'s							PSO's	;
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	2	3	1	1. A. A.	-			1	3	1	2	3	1	1
2	1	3	3	3	2		K 🖸 I	-	1	2	2	2	1	2	2
3	2	3	3	3	1	-	-	-	1	3	1	2	1	2	1
4	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	-	3	1	1	3	2	3	3
5	3	2	2	3	2	-	-	-	1	2	1	2	2	2	1
AVG	2.4	2.6	2.4	2.2	1.5	-	-	-	1.4	2.2	1.2	2.2	1.8	2	1.6

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CS3551

DISTRIBUTED COMPUTING

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the computation and communication models of distributed systems
- To illustrate the issues of synchronization and collection of information in distributed systems

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

9

- To describe distributed mutual exclusion and distributed deadlock detection techniques
- To elucidate agreement protocols and fault tolerance mechanisms in distributed systems
- To explain the cloud computing models and the underlying concepts

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Introduction: Definition-Relation to Computer System Components – Motivation – Message -Passing Systems versus Shared Memory Systems – Primitives for Distributed Communication – Synchronous versus Asynchronous Executions – Design Issues and Challenges; A Model of Distributed Computations: A Distributed Program – A Model of Distributed Executions – Models of Communication Networks – Global State of a Distributed System.

UNIT II LOGICAL TIME AND GLOBAL STATE

Logical Time: Physical Clock Synchronization: NTP – A Framework for a System of Logical Clocks – Scalar Time – Vector Time; Message Ordering and Group Communication: Message Ordering Paradigms – Asynchronous Execution with Synchronous Communication – Synchronous Program Order on Asynchronous System – Group Communication – Causal Order – Total Order; Global State and Snapshot Recording Algorithms: Introduction – System Model and Definitions – Snapshot Algorithms for FIFO Channels.

UNIT III DISTRIBUTED MUTEX AND DEADLOCK

Distributed Mutual exclusion Algorithms: Introduction – Preliminaries – Lamport's algorithm – Ricart- Agrawala's Algorithm — Token-Based Algorithms – Suzuki-Kasami's Broadcast Algorithm; Deadlock Detection in Distributed Systems: Introduction – System Model – Preliminaries – Models of Deadlocks – Chandy-Misra-Haas Algorithm for the AND model and OR Model.

UNIT IV CONSENSUS AND RECOVERY

Consensus and Agreement Algorithms: Problem Definition – Overview of Results – Agreement in a Failure-Free System(Synchronous and Asynchronous) – Agreement in Synchronous Systems with Failures; Checkpointing and Rollback Recovery: Introduction – Background and Definitions – Issues in Failure Recovery – Checkpoint-based Recovery – Coordinated Checkpointing Algorithm - Algorithm for Asynchronous Checkpointing and Recovery

UNIT V CLOUD COMPUTING

Definition of Cloud Computing – Characteristics of Cloud – Cloud Deployment Models – Cloud Service Models – Driving Factors and Challenges of Cloud – Virtualization – Load Balancing – Scalability and Elasticity – Replication – Monitoring – Cloud Services and Platforms: Compute Services – Storage Services – Application Services

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon the completion of this course, the student will be able to

- CO1: Explain the foundations of distributed systems (K2)
- CO2: Solve synchronization and state consistency problems (K3)
- CO3 Use resource sharing techniques in distributed systems (K3)
- CO4: Apply working model of consensus and reliability of distributed systems (K3)
- **CO5:** Explain the fundamentals of cloud computing (K2)

TEXT BOOKS

1. Kshemkalyani Ajay D, Mukesh Singhal, "Distributed Computing: Principles, Algorithms and Systems", Cambridge Press, 2011.

TOTAL :45 PERIODS

10

10

10

7

2. Mukesh Singhal, Niranjan G Shivaratri, "Advanced Concepts in Operating systems", Mc-Graw Hill Publishers, 1994.

REFERENCES

- 1. George Coulouris, Jean Dollimore, Time Kindberg, "Distributed Systems Concepts and Design", Fifth Edition, Pearson Education, 2012.
- 2. Pradeep L Sinha, "Distributed Operating Systems: Concepts and Design", Prentice Hall of India, 2007.
- 3. Tanenbaum A S, Van Steen M, "Distributed Systems: Principles and Paradigms", Pearson Education, 2007.
- 4. Liu M L, "Distributed Computing: Principles and Applications", Pearson Education, 2004.
- 5. Nancy A Lynch, "Distributed Algorithms", Morgan Kaufman Publishers, 2003.
- 6. Arshdeep Bagga, Vijay Madisetti, " Cloud Computing: A Hands-On Approach", Universities Press, 2014.

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

CO's	PO's												PSO'	S	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	2	2	3	3	1	1		-	2	1	3	3	2	1	1
2	1	3	2	1	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	1	3	2
3	2	2	1	3	3	-	-	-	3	2	1	1	1	2	1
4	1	2	2	3	1	-	-	-	3	3	2	1	3	1	1
5	3	3	1	2	3		2.5	-	3	3	3	1	3	2	3
AVg.	1.8	2.4	1.8	2.4	2		-	-	2.6	2.2	2.2	1.6	2	1.8	1.6

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CCS334

BIG DATA ANALYTICS

L T P C 2 0 2 3

5

7

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand big data.
- To learn and use NoSQL big data management.
- To learn mapreduce analytics using Hadoop and related tools.
- To work with map reduce applications
- To understand the usage of Hadoop related tools for Big Data Analytics

UNIT I UNDERSTANDING BIG DATA

Introduction to big data – convergence of key trends – unstructured data – industry examples of big data – web analytics – big data applications– big data technologies – introduction to Hadoop – open source technologies – cloud and big data – mobile business intelligence – Crowd sourcing analytics – inter and trans firewall analytics.

UNIT II NOSQL DATA MANAGEMENT

Introduction to NoSQL – aggregate data models – key-value and document data models – relationships – graph databases – schemaless databases – materialized views – distribution models – master-slave replication – consistency - Cassandra – Cassandra data model – Cassandra examples – Cassandra clients

UNIT IV MAP REDUCE APPLICATIONS

MapReduce workflows - unit tests with MRUnit - test data and local tests - anatomy of MapReduce job run - classic Map-reduce - YARN - failures in classic Map-reduce and YARN job scheduling – shuffle and sort – task execution – MapReduce types – input formats – output formats.

UNIT III **BASICS OF HADOOP**

Data format – analyzing data with Hadoop – scaling out – Hadoop streaming – Hadoop pipes – design of Hadoop distributed file system (HDFS) - HDFS concepts - Java interface - data flow -Hadoop I/O - data integrity - compression - serialization - Avro - file-based data structures -Cassandra - Hadoop integration.

UNIT V HADOOP RELATED TOOLS

Hbase – data model and implementations – Hbase clients – Hbase examples – praxis. Pig – Grunt – pig data model – Pig Latin – developing and testing Pig Latin scripts. Hive – data types and file formats – HiveQL data definition – HiveQL data manipulation – HiveQL queries.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After the completion of this course, students will be able to:

CO1: Describe big data and use cases from selected business domains.

CO2: Explain NoSQL big data management.

CO3:Install, configure, and run Hadoop and HDFS.

CO4: Perform map-reduce analytics using Hadoop.

CO5: Use Hadoop-related tools such as HBase, Cassandra, Pig, and Hive for big data analytics.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Downloading and installing Hadoop; Understanding different Hadoop modes. Startup scripts, Configuration files.

2. Hadoop Implementation of file management tasks, such as Adding files and directories, retrieving files and Deleting files

- 3. Implement of Matrix Multiplication with Hadoop Map Reduce
- 4. Run a basic Word Count Map Reduce program to understand Map Reduce Paradigm.
- 5. Installation of Hive along with practice examples.
- 7. Installation of HBase, Installing thrift along with Practice examples

8. Practice importing and exporting data from various databases.

Software Requirements:

Cassandra, Hadoop, Java, Pig, Hive and HBase.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Michael Minelli, Michelle Chambers, and AmbigaDhiraj, "Big Data, Big Analytics: Emerging Business Intelligence and Analytic Trends for Today's Businesses", Wiley, 2013.
- 2. Eric Sammer, "Hadoop Operations", O'Reilley, 2012.
- 3. Sadalage, Pramod J. "NoSQL distilled", 2013

REFERENCES:

- E. Capriolo, D. Wampler, and J. Rutherglen, "Programming Hive", O'Reilley, 2012. 1.
- 2. Lars George, "HBase: The Definitive Guide", O'Reilley, 2011.
- 3. Eben Hewitt, "Cassandra: The Definitive Guide", O'Reilley, 2010.

TOTAL:60 PERIODS

30 PERIODS

30 PERIODS

6

6

4. Alan Gates, "Programming Pig", O'Reilley, 2011.

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

CO's	PO's												PSC	's	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	2	2	3	1	1	3	3
2	3	3	2	3	2	-	-	-	2	2	3	3	2	3	2
3	3	3	3	2	3	-	-	-	2	2	1	2	2	3	3
4	2	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	2	2	3	2	3	3	2
5	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	3	1	3	2	3	2	3
AVg.	2.8	3	2.8	2.8	2.8	-	-	-	2.2	1.8	2.6	2	2.2	2.8	2.6

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

AD3511

DEEP LEARNING LABORATORY

LT PC 0 0 4 2

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the tools and techniques to implement deep neural networks
- To apply different deep learning architectures for solving problems
- To implement generative models for suitable applications
- To learn to build and validate different models

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Solving XOR problem using DNN
- 2. Character recognition using CNN
- 3. Face recognition using CNN
- 4. Language modeling using RNN
- 5. Sentiment analysis using LSTM
- 6. Parts of speech tagging using Sequence to Sequence architecture
- 7. Machine Translation using Encoder-Decoder model
- 8. Image augmentation using GANs
- 9. Mini-project on real world applications

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After the completion of this course, students will be able to:

CO1:Apply deep neural network for simple problems (K3)

CO2:Apply Convolution Neural Network for image processing (K3)

CO3: Apply Recurrent Neural Network and its variants for text analysis (K3)

CO4: Apply generative models for data augmentation (K3)

CO5: Develop real-world solutions using suitable deep neural networks (K4)

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

						PC)'s							PSO's	
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	3	2	3	2	3	3	2
2	1	3	2	2	2	-	-	-	3	2	2	2	1	3	1
3	3	2	1	2	1	-	-	-	2	3	1	1	2	3	3
4	3	3	1	2	1	-	-	-	1	3	2	2	3	2	2
5	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	1	2	3	1	3	3	2
AVG	2.6	2.6	1.6	2	1.4	-	-	-	2	2.4	2.2	1.6	2.4	2.8	2

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

EMBEDDED SYSTEMS AND IOT

CS3691

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the internal architecture and programming of an embedded processor. •
- To introduce interfacing I/O devices to the processor.
- To introduce the evolution of the Internet of Things (IoT). •
- To build a small low-cost embedded and IoT system using Arduino/Raspberry Pi/ open • platform.
- To apply the concept of Internet of Things in real world scenario.

UNIT I 8-BIT EMBEDDED PROCESSOR

8-Bit Microcontroller – Architecture – Instruction Set and Programming – Programming Parallel Ports – Timers and Serial Port – Interrupt Handling.

EMBEDDED C PROGRAMMING UNIT II

Memory And I/O Devices Interfacing - Programming Embedded Systems in C - Need For RTOS -Multiple Tasks and Processes - Context Switching - Priority Based Scheduling Policies.

UNIT III IOT AND ARDUINO PROGRAMMING

Introduction to the Concept of IoT Devices - IoT Devices Versus

Computers - IoT Configurations - Basic Components - Introduction to Arduino - Types of Arduino – Arduino Toolchain – Arduino Programming Structure – Sketches – Pins – Input/Output From Pins Using Sketches - Introduction to Arduino Shields - Integration of Sensors and Actuators with Arduino.

UNIT IV IOT COMMUNICATION AND OPEN PLATFORMS

IoT Communication Models and APIs – IoT Communication Protocols – Bluetooth – WiFi – ZigBee - GPS - GSM modules - Open Platform (like Raspberry Pi) - Architecture - Programming -Interfacing - Accessing GPIO Pins - Sending and Receiving Signals Using GPIO Pins -Connecting to the Cloud.

UNIT V **APPLICATIONS DEVELOPMENT**

Complete Design of Embedded Systems – Development of IoT Applications – Home Automation – Smart Agriculture - Smart Cities - Smart Healthcare.

PRACTICAL EXERCISES:

- 1. Write 8051 Assembly Language experiments using simulator.
- 2. Test data transfer between registers and memory.
- 3. Perform ALU operations.
- 4. Write Basic and arithmetic Programs Using Embedded C.
- 5. Introduction to Arduino platform and programming
- 6. Explore different communication methods with IoT devices (Zigbee, GSM, Bluetooth)
- 7. Introduction to Raspberry PI platform and python programming
- 8. Interfacing sensors with Raspberry PI
- 9. Communicate between Arduino and Raspberry PI using any wireless medium
- 10. Setup a cloud platform to log the data
- 11. Log Data using Raspberry PI and upload to the cloud platform

9

9

9

9

45 PERIODS

30 PERIODS

12. Design an IOT based system

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Explain the architecture of embedded processors.

- **CO2:** Write embedded C programs.
- **CO3:** Design simple embedded applications.
- CO4: Compare the communication models in IOT
- **CO5:** Design IoT applications using Arduino/Raspberry Pi /open platform.

TEXTBOOKS

TOTAL:75 PERIODS

- 1. Muhammed Ali Mazidi, Janice Gillispie Mazidi, Rolin D. McKinlay, "The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems", Pearson Education, Second Edition, 2014
- 2. Robert Barton, Patrick Grossetete, David Hanes, Jerome Henry, Gonzalo Salgueiro, "IoT Fundamentals: Networking Technologies, Protocols, and Use Cases for the Internet of Things", CISCO Press, 2017.

REFERENCES

- 1. Michael J. Pont, "Embedded C", Pearson Education, 2007.
- 2. Wayne Wolf, "Computers as Components: Principles of Embedded Computer System Design", Elsevier, 2006.
- 3. Andrew N Sloss, D. Symes, C. Wright, "Arm System Developer's Guide", Morgan Kauffman/ Elsevier, 2006.
- 4. Arshdeep Bahga, Vijay Madisetti, "Internet of Things A hands-on approach", Universities Press, 2015

						3- F U	3 04 F	50 S N		NG					
						PC)'s							PSO's	1
CO's	1	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 1 1 3 1 - - - 3 1											1	2	3
1	3	1	1	3	1		-	-	3	1	2	3	2	1	1
2	2	3	1	3	2	-	-	-	1	2	3	1	1	1	2
3	2	2	3	2	3		1	-	1	3	1	1	2	1	3
4	2	2	2	1	1	i.	-	-	1	3	1	1	2	2	3
5	3	2	1	1	3	-	-	-	3	2	3	2	1	3	1
AVG	2.4	2	1.6	2	2	-	-	-	1.8	2.2	2	1.6	1.6	1.6	2
				4 100		a a di un	2 2 1	alarka (1		-				

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

To enable the students to

- Get connected with reputed industry/ laboratory/academia / research institute
- Get practical knowledge on Product Development / Services and operations / Software Design and Development / Testing / Analytics/ research/ startups/ professionalism / business processes and insights / domain knowledge/ Industry Practices/ and other related aspects and develop skills to solve related problems
- Develop technical, soft, team skills to cater to the needs of the industry / academia / businesses / research / organizations in the core aspects of Automation, Digitalization

The students individually undergo training in reputed firms/ research institutes / laboratories for the specified duration. After the completion of training, a detailed report should be submitted within ten days from the commencement of next semester. The students will be evaluated as per the Regulations.

No. of Weeks: 04

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, the student will know about

CO1: Industry Practices, Processes, Techniques, technology, automation and other core aspects of software industry

CO2: Analyze, Design solutions to complex business problems

CO3: Build and deploy solutions for target platform

CO4: Preparation of Technical reports and presentation

AD3811

PROJECT WORK / INTERNSHIP

L T P C 0 0 20 10

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To train the students
- For gaining domain knowledge, and technical skills to solve potential business / research problems
- Gather requirements and Design suitable software solutions and evaluate
- alternatives
- To work in small teams and understand the processes and practices in the 'industry.
- Implement, Test and deploy solutions for target platforms
- Preparing project reports and presentation

The students shall individually / or as group work on business/research domains and related problems approved by the Department / organization that offered the internship / project.

The student can select any topic which is relevant to his/her specialization of the programme. The student should continue the work on the selected topic as per the formulated methodology. At the end of the semester, after completing the work to the satisfaction of the supervisor and review committee, a detailed report which contains clear definition of the identified problem, detailed literature review related to the area of work and methodology for carrying out the work, results and discussion, conclusion and references should be prepared as per the format prescribed by the University and submitted to the Head of the department. The students will be evaluated based on the report and viva-voce examination by a panel of examiners as per the Regulations.

TOTAL: 300 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the project, the student will be able to

- CO1: Gain Domain knowledge and technical skill set required for solving industry / research problems
- CO2: Provide solution architecture, module level designs, algorithms
- CO3: Implement, test and deploy the solution for the target platform
- CO4: Prepare detailed technical report, demonstrate and present the work

VERTICALS:

CCS350

KNOWLEDGE ENGINEERING

L T P C 2 0 2 3

6

6

6

6

6

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics of Knowledge Engineering.
- To discuss methodologies and modeling for Agent Design and Development.
- To design and develop ontologies.
- To apply reasoning with ontologies and rules.
- To understand learning and rule learning.

UNIT I REASONING UNDER UNCERTAINTY

Introduction – Abductive reasoning – Probabilistic reasoning: Enumerative Probabilities – Subjective Bayesian view – Belief Functions – Baconian Probability – Fuzzy Probability – Uncertainty methods - Evidence-based reasoning – Intelligent Agent – Mixed-Initiative Reasoning – Knowledge Engineering.

UNIT II METHODOLOGY AND MODELING

Conventional Design and Development – Development tools and Reusable Ontologies – Agent Design and Development using Learning Technology – Problem Solving through Analysis and Synthesis – Inquiry-driven Analysis and Synthesis – Evidence-based Assessment – Believability Assessment – Drill-Down Analysis, Assumption-based Reasoning, and What-If Scenarios.

UNIT III ONTOLOGIES – DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT

Concepts and Instances – Generalization Hierarchies – Object Features – Defining Features – Representation – Transitivity – Inheritance – Concepts as Feature Values – Ontology Matching. Design and Development Methodologies – Steps in Ontology Development – Domain Understanding and Concept Elicitation – Modelling-based Ontology Specification.

UNIT IV REASONIING WITH ONTOLOGIES AND RULES

Production System Architecture – Complex Ontology-based Concepts – Reduction and Synthesis rules and the Inference Engine – Evidence-based hypothesis analysis – Rule and Ontology Matching – Partially Learned Knowledge – Reasoning with Partially Learned Knowledge.

UNIT V LEARNING AND RULE LEARNING

Machine Learning – Concepts – Generalization and Specialization Rules – Types – Formal definition of Generalization. Modelling, Learning and Problem Solving – Rule learning and Refinement – Overview – Rule Generation and Analysis – Hypothesis Learning.

30 PERIODS 30 PERIODS

PRACTICAL EXERCISES:

- 1. Perform operations with Evidence Based Reasoning.
- 2. Perform Evidence based Analysis.
- 3. Perform operations on Probability Based Reasoning.
- 4. Perform Believability Analysis.
- 5. Implement Rule Learning and refinement.
- 6. Perform analysis based on learned patterns.
- 7. Construction of Ontology for a given domain.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the students will be able to:

- **CO1:** Understand the basics of Knowledge Engineering.
- CO2: Apply methodologies and modelling for Agent Design and Development.
- CO3: Design and develop ontologies.
- CO4: Apply reasoning with ontologies and rules.
- **CO5**: Understand learning and rule learning.

TEXT BOOKS:

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

 Gheorghe Tecuci, Dorin Marcu, Mihai Boicu, David A. Schum, Knowledge Engineering Building Cognitive Assistants for Evidence-based Reasoning, Cambridge University Press, First Edition, 2016. (Unit 1 – Chapter 1 / Unit 2 – Chapter 3,4 / Unit 3 – Chapter 5, 6 / Unit 4 - 7, Unit 5 – Chapter 8, 9)

REFERENCES:

- **1.** Ronald J. Brachman, Hector J. Levesque: Knowledge Representation and Reasoning, Morgan Kaufmann, 2004.
- 2. Ela Kumar, Knowledge Engineering, I K International Publisher House, 2018.
- 3. John F. Sowa: Knowledge Representation: Logical, Philosophical, and Computational Foundations, Brooks/Cole, Thomson Learning, 2000.
- 4. King , Knowledge Management and Organizational Learning , Springer, 2009.
- 5. Jay Liebowitz, Knowledge Management Learning from Knowledge Engineering, 1st Edition, 2001.

					PC)'s							PSO's	;
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
3	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	1	2	1	2	1	1	1
3	2	3	2	2	-	-	-	2	1	2	1	3	3	1
2	2	3	2	2	-	-	-	3	2	2	2	3	2	3
2	2	3	1	1	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	1	1
2	2	2	1	1	-	-	-	2	1	1	1	2	1	1
2.4	1.8	2.4	1.4	1.4	0.2	0	0	2	1.6	1.6	1.6	2.2	1.6	1.4
	3 2 2 2 2	3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	3 1 1 3 2 3 2 2 3 2 2 3 2 2 2 2 2 2	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1 2 3 4 5 6 3 1 1 1 1 1 3 2 3 2 2 - 2 2 3 2 2 - 2 2 3 1 1 - 2 2 3 1 1 - 2 2 3 1 1 - 2 2 2 1 1 -	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 3 1 1 1 1 1 - - 3 2 3 2 2 - - - 2 2 3 2 2 - - - 2 2 3 1 1 - - - 2 2 3 1 1 - - - 2 2 2 1 1 - - -	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 3 1 1 1 1 - - 1 3 2 3 2 2 - - 1 3 2 3 2 2 - - 2 2 2 3 2 2 - - 3 2 2 3 1 1 - - 2 2 2 3 1 1 - - 2 2 2 2 1 1 - - 2 2 2 2 1 1 - - 2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 3 1 1 1 1 1 - - 1 2 3 2 3 2 2 - - 1 2 3 2 3 2 2 - - 2 1 2 2 3 2 2 - - 3 2 2 2 3 1 1 - - 3 2 2 2 3 1 1 - - 2 2 2 2 3 1 1 - - 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 - - 2 1	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 3 1 1 1 1 - - 1 2 1 3 2 3 2 2 - - 1 2 1 3 2 3 2 2 - - 2 1 2 2 2 3 2 2 - - 3 2 2 2 2 3 1 1 - - - 3 2 2 2 2 3 1 1 - - 2 2 2 2 2 3 1 1 - - 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 - - 2 1 1	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 3 1 1 1 1 - - 1 2 1 2 3 1 1 1 1 - - 1 2 1 2 3 2 3 2 2 - - 2 1 2 1 2 2 3 2 2 - - - 3 2 2 1 2 2 3 2 2 - - - 3 2 2 2 2 2 3 1 1 - - 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 - - 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 - - 2 1 1 1	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 1 3 1 1 1 1 - - 1 2 1 2 1 3 1 1 1 1 - - 1 2 1 2 1 3 2 3 2 2 - - - 1 2 1 3 2 2 3 2 2 - - - 3 2 2 1 3 2 2 3 2 2 - - - 3 2 2 2 3 2 2 3 1 1 - - - 2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 1 2 3 1 1 1 1 - - 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 1 1 3 2 3 2 2 - - 1 2 1 2 1 1 1 3 2 3 2 2 - - - 2 1 2 1 3 3 2 2 3 2 2 - - - 3 2 2 3 3 2 2 3 2 2 - - - 3 2 2 2 3 2 2 3 2 2 3 2 1 1 3

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

To learn the significance of machine learning and data mining algorithms for

RECOMMENDER SYSTEMS

- To learn about collaborative filtering
- To make students design and implement a recommender system.

To understand the foundations of the recommender system.

• To learn collaborative filtering.

Recommender systems

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

Introduction and basic taxonomy of recommender systems - Traditional and non-personalized Recommender Systems - Overview of data mining methods for recommender systems- similarity measures- Dimensionality reduction – Singular Value Decomposition (SVD)

Suggested Activities:

- Practical learning Implement Data similarity measures.
- External Learning Singular Value Decomposition (SVD) applications

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

- Quiz on Recommender systems.
- Quiz of python tools available for implementing Recommender systems

UNIT II CONTENT-BASED RECOMMENDATION SYSTEMS

High-level architecture of content-based systems - Item profiles, Representing item profiles, Methods for learning user profiles, Similarity-based retrieval, and Classification algorithms.

Suggested Activities:

- Assignment on content-based recommendation systems
- Assignment of learning user profiles

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

- Quiz on similarity-based retrieval.
- Quiz of content-based filtering

UNIT III COLLABORATIVE FILTERING

A systematic approach, Nearest-neighbor collaborative filtering (CF), user-based and item-based CF, components of neighborhood methods (rating normalization, similarity weight computation, and neighborhood selection

Suggested Activities:

- Practical learning Implement collaborative filtering concepts
- Assignment of security aspects of recommender systems

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

- Quiz on collaborative filtering
- Seminar on security measures of recommender systems

CCS360

•

•

6

6

UNIT IV ATTACK-RESISTANT RECOMMENDER SYSTEMS

Introduction - Types of Attacks - Detecting attacks on recommender systems - Individual attack -Group attack – Strategies for robust recommender design - Robust recommendation algorithms.

Suggested Activities:

- Group Discussion on attacks and their mitigation
- Study of the impact of group attacks
- External Learning Use of CAPTCHAs

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

- Quiz on attacks on recommender systems
- Seminar on preventing attacks using the CAPTCHAs

UNIT V EVALUATING RECOMMENDER SYSTEMS

Evaluating Paradigms – User Studies – Online and Offline evaluation – Goals of evaluation design - Design Issues - Accuracy metrics - Limitations of Evaluation measures

Suggested Activities:

- Group Discussion on goals of evaluation design
- Study of accuracy metrics

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

- Quiz on evaluation design
- Problems on accuracy measures

Practical Exercises

- 1. Implement Data similarity measures using Python
- 2. Implement dimension reduction techniques for recommender systems
- 3. Implement user profile learning
- 4. Implement content-based recommendation systems
- 5. Implement collaborative filter techniques
- 6. Create an attack for tampering with recommender systems
- 7. Implement accuracy metrics like Receiver Operated Characteristic curves

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1:Understand the basic concepts of recommender systems.

CO2:Implement machine-learning and data-mining algorithms in recommender systems data sets.

CO3:Implementation of Collaborative Filtering in carrying out performance evaluation of recommender systems based on various metrics.

CO4:Design and implement a simple recommender system.

CO5:Learn about advanced topics of recommender systems.

CO6:Learn about advanced topics of recommender systems applications

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Charu C. Aggarwal, Recommender Systems: The Textbook, Springer, 2016.

94

30 PERIODS

30 PERIODS

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

6

- 2. Dietmar Jannach , Markus Zanker , Alexander Felfernig and Gerhard Friedrich, Recommender Systems: An Introduction, Cambridge University Press (2011), 1st ed.
- 3. Francesco Ricci, Lior Rokach, Bracha Shapira, Recommender Sytems Handbook, 1st ed, Springer (2011),
- 4. Jure Leskovec, Anand Rajaraman, Jeffrey David Ullman, Mining of massive datasets, 3rd edition, Cambridge University Press, 2020.

CO's	PO's												PSO'	s	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	2	2	1	2	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-
2	1	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
3	2	3	1	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	_	-	-	-
4	3	2	2	2	1	-	-	1	2		-	2	-	-	-
5	1	1	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
6	2	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-		-	1	-	-	-
AVg	1.83	2	0.83	1.16	1		-	-	0.83	-	7-6	1	-	-	-

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

SOFT COMPUTING

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

CCS364

• To introduce the ideas of fuzzy sets, fuzzy logic and use of heuristics based on human experience.

L T P C 2 0 2 3

6

6

6

- To provide the mathematical background for carrying out the optimization associated with neural network learning
- To learn various evolutionary Algorithms.
- To become familiar with neural networks that can learn from available examples and generalize to form appropriate rules for inference systems.
- To introduce case studies utilizing the above and illustrate the Intelligent behavior of programs based on soft computing

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO SOFT COMPUTING AND FUZZY LOGIC

Introduction - Fuzzy Logic - Fuzzy Sets, Fuzzy Membership Functions, Operations on Fuzzy Sets, Fuzzy Relations, Operations on Fuzzy Relations, Fuzzy Rules and Fuzzy Reasoning, Fuzzy Inference Systems

UNIT II NEURAL NETWORKS

Supervised Learning Neural Networks – Perceptrons - Backpropagation -Multilayer Perceptrons – Unsupervised Learning Neural Networks – Kohonen Self-Organizing Networks

UNIT III GENETIC ALGORITHMS

Chromosome Encoding Schemes -Population initialization and selection methods - Evaluation function - Genetic operators- Cross over – Mutation - Fitness Function – Maximizing function

NEURO FUZZY MODELING UNIT IV

ANFIS architecture – hybrid learning – ANFIS as universal approximator – Coactive Neuro fuzzy modeling - Framework - Neuron functions for adaptive networks - Neuro fuzzy spectrum -Analysis of Adaptive Learning Capability

UNIT V **APPLICATIONS**

Modeling a two input sine function - Printed Character Recognition - Fuzzy filtered neural networks - Plasma Spectrum Analysis - Hand written neural recognition - Soft Computing for Color Recipe Prediction.

OUTCOMES:

CO1:Understand the fundamentals of fuzzy logic operators and inference mechanisms

CO2:Understand neural network architecture for AI applications such as classification and clustering

CO3:Learn the functionality of Genetic Algorithms in Optimization problems

CO4:Use hybrid techniques involving Neural networks and Fuzzy logic

CO5: Apply soft computing techniques in real world applications

PRACTICAL EXERCISES

- 1. Implementation of fuzzy control/ inference system
- 2. Programming exercise on classification with a discrete perceptron
- 3. Implementation of XOR with backpropagation algorithm
- 4. Implementation of self organizing maps for a specific application
- 5. Programming exercises on maximizing a function using Genetic algorithm
- 6. Implementation of two input sine function
- 7. Implementation of three input non linear function

TOTAL:60 PERIODS

- 1. SaJANG, J.-S. R., SUN, C.-T., & MIZUTANI, E. (1997). Neuro-fuzzy and soft computing: A computational approach to learning and machine intelligence. Upper Saddle River, NJ, Prentice Hall, 1997
- 2. Himanshu Singh, Yunis Ahmad Lone, Deep Neuro-Fuzzy Systems with Python
- 3. With Case Studies and Applications from the Industry, Apress, 2020

REFERENCES

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. roj Kaushik and Sunita Tiwari, Soft Computing-Fundamentals Techniques and Applications, 1st Edition, McGraw Hill, 2018.
- 2. S. Rajasekaran and G.A.V.Pai, "Neural Networks, Fuzzy Logic and Genetic Algorithms", PHI, 2003.
- 3. Samir Roy, Udit Chakraborthy, Introduction to Soft Computing, Neuro Fuzzy and Genetic Algorithms, Pearson Education, 2013.
- 4. S.N. Sivanandam, S.N. Deepa, Principles of Soft Computing, Third Edition, Wiley India Pvt Ltd. 2019.
- 5. R.Eberhart, P.Simpson and R.Dobbins, "Computational Intelligence PC Tools", AP Professional, Boston, 1996

30 PERIODS

30 PERIODS

6

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

						PC)'s							PSO's	;
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	2	3	3	3	-	-	-	3	1	3	2	3	1	2
2	2	3	3	2	3	-	-	-	3	2	3	2	2	1	3
3	1	3	2	2	1	-	-	-	3	1	1	2	1	3	2
4	1	2	1	3	2	-	-	-	3	3	1	1	2	1	1
5	2	3	1	2	1	-	-	-	3	3	3	2	1	2	3
AVG	1.8	2.6	2	2.4	2	-	-	-	3	2	2.2	1.8	1.8	1.6	2.2

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CCS369

TEXT AND SPEECH ANALYSIS

L T P C 2 0 2 3

6

6

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Understand natural language processing basics
- Apply classification algorithms to text documents
- Build question-answering and dialogue systems
- Develop a speech recognition system
- Develop a speech synthesizer

UNIT I NATURAL LANGUAGE BASICS

Foundations of natural language processing – Language Syntax and Structure- Text Preprocessing and Wrangling – Text tokenization – Stemming – Lemmatization – Removing stopwords – Feature Engineering for Text representation – Bag of Words model- Bag of N-Grams model – TF-IDF model

Suggested Activities

- Flipped classroom on NLP
- Implementation of Text Preprocessing using NLTK
- Implementation of TF-IDF models

Suggested Evaluation Methods

- Quiz on NLP Basics
- Demonstration of Programs

UNIT II TEXT CLASSIFICATION

Vector Semantics and Embeddings -Word Embeddings - Word2Vec model – Glove model – FastText model – Overview of Deep Learning models – RNN – Transformers – Overview of Text summarization and Topic Models

Suggested Activities

- Flipped classroom on Feature extraction of documents
- Implementation of SVM models for text classification
- External learning: Text summarization and Topic models

Suggested Evaluation Methods

- Assignment on above topics
- Quiz on RNN, Transformers
- Implementing NLP with RNN and Transformers

UNIT III QUESTION ANSWERING AND DIALOGUE SYSTEMS

Information retrieval – IR-based question answering – knowledge-based question answering – language models for QA – classic QA models – chatbots – Design of dialogue systems – evaluating dialogue systems

Suggested Activities:

- Flipped classroom on language models for QA
- Developing a knowledge-based question-answering system
- Classic QA model development

Suggested Evaluation Methods

- Assignment on the above topics
- Quiz on knowledge-based question answering system
- Development of simple chatbots

UNIT IV TEXT-TO-SPEECH SYNTHESIS

Overview. Text normalization. Letter-to-sound. Prosody, Evaluation. Signal processing -Concatenative and parametric approaches, WaveNet and other deep learning-based TTS systems

Suggested Activities:

- Flipped classroom on Speech signal processing
- Exploring Text normalization
- Data collection
- Implementation of TTS systems

Suggested Evaluation Methods

- Assignment on the above topics
- Quiz on wavenet, deep learning-based TTS systems
- Finding accuracy with different TTS systems

UNIT V AUTOMATIC SPEECH RECOGNITION

Speech recognition: Acoustic modelling – Feature Extraction - HMM, HMM-DNN systems

Suggested Activities:

- Flipped classroom on Speech recognition.
- Exploring Feature extraction

Suggested Evaluation Methods

- Assignment on the above topics
- Quiz on acoustic modelling

PRACTICAL EXERCISES

30 PERIODS 30 PERIODS 6

9

- 1. Create Regular expressions in Python for detecting word patterns and tokenizing text
- 2. Getting started with Python and NLTK Searching Text, Counting Vocabulary, Frequency Distribution, Collocations, Bigrams
- 3. Accessing Text Corpora using NLTK in Python
- 4. Write a function that finds the 50 most frequently occurring words of a text that are not stop words.
- 5. Implement the Word2Vec model
- 6. Use a transformer for implementing classification
- 7. Design a chatbot with a simple dialog system
- 8. Convert text to speech and find accuracy
- 9. Design a speech recognition system and find the error rate

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

CO1: Explain existing and emerging deep learning architectures for text and speech processing

CO2: Apply deep learning techniques for NLP tasks, language modelling and machine translation

CO3: Explain coreference and coherence for text processing

CO4: Build question-answering systems, chatbots and dialogue systems

CO5: Apply deep learning models for building speech recognition and text-to-speech systems

TEXTBOOK

1. Daniel Jurafsky and James H. Martin, "Speech and Language Processing: An Introduction to Natural Language Processing, Computational Linguistics, and Speech Recognition", Third Edition, 2022.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Dipanjan Sarkar, "Text Analytics with Python: A Practical Real-World approach to Gaining Actionable insights from your data", APress, 2018.
- 2. Tanveer Siddiqui, Tiwary U S, "Natural Language Processing and Information Retrieval", Oxford University Press, 2008.
- 3. Lawrence Rabiner, Biing-Hwang Juang, B. Yegnanarayana, "Fundamentals of Speech Recognition" 1st Edition, Pearson, 2009.
- 4. Steven Bird, Ewan Klein, and Edward Loper, "Natural language processing with Python", O'REILLY.

			100 C												
						PC	D's							PSO's	;
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	2	3	1	3	-	-	-	1	2	1	2	1	1	1
2	3	1	2	1	3	-	-	-	2	2	1	3	3	2	1
3	2	2	1	3	1	-	-	-	3	3	1	2	3	3	1
4	2	1	1	1	2	-	-	-	2	1	2	2	3	1	1
5	1	3	2	2	1	-	-	-	3	2	1	1	2	3	1
AVG	2.2	1.8	1.8	1.6	2	-	-	-	2.2	2	1.2	2	2.4	2	1
				1 - 104	,) n	aadiur	n 2 I	aiah í	-' - no	aarral	ation				

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

BUSINESS ANALYTICS

Page 144 of 437

100

CCW331

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the Analytics Life Cycle.
- To comprehend the process of acquiring Business Intelligence
- To understand various types of analytics for Business Forecasting
- To model the supply chain management for Analytics.
- To apply analytics for different functions of a business

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO BUSINESS ANALYTICS

Analytics and Data Science – Analytics Life Cycle – Types of Analytics – Business Problem Definition – Data Collection – Data Preparation – Hypothesis Generation – Modeling – Validation and Evaluation – Interpretation – Deployment and Iteration

UNIT II BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE

Data Warehouses and Data Mart - Knowledge Management –Types of Decisions - Decision Making Process - Decision Support Systems – Business Intelligence –OLAP – Analytic functions

UNIT III BUSINESS FORECASTING

Introduction to Business Forecasting and Predictive analytics - Logic and Data Driven Models – Data Mining and Predictive Analysis Modelling –Machine Learning for Predictive analytics.

UNIT IV HR & SUPPLY CHAIN ANALYTICS

Human Resources – Planning and Recruitment – Training and Development - Supply chain network - Planning Demand, Inventory and Supply – Logistics – Analytics applications in HR & Supply Chain - Applying HR Analytics to make a prediction of the demand for hourly employees for a year.

UNIT V MARKETING & SALES ANALYTICS

Marketing Strategy, Marketing Mix, Customer Behaviour –selling Process – Sales Planning – Analytics applications in Marketing and Sales - predictive analytics for customers' behaviour in marketing and sales.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

Use MS-Excel and Power-BI to perform the following experiments using a Business data set, and make presentations.

Students may be encouraged to bring their own real-time socially relevant data set.

I Cycle – MS Excel

- 1. Explore the features of Ms-Excel.
- 2. (i) Get the input from user and perform numerical operations (MAX, MIN, AVG, SUM, SQRT, ROUND)
 - ii) Perform data import/export operations for different file formats.
- 3. Perform statistical operations Mean, Median, Mode and Standard deviation, Variance, Skewness, Kurtosis
- 4. Perform Z-test, T-test & ANOVA
- 5. Perform data pre-processing operations i) Handling Missing data ii) Normalization
- 6. Perform dimensionality reduction operation using PCA, KPCA & SVD

6

30 PERIODS

6

6

6

6

LTPC

- 7. Perform bivariate and multivariate analysis on the dataset.
- 8. Apply and explore various plotting functions on the data set.

II Cycle – Power BI Desktop

- 9. Explore the features of Power BI Desktop
- 10. Prepare & Load data
- 11. Develop the data model
- 12. Perform DAX calculations
- 13. Design a report
- 14. Create a dashboard and perform data analysis
- 15. Presentation of a case study

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Explain the real world business problems and model with analytical solutions.

CO2: Identify the business processes for extracting Business Intelligence

CO3 : Apply predictive analytics for business fore-casting

- CO4: Apply analytics for supply chain and logistics management
- CO5: Use analytics for marketing and sales.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. R. Evans James, Business Analytics, 2nd Edition, Pearson, 2017
- 2. R N Prasad, Seema Acharya, Fundamentals of Business Analytics, 2nd Edition, Wiley, 2016
- 3. Philip Kotler and Kevin Keller, Marketing Management, 15th edition, PHI, 2016
- 4. VSP RAO, Human Resource Management, 3rd Edition, Excel Books, 2010.
- 5. Mahadevan B, "Operations Management -Theory and Practice", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2018.

					CO	S- PU	SQP	50 S I	IAPPI	NG					
						PC)'s							PSO's	;
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	2	2	3	1	1	-	-	- 20	1	2	1	1	3	2	1
2	3	3	3	2	3	-	-	-	1	2	2	2	3	1	2
3	2	2	3	3	2	-	-	-	3	1	1	3	3	1	2
4	2	1	1	2	2	-	-	-	3	3	2	1	1	3	1
5	2	3	2	3	2	-	-	-	3	3	1	3	3	1	1
AVG	2.2	2.2	2.4	2.2	2	-			2.2	2.2	1.4	2	2.6	1.6	1.4
	•			1 - 104	12-n	nodiur	n 2 - I	high (no	corrol	ation			•	

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CCS349

IMAGE AND VIDEO ANALYTICS

LT PC 2 0 2 3

30 PERIODS

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics of image processing techniques for computer vision.
- To learn the techniques used for image pre-processing.
- To discuss the various object detection techniques.
- To understand the various Object recognition mechanisms.
- To elaborate on the video analytics techniques.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

102

Computer Vision - Image representation and image analysis tasks - Image representations digitization - properties - color images - Data structures for Image Analysis - Levels of image data representation - Traditional and Hierarchical image data structures.

UNIT II **IMAGE PRE-PROCESSING**

Local pre-processing - Image smoothing - Edge detectors - Zero-crossings of the second derivative - Scale in image processing - Canny edge detection - Parametric edge models - Edges in multi-speralct images - Local pre-processing in the frequency domain - Line detection by local pre-processing operators - Image restoration.

UNIT III **OBJECT DETECTION USING MACHINE LEARNING**

Object detection- Object detection methods - Deep Learning framework for Object detectionbounding box approach-Intersection over Union (IoU) -Deep Learning Architectures-R-CNN-Faster R-CNN-You Only Look Once(YOLO)-Salient features-Loss Functions-YOLO architectures

UNIT IV FACE RECOGNITION AND GESTURE RECOGNITION

Face Recognition-Introduction-Applications of Face Recognition-Process of Face Recognition-DeepFace solution by Facebook-FaceNet for Face Recognition- Implementation using FaceNet-Gesture Recognition.

UNIT V **VIDEO ANALYTICS**

Video Processing - use cases of video analytics-Vanishing Gradient and exploding gradient problem-RestNet architecture-RestNet and skip connections-Inception Network-GoogleNet architecture-Improvement in Inception v2-Video analytics-RestNet and Inception v3.

LIST OF EXERCISES

- 1. Write a program that computes the T-pyramid of an image.
- 2. Write a program that derives the quad tree representation of an image using the homogeneity criterion of equal intensity
- 3. Develop programs for the following geometric transforms: (a) Rotation (b) Change of scale (c) Skewing (d) Affine transform calculated from three pairs of corresponding points (e) Bilinear transform calculated from four pairs of corresponding points.
- 4. Develop a program to implement Object Detection and Recognition
- 5. Develop a program for motion analysis using moving edges, and apply it to your image sequences.
- 6. Develop a program for Facial Detection and Recognition
- 7. Write a program for event detection in video surveillance system

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the students will be able to:

CO1: Understand the basics of image processing techniques for computer vision and video analysis.

CO2: Explain the techniques used for image pre-processing.

CO3: Develop various object detection techniques.

CO4: Understand the various face recognition mechanisms.

CO5: Elaborate on deep learning-based video analytics.

TEXT BOOK:

30 PERIODS

30 PERIODS

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

6

6

- 1. Milan Sonka, Vaclav Hlavac, Roger Boyle, "Image Processing, Analysis, and Machine Vision", 4nd edition, Thomson Learning, 2013.
- 2. Vaibhav Verdhan, (2021, Computer Vision Using Deep Learning Neural Network Architectures with Python and Keras, Apress 2021 (UNIT-III, IV and V)

REFERENCES

- 1. Richard Szeliski, "Computer Vision: Algorithms and Applications", Springer Verlag London
- 2. Limited,2011.
- 3. Caifeng Shan, FatihPorikli, Tao Xiang, Shaogang Gong, "Video Analytics for Business Intelligence", Springer, 2012.
- 4. D. A. Forsyth, J. Ponce, "Computer Vision: A Modern Approach", Pearson Education, 2003.
- 5. E. R. Davies, (2012), "Computer & Machine Vision", Fourth Edition, Academic Press.

						PC)'s							PSO's	;
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	1	2	2	2		-	-	3	3	2	1	2	1	3
2	2	2	3	3	3	-	-	-	3	2	1	1	2	2	1
3	1	2	2	2	3	-	-	-	1	2	1	2	1	1	3
4	1	2	3	2	3	-	-	-	2	2	2	3	2	2	2
5	3	2	1	3	2	•	-	1	2	1	1	3	3	2	1
AVG	2	1.8	2.2	2.4	2.6	-	-		2.2	2	1.4	2	2	1.6	2

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CCS338

COMPUTER VISION

LTPC 2023

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the fundamental concepts related to Image formation and processing.
- To learn feature detection, matching and detection
- To become familiar with feature based alignment and motion estimation
- To develop skills on 3D reconstruction
- To understand image based rendering and recognition

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO IMAGE FORMATION AND PROCESSING

Computer Vision - Geometric primitives and transformations - Photometric image formation - The digital camera - Point operators - Linear filtering - More neighborhood operators - Fourier transforms - Pyramids and wavelets - Geometric transformations - Global optimization.

UNIT II FEATURE DETECTION, MATCHING AND SEGMENTATION

Points and patches - Edges - Lines - Segmentation - Active contours - Split and merge - Mean shift and mode finding - Normalized cuts - Graph cuts and energy-based methods.

UNIT III FEATURE-BASED ALIGNMENT & MOTION ESTIMATION

6

6

2D and 3D feature-based alignment - Pose estimation - Geometric intrinsic calibration - Triangulation - Two-frame structure from motion - Factorization - Bundle adjustment - Constrained structure and motion - Translational alignment - Parametric motion - Spline-based motion - Optical flow - Layered motion.

UNIT IV 3D RECONSTRUCTION

Shape from X - Active rangefinding - Surface representations - Point-based representations-Volumetric representations - Model-based reconstruction - Recovering texture maps and albedosos.

UNIT V IMAGE-BASED RENDERING AND RECOGNITION

View interpolation Layered depth images - Light fields and Lumigraphs - Environment mattes - Video-based rendering-Object detection - Face recognition - Instance recognition - Category recognition - Context and scene understanding- Recognition databases and test sets.

30 PERIODS 30 PERIODS

6

6

PRACTICAL EXERCISES: LABORATORY EXPERIMENTS:

Software needed:

OpenCV computer vision Library for OpenCV in Python / PyCharm or C++ / Visual Studio or or equivalent

- OpenCV Installation and working with Python
- Basic Image Processing loading images, Cropping, Resizing, Thresholding, Contour analysis, Bolb detection
- Image Annotation Drawing lines, text circle, rectangle, ellipse on images
- Image Enhancement Understanding Color spaces, color space conversion, Histogram equialization, Convolution, Image smoothing, Gradients, Edge Detection
- Image Features and Image Alignment Image transforms Fourier, Hough, Extract ORB Image features, Feature matching, cloning, Feature matching based image alignment
- Image segmentation using Graphcut / Grabcut
- Camera Calibration with circular grid
- Pose Estimation
- 3D Reconstruction Creating Depth map from stereo images
- Object Detection and Tracking using Kalman Filter, Camshift
- 1. docs.opencv.org

2. https://opencv.org/opencv-free-course/

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the students will be able to:

CO1:To understand basic knowledge, theories and methods in image processing and computer vision.

CO2:To implement basic and some advanced image processing techniques in OpenCV.

CO3:To apply 2D a feature-based based image alignment, segmentation and motion estimations.

CO4: To apply 3D image reconstruction techniques

CO5:To design and develop innovative image processing and computer vision applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Richard Szeliski, "Computer Vision: Algorithms and Applications", Springer- Texts in Computer Science, Second Edition, 2022.
- 2. Computer Vision: A Modern Approach, D. A. Forsyth, J. Ponce, Pearson Education, Second Edition, 2015.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Richard Hartley and Andrew Zisserman, Multiple View Geometry in Computer Vision, Second Edition, Cambridge University Press, March 2004.
- 2. Christopher M. Bishop; Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, Springer, 2006
- **3.** E. R. Davies, Computer and Machine Vision, Fourth Edition, Academic Press, 2012.

CO's						PC)'s							PSO's	5
005	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	1	1	1	1	-	-		2	1	3	2	2	1	1
2	3	3	3	2	3	-	1	-	2	1	2	2	3	1	2
3	3	3	2	2	3	-	-	1	1	1	2	2	3	2	2
4	2	3	3	2	3	-	-	-	2	1	2	3	2	2	3
5	2	3	3	2	2	2	-	-	3	1	2	3	3	3	3
AVG	2.6	2.6	2.4	1.8	2.4	0.4	0.25	0	2	1	2.2	2.4	2.6	1.8	2.2

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CCS334

BIG DATA ANALYTICS

L T P C 2 0 2 3

5

7

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand big data.
- To learn and use NoSQL big data management.
- To learn mapreduce analytics using Hadoop and related tools.
- To work with map reduce applications
- To understand the usage of Hadoop related tools for Big Data Analytics

UNIT I UNDERSTANDING BIG DATA

Introduction to big data – convergence of key trends – unstructured data – industry examples of big data – web analytics – big data applications– big data technologies – introduction to Hadoop – open source technologies – cloud and big data – mobile business intelligence – Crowd sourcing analytics – inter and trans firewall analytics.

UNIT II NOSQL DATA MANAGEMENT

Introduction to NoSQL – aggregate data models – key-value and document data models – relationships – graph databases – schemaless databases – materialized views – distribution

models – master-slave replication – consistency - Cassandra – Cassandra data model – Cassandra examples – Cassandra clients

UNIT III MAP REDUCE APPLICATIONS

MapReduce workflows – unit tests with MRUnit – test data and local tests – anatomy of MapReduce job run – classic Map-reduce – YARN – failures in classic Map-reduce and YARN – job scheduling – shuffle and sort – task execution – MapReduce types – input formats – output formats.

UNIT IV BASICS OF HADOOP

Data format – analyzing data with Hadoop – scaling out – Hadoop streaming – Hadoop pipes – design of Hadoop distributed file system (HDFS) – HDFS concepts – Java interface – data flow – Hadoop I/O – data integrity – compression – serialization – Avro – file-based data structures - Cassandra – Hadoop integration.

UNIT V HADOOP RELATED TOOLS

Hbase – data model and implementations – Hbase clients – Hbase examples – praxis.

Pig – Grunt – pig data model – Pig Latin – developing and testing Pig Latin scripts.

Hive – data types and file formats – HiveQL data definition – HiveQL data manipulation – HiveQL queries.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After the completion of this course, students will be able to:

CO1:Describe big data and use cases from selected business domains.

CO2: Explain NoSQL big data management.

CO3:Install, configure, and run Hadoop and HDFS.

CO4: Perform map-reduce analytics using Hadoop.

CO5:Use Hadoop-related tools such as HBase, Cassandra, Pig, and Hive for big data analytics.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Downloading and installing Hadoop; Understanding different Hadoop modes. Startup scripts, Configuration files.

2. Hadoop Implementation of file management tasks, such as Adding files and directories, retrieving files and Deleting files

3. Implement of Matrix Multiplication with Hadoop Map Reduce

- 4. Run a basic Word Count Map Reduce program to understand Map Reduce Paradigm.
- 5. Installation of Hive along with practice examples.
- 7. Installation of HBase, Installing thrift along with Practice examples
- 8. Practice importing and exporting data from various databases.

Software Requirements:

Cassandra, Hadoop, Java, Pig, Hive and HBase.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Michael Minelli, Michelle Chambers, and AmbigaDhiraj, "Big Data, Big Analytics: Emerging Business Intelligence and Analytic Trends for Today's Businesses", Wiley, 2013.
- 2. Eric Sammer, "Hadoop Operations", O'Reilley, 2012.

106

30 PERIODS

TOTAL:60 PERIODS

30 PERIODS

6

6

3. Sadalage, Pramod J. "NoSQL distilled", 2013

REFERENCES:

- 1. E. Capriolo, D. Wampler, and J. Rutherglen, "Programming Hive", O'Reilley, 2012.
- 2. Lars George, "HBase: The Definitive Guide", O'Reilley, 2011.
- 3. Eben Hewitt, "Cassandra: The Definitive Guide", O'Reilley, 2010.
- 4. Alan Gates, "Programming Pig", O'Reilley, 2011.

						PC)'s							PSO's	5
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	2	2	3	1	1	3	3
2	3	3	2	3	2	-	-	-	2	2	3	3	2	3	2
3	3	3	3	2	3	-	1	1	2	2	1	2	2	3	3
4	2	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	2	2	3	2	3	3	2
5	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	3	1	3	2	3	2	3
AVG	2.8	3	2.8	2.8	2.8	-		-	2.2	1.8	2.6	2	2.2	2.8	2.6

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CCS335

CLOUD COMPUTING

L T P C 2 0 2 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the principles of cloud architecture, models and infrastructure.
- To understand the concepts of virtualization and virtual machines.
- To gain knowledge about virtualization Infrastructure.
- To explore and experiment with various Cloud deployment environments.
- To learn about the security issues in the cloud environment.

UNIT I CLOUD ARCHITECTURE MODELS AND INFRASTRUCTURE

Cloud Architecture: System Models for Distributed and Cloud Computing – NIST Cloud Computing Reference Architecture – Cloud deployment models – Cloud service models; Cloud Infrastructure: Architectural Design of Compute and Storage Clouds – Design Challenges

UNIT II VIRTUALIZATION BASICS

Virtual Machine Basics – Taxonomy of Virtual Machines – Hypervisor – Key Concepts – Virtualization structure – Implementation levels of virtualization – Virtualization Types: Full Virtualization – Para Virtualization – Hardware Virtualization – Virtualization of CPU, Memory and I/O devices.

UNIT III VIRTUALIZATION INFRASTRUCTURE AND DOCKER

Desktop Virtualization – Network Virtualization – Storage Virtualization – System-level of Operating Virtualization – Application Virtualization – Virtual clusters and Resource Management – Containers vs. Virtual Machines – Introduction to Docker – Docker Components – Docker Container – Docker Images and Repositories.

UNIT IV CLOUD DEPLOYMENT ENVIRONMENT

6

6

Google App Engine – Amazon AWS – Microsoft Azure; Cloud Software Environments – Eucalyptus – OpenStack.

UNIT V CLOUD SECURITY

Virtualization System-Specific Attacks: Guest hopping – VM migration attack – hyperjacking. Data Security and Storage; Identity and Access Management (IAM) - IAM Challenges - IAM Architecture and Practice.

PRACTICAL EXERCISES:

- 1. Install Virtualbox/VMware/ Equivalent open source cloud Workstation with different flavours of Linux or Windows OS on top of windows 8 and above.
- 2. Install a C compiler in the virtual machine created using a virtual box and execute Simple Programs
- 3. Install Google App Engine. Create a hello world app and other simple web applications using python/java.
- 4. Use the GAE launcher to launch the web applications.
- 5. Simulate a cloud scenario using CloudSim and run a scheduling algorithm that is not present in CloudSim.
- 6. Find a procedure to transfer the files from one virtual machine to another virtual machine.
- 7. Install Hadoop single node cluster and run simple applications like wordcount.
- 8. Creating and Executing Your First Container Using Docker.
- 9. Run a Container from Docker Hub

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Understand the design challenges in the cloud.

- **CO2:** Apply the concept of virtualization and its types.
- **CO3:** Experiment with virtualization of hardware resources and Docker.
- CO4: Develop and deploy services on the cloud and set up a cloud environment.

CO5: Explain security challenges in the cloud environment.

TEXT BOOKS

TOTAL:60 PERIODS

- 1. Kai Hwang, Geoffrey C Fox, Jack G Dongarra, "Distributed and Cloud Computing, From Parallel Processing to the Internet of Things", Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2012.
- 2. James Turnbull, "The Docker Book", O'Reilly Publishers, 2014.
- 3. Krutz, R. L., Vines, R. D, "Cloud security. A Comprehensive Guide to Secure Cloud Computing", Wiley Publishing, 2010.

REFERENCES

- 1. James E. Smith, Ravi Nair, "Virtual Machines: Versatile Platforms for Systems and Processes", Elsevier/Morgan Kaufmann, 2005.
- 2. Tim Mather, Subra Kumaraswamy, and Shahed Latif, "Cloud Security and Privacy: an enterprise perspective on risks and compliance", O'Reilly Media, Inc., 2009.

						PC)'s							PSO's	
CO's	1	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11												2	3
1	3	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	2	3	1	3	2	1	3

108

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

30 PERIODS 30 PERIODS

2	3	1	2	2	1	-	-	-	1	2	1	3	2	2	1
3	2	3	2	3	1	-	-	-	3	1	1	3	1	1	1
4	1	2	3	3	3	-	-	-	3	3	1	2	1	3	3
5	2	3	3	1	3	-	-	-	2	2	1	2	2	2	3
AVG	2.2	2.2	2.2	2	1.8	-	-	-	2.2	2.2	1	2.6	1.6	1.8	2.2
				1 - Iov	v 2 - n	nadiur	n 3-1	hiah '	.' - no	corrol	ation				

- low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CCS332

APP DEVELOPMENT

L T P C 2 0 2 3

6

6

6

30 PERIODS

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn development of native applications with basic GUI Components
- To develop cross-platform applications with event handling
- To develop applications with location and data storage capabilities
- To develop web applications with database access

UNIT I FUNDAMENTALS OF MOBILE & WEB APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT 6

Basics of Web and Mobile application development, Native App, Hybrid App, Cross-platform App, What is Progressive Web App, Responsive Web design,

UNIT II NATIVE APP DEVELOPMENT USING JAVA

Native Web App, Benefits of Native App, Scenarios to create Native App, Tools for creating Native App, Cons of Native App, Popular Native App Dev elopment Frameworks, Java & Kotlin for Android, Swift & Objective-C for iOS, Basics of React Native, Native Components, JSX, State, Props

UNIT III HYBRID APP DEVELOPMENT

Hybrid Web App, Benefits of Hybrid App, Criteria for creating Native App, Tools for creating Hybrid App, Cons of Hybrid App, Popular Hybrid App Development Frameworks, Ionic, Apache Cordova,

UNIT IV CROSS-PLATFORM APP DEVELOPMENT USING REACT-NATIVE 6 What is Cross-platform App, Benefits of Cross-platform App, Criteria for creating Cross-platform

App, Tools for creating Cross-platform App, Cons of Cross-platform App, Popular Crossplatform App Development Frameworks, Flutter, Xamarin, React-Native, Basics of React Native, Native Components, JSX, State, Props

UNIT V NON-FUNCTIONAL CHARACTERISTICS OF APP FRAMEWORKS

Comparison of different Ap p frameworks, Build Performance, App Performance, Debugging capabilities, Time to Market, Maintainability, Ease of Development, UI/UX, Reusability

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1:Develop Native applications with GUI Components.

CO2: Develop hybrid applications with basic event handling.

CO3 Implement cross-platform applications with location and data storage capabilities.

CO4: Implement cross platform applications with basic GUI and event handling.

CO5:Develop web applications with cloud database access.

PRACTICAL EXERCISES:

30 PERIODS

1. Using react native, build a cross platform application for a BMI calculator.

2. Build a cross platform application for a simple expense manager which allows entering expenses and income on each day and displays category wise weekly income and expense.

3. Develop a cross platform application to convert units from imperial system to metric system (km to miles, kg to pounds etc.,)

4. Design and develop a cross platform application for day to day task (to-do) management.

5. Design an android application using Cordova for a user login screen with username, password, reset button and a submit button. Also, include header image and a label. Use layout managers.

6. Design and develop an android application using Apache Cordova to find and display the current location of the user.

7.Write programs using Java to create Android application having Databases

• For a simple library application.

• For displaying books available, books lend, book reservation. Assume that student

information is available in a database which has been stored in a database server.

TOTAL:60 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

1. Head First Android Development, Dawn Griffiths, O'Reilly, 1st edition

2. Apache Cordova in Action, Raymond K. Camden, Manning. 2015

3. Full Stack React Native: Create beautiful mobile apps with JavaScript and React Native,

Anthony Accomazzo, Houssein Djirdeh, Sophia Shoemaker, Devin Abbott, FullStack publishing

REFERENCES

1. Android Programming for Beginners, John Horton, Packt Publishing, 2nd Edition

- 2. Native Mobile Development by Shaun Lewis, Mike Dunn
- 3. Building Cross-Platform Mobile and Web Apps for Engineers and Scientists: An Active Learning Approach, Pawan Lingras, Matt Triff, Rucha Lingras
- 4. Apache Cordova 4 Programming, John M Wargo, 2015
- 5. React Native Cookbook, Daniel Ward, Packt Publishing, 2nd Edition

						PC)'s							PSO's	;
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	2	2	1	2	3	-	-	-	1	1	2	1	2	3	3
2	2	1	3	2	2	-	-	-	3	2	2	3	3	2	1
3	2	2	2	1	2	-	N.Y	U V I	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
4	1	3	1	1	3	-	-	-	1	1	3	2	1	3	1
5	1	1	3	1	3	-	-	-	1	1	2	1	3	2	1
AVG	1.6	1.8	2	1.4	2.6	-	-	-	1.4	1.2	2	1.6	2	2.2	1.6

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CCS336

CLOUD SERVICES MANAGEMENT

LT PC 2 0 2 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Introduce Cloud Service Management terminology, definition & concepts
- Compare and contrast cloud service management with traditional IT service management

- Identify strategies to reduce risk and eliminate issues associated with adoption of cloud services
- Select appropriate structures for designing, deploying and running cloud-based services in a business environment
- Illustrate the benefits and drive the adoption of cloud-based services to solve real world problems

UNIT I CLOUD SERVICE MANAGEMENT FUNDAMENTALS

Cloud Ecosystem, The Essential Characteristics, Basics of Information Technology Service Management and Cloud Service Management, Service Perspectives, Cloud Service Models, Cloud Service Deployment Models

UNIT II CLOUD SERVICES STRATEGY

Cloud Strategy Fundamentals, Cloud Strategy Management Framework, Cloud Policy, Key Driver for Adoption, Risk Management, IT Capacity and Utilization, Demand and Capacity matching, Demand Queueing, Change Management, Cloud Service Architecture

CLOUD SERVICE MANAGEMENT UNIT III

Cloud Service Reference Model, Cloud Service LifeCycle, Basics of Cloud Service Design, Dealing with Legacy Systems and Services, Benchmarking of Cloud Services, Cloud Service Capacity Planning, Cloud Service Deployment and Migration, Cloud Marketplace, Cloud Service Operations Management

UNIT IV CLOUD SERVICE ECONOMICS

Pricing models for Cloud Services, Freemium, Pay Per Reservation, Pay per User, Subscription based Charging, Procurement of Cloud-based Services, Capex vs Opex Shift, Cloud service Charging, Cloud Cost Models

CLOUD SERVICE GOVERNANCE & VALUE UNIT V

IT Governance Definition, Cloud Governance Definition, Cloud Governance Framework, Cloud Governance Structure, Cloud Governance Considerations, Cloud Service Model Risk Matrix, Understanding Value of Cloud Services, Measuring the value of Cloud Services, Balanced Scorecard, Total Cost of Ownership

COURSE OUTCOMES: **CO1:**Exhibit cloud-design skills to build and automate business solutions using cloud technologies. CO2: Possess Strong theoretical foundation leading to excellence and excitement towards adoption of cloud-based services

CO3: Solve the real world problems using Cloud services and technologies

PRACTICAL EXERCISES:

- 1. Create a Cloud Organization in AWS/Google Cloud/or any equivalent Open Source cloud softwares like Openstack, Eucalyptus, OpenNebula with Role-based access control
- 2. Create a Cost-model for a web application using various services and do Cost-benefit analysis
- 3. Create alerts for usage of Cloud resources
- 4. Create Billing alerts for your Cloud Organization

30 PERIODS 30 PERIODS



6

6

6

5. Compare Cloud cost for a simple web application across AWS, Azure and GCP and suggest the best one

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Cloud Service Management and Governance: Smart Service Management in Cloud Era by Enamul Haque, Enel Publications
- 2. Cloud Computing: Concepts, Technology & Architecture by Thomas Erl, Ricardo Puttini, Zaigham Mohammad 2013
- 3. Cloud Computing Design Patterns by Thomas Erl, Robert Cope, Amin Naserpour **REFERENCES**
 - 1. Economics of Cloud Computing by Praveen Ayyappa, LAP Lambert Academic Publishing
 - 2. Mastering Cloud Computing Foundations and Applications Programming Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vechhiola, S. Thamarai Selvi

					00	010	001	00 31							
						P	O's							PSO's	5
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	3	1	1	1	-3-	-	-	2	1	3	2	2	1	3
2	3	1	2	3	2		-	- 9	1	2	3	1	2	2	2
3	1	1	3	1	3	-	-	-	3	3	1	1	3	2	1
4	1	1	1	2	3	-	-	-	2	3	3	1	1	1	1
5	1	3	3	2	2	-	-	- 1	1	3	1	2	1	3	2
AVG	1.8	1.8	2	1.8	2.2	-	-	-	1.8	2.4	2.2	1.4	1.8	1.8	1.8

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CCS370

UI AND UX DESIGN

L T P C 2 0 2 3

6

6

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To provide a sound knowledge in UI & UX
- To understand the need for UI and UX
- To understand the various Research Methods used in Design
- To explore the various Tools used in UI & UX
- Creating a wireframe and prototype

UNIT I FOUNDATIONS OF DESIGN

UI vs. UX Design - Core Stages of Design Thinking - Divergent and Convergent Thinking - Brainstorming and Game storming - Observational Empathy

UNIT II FOUNDATIONS OF UI DESIGN

Visual and UI Principles - UI Elements and Patterns - Interaction Behaviors and Principles - Branding - Style Guides

UNIT III FOUNDATIONS OF UX DESIGN

Introduction to User Experience - Why You Should Care about User Experience - Understanding User Experience - Defining the UX Design Process and its Methodology - Research in User

Experience Design - Tools and Method used for Research - User Needs and its Goals - Know about Business Goals

UNIT IV WIREFRAMING, PROTOTYPING AND TESTING

Sketching Principles - Sketching Red Routes - Responsive Design – Wireframing - Creating Wireflows - Building a Prototype - Building High-Fidelity Mockups - Designing Efficiently with Tools - Interaction Patterns - Conducting Usability Tests - Other Evaluative User Research Methods - Synthesizing Test Findings - Prototype Iteration

UNIT V RESEARCH, DESIGNING, IDEATING, & INFORMATION ARCHITECTURE 6 Identifying and Writing Problem Statements - Identifying Appropriate Research Methods - Creating Personas - Solution Ideation - Creating User Stories - Creating Scenarios - Flow Diagrams - Flow Mapping - Information Architecture

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Designing a Responsive layout for an societal application
- 2. Exploring various UI Interaction Patterns
- 3. Developing an interface with proper UI Style Guides
- 4. Developing Wireflow diagram for application using open source software
- 5. Exploring various open source collaborative interface Platform
- 6. Hands on Design Thinking Process for a new product
- 7. Brainstorming feature for proposed product
- 8. Defining the Look and Feel of the new Project
- 9. Create a Sample Pattern Library for that product (Mood board, Fonts, Colors based on UI principles)

10. Identify a customer problem to solve

11. Conduct end-to-end user research - User research, creating personas, Ideation process (User stories, Scenarios), Flow diagrams, Flow Mapping

12. Sketch, design with popular tool and build a prototype and perform usability testing and identify improvements

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1:Build UI for user Applications

CO2: Evaluate UX design of any product or application

CO3:Demonstrate UX Skills in product development

CO4:Implement Sketching principles

CO5:Create Wireframe and Prototype

TEXT BOOKS

1. Joel Marsh, "UX for Beginners", O'Reilly , 2022

2. Jon Yablonski, "Laws of UX using Psychology to Design Better Product & Services" O'Reilly 2021

REFERENCES

- 1. Jenifer Tidwell, Charles Brewer, Aynne Valencia, "Designing Interface" 3 rd Edition, O'Reilly 2020
- 2. Steve Schoger, Adam Wathan "Refactoring UI", 2018

113

6

30 PERIODS

30 PERIODS

- 4. https://www.nngroup.com/articles/
- 5. https://www.interaction-design.org/literature.

					00	510	341	00 3 1							
						PC)'s							PSO's	•
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	1	1	3	1	-	-	-	3	3	2	1	3	3	1
2	2	3	1	3	2	-	-	-	1	2	2	2	1	2	2
3	1	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	2	3	1	2	1	3	3
4	1	2	3	3	1	-	-	-	3	2	1	3	3	3	3
5	1	2	3	2	1	-	-	-	2	1	1	1	3	2	2
AVG	1.6	2.2	2.2	2.6	1.4	-	-	-	2.2	2.2	1.4	1.8	2.2	2.6	2.2
				1 101		aadiuu	~ <u> </u>	hiah (1	o o rrol					

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CCS366 SOFTWARE TESTING AND AUTOMATION

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics of software testing
- To learn how to do the testing and planning effectively
- To build test cases and execute them
- To focus on wide aspects of testing and understanding multiple facets of testing
- To get an insight about test automation and the tools used for test automation

UNIT I

FOUNDATIONS OF SOFTWARE TESTING

Why do we test Software?, Black-Box Testing and White-Box Testing, Software Testing Life Cycle, V-model of Software Testing, Program Correctness and Verification, Reliability versus Safety, Failures, Errors and Faults (Defects), Software Testing Principles, Program Inspections, Stages of Testing: Unit Testing, Integration Testing, System Testing

UNIT II TEST PLANNING

The Goal of Test Planning, High Level Expectations, Intergroup Responsibilities, Test Phases, Test Strategy, Resource Requirements, Tester Assignments, Test Schedule, Test Cases, Bug Reporting, Metrics and Statistics.

UNIT III TEST DESIGN AND EXECUTION

Test Objective Identification, Test Design Factors, Requirement identification, Testable Requirements, Modeling a Test Design Process, Modeling Test Results, Boundary Value Testing, Equivalence Class Testing, Path Testing, Data Flow Testing, Test Design Preparedness Metrics, Test Case Design Effectiveness, Model-Driven Test Design, Test Procedures, Test Case Organization and Tracking, Bug Reporting, Bug Life Cycle.

UNIT IV ADVANCED TESTING CONCEPTS

Performance Testing: Load Testing, Stress Testing, Volume Testing, Fail-Over Testing, Recovery Testing, Configuration Testing, Compatibility Testing, Usability Testing, Testing the

Page 158 of 437

6

L T P C 2023

6

6

Documentation, Security testing, Testing in the Agile Environment, Testing Web and Mobile Applications.

UNIT V TEST AUTOMATION AND TOOLS

Automated Software Testing, Automate Testing of Web Applications, Selenium: Introducing Web Driver and Web Elements, Locating Web Elements, Actions on Web Elements, Different Web Drivers, Understanding Web Driver Events, Testing: Understanding Testing.xml, Adding Classes, Packages, Methods to Test, Test Reports.

PRACTICAL EXERCISES:

- 1. Develop the test plan for testing an e-commerce web/mobile application (www.amazon.in).
- 2. Design the test cases for testing the e-commerce application
- 3. Test the e-commerce application and report the defects in it.
- 4. Develop the test plan and design the test cases for an inventory control system.
- 5. Execute the test cases against a client server or desktop application and identify the defects.
- 6. Test the performance of the e-commerce application.
- 7. Automate the testing of e-commerce applications using Selenium.
- 8. Integrate TestNG with the above test automation.
- 9. Mini Project:
 - a) Build a data-driven framework using Selenium and TestNG
 - b) Build Page object Model using Selenium and TestNG
 - c) Build BDD framework with Selenium, TestNG and Cucumber

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Understand the basic concepts of software testing and the need for software testing

- CO2: Design Test planning and different activities involved in test planning
- CO3: Design effective test cases that can uncover critical defects in the application
- **CO4**: Carry out advanced types of testing
- CO5:- Automate the software testing using Selenium and TestNG

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. Yogesh Singh, "Software Testing", Cambridge University Press, 2012
- 2. Unmesh Gundecha, Satya Avasarala, "Selenium WebDriver 3 Practical Guide" Second Edition 2018

REFERENCES

- Glenford J. Myers, Corey Sandler, Tom Badgett, The Art of Software Testing, 3rd Edition, 2012, John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
- 2. Ron Patton, Software testing, 2nd Edition, 2006, Sams Publishing
- Paul C. Jorgensen, Software Testing: A Craftsman's Approach, Fourth Edition, 2014, Taylor & Francis Group.
- 4. Carl Cocchiaro, Selenium Framework Design in Data-Driven Testing, 2018, Packt Publishing.
- 5. Elfriede Dustin, Thom Garrett, Bernie Gaurf, Implementing Automated Software Testing, 2009, Pearson Education, Inc.
- 6. Satya Avasarala, Selenium WebDriver Practical Guide, 2014, Packt Publishing.
- 7. Varun Menon, TestNg Beginner's Guide, 2013, Packt Publishing.

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

30 PERIODS

6

30 PERIODS

TOTAL:60 PERIODS

						PC)'s							PSO's	;
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	3	2	1	2	-	-	-	1	1	3	2	3	2	3
2	2	3	1	1	1	-	-	-	2	2	1	2	1	2	3
3	2	2	1	3	1	-	-	-	1	3	1	2	2	3	2
4	2	1	3	2	1	-	-	-	1	1	1	2	3	1	2
5	2	2	1	3	1	-	-	-	1	3	2	1	2	1	3
AVG	2.2	2.2	1.6	2	1.2	-	-	-	1.2	2	1.6	1.8	2.2	1.8	2.6

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CCS374 WEB APPLICATION SECURITY L T P C

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the fundamentals of web application security
- To focus on wide aspects of secure development and deployment of web applications
- To learn how to build secure APIs
- To learn the basics of vulnerability assessment and penetration testing
- To get an insight about Hacking techniques and Tools

UNIT I FUNDAMENTALS OF WEB APPLICATION SECURITY

The history of Software Security-Recognizing Web Application Security Threats, Web Application Security, Authentication and Authorization, Secure Socket layer, Transport layer Security, Session Management-Input Validation

UNIT II SECURE DEVELOPMENT AND DEPLOYMENT

Web Applications Security - Security Testing, Security Incident Response Planning, The Microsoft Security Development Lifecycle (SDL), OWASP Comprehensive Lightweight Application Security Process (CLASP), The Software Assurance Maturity Model (SAMM)

UNIT III SECURE API DEVELOPMENT

API Security- Session Cookies, Token Based Authentication, Securing Natter APIs: Addressing threats with Security Controls, Rate Limiting for Availability, Encryption, Audit logging, Securing service-to-service APIs: API Keys, OAuth2, Securing Microservice APIs: Service Mesh, Locking Down Network Connections, Securing Incoming Requests.

UNIT IV VULNERABILITY ASSESSMENT AND PENETRATION TESTING

Vulnerability Assessment Lifecycle, Vulnerability Assessment Tools: Cloud-based vulnerability scanners, Host-based vulnerability scanners, Network-based vulnerability scanners, Databasebased vulnerability scanners, Types of Penetration Tests: External Testing, Web Application Testing, Internal Penetration Testing, SSID or Wireless Testing, Mobile Application Testing.

UNIT V HACKING TECHNIQUES AND TOOLS

Social Engineering, Injection, Cross-Site Scripting(XSS), Broken Authentication and Session Management, Cross-Site Request Forgery, Security Misconfiguration, Insecure Cryptographic Storage, Failure to Restrict URL Access, Tools: Comodo, OpenVAS, Nexpose, Nikto, Burp Suite, etc.

30 PERIODS

2023

6

5

6

6

7

Page 160 of 437

PRACTICAL EXERCISES:

30 PERIODS

- 1. Install wireshark and explore the various protocols
 - a. Analyze the difference between HTTP vs HTTPS
 - b. Analyze the various security mechanisms embedded with different protocols.
- 2. Identify the vulnerabilities using OWASP ZAP tool
- 3. Create simple REST API using python for following operation
 - . GET
 - a. PUSH
 - b. POST
 - c. DELETE
- 4. Install Burp Suite to do following vulnerabilities:
 - . SQL injection
 - a. cross-site scripting (XSS)
- 5. Attack the website using Social Engineering method

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Understanding the basic concepts of web application security and the need for it

CO2: Be acquainted with the process for secure development and deployment of web applications **CO3:** Acquire the skill to design and develop Secure Web Applications that use Secure APIs

CO4: Be able to get the importance of carrying out vulnerability assessment and penetration testing

CO5: Acquire the skill to think like a hacker and to use hackers tool sets

TEXT BOOKS

TOTAL:60 PERIODS

- 1. Andrew Hoffman, Web Application Security: Exploitation and Countermeasures for Modern Web Applications, First Edition, 2020, O'Reilly Media, Inc.
- 2. Bryan Sullivan, Vincent Liu, Web Application Security: A Beginners Guide, 2012, The McGraw-Hill Companies.
- 3. Neil Madden, API Security in Action, 2020, Manning Publications Co., NY, USA.

REFERENCES

- 1. Michael Cross, Developer's Guide to Web Application Security, 2007, Syngress Publishing, Inc.
- 2. Ravi Das and Greg Johnson, Testing and Securing Web Applications, 2021, Taylor & Francis Group, LLC.
- 3. Prabath Siriwardena, Advanced API Security, 2020, Apress Media LLC, USA.
- 4. Malcom McDonald, Web Security for Developers, 2020, No Starch Press, Inc.
- 5. Allen Harper, Shon Harris, Jonathan Ness, Chris Eagle, Gideon Lenkey, and Terron Williams Grey Hat Hacking: The Ethical Hacker's Handbook, Third Edition, 2011, The McGraw-Hill Companies.

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

CO's	PO's												PSO'	S	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	1	2	2	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
2	2	1	2	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	1	1	1	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
4	1	2	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	1	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
AVg.	1.2	1.6	1.6	1.4	2.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.6	-	-	-

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CCS342

DEVOPS

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce DevOps terminology, definition & concepts
- To understand the different Version control tools like Git, Mercurial
- To understand the concepts of Continuous Integration/ Continuous Testing/ Continuous Deployment)
- To understand Configuration management using Ansible
- Illustrate the benefits and drive the adoption of cloud-based Devops tools to solve real world problems

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO DEVOPS

Devops Essentials - Introduction To AWS, GCP, Azure - Version control systems: Git and Github.

UNIT II COMPILE AND BUILD USING MAVEN & GRADLE

Introduction, Installation of Maven, POM files, Maven Build lifecycle, Build phases(compile build, test, package) Maven Profiles, Maven repositories(local, central, global), Maven plugins, Maven create and build Artificats, Dependency management, Installation of Gradle, Understand build using Gradle

UNIT III CONTINUOUS INTEGRATION USING JENKINS

Install & Configure Jenkins, Jenkins Architecture Overview, Creating a Jenkins Job, Configuring a Jenkins job, Introduction to Plugins, Adding Plugins to Jenkins, Commonly used plugins (Git Plugin, Parameter Plugin, HTML Publisher, Copy Artifact and Extended choice parameters). Configuring Jenkins to work with java, Git and Maven, Creating a Jenkins Build and Jenkins workspace.

UNIT IV CONFIGURATION MANAGEMENT USING ANSIBLE

Ansible Introduction, Installation, Ansible master/slave configuration, YAML basics, Ansible modules, Ansible Inventory files, Ansible playbooks, Ansible Roles, adhoc commands in ansible

UNIT V BUILDING DEVOPS PIPELINES USING AZURE

Create Github Account, Create Repository, Create Azure Organization, Create a new pipeline, Build a sample code, Modify azure-pipelines.yaml file

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Understand different actions performed through Version control tools like Git.

118

30 PERIODS

LTPC

2023

6

6

6

CO2: Perform Continuous Integration and Continuous Testing and Continuous Deployment using Jenkins by building and automating test cases using Maven & Gradle.

CO3: Ability to Perform Automated Continuous Deployment

CO4: Ability to do configuration management using Ansible

CO5: Understand to leverage Cloud-based DevOps tools using Azure DevOps

PRACTICAL EXERCISES:

- 1. Create Maven Build pipeline in Azure
- 2. Run regression tests using Maven Build pipeline in Azure
- 3. Install Jenkins in Cloud
- 4. Create CI pipeline using Jenkins
- 5. Create a CD pipeline in Jenkins and deploy in Cloud
- 6. Create an Ansible playbook for a simple web application infrastructure
- 7. Build a simple application using Gradle
- 8. Install Ansible and configure ansible roles and to write playbooks

TEXT BOOKS

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

- 1. Roberto Vormittag, "A Practical Guide to Git and GitHub for Windows Users: From Beginner to Expert in Easy Step-By-Step Exercises", Second Edition, Kindle Edition, 2016.
- 2. Jason Cannon, "Linux for Beginners: An Introduction to the Linux Operating System and Command Line", Kindle Edition, 2014

REFERENCES

- Hands-On Azure Devops: Cicd Implementation For Mobile, Hybrid, And Web Applications Using Azure Devops And Microsoft Azure: CICD Implementation for ... DevOps and Microsoft Azure (English Edition) Paperback – 1 January 2020
- 2. by Mitesh Soni
- 3. Jeff Geerling, "Ansible for DevOps: Server and configuration management for humans", First Edition, 2015.
- 4. David Johnson, "Ansible for DevOps: Everything You Need to Know to Use Ansible for DevOps", Second Edition, 2016.
- 5. Mariot Tsitoara, "Ansible 6. Beginning Git and GitHub: A Comprehensive Guide to Version Control, Project Management, and Teamwork for the New Developer", Second Edition, 2019.
- 6. https://www.jenkins.io/user-handbook.pdf
- 7. https://maven.apache.org/guides/getting-started/

1.	nups	s.//mav	en.apa	ache.o	rg/guic	ies/ge	ung-si	aneu/							
					CO,	s- PO'	s & P	SO's N	IAPPI	NG					
						PC)'s							PSO's	;
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	1 3 1 1 1 3 1 3 1 3													3	1
2															1
3	2	2	1	2	3	-	-	-	2	1	1	3	2	1	1
4	2	3	3	1	1	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	1	2	2
5	1	2	1	3	1	-	-	-	3	2	1	3	3	3	3
AVG	2.2	1.8	1.6	1.6	2	-	-	-	1.8	2	1.4	2.4	2.2	2.4	1.6
		•	•	1 - 104	2 - n	nediur	n 3 - H	hiah '	' - no	corrol	ation	•		•	

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

119

30 PERIODS

CCS358

PRINCIPLES OF PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES

L T P C 3 0 0 3

9

9

9

9

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand and describe syntax and semantics of programming languages
- To understand data, data types, and basic statements
- To understand call-return architecture and ways of implementing them
- To understand object-orientation, concurrency, and event handling in programming languages
- To develop programs in non-procedural programming paradigms

UNIT I SYNTAX AND SEMANTICS

Evolution of programming languages – describing syntax – context-free grammars – attribute grammars – describing semantics – lexical analysis – parsing – recursive-descent – bottom up parsing

UNIT II DATA, DATA TYPES, AND BASIC STATEMENTS

Names – variables – binding – type checking – scope – scope rules – lifetime and garbage collection – primitive data types – strings – array types – associative arrays – record types – union types – pointers and references – Arithmetic expressions – overloaded operators – type conversions – relational and boolean expressions – assignment statements – mixed mode assignments – control structures – selection – iterations – branching – guarded statements

UNIT III SUBPROGRAMS AND IMPLEMENTATIONS

Subprograms – design issues – local referencing – parameter passing – overloaded methods – generic methods – design issues for functions – semantics of call and return – implementing simple subprograms – stack and dynamic local variables – nested subprograms – blocks – dynamic scoping

UNIT IVOBJECT-ORIENTATION, CONCURRENCY, AND EVENT HANDLING9Object-orientation– design issues for OOP languages– implementation of object-orientedconstructs– concurrency– semaphores– monitors– statement level concurrency– exception handling– event handling

UNIT V FUNCTIONAL AND LOGIC PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES

Introduction to lambda calculus – fundamentals of functional programming languages – Programming with Scheme – Programming with ML – Introduction to logic and logic programming – Programming with Prolog – multi-paradigm languages

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1: Describe syntax and semantics of programming languages
- CO2: Explain data, data types, and basic statements of programming languages
- CO3: Design and implement subprogram constructs
- **CO4:** Apply object-oriented, concurrency, and event handling programming constructs and Develop programs in Scheme, ML, and Prolog
- **CO5:** Understand and adopt new programming languages

TEXT BOOKS

- **1.** Robert W. Sebesta, "Concepts of Programming Languages", Twelfth Edition (Global Edition), Pearson, 2022.
- 2. Michael L. Scott, "Programming Language Pragmatics", Fourth Edition, Elsevier, 2018.
- 3. R. Kent Dybvig, "The Scheme programming language", Fourth Edition, Prentice Hall, 2011.
- 4. Jeffrey D. Ullman, "Elements of ML programming", Second Edition, Pearson, 1997.
- **5.** W. F. Clocksin and C. S. Mellish, "Programming in Prolog: Using the ISO Standard", Fifth Edition, Springer, 2003.

CO's	O's PO's														PSO's		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3		
1	2	2	3	2	1	-	-	-	- 12	-	-	3	2	3	-		
2	3	3	3	2	2	-		1	-	-	-	3	2	3	-		
3	3	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-		-	3	2	3	-		
4	3	3	3	3	2	2	-		-		7	-	3	2	-		
5	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	3	1	3	3	3	-		
AVg.	2.8	2.8	3	2.4	2	2.5	2	2	1	3	1	3	2.4	2.8	-		

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CCS372

VIRTUALIZATION

LT PC 2023

7

6

6

5

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To Learn the basics and types of Virtualization
- To understand the Hypervisors and its types
- To Explore the Virtualization Solutions
- To Experiment the virtualization platforms

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO VIRTUALIZATION

Virtualization and cloud computing - Need of virtualization – cost, administration, fast deployment, reduce infrastructure cost – limitations- Types of hardware virtualization: Full virtualization - partial virtualization - Paravirtualization-Types of Hypervisors

UNIT II SERVER AND DESKTOP VIRTUALIZATION

Virtual machine basics- Types of virtual machines- Understanding Server Virtualization- types of server virtualization- Business Cases for Server Virtualization – Uses of Virtual Server Consolidation – Selecting Server Virtualization Platform-Desktop Virtualization-Types of Desktop Virtualization

UNIT III NETWORK VIRTUALIZATION

Introduction to Network Virtualization-Advantages- Functions-Tools for Network Virtualization-VLAN-WAN Architecture-WAN Virtualization

UNIT IV STORAGE VIRTUALIZATION

Memory Virtualization-Types of Storage Virtualization-Block, File-Address space Remapping-Risks of Storage Virtualization-SAN-NAS-RAID

UNIT V VIRTUALIZATION TOOLS

VMWare-Amazon AWS-Microsoft HyperV- Oracle VM Virtual Box - IBM PowerVM- Google Virtualization- Case study.

PRACTICAL EXERCISES:

1.Create type 2 virtualization in VMWARE or any equivalent Open Source Tool. Allocate memory and storage space as per requirement. Install Guest OS on that VMWARE.

2.

- a.Shrink and extend virtual disk
- b. Create, Manage, Configure and schedule snapshots
- c. Create Spanned, Mirrored and Striped volume
- d. Create RAID 5 volume
- 3.

a.Desktop Virtualization using VNC

b.Desktop Virtualization using Chrome Remote Desktop

4. Create type 2 virtualization on ESXI 6.5 server

- 5.Create a VLAN in CISCO packet tracer
- 6.Install KVM in Linux
- 7.Create Nested Virtual Machine(VM under another VM)

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Analyse the virtualization concepts and Hypervisor

- CO2: Apply the Virtualization for real-world applications
- CO3: Install & Configure the different VM platforms
- CO4: Experiment with the VM with various software

TOTAL:60 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Cloud computing a practical approach Anthony T.Velte , Toby J. Velte Robert Elsenpeter, TATA McGraw- Hill , New Delhi 2010
- 2. Cloud Computing (Principles and Paradigms), Edited by Rajkumar Buyya, James Broberg, Andrzej Goscinski, John Wiley & Sons, Inc. 2011
- **3.** David Marshall, Wade A. Reynolds, Advanced Server Virtualization: VMware and Microsoft Platform in the Virtual Data Center, Auerbach
- 4. Chris Wolf, Erick M. Halter, "Virtualization: From the Desktop to the Enterprise", APress, 2005.
- **5.** James E. Smith, Ravi Nair, "Virtual Machines: Versatile Platforms for Systems and Processes", Elsevier/Morgan Kaufmann, 2005.
- 6. David Marshall, Wade A. Reynolds, "Advanced Server Virtualization: VMware and Microsoft Platform in the Virtual Data Center", Auerbach Publications, 2006.

30 PERIODS

30 PERIODS

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

						PC)'s							;	
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	1	3	1	3	2	-	-	-	1	1	3	1	2	3	2
2	3	2	2	1	2	-	-	-	1	2	2	3	3	2	1
3	3	2	1	3	1	-	-	-	2	2	1	3	3	3	2
4	1	1	2	3	3	-	-	-	3	3	1	1	3	2	2
5	1	3	2	3	1	-	-	-	2	1	3	3	1	1	2
AVG	1.8	2.2	1.6	2.6	1.8	-	-	-	1.8	1.8	2	2.2	2.4	2.2	1.8

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CCS341

DATA WAREHOUSING

LTPC 2023

5

6

7

6

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To know the details of data warehouse Architecture
- To understand the OLAP Technology
- To understand the partitioning strategy
- To differentiate various schema
- To understand the roles of process manager & system manager

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO DATA WAREHOUSE

Data warehouse Introduction - Data warehouse components- operational database Vs data warehouse – Data warehouse Architecture – Three-tier Data Warehouse Architecture - Autonomous Data Warehouse- Autonomous Data Warehouse Vs Snowflake - Modern Data Warehouse

UNIT II ETL AND OLAP TECHNOLOGY

What is ETL – ETL Vs ELT – Types of Data warehouses - Data warehouse Design and Modeling -Delivery Process - Online Analytical Processing (OLAP) - Characteristics of OLAP - Online Transaction Processing (OLTP) Vs OLAP - OLAP operations- Types of OLAP- ROLAP Vs MOLAP Vs HOLAP.

UNIT III META DATA, DATA MART AND PARTITION STRATEGY

Meta Data – Categories of Metadata – Role of Metadata – Metadata Repository – Challenges for Meta Management - Data Mart – Need of Data Mart- Cost Effective Data Mart- Designing Data Marts- Cost of Data Marts- Partitioning Strategy – Vertical partition – Normalization – Row Splitting – Horizontal Partition

UNIT IV DIMENSIONAL MODELING AND SCHEMA

Dimensional Modeling- Multi-Dimensional Data Modeling – Data Cube- Star Schema- Snowflake schema- Star Vs Snowflake schema- Fact constellation Schema- Schema Definition - Process Architecture- Types of Data Base Parallelism – Datawarehouse Tools

UNIT V SYSTEM & PROCESS MANAGERS

Data Warehousing System Managers: System Configuration Manager- System Scheduling Manager - System Event Manager - System Database Manager - System Backup Recovery Manager - Data Warehousing Process Managers: Load Manager – Warehouse Manager- Query Manager – Tuning – Testing

PRACTICAL EXERCISES:

- 1. Data exploration and integration with WEKA
- 2. Apply weka tool for data validation
- 3. Plan the architecture for real time application
- 4. Write the query for schema definition
- 5. Design data ware house for real time applications
- 6. Analyse the dimensional Modeling
- 7. Case study using OLAP
- 8. Case study using OTLP
- 9. Implementation of warehouse testing.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the students should be able to

CO1: Design data warehouse architecture for various Problems

CO2: Apply the OLAP Technology

CO3: Analyse the partitioning strategy

CO4: Critically analyze the differentiation of various schema for given problem

CO5: Frame roles of process manager & system manager

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Alex Berson and Stephen J. Smith "Data Warehousing, Data Mining & OLAP", Tata McGraw Hill Edition, Thirteenth Reprint 2008.
- 2. Ralph Kimball, "The Data Warehouse Toolkit: The Complete Guide to Dimensional Modeling", Third edition, 2013.

REFERENCES

- 1. Paul Raj Ponniah, "Data warehousing fundamentals for IT Professionals", 2012.
- 2. K.P. Soman, ShyamDiwakar and V. Ajay "Insight into Data mining Theory and Practice", Easter Economy Edition, Prentice Hall of India, 2006.

со		PO														
00	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12				
1	3	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	3	-	-	3				
2	3	2	2	2	3	-	-	-	2	-	2	2				
3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3				
4	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3				
5	3	2	2	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	2	2				
AVg.	3	2.6	2.6	1.2	2.5	1	-	-	2.5	-	2	2.6				

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

30 PERIODS

30 PERIODS

STORAGE TECHNOLOGIES

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Characterize the functionalities of logical and physical components of storage •
- Describe various storage networking technologies •
- Identify different storage virtualization technologies
- Discuss the different backup and recovery strategies •
- Understand common storage management activities and solutions •

STORAGE SYSTEMS UNIT I

Introduction to Information Storage: Digital data and its types, Information storage, Key characteristics of data center and Evolution of computing platforms. Information Lifecycle Management, Third Platform Technologies; Cloud computing and its essential characteristics. Cloud services and cloud deployment models, Big data analytics, Social networking and mobile computing, Characteristics of third platform infrastructure and Imperatives for third platform transformation. Data Center Environment: Building blocks of a data center, Compute systems and compute virtualization and Software-defined data center.

UNIT II INTELLIGENT STORAGE SYSTEMS AND RAID

Components of an intelligent storage system, Components, addressing, and performance of hard disk drives and solid-state drives, RAID, Types of intelligent storage systems, Scale-up and scaleout storage

Architecture.

STORAGE NETWORKING TECHNOLOGIES AND VIRTUALIZATION UNIT III

Block-Based Storage System, File-Based Storage System, Object-Based and Unified Storage. Fibre Channel SAN: Software-defined networking, FC SAN components and architecture, FC SAN topologies, link aggregation, and zoning, Virtualization in FC SAN environment. Internet Protocol SAN: iSCSI protocol, network components, and connectivity, Link aggregation, switch aggregation, and VLAN, FCIP protocol,

connectivity, and configuration. Fibre Channel over Ethernet SAN: Components of FCoE SAN, FCoE SAN connectivity, Converged Enhanced Ethernet, FCoE architecture.

BACKUP, ARCHIVE AND REPLICATION UNIT IV

12 Introduction to Business Continuity, Backup architecture, Backup targets and methods, Data deduplication, Cloud-based and mobile device backup, Data archive, Uses of replication and its characteristics, Compute based, storage-based, and network-based replication, Data migration, Disaster Recovery as a Service (DRaaS).

SECURING STORAGE INFRASTRUCTURE UNIT V

Information security goals, Storage security domains, Threats to a storage infrastructure, Security controls to protect a storage infrastructure, Governance, risk, and compliance, Storage infrastructure management functions, Storage infrastructure management processes.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Demonstrate the fundamentals of information storage management and various models of Cloud infrastructure services and deployment

CO2: Illustrate the usage of advanced intelligent storage systems and RAID

CO3: Interpret various storage networking architectures - SAN, including storage subsystems and virtualization

CO4: Examine the different role in providing disaster recovery and remote replication technologies

9

5

13

6

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

CO5: Infer the security needs and security measures to be employed in information storage management

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. EMC Corporation, Information Storage and Management, Wiley, India
- **2.** Jon Tate, Pall Beck, Hector Hugo Ibarra, Shanmuganathan Kumaravel and Libor Miklas, Introduction to Storage Area Networks, Ninth Edition, IBM Redbooks, December 2017
- **3.** Ulf Troppens, Rainer Erkens, Wolfgang Mueller-Friedt, Rainer Wolafka, Nils Haustein , Storage Networks Explained, Second Edition, Wiley, 2009

						PC)'s								
CO's	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11											12	1	2	3
1	1	2	1	3	3	-	-	-	1	1	1	3	1	2	1
2	3	1	2	3	3	-	-	-	3	2	3	2	2	3	1
3	1	1	3	2	2	-	-	-	3	1	1	2	2	3	3
4	3	2	1	2	2	-			1	1	3	1	3	2	1
5	1	3	2	1	2	-	-	- /	1	2	3	1	3	2	1
AVG	1.8	1.8	1.8	2.2	2.4		-	-	1.8	1.4	2.2	1.8	2.2	2.4	1.4

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CCS365

SOFTWARE DEFINED NETWORKS

L T P C 2 0 2 3

6

6

6

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the need for SDN and its data plane operations
- To understand the functions of control plane
- To comprehend the migration of networking functions to SDN environment
- To explore various techniques of network function virtualization
- To comprehend the concepts behind network virtualization

UNIT I SDN: INTRODUCTION

Evolving Network Requirements – The SDN Approach – SDN architecture - SDN Data Plane, Control plane and Application Plane

UNIT II SDN DATA PLANE AND CONTROL PLANE-

Data Plane functions and protocols - OpenFLow Protocol - Flow Table - Control Plane Functions -Southbound Interface, Northbound Interface – SDN Controllers - Ryu, OpenDaylight, ONOS -Distributed Controllers

UNIT III SDN APPLICATIONS

SDN Application Plane Architecture – Network Services Abstraction Layer – Traffic Engineering – Measurement and Monitoring – Security – Data Center Networking

UNIT IV NETWORK FUNCTION VIRTUALIZATION

Network Virtualization - Virtual LANs – OpenFlow VLAN Support - NFV Concepts – Benefits and Requirements – Reference Architecture

UNIT V NFV FUNCTIONALITY

NFV Infrastructure – Virtualized Network Functions – NFV Management and Orchestration – NFV Use cases – SDN and NFV

PRACTICAL EXERCISES:

1) Setup your own virtual SDN lab

- i) Virtualbox/Mininet Environment for SDN http://mininet.org
- ii) <u>https://www.kathara.org</u>
- iii) GNS3

2) Create a simple mininet topology with SDN controller and use Wireshark to capture and visualize the OpenFlow messages such as OpenFlow FLOW MOD, PACKET IN, PACKET OUT etc.

3) Create a SDN application that uses the Northbound API to program flow table rules on the switch for various use cases like L2 learning switch, Traffic Engineering, Firewall etc.

4) Create a simple end-to-end network service with two VNFs using vim-emu

- https://github.com/containernet/vim-emu
- 5) Install OSM and onboard and orchestrate network service.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After the successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

CO1: Describe the motivation behind SDN

CO2: Identify the functions of the data plane and control plane

CO3: Design and develop network applications using SDN

CO4: Orchestrate network services using NFV

CO5: Explain various use cases of SDN and NFV

TEXTBOOKS:

1. William Stallings, "Foundations of Modern Networking: SDN, NFV, QoE, IoT and Cloud", Pearson Education, 1st Edition, 2015.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Ken Gray, Thomas D. Nadeau, "Network Function Virtualization", Morgan Kauffman, 2016.
- 2. Thomas D Nadeau, Ken Gray, "SDN: Software Defined Networks", O'Reilly Media, 2013.
- 3. Fei Hu, "Network Innovation through OpenFlow and SDN: Principles and Design", 1st Edition, CRC Press, 2014.
- 4. Paul Goransson, Chuck Black Timothy Culver, "Software Defined Networks: A Comprehensive Approach", 2nd Edition, Morgan Kaufmann Press, 2016.
- 5. Oswald Coker, Siamak Azodolmolky, "Software-Defined Networking with OpenFlow", 2nd Edition, O'Reilly Media, 2017.

						PC)'s						PSO's			
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	
1	1	2	3	1	3	•	-	-	2	3	1	3	1	2	1	
2	2	1	2	2	3	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	1	3	2	
3	2	2	2	3	3	-	-	-	3	1	1	2	1	3	3	
4	2	2	2	3	1	-	-	-	1	3	1	2	2	2	2	
5	3	3	1	1	3	-	-	-	1	2	1	2	2	1	3	
AVG	2	2	2	2	2.6	-	-	-	1.8	2.2	1.2	2.2	1.4	2.2	2.2	

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

Page 171 of 437

30 PERIODS 30 PERIODS

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

CCS368

STREAM PROCESSING

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Introduce Data Processing terminology, definition & concepts
- Define different types of Data Processing
- Explain the concepts of Real-time Data processing
- Select appropriate structures for designing and running real-time data services in a business environment
- Illustrate the benefits and drive the adoption of real-time data services to solve real world problems

UNIT I FOUNDATIONS OF DATA SYSTEMS

Introduction to Data Processing, Stages of Data processing, Data Analytics, Batch Processing, Stream processing, Data Migration, Transactional Data processing, Data Mining, Data Management Strategy, Storage, Processing, Integration, Analytics, Benefits of Data as a Service, Challenges

UNIT II REAL-TIME DATA PROCESSING

Introduction to Big data, Big data infrastructure, Real-time Analytics, Near real-time solution, Lambda architecture, Kappa Architecture, Stream Processing, Understanding Data Streams, Message Broker, Stream Processor, Batch & Real-time ETL tools, Streaming Data Storage

UNIT III DATA MODELS AND QUERY LANGUAGES

Relational Model, Document Model, Key-Value Pairs, NoSQL, Object-Relational Mismatch, Manyto-One and Many-to-Many Relationships, Network data models, Schema Flexibility, Structured Query Language, Data Locality for Queries, Declarative Queries, Graph Data models, Cypher Query Language, Graph Queries in SQL, The Semantic Web, CODASYL, SPARQL

UNIT IV EVENT PROCESSING WITH APACHE KAFKA

Apache Kafka, Kafka as Event Streaming platform, Events, Producers, Consumers, Topics, Partitions, Brokers, Kafka APIs, Admin API, Producer API, Consumer API, Kafka Streams API, Kafka Connect API

UNIT V REAL-TIME PROCESSING USING SPARK STREAMING

Structured Streaming, Basic Concepts, Handling Event-time and Late Data, Fault-tolerant Semantics, Exactly-once Semantics, Creating Streaming Datasets, Schema Inference, Partitioning of Streaming datasets, Operations on Streaming Data, Selection, Aggregation, Projection, Watermarking, Window operations, Types of Time windows, Join Operations, Deduplication

PRACTICAL EXERCISES:

- 1. Install MongoDB
- 2. Design and Implement Simple application using MongoDB
- 3. Query the designed system using MongoDB
- 4. Create a Event Stream with Apache Kafka
- 5. Create a Real-time Stream processing application using Spark Streaming
- 6. Build a Micro-batch application
- 7. Real-time Fraud and Anomaly Detection,
- 8. Real-time personalization, Marketing, Advertising

30 PERIODS 30 PERIODS

6

6

6

6

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1:Understand the applicability and utility of different streaming algorithms.

CO2:Describe and apply current research trends in data-stream processing.

CO3: Analyze the suitability of stream mining algorithms for data stream systems.

CO4: Program and build stream processing systems, services and applications.

C05:Solve problems in real-world applications that process data streams.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Streaming Systems: The What, Where, When and How of Large-Scale Data Processing by Tyler Akidau, Slava Chemyak, Reuven Lax, O'Reilly publication
- 2. Designing Data-Intensive Applications by Martin Kleppmann, O'Reilly Media
- 3. Practical Real-time Data Processing and Analytics : Distributed Computing and Event Processing using Apache Spark, Flink, Storm and Kafka, Packt Publishing

REFERENCES

- https://spark.apache.org/docs/latest/streaming-programming-guide.html 1.
- 2. Kafka.apache.org

	PO's PSO's PSO's														
						PC)'s							5	
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	3	2	3	1	-	-	-	2	3	1	2	1	3	3
2	2	1	1	2	2	-	-	-	3	2	2	3	1	2	1
3	3	1	2	3	3	-	-	-	2	2	1	1	2	2	1
4	2	1	3	3	3	-	-	-	3	3	1	1	1	2	1
5	3	3	1	2	2		-		3	3	2	3	2	3	2
AVG	2.6	1.8	1.8	2.6	2.2		-		2.6	2.6	1.4	2	1.4	2.4	1.6

DIA DOIA 9 DOO'S MADDING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CCS362

SECURITY AND PRIVACY IN CLOUD

LTPC 2023

TOTAL:60 PERIODS

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To Introduce Cloud Computing terminology, definition & concepts
- To understand the security design and architectural considerations for Cloud
- To understand the Identity, Access control in Cloud •
- To follow best practices for Cloud security using various design patterns
- To be able to monitor and audit cloud applications for security

UNIT I FUNDAMENTALS OF CLOUD SECURITY CONCEPTS 7

Overview of cloud security- Security Services - Confidentiality, Integrity, Authentication, Nonrepudiation, Access Control - Basic of cryptography - Conventional and public-key cryptography, hash functions, authentication, and digital signatures.

UNIT III Access control requirements for Cloud infrastructure - User Identification - Authentication and Authorization - Roles-based Access Control - Multi-factor authentication - Single Sign-on, Identity Federation - Identity providers and service consumers - Storage and network access control options - OS Hardening and minimization - Verified and measured boot - Intruder Detection and prevention

Security design principles for Cloud Computing - Comprehensive data protection - End-to-end

UNIT IV CLOUD SECURITY DESIGN PATTERNS

Introduction to Design Patterns, Cloud bursting, Geo-tagging, Secure Cloud Interfaces, Cloud Resource Access Control, Secure On-Premise Internet Access, Secure External Cloud

UNIT V MONITORING, AUDITING AND MANAGEMENT

Proactive activity monitoring - Incident Response, Monitoring for unauthorized access, malicious traffic, abuse of system privileges - Events and alerts - Auditing - Record generation, Reporting and Management, Tamper-proofing audit logs, Quality of Services, Secure Management, User management, Identity management, Security Information and Event Management

PRACTICAL EXERCISES:

1. Simulate a cloud scenario using Cloud Sim and run a scheduling algorithm not present in Cloud Sim

- 2. simulate resource management using cloud sim
- 3. simulate log forensics using cloud sim
- 4. simulate a secure file sharing using a cloud sim

5. Implement data anonymization techniques over the simple dataset (masking, k-anonymization, etc)

- 6. Implement any encryption algorithm to protect the images
- 7. Implement any image obfuscation mechanism
- 8. Implement a role-based access control mechanism in a specific scenario
- 9. implement an attribute-based access control mechanism based on a particular scenario
- 10. Develop a log monitoring system with incident management in the cloud

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Understand the cloud concepts and fundamentals.

- **CO2:** Explain the security challenges in the cloud.
- CO3: Define cloud policy and Identity and Access Management.
- **CO4**: Understand various risks and audit and monitoring mechanisms in the cloud.
- **CO5:** Define the various architectural and design considerations for security in the cloud.

TOTAL:60 PERIODS

TEXTBOOKS

- Raj Kumar Buyya, James Broberg, andrzejGoscinski, "Cloud Computing:", Wiley 2013 1.
- 2. Dave shackleford, "Virtualization Security", SYBEX a wiley Brand 2013.

130

UNIT II SECURITY DESIGN AND ARCHITECTURE FOR CLOUD

access control - Common attack vectors and threats - Network and Storage - Secure Isolation Strategies - Virtualization strategies - Inter-tenant network segmentation strategies - Data Protection strategies: Data retention, deletion and archiving procedures for tenant data, Encryption, Data Redaction, Tokenization, Obfuscation, PKI and Key ACCESS CONTROL AND IDENTITY MANAGEMENT 6

6

5

6

30 PERIODS 30 PERIODS

3. Mather, Kumaraswamy and Latif, "Cloud Security and Privacy", OREILLY 2011 **REFERENCES**

1. Mark C. Chu-Carroll "Code in the Cloud", CRC Press, 2011

2. Mastering Cloud Computing Foundations and Applications Programming RajkumarBuyya, Christian Vechhiola, S. ThamaraiSelvi

						PC	D's							PSO's	\$
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	3	3	1	2	-	-	-	1	1	1	3	3	1	2
2	1	3	2	3	1	-	-	-	2	2	3	2	3	1	2
3	3	2	2	3	2	-	-	-	3	1	1	2	2	3	1
4	2	1	2	3	3	-	-	-	3	2	3	3	1	1	2
5	1	3	3	1	1	-	- /	-	2	3	3	2	2	3	2
AVG	2	2.4	2.4	2.2	1.8	-	-	-	2.2	1.8	2.2	2.4	2.2	1.8	1.8
-	•	•		1 101		adiu	- 2	alah (1	o o rrol		•	•	•	

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - Iow, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CCS344

ETHICAL HACKING

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics of computer based vulnerabilities.
- To explore different foot printing, reconnaissance and scanning methods.
- To expose the enumeration and vulnerability analysis methods.
- To understand hacking options available in Web and wireless applications.
- To explore the options for network protection.
- To practice tools to perform ethical hacking to expose the vulnerabilities.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Ethical Hacking Overview - Role of Security and Penetration Testers .- Penetration-Testing Methodologies- Laws of the Land - Overview of TCP/IP- The Application Layer - The Transport Layer - The Internet Layer - IP Addressing .- Network and Computer Attacks - Malware - Protecting Against Malware Attacks.- Intruder Attacks - Addressing Physical Security

UNIT II FOOT PRINTING, RECONNAISSANCE AND SCANNING NETWORKS 6

Footprinting Concepts - Footprinting through Search Engines, Web Services, Social Networking Sites, Website, Email - Competitive Intelligence - Footprinting through Social Engineering - Footprinting Tools - Network Scanning Concepts - Port-Scanning Tools - Scanning Techniques - Scanning Beyond IDS and Firewall

UNIT III ENUMERATION AND VULNERABILITY ANALYSIS

Enumeration Concepts - NetBIOS Enumeration – SNMP, LDAP, NTP, SMTP and DNS Enumeration - Vulnerability Assessment Concepts - Desktop and Server OS Vulnerabilities -Windows OS Vulnerabilities - Tools for Identifying Vulnerabilities in Windows- Linux OS Vulnerabilities- Vulnerabilities of Embedded Oss

6

LTPC 2 0 2 3

UNIT IV SYSTEM HACKING

Hacking Web Servers - Web Application Components- Vulnerabilities - Tools for Web Attackers and Security Testers Hacking Wireless Networks - Components of a Wireless Network – Wardriving- Wireless Hacking - Tools of the Trade –

UNIT V NETWORK PROTECTION SYSTEMS

Access Control Lists. - Cisco Adaptive Security Appliance Firewall - Configuration and Risk Analysis Tools for Firewalls and Routers - Intrusion Detection and Prevention Systems - Network-Based and Host-Based IDSs and IPSs - Web Filtering - Security Incident Response Teams – Honeypots.

PRACTICAL EXERCISES:

- 1. Install Kali or Backtrack Linux / Metasploitable/ Windows XP
- 2. Practice the basics of reconnaissance.
- 3. Using FOCA / SearchDiggity tools, extract metadata and expanding the target list.
- 4. Aggregates information from public databases using online free tools like Paterva's Maltego.
- 5. Information gathering using tools like Robtex.
- 6. Scan the target using tools like Nessus.
- 7. View and capture network traffic using Wireshark.
- 8. Automate dig for vulnerabilities and match exploits using Armitage
- FOCA : http://www.informatica64.com/foca.aspx.

Nessus : http://www.tenable.com/products/nessus.

Wireshark : http://www.wireshark.org.

Armitage : http://www.fastandeasyhacking.com/.

Kali or Backtrack Linux, Metasploitable, Windows XP

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the students will be able:

CO1: To express knowledge on basics of computer based vulnerabilities

- CO2: To gain understanding on different foot printing, reconnaissance and scanning methods.
- **CO3** To demonstrate the enumeration and vulnerability analysis methods
- CO4: To gain knowledge on hacking options available in Web and wireless applications.
- CO5: To acquire knowledge on the options for network protection.

CO6: To use tools to perform ethical hacking to expose the vulnerabilities.

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. Michael T. Simpson, Kent Backman, and James E. Corley, Hands-On Ethical Hacking and Network Defense, Course Technology, Delmar Cengage Learning, 2010.
- 2. <u>The Basics of Hacking and Penetration Testing Patrick Engebretson</u>, SYNGRESS, Elsevier, 2013.
- 3. <u>The Web Application Hacker's Handbook: Finding and Exploiting Security Flaws, Dafydd</u> <u>Stuttard</u> and Marcus Pinto, 2011.

REFERENCES

1. Black Hat Python: Python Programming for Hackers and Pentesters, Justin Seitz, 2014.

30 PERIODS 30 PERIODS

TOTAL :60 PERIODS

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

						PC)'s							5	
CO's	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11											12	1	2	3
1	2	2	3	2	1	-	-	-	1	2	2	1	1	2	3
2	1	2	1	2	1	-	-	-	2	2	1	1	1	2	2
3	2	2	3	3	1	-	-	-	1	2	1	2	2	3	1
4	2	1	1	2	1	-	-	-	1	3	3	3	3	2	1
5	2	3	1	1	2	-	-	-	2	1	1	1	1	1	3
AVG	1.8	2	1.8	2	1.2	-	-	-	1.4	2	1.6	1.6	1.6	2	2

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CCS343

DIGITAL AND MOBILE FORENSICS

LT PC 2 0 2 3

6

6

6

6

6

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand basic digital forensics and techniques.
- To understand digital crime and investigation.
- To understand how to be prepared for digital forensic readiness.
- To understand and use forensics tools for iOS devices.
- To understand and use forensics tools for Android devices.

UNIT I

INTRODUCTION TO DIGITAL FORENSICS

Forensic Science – Digital Forensics – Digital Evidence – The Digital Forensics Process – Introduction – The Identification Phase – The Collection Phase – The Examination Phase – The Analysis Phase – The Presentation Phase

UNIT II

DIGITAL CRIME AND INVESTIGATION

Digital Crime – Substantive Criminal Law – General Conditions – Offenses – Investigation Methods for Collecting Digital Evidence – International Cooperation to Collect Digital Evidence

UNIT III

DIGITAL FORENSIC READINESS

Introduction – Law Enforcement versus Enterprise Digital Forensic Readiness – Rationale for Digital Forensic Readiness – Frameworks, Standards and Methodologies – Enterprise Digital Forensic Readiness – Challenges in Digital Forensics

UNIT IV iOS FORENSICS

Mobile Hardware and Operating Systems - iOS Fundamentals – Jailbreaking – File System – Hardware – iPhone Security – iOS Forensics – Procedures and Processes – Tools – Oxygen Forensics – MobilEdit – iCloud

UNIT V ANDROID FORENSICS

Android basics – Key Codes – ADB – Rooting Android – Boot Process – File Systems – Security – Tools – Android Forensics – Forensic Procedures – ADB – Android Only Tools – Dual Use Tools – Oxygen Forensics – MobilEdit – Android App Decompiling

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1: Have knowledge on digital forensics.

CO2: Know about digital crime and investigations.

CO3: Be forensic ready.

CO4: Investigate, identify and extract digital evidence from iOS devices.

133

30 PERIODS

CO5: Investigate, identify and extract digital evidence from Android devices.

LAB EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Installation of Sleuth Kit on Linux. List all data blocks. Analyze allocated as well as unallocated blocks of a disk image.
- 2. Data extraction from call logs using Sleuth Kit.
- 3. Data extraction from SMS and contacts using Sleuth Kit.
- 4. Install Mobile Verification Toolkit or MVT and decrypt encrypted iOS backups.
- 5. Process and parse records from the iOS system.
- 6. Extract installed applications from Android devices.
- 7. Extract diagnostic information from Android devices through the adb protocol.
- 8. Generate a unified chronological timeline of extracted records,

TEXT BOOK:

- 1. Andre Arnes, "Digital Forensics", Wiley, 2018.
- 2. Chuck Easttom, "An In-depth Guide to Mobile Device Forensics", First Edition, CRC Press, 2022.

REFERENCES

1. Vacca, J, Computer Forensics, Computer Crime Scene Investigation, 2nd Ed, Charles River Media, 2005, ISBN: 1-58450-389.

	CO'S- PO'S & PSO'S MAPPING														
						PC)'s							PSO's	;
CO's	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11										12	1	2	3	
1	3	1	3	2	1	-	-	-	1	1	3	3	1	3	1
2	3	3	3	3	3	-	-		2	2	1	2	1	3	1
3	3	3	2	3	1	-	-	-	3	2	1	1	3	2	3
4	3	1	2	2	3	-	-	-	1	3	3	2	1	3	3
5	1	3	2	3	2		-		2	3	2	3	1	2	1
AVG	3	2	2	3	2	-	-		2	2	2	2	1	3	2

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CCS363

SOCIAL NETWORK SECURITY

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To develop semantic web related simple applications
- To explain Privacy and Security issues in Social Networking
- To explain the data extraction and mining of social networks
- To discuss the prediction of human behavior in social communities
- To describe the Access Control, Privacy and Security management of social networks

UNIT I FUNDAMENTALS OF SOCIAL NETWORKING

Introduction to Semantic Web, Limitations of current Web, Development of Semantic Web, Emergence of the Social Web, Social Network analysis, Development of Social Network Analysis, Key concepts and measures in network analysis, Historical overview of privacy and security, Major paradigms, for understanding privacy and security

30 PERIODS

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

6

LTPC 2023

135

UNIT II SECURITY ISSUES IN SOCIAL NETWORKS

The evolution of privacy and security concerns with networked technologies, Contextual influences on privacy attitudes and behaviors, Anonymity in a networked world

UNIT III EXTRACTION AND MINING IN SOCIAL NETWORKING DATA

Extracting evolution of Web Community from a Series of Web Archive, Detecting

communities in social networks, Definition of community, Evaluating communities, Methods for community detection and mining, Applications of community mining algorithms, Tools for detecting communities social network infrastructures and communities, Big data and Privacy

UNIT IV PREDICTING HUMAN BEHAVIOR AND PRIVACY ISSUES

Understanding and predicting human behavior for social communities, User data Management, Inference and Distribution, Enabling new human experiences, Reality mining, Context, Awareness, Privacy in online social networks, Trust in online environment, What is Neo4j, Nodes, Relationships, Properties

UNIT V ACCESS CONTROL, PRIVACY AND IDENTITY MANAGEMENT

Understand the access control requirements for Social Network, Enforcing Access Control Strategies, Authentication and Authorization, Roles-based Access Control, Host, storage and network access control options, Firewalls, Authentication, and Authorization in Social Network, Identity & Access Management, Single Sign-on, Identity Federation, Identity providers and service consumers, The role of Identity provisioning

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Develop semantic web related simple applications

- CO2 : Address Privacy and Security issues in Social Networking
- CO3: Explain the data extraction and mining of social networks
- **CO4**: Discuss the prediction of human behavior in social communities

CO5: Describe the applications of social networks

PRACTICALEXERCISES:

- 1. Design own social media application
- 2. Create a Network model using Neo4j
- 3. Read and write Data from Graph Database
- 4. Find "Friend of Friends" using Neo4j
- 5. Implement secure search in social media
- 6. Create a simple Security & Privacy detector

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Peter Mika, "Social Networks and the Semantic Web, First Edition, Springer 2007.
- 2. BorkoFurht, "Handbook of Social Network Technologies and Application, First Edition, Springer, 2010.
- 3. Learning Neo4j 3.x Second Edition By Jérôme Baton, Rik Van Bruggen, Packt publishing
- 4. David Easley, Jon Kleinberg, "Networks, Crowds, and Markets: Reasoning about a Highly Connected Worldl, First Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2010.

REFERENCES

30 PERIODS

30 PERIODS

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

6

6

- 2. Jackson, Matthew O., "Social and Economic Networks", Princeton University Press, 2008.
- 3. GuandongXu ,Yanchun Zhang and Lin Li, "Web Mining and Social Networking Techniques and applications", First Edition, Springer, 2011.
- 4. Dion Goh and Schubert Foo, "Social information Retrieval Systems: Emerging Technologies and Applications for Searching the Web Effectively", IGI Global Snippet, 2008.
- 5. Max Chevalier, Christine Julien and Chantal Soulé-Dupuy, "Collaborative and Social Information Retrieval and Access: Techniques for Improved user Modeling", IGI Global Snippet, 2009.
- 6. John G. Breslin, Alexander Passant and Stefan Decker, "The Social Semantic Web", Springer, 2009.

		PO's 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 1 2 3 2 - - - 3 2 1 2 2 3 3 - - - 1 2 2 1 1 3 2 - - - 1 2 2 1 1 3 2 - - - 1 2 2 3 3 3 2 - - - 1 1 1												PSO's	;
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	1	2	3	2	-		-	3	2	1	2	3	3	2
2	2	2	2	3	3				1	2	2	3	3	3	2
3	2	1	1	3	2	5	-	-	1	2	1	1	1	3	3
4	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	2	1	3
5	1	3	2	2	2		-	-	1	1	3	1	2	3	3
AVG	2.2	2	2	2.8	2.2		-	1	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.6	2.2	2.6	2.6

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CCS351

MODERN CRYPTOGRAPHY

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn about Modern Cryptography.
- To focus on how cryptographic algorithms and protocols work and how to use them.
- To build a Pseudorandom permutation.
- To construct Basic cryptanalytic techniques.
- To provide instruction on how to use the concepts of block ciphers and message authentication codes.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Basics of Symmetric Key Cryptography, Basics of Asymmetric Key Cryptography, Hardness of Functions. Notions of Semantic Security (SS) and Message Indistinguishability (MI): Proof of Equivalence of SS and MI, Hard Core Predicate, Trap-door permutation, Goldwasser-Micali Encryption. Goldreich-Levin Theorem: Relation between Hardcore Predicates and Trap-door permutations.

UNIT II FORMAL NOTIONS OF ATTACKS

Attacks under Message Indistinguishability: Chosen Plaintext Attack (IND-CPA), Chosen Ciphertext Attacks (IND-CCA1 and IND-CCA2), Attacks under Message Non-malleability: NM-CPA and NM-CCA2, Inter-relations among the attack model

UNIT III RANDOM ORACLES

6

6

6

LTPC

2 0 2 3

Provable Security and asymmetric cryptography, hash functions. One-way functions: Weak and Strong one-way functions. Pseudo-random Generators (PRG): Blum-Micali-Yao Construction, Construction of more powerful PRG, Relation between One-way functions and PRG, Pseudo-random Functions (PRF)

UNIT IV BUILDING A PSEUDORANDOM PERMUTATION

The LubyRackoff Construction: Formal Definition, Application of the LubyRackoff Construction to the construction of Block Ciphers, The DES in the light of LubyRackoff Construction.

UNIT V MESSAGE AUTHENTICATION CODES

Left or Right Security (LOR). Formal Definition of Weak and Strong MACs, Using a PRF as a MAC, Variable length MAC. Public Key Signature Schemes: Formal Definitions, Signing and Verification, Formal Proofs of Security of Full Domain Hashing. Assumptions for Public Key Signature Schemes: One-way functions Imply Secure One-time Signatures. Shamir's Secret Sharing Scheme. Formally Analyzing Cryptographic Protocols. Zero Knowledge Proofs and Protocols.

PRACTICAL EXERCISES:

- 1. Implement Feige-Fiat-Shamir identification protocol.
- 2. Implement GQ identification protocol.
- 3. Implement Schnorr identification protocol.
- 4. Implement Rabin one-time signature scheme.
- 5. Implement Merkle one-time signature scheme.
- 6. Implement Authentication trees and one-time signatures.
- 7. Implement GMR one-time signature scheme.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Interpret the basic principles of cryptography and general cryptanalysis.

CO2: Determine the concepts of symmetric encryption and authentication.

CO3 Identify the use of public key encryption, digital signatures, and key establishment.

CO4: Articulate the cryptographic algorithms to compose, build and analyze simple cryptographic solutions.

CO5: Express the use of Message Authentication Codes.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Hans Delfs and Helmut Knebl, Introduction to Cryptography: Principles and Applications, Springer Verlag.
- 2. Wenbo Mao, Modern Cryptography, Theory and Practice, Pearson Education (Low Priced Edition)

REFERENCES:

- 1. ShaffiGoldwasser and MihirBellare, Lecture Notes on Cryptography, Available at http://citeseerx.ist.psu.edu/.
- 2. OdedGoldreich, Foundations of Cryptography, CRC Press (Low Priced Edition Available), Part 1 and Part 23
- 3. William Stallings, "Cryptography and Network Security: Principles and Practice", PHI 3rd Edition, 2006.

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

PO's	PSO's

30 PERIODS 30 PERIODS

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

6

CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	3	3	3	1	-	-	-	2	1	1	2	2	1	1
2	1	3	2	1	2	-	-	-	3	2	2	2	2	1	3
3	1	1	2	3	2	-	-	-	1	1	1	3	1	1	3
4	3	1	2	1	3	-	-	-	3	2	1	2	3	2	1
5	2	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	3	1	1	1	2	1	1
AVG	2	2.2	2.4	2.2	2.2	-	-	-	2.4	1.4	1.2	2	2	1.2	1.8

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CB3591 ENGINEERING SECURE SOFTWARE SYSTEMS

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Know the importance and need for software security.
- Know about various attacks.
- Learn about secure software design.
- Understand risk management in secure software development.
- Know the working of tools related to software security.

UNIT I NEED OF SOFTWARE SECURITY AND LOW-LEVEL ATTACKS

Software Assurance and Software Security - Threats to software security - Sources of software insecurity - Benefits of Detecting Software Security - Properties of Secure Software – Memory-Based Attacks: Low-Level Attacks Against Heap and Stack - Defense Against Memory-Based Attacks

UNIT II SECURE SOFTWARE DESIGN

Requirements Engineering for secure software - SQUARE process Model - Requirements elicitation and prioritization- Isolating The Effects of Untrusted Executable Content - Stack Inspection – Policy Specification Languages – Vulnerability Trends – Buffer Overflow – Code Injection - Session Hijacking. Secure Design - Threat Modeling and Security Design Principles

UINT III SECURITY RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk Management Life Cycle – Risk Profiling – Risk Exposure Factors – Risk Evaluation and Mitigation – Risk Assessment Techniques – Threat and Vulnerability Management

UNIT IV SECURITY TESTING

Traditional Software Testing – Comparison - Secure Software Development Life Cycle - Risk Based Security Testing – Prioritizing Security Testing With Threat Modeling – Penetration Testing – Planning and Scoping - Enumeration – Remote Exploitation – Web Application Exploitation -Exploits and Client Side Attacks – Post Exploitation – Bypassing Firewalls and Avoiding Detection - Tools for Penetration Testing

UNIT V SECURE PROJECT MANAGEMENT

Governance and security - Adopting an enterprise software security framework - Security and project management - Maturity of Practice

30 PERIODS

LTPC

2023

6

7

5

8

PRACTICAL EXERCISES

- 1. Implement the SQL injection attack.
- 2. Implement the Buffer Overflow attack.
- 3. Implement Cross Site Scripting and Prevent XSS.
- 4. Perform Penetration testing on a web application to gather information about the system, then initiate XSS and SQL injection attacks using tools like Kali Linux.

30 PERIODS

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

- 5. Develop and test the secure test cases
- 6. Penetration test using kali Linux

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to

CO1:Identify various vulnerabilities related to memory attacks.

CO2:Apply security principles in software development.

CO3:Evaluate the extent of risks.

CO4:Involve selection of testing techniques related to software security in the testing phase of software development.

CO5:Use tools for securing software.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Julia H. Allen, "Software Security Engineering", Pearson Education, 2008
- 2. Evan Wheeler, "Security Risk Management: Building an Information Security Risk Management Program from the Ground Up", First edition, Syngress Publishing, 2011
- Chris Wysopal, Lucas Nelson, Dino Dai Zovi, and Elfriede Dustin, "The Art of Software Security Testing: Identifying Software Security Flaws (Symantec Press)", Addison-Wesley Professional, 2006

REFERENCES:

- 1. Robert C. Seacord, "Secure Coding in C and C++ (SEI Series in Software Engineering)", Addison-Wesley Professional, 2005.
- 2. Jon Erickson, "Hacking: The Art of Exploitation", 2nd Edition, No Starch Press, 2008.
- 3. Mike Shema, "Hacking Web Apps: Detecting and Preventing Web Application Security Problems", First edition, Syngress Publishing, 2012
- 4. Bryan Sullivan and Vincent Liu, "Web Application Security, A Beginner's Guide", Kindle Edition, McGraw Hill, 2012
- Lee Allen, "Advanced Penetration Testing for Highly-Secured Environments: The Ultimate Security Guide (Open Source: Community Experience Distilled)", Kindle Edition, Packt Publishing,2012
- 6. Jason Grembi, "Developing Secure Software"

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

CO's	PO's												PSO's	5	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	2	3	2	3	2	-	-	-	2	1	2	2	2	2	1
2	2	2	2	3	3	-	-	-	2	1	2	2	1	2	1
3	1	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	1	1	2	1	2	2	1
4	2	3	2	2	2	-	-	-	2	1	2	2	2	2	1
5	2	1	2	2	3	-	-	-	2	1	1	2	2	1	2
AVg.	1.8	2.2	2	2.4	2.2	-	-	-	1.8	1	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.2

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CCS339 CRYPTOCURRENCY AND BLOCKCHAIN TECHNOLOGIES L T P C

2023

7

6

6

5

6

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics of Blockchain
- To learn Different protocols and consensus algorithms in Blockchain
- To learn the Blockchain implementation frameworks
- To understand the Blockchain Applications
- To experiment the Hyperledger Fabric, Ethereum networks

UNIT I

INTRODUCTION TO BLOCKCHAIN

Blockchain- Public Ledgers, Blockchain as Public Ledgers - Block in a Blockchain, Transactions-The Chain and the Longest Chain - Permissioned Model of Blockchain, Cryptographic -Hash Function, Properties of a hash function-Hash pointer and Merkle tree

UNIT II

BITCOIN AND CRYPTOCURRENCY

A basic crypto currency, Creation of coins, Payments and double spending, FORTH – the precursor for Bitcoin scripting, Bitcoin Scripts, Bitcoin P2P Network, Transaction in Bitcoin Network, Block Mining, Block propagation and block relay

UNIT III BITCOIN CONSENSUS

Bitcoin Consensus, Proof of Work (PoW)- Hashcash PoW, Bitcoin PoW, Attacks on PoW, monopoly problem- Proof of Stake- Proof of Burn - Proof of Elapsed Time - Bitcoin Miner, Mining Difficulty, Mining Pool-Permissioned model and use cases.

UNIT IV HYPERLEDGER FABRIC & ETHEREUM

Architecture of Hyperledger fabric v1.1- chain code- Ethereum: Ethereum network, EVM, Transaction fee, Mist Browser, Ether, Gas, Solidity.

UNIT V BLOCKCHAIN APPLICATIONS

Smart contracts, Truffle Design and issue- DApps- NFT. Blockchain Applications in Supply Chain Management, Logistics, Smart Cities, Finance and Banking, Insurance,etc- Case Study.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Understand emerging abstract models for Blockchain Technology

CO2: Identify major research challenges and technical gaps existing between theory and practice in the crypto currency domain.

CO3: It provides conceptual understanding of the function of Blockchain as a method of securing distributed ledgers, how consensus on their contents is achieved, and the new applications that they enable.

CO4: Apply hyperledger Fabric and Ethereum platform to implement the Block chain Application.

PRACTICAL

30 PERIODS 30 PERIODS

TOTAL:60 PERIODS

- 1. Install and understand Docker container, Node.js, Java and Hyperledger Fabric, Ethereum and perform necessary software installation on local machine/create instance on cloud to run.
- 2. Create and deploy a blockchain network using Hyperledger Fabric SDK for Java Set up and initialize the channel, install and instantiate chain code, and perform invoke and query on your blockchain network.
- 3. Interact with a blockchain network. Execute transactions and requests against a blockchain network by creating an app to test the network and its rules.
- 4. Deploy an asset-transfer app using blockchain. Learn app development within a Hyperledger Fabric network.
- 5. Use blockchain to track fitness club rewards. Build a web app that uses Hyperledger Fabric to track and trace member rewards.
- 6. Car auction network: A Hello World example with Hyperledger Fabric Node SDK and IBM Blockchain Starter Plan. Use Hyperledger Fabric to invoke chain code while storing results and data in the starter plan

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Bashir and Imran, Mastering Blockchain: Deeper insights into decentralization, cryptography, Bitcoin, and popular Blockchain frameworks, 2017.
- 2. 2.Andreas Antonopoulos, "Mastering Bitcoin: Unlocking Digital Cryptocurrencies", O'Reilly, 2014.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Daniel Drescher, "Blockchain Basics", First Edition, Apress, 2017.
- 2. Arvind Narayanan, Joseph Bonneau, Edward Felten, Andrew Miller, and Steven Goldfeder. Bitcoin and cryptocurrency technologies: a comprehensive introduction. Princeton University Press, 2016.
- 3. Melanie Swan, "Blockchain: Blueprint for a New Economy", O'Reilly, 2015
- 4. Ritesh Modi, "Solidity Programming Essentials: A Beginner's Guide to Build Smart Contracts for Ethereum and Blockchain", Packt Publishing
- 5. Handbook of Research on Blockchain Technology, published by Elsevier Inc. ISBN: 9780128198162, 2020.

								PSO's							
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	3	2	2	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	3	1	1
2	3	3	3	3	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	1	2	1
3	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	3	-	-	2	2	3	3
4	3	2	3	2	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	2	2	2	3
AVG	3	2.75	2.75	2.5	1.75	-	-	-	2.25	-	-	2	2	2.2	2

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

142

CCS354

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the fundamentals of cryptography.
- To learn the key management techniques and authentication approaches.
- To explore the network and transport layer security techniques.
- To understand the application layer security standards.
- To learn the real time security practices.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Basics of cryptography, conventional and public-key cryptography, hash functions, authentication, and digital signatures.

NETWORK SECURITY

UNIT II KEY MANAGEMENT AND AUTHENTICATION

Key Management and Distribution: Symmetric Key Distribution, Distribution of Public Keys, X.509 Certificates, Public-Key Infrastructure. User Authentication: Remote User-Authentication Principles, Remote User-Authentication Using Symmetric Encryption, Kerberos Systems, Remote User Authentication Using Asymmetric Encryption.

UNIT III ACCESS CONTROL AND SECURITY

Network Access Control: Network Access Control, Extensible Authentication Protocol, IEEE 802.1X Port-Based Network Access Control - IP Security - Internet Key Exchange (IKE). Transport-Level Security: Web Security Considerations, Secure Sockets Layer, Transport Layer Security, HTTPS standard, Secure Shell (SSH) application.

UNIT IV APPLICATION LAYER SECURITY

Electronic Mail Security: Pretty Good Privacy, S/MIME, DomainKeys Identified Mail. Wireless Network Security: Mobile Device Security

UNIT V SECURITY PRACTICES

Firewalls and Intrusion Detection Systems: Intrusion Detection Password Management, Firewall Characteristics Types of Firewalls, Firewall Basing, Firewall Location and Configurations. Blockchains, Cloud Security and IoT security

PRACTICALEXERCISES:

- 1. Implement symmetric key algorithms
- 2. Implement asymmetric key algorithms and key exchange algorithms
- 3. Implement digital signature schemes

4. Installation of Wire shark, tcpdump and observe data transferred in client-server communication using UDP/TCP and identify the UDP/TCP datagram.

- 5. Check message integrity and confidentiality using SSL
- 6. Experiment Eavesdropping, Dictionary attacks, MITM attacks
- 7. Experiment with Sniff Traffic using ARP Poisoning
- 8. Demonstrate intrusion detection system using any tool.
- 9. Explore network monitoring tools
- 10. Study to configure Firewall, VPN

LTPC

30 PERIODS

30 PERIODS

8

7

4

5

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the students will be able:

CO1:Classify the encryption techniques

CO2:Illustrate the key management technique and authentication.

CO3:Evaluate the security techniques applied to network and transport layer

CO4:Discuss the application layer security standards.

CO5:Apply security practices for real time applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

TOTAL :60 PERIODS

1. Cryptography and Network Security: Principles and Practice, 6th Edition, William Stallings, 2014, Pearson, ISBN 13:9780133354690.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Network Security: Private Communications in a Public World, M. Speciner, R. Perlman, C. Kaufman, Prentice Hall, 2002.
- 2. Linux iptables Pocket Reference, Gregor N. Purdy, O'Reilly, 2004, ISBN-13: 978-0596005696.
- 3. Linux Firewalls, by Michael Rash, No Starch Press, October 2007, ISBN: 978-1-59327-141-1.
- 4. Network Security, Firewalls And VPNs, J. Michael Stewart, Jones & Bartlett Learning, 2013, ISBN-10: 1284031675, ISBN-13: 978-1284031676.
- 5. The Network Security Test Lab: A Step-By-Step Guide, Michael Gregg, Dreamtech Press, 2015, ISBN-10:8126558148, ISBN-13: 978-8126558148.

						PC)'s							PSO's	
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	3	2	2	2	1	2	3	1						
2	1	1	3	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	1	1	3	1	2
3	1	2	1	1	2	-	-	-	3	3	1	3	2	1	3
4	2	2	3	2	3	1.5	-		3	3	2	1	2	1	3
5	2	1	3	2	2	-	-	-	2	1	1	3	2	1	1
AVG	1.8	1.8	2.4	1.8	2.2		-	-	2.4	2	1.4	1.8	2.2	1.4	2

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CCS333

AUGMENTED REALITY/VIRTUAL REALITY

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To impart the fundamental aspects and principles of AR/VR technologies.
- To know the internals of the hardware and software components involved in the development of AR/VR enabled applications.
- To learn about the graphical processing units and their architectures.
- To gain knowledge about AR/VR application development.
- To know the technologies involved in the development of AR/VR based applications.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Introduction to Virtual Reality and Augmented Reality – Definition – Introduction to Trajectories and Hybrid Space-Three I's of Virtual Reality – Virtual Reality Vs 3D Computer Graphics – Benefits of Virtual Reality – Components of VR System – Introduction to AR-AR Technologies-Input

143

7

L T P C 2 0 2 3 Devices – 3D Position Trackers – Types of Trackers – Navigation and Manipulation Interfaces – Gesture Interfaces – Types of Gesture Input Devices – Output Devices – Graphics Display – Human Visual System – Personal Graphics Displays – Large Volume Displays – Sound Displays – Human Auditory System.

UNIT II VR MODELING

Modeling – Geometric Modeling – Virtual Object Shape – Object Visual Appearance – Kinematics Modeling – Transformation Matrices – Object Position – Transformation Invariants –Object Hierarchies – Viewing the 3D World – Physical Modeling – Collision Detection – Surface Deformation – Force Computation – Force Smoothing and Mapping – Behavior Modeling – Model Management.

UNIT III VR PROGRAMMING

VR Programming – Toolkits and Scene Graphs – World ToolKit – Java 3D – Comparison of World ToolKit and Java 3D

UNIT IV APPLICATIONS

Human Factors in VR – Methodology and Terminology – VR Health and Safety Issues – VR and Society-Medical Applications of VR – Education, Arts and Entertainment – Military VR Applications – Emerging Applications of VR – VR Applications in Manufacturing – Applications of VR in Robotics – Information Visualization – VR in Business – VR in Entertainment – VR in Education.

UNIT V AUGMENTED REALITY

Introduction to Augmented Reality-Computer vision for AR-Interaction-Modelling and Annotation-Navigation-Wearable devices

PRACTICAL EXERCISES:

- 1. Study of tools like Unity, Maya, 3DS MAX, AR toolkit, Vuforia and Blender.
- 2. Use the primitive objects and apply various projection types by handling camera.
- 3. Download objects from asset store and apply various lighting and shading effects.
- 4. Model three dimensional objects using various modelling techniques and apply textures over them.
- 5. Create three dimensional realistic scenes and develop simple virtual reality enabled mobile applications which have limited interactivity.
- 6. Add audio and text special effects to the developed application.
- 7. Develop VR enabled applications using motion trackers and sensors incorporating full haptic interactivity.
- 8. Develop AR enabled applications with interactivity like E learning environment, Virtual walkthroughs and visualization of historic places.
- 9. Develop AR enabled simple applications like human anatomy visualization, DNA/RNA structure visualization and surgery simulation.
- 10. Develop simple MR enabled gaming applications.

30 PERIODS TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1:Understand the basic concepts of AR and VRCO2:Understand the tools and technologies related to AR/VRCO3:Know the working principle of AR/VR related Sensor devices

144

30 PERIODS

6

6

5

CO4:Design of various models using modeling techniques **CO5**:Develop AR/VR applications in different domains

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. Charles Palmer, John Williamson, "Virtual Reality Blueprints: Create compelling VR experiences for mobile", Packt Publisher, 2018
- 2. Dieter Schmalstieg, Tobias Hollerer, "Augmented Reality: Principles & Practice", Addison Wesley, 2016
- 3. John Vince, "Introduction to Virtual Reality", Springer-Verlag, 2004.
- 4. William R. Sherman, Alan B. Craig: Understanding Virtual Reality Interface, Application, Design", Morgan Kaufmann, 2003

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

CO's									PS	0's						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	
1	3	2	2	- 1	3	-	-	-	2	2	1	2	2	1	2	
2	3	2	2	1	3	-	-		3	2	2	3	3	1	2	
3	3	3	2	2	3	-11		-	3	2	1	2	3	2	2	
4	3	3	3	2	3	1		-	3	2	2	3	3	2	2	
5	3	3	3	3	3	۳.,	-		3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
AVg.	3.00	2.60	2.40	2.00	3.00	-	-	- 1	2.80	2.20	1.80	2.60	2.80	1.80	2.20	

L T P C 2 0 2 3

6

6

6

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CCS352

MULTIMEDIA AND ANIMATION

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To grasp the fundamental knowledge of Multimedia elements and systems
- To get familiar with Multimedia file formats and standards
- To learn the process of Authoring multimedia presentations
- To learn the techniques of animation in 2D and 3D and for the mobile UI
- To explore different popular applications of multimedia

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO MULTIMEDIA

Definitions, Elements, Multimedia Hardware and Software, Distributed multimedia systems, challenges: security, sharing / distribution, storage, retrieval, processing, computing. Multimedia metadata, Multimedia databases, Hypermedia, Multimedia Learning.

UNIT II MULTIMEDIA FILE FORMATS AND STANDARDS

File formats – Text, Image file formats, Graphic and animation file formats, Digital audio and Video file formats, Color in image and video, Color Models. Multimedia data and file formats for the web.

UNIT III MULTIMEDIA AUTHORING

Authoring metaphors, Tools Features and Types: Card and Page Based Tools, Icon and Object Based Tools, Time Based Tools, Cross Platform Authoring Tools, Editing Tools,

Painting and Drawing Tools, 3D Modeling and Animation Tools, Image Editing Tools,

audio Editing Tools, Digital Movie Tools, Creating interactive presentations, virtual learning, simulations.

UNIT IV ANIMATION

Principles of animation: staging, squash and stretch, timing, onion skinning, secondary action, 2D, 2 ½ D, and 3D animation, Animation techniques: Keyframe, Morphing, Inverse Kinematics, Hand Drawn, Character rigging, vector animation, stop motion, motion graphics, , Fluid Simulation, skeletal animation, skinning Virtual Reality, Augmented Reality.

UNIT V MULTIMEDIA APPLICATIONS

Multimedia Big data computing, social networks, smart phones, surveillance, Analytics, Multimedia Cloud Computing, Multimedia streaming cloud, media on demand, security and forensics, Online social networking, multimedia ontology, Content based retrieval from digital libraries.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

Working with Image Editing tools:

Install tools like GIMP/ InkScape / Krita / Pencil and perform editing operations:

Ø Use different selection and transform tools to modify or improve an image

Ø Create logos and banners for home pages of websites.

Working with Audio Editing tools:

Ø Install tools like, Audacity / Ardour for audio editing, sound mixing and special effects like fadein or fade-out etc.,

Ø Perform audio compression by choosing a proper codec.

Working with Video Editing and conversion tools:

Install tools like OpenShot / Cinelerra / HandBrake for editing video content.

Ø Edit and mix video content, remove noise, create special effects, add captions.

Ø Compress and convert video file format to other popular formats.

Working with web/mobile authoring tools:

Adapt / KompoZer/ BlueGriffon / BlueFish / Aptana Studio/ NetBeans / WordPress /Expression Web:

Ø Design simple Home page with banners, logos, tables quick links etc

 \varnothing Provide a search interface and simple navigation from the home page to the inside pages of the website.

 ${\it \varnothing}\,$ Design Responsive web pages for use on both web and mobile interfaces.

Working with Animation tools:

Install tools like, Krita, Wick Editor, Blender:

- Ø Perform a simple 2D animation with sprites
- Ø Perform simple 3D animation with keyframes, kinematics
- Working with Mobile UI animation tools: Origami studio / Lottie / Framer etc.,

Working with E-Learning authoring tools:

Install tools like EdApp / Moovly / CourseLab/ IsEazy and CamStudio/Ampache, VideoLAN:

146

6

30 PERIODS

- Ø Demonstrate screen recording and further editing for e-learning content.
- Ø Create a simple E-Learning module for a topic of your choice.

Creating VR and AR applications:

Ø Any affordable VR viewer like Google Cardboard and any development platform like Openspace 3D / ARCore etc.

Note: all tools listed are open source. Usage of any proprietary tools in place of open source tools is not restricted.

30 PERIODS TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

WEB REFERENCES:

- 1. https://itsfoss.com/
- 2. https://www.ucl.ac.uk/slade/know/3396
- 3. https://handbrake.fr/
- 4. https://opensource.com/article/18/2/open-source-audio-visual-production-tools
- https://camstudio.org/
 - 5. https://developer.android.com/training/animation/overview
 - 6. https://developer.android.com/training/animation/overview (UNIT-IV)

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- Get the bigger picture of the context of Multimedia and its applications
- Use the different types of media elements of different formats on content pages
- Author 2D and 3D creative and interactive presentations for different target multimedia applications.
- Use different standard animation techniques for 2D, 21/2 D, 3D applications
- Understand the complexity of multimedia applications in the context of cloud, security, bigdata streaming, social networking, CBIR etc.,

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Ze-Nian Li, Mark S. Drew, Jiangchuan Liu, Fundamentals of Multimedia", Third Edition, Springer Texts in Computer Science, 2021. (UNIT-I, II, III)

REFERENCES:

- 1. John M Blain, The Complete Guide to Blender Graphics: Computer Modeling & Animation, CRC press, 3rd Edition, 2016.
- 2. Gerald Friedland, Ramesh Jain, "Multimedia Computing", Cambridge University Press, 2018.
- 3. Prabhat K.Andleigh, Kiran Thakrar, "Multimedia System Design", Pearson Education, 1st Edition, 2015.
- 4. Mohsen Amini Salehi, Xiangbo Li, "Multimedia Cloud Computing Systems", Springer Nature, 1st Edition, 2021.
- 5. Mark Gaimbruno, "3D Graphics and Animation", Second Edition, New Riders, 2002.
- 6. Rogers David, "Animation: Master A Complete Guide (Graphics Series)", Charles River Media, 2006.
- 7. Rick parent, "Computer Animation: Algorithms and Techniques", Morgan Kauffman, 3rd Edition, 2012.

8. Emilio Rodriguez Martinez, Mireia Alegre Ruiz, "UI Animations with Lottie and After Effects: Create, render, and ship stunning After Effects animations natively on mobile with React Native", Packt Publishing, 2022.

CO's-PO's &	& PSO's MAPPING	
-------------	-----------------	--

CO's						PO	's							PS	O's	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	
1	3	2	3	2	3	-	-	-	3	2	1	2	3	2	3	
2	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	3	3	2	2	3	2	3	
3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	3	3	2	3	3	2	3	
4	3	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
5	3	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
AVg.	3.00	2.80	3.00	2.80	3.00	2.00	-	-	3.00	2.80	2.20	2.60	3.00	2.40	3.00	

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CCS371

VIDEO CREATION AND EDITING

LTPC 2023

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the broad perspective of linear and nonlinear editing concepts.
- To understand the concept of Storytelling styles.
- To be familiar with audio and video recording. To apply different media tools.
- To learn and understand the concepts of AVID XPRESS DV 4.

UNIT I FUNDAMENTALS

Evolution of filmmaking - linear editing - non-linear digital video - Economy of Expression - risks associated with altering reality through editing.

UNIT II STORYTELLING

Storytelling styles in a digital world through jump cuts, L-cuts, match cuts, cutaways, dissolves, split edits - Consumer and pro NLE systems - digitizing images - managing resolutions - mechanics of digital editing - pointer files - media management.

UNIT III USING AUDIO AND VIDEO

Capturing digital and analog video importing audio putting video on exporting digital video to tape recording to CDs and VCDs.

UNIT IV WORKING WITH FINAL CUT PRO

Working with clips and the Viewer - working with sequences, the Timeline, and the canvas - Basic Editing - Adding and Editing Testing Effects - Advanced Editing and Training Techniques - Working with Audio - Using Media Tools - Viewing and Setting Preferences.

UNIT V WORKING WITH AVID XPRESS DV 4

Starting Projects and Working with Project Window - Using Basic Tools and Logging - Preparing to Record and Recording - Importing Files - Organizing with Bins - Viewing and Making Footage - Using Timeline and Working in Trim Mode - Working with Audio - Output Options.

30 PERIODS

148

6 1510

6

6

6

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

- 1. Write a Movie Synopsis (Individual/Team Writing)
- 2. Present team stories in class.
- 3. Script/Storyboard Writing(Individual Assignment)

4. Pre-Production: Personnel, budgeting, scheduling, location scouting, casting, contracts & agreements

- 5. Production: Single camera production personnel & equipment, Documentary Production
- 6. Writing The Final Proposal: Overview, Media Treatments, Summary, Pitching
- 7. Write Documentary & Animation Treatment
- 8. Post-production: Editing, Sound design, Finishing

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1:Compare the strengths and limitations of Nonlinear editing.

CO2:Identify the infrastructure and significance of storytelling.

CO3: Apply suitable methods for recording to CDs and VCDs.

CO4:Address the core issues of advanced editing and training techniques.

CO5: Design and develop projects using AVID XPRESS DV 4

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Avid Xpress DV 4 User Guide, 2007.
- 2. Final Cut Pro 6 User Manual, 2004.
- 3. Keith Underdahl, "Digital Video for Dummies", Third Edition, Dummy Series, 2001.
- 4. Robert M. Goodman and Partick McGarth, "Editing Digital Video: The Complete Creative and Technical Guide", Digital Video and Audio, McGraw Hill 2003.

	PO's PSO's PSO's PSO's														
							PSO's	;							
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	1	2	1	1	-	-	-	1	2	3	2	3	1	1
2	2	3	3	3	1		-	-	1	2	2	1	1	1	1
3	2	2	3	3	1	-	-	-	3	1	1	1	2	1	2
4	2	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	3	1	1	1	2	2	2
5	2	1	3	3	1	70	DA	121	3	2	1	2	2	2	1
AVG	2.2	1.8	2.6	2.4	1			901	2.2	1.6	1.6	1.4	2	1.4	1.4

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CCW332

DIGITAL MARKETING

LTPC 2023

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- The primary objective of this module is to examine and explore the role and importance of digital marketing in today's rapidly changing business environment.
- It also focuses on how digital marketing can be utilized by organizations and how its effectiveness can be measured.

Web Analytics - Changing your strategy based on analysis- Recent trends in Digital marketing.

DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION

PRACTICAL EXERCISES:

UNIT V

- 1. Subscribe to a weekly/quarterly newsletter and analyze how its content and structure aid with the branding of the company and how it aids its potential customer segments.
- 2. Perform keyword search for a skincare hospital website based on search volume and competition using Google keyword planner tool.
- 3. Demonstrate how to use the Google WebMasters Indexing API
- 4. Discuss an interesting case study regarding how an insurance company manages leads.
- Discuss negative and positive impacts and ethical implications of using social media for 5. political advertising.
- 6. Discuss how Predictive analytics is impacting marketing automation

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1: To examine and explore the role and importance of digital marketing in today's rapidly changing business environment...
- CO2: To focuses on how digital marketing can be utilized by organizations and how its effectiveness can be measured.
- **CO3:** To know the key elements of a digital marketing strategy.
- **CO4:** To study how the effectiveness of a digital marketing campaign can be measured
- **CO5:** To demonstrate advanced practical skills in common digital marketing tools such as SEO, SEM, Social media and Blogs.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Fundamentals of Digital Marketing by Puneet Singh Bhatia; Publisher: Pearson Education;
- 2. First edition (July 2017);ISBN-10: 933258737X;ISBN-13: 978-9332587373.

150

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO ONLINE MARKET

Online Market space- Digital Marketing Strategy- Components - Opportunities for building Brand Website - Planning and Creation - Content Marketing.

UNIT II SEARCH ENGINE OPTIMISATION

Search Engine optimisation - Keyword Strategy- SEO Strategy - SEO success factors -On-Page Techniques - Off-Page Techniques. Search Engine Marketing- How Search Engine works- SEM components- PPC advertising -Display Advertisement

E- MAIL MARKETING UNIT III

E- Mail Marketing - Types of E- Mail Marketing - Email Automation - Lead Generation - Integrating Email with Social Media and Mobile- Measuring and maximizing email campaign effectiveness. Mobile Marketing- Mobile Inventory/channels- Location based; Context based; Coupons and offers, Mobile Apps, Mobile Commerce, SMS Campaigns-Profiling and targeting

UNIT IV SOCIAL MEDIA MARKETING

Social Media Marketing - Social Media Channels- Leveraging Social media for brand conversations and buzz. Successful /benchmark Social media campaigns. Engagement Marketing- Building Customer relationships - Creating Loyalty drivers - Influencer Marketing.

Digital Transformation & Channel Attribution- Analytics- Ad-words, Email, Mobile, Social Media,

6

6

30 PERIODS 30 PERIODS

TOTAL:60 PERIODS

6

- 4. Marketing 4.0: Moving from Traditional to Digital by Philip Kotler; Publisher: Wiley; 1st edition (April 2017); ISBN10: 9788126566938; ISBN 13: 9788126566938; ASIN: 8126566930.
- 5. Ryan, D. (2014). Understanding Digital Marketing: Marketing Strategies for Engaging the Digital Generation, Kogan Page Limited..
- 6. Barker, Barker, Bormann and Neher(2017), Social Media Marketing: A Strategic Approach, 2E South-Western ,Cengage Learning.
- 7. Pulizzi, J Beginner's Guide to Digital Marketing , Mcgraw Hill Education

						PSO's									
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	3	2	1	3	-	-	-	1	2	3	3	3	3	3
2	2	2	2	1	3	-	-	-	1	2	3	3	3	3	3
3	1	1	1	2	2	- 1	-	1.1	1	2	1	1	3	2	1
4	3	2	2	3	1	1	St. 1	-	1	3	2	3	2	3	2
5	2	3	1	3	3	-3-	-	-	2	3	1	2	1	2	1
AVG	2.2	2.2	1.6	2	2.4		-	- 0	1.2	2.4	2	2.4	2.4	2.6	2

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CCS347

GAME DEVELOPMENT

LT PC 2 0 2 3

6

6

6

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To know the basics of 2D and 3D graphics for game development.
- To know the stages of game development.
- To understand the basics of a game engine.
- To survey the gaming development environment and tool kits.
- To learn and develop simple games using Pygame environment

UNIT I 3D GRAPHICS FOR GAME DESIGN

Genres of Games, Basics of 2D and 3D Graphics for Game Avatar, Game Components – 2D and 3D Transformations – Projections – Color Models – Illumination and Shader Models – Animation – Controller Based Animation.

UNIT II GAME DESIGN PRINCIPLES

Character Development, Storyboard Development for Gaming – Script Design – Script Narration, Game Balancing, Core Mechanics, Principles of Level Design – Proposals – Writing for Preproduction, Production and Post – Production.

UNIT III GAME ENGINE DESIGN

Page 195 of 437

Rendering Concept – Software Rendering – Hardware Rendering – Spatial Sorting Algorithms – Algorithms for Game Engine– Collision Detection – Game Logic – Game AI – Pathfinding.

UNIT IV OVERVIEW OF GAMING PLATFORMS AND FRAMEWORKS

Pygame Game development – Unity – Unity Scripts – Mobile Gaming, Game Studio, Unity Single player and Multi-Player games.

UNIT V GAME DEVELOPMENT USING PYGAME

Developing 2D and 3D interactive games using Pygame – Avatar Creation – 2D and 3D Graphics Programming – Incorporating music and sound – Asset Creations – Game Physics algorithms Development – Device Handling in Pygame – Overview of Isometric and Tile Based arcade Games – Puzzle Games.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1:Explain the concepts of 2D and 3d Graphics

CO2:Design game design documents.

CO3:Implementation of gaming engines.

CO4: Survey gaming environments and frameworks.

CO5:Implement a simple game in Pygame.

EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Installation of a game engine, e.g., Unity, Unreal Engine, familiarization of the GUI. Conceptualize the theme for a 2D game.
- 2. Character design, sprites, movement and character control
- 3. Level design: design of the world in the form of tiles along with interactive and collectible objects.
- 4. Design of interaction between the player and the world, optionally using the physics engine.
- 5. Developing a 2D interactive using Pygame
- 6. Developing a Puzzle game
- 7. Design of menus and user interaction in mobile platforms.
- 8. Developing a 3D Game using Unreal
- 9. Developing a Multiplayer game using unity

REFERENCES

- 1. Sanjay Madhav, "Game Programming Algorithms and Techniques: A Platform Agnostic Approach", Addison Wesley,2013.
- 2. Will McGugan, "Beginning Game Development with Python and Pygame: From Novice to Professional", Apress,2007.
- 3. Paul Craven, "Python Arcade games", Apress Publishers, 2016.
- 4. David H. Eberly, "3D Game Engine Design: A Practical Approach to Real-Time Computer Graphics", Second Edition, CRC Press, 2006.
- 5. Jung Hyun Han, "3D Graphics for Game Programming", Chapman and Hall/CRC, 2011.

					CO'	s- PO'	s & P\$	50's N	IAPPII	NG					
					PSO's										
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3

152

30 PERIODS

6

6

30 PERIODS TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

1	3	2	2	1	2	-	-	-	3	1	2	3	3	3	2
2	1	1	2	1	2	-	-	-	2	2	3	2	3	3	1
3	1	1	1	2	1	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	2	1	2
4	3	3	1	3	1	-	-	-	2	2	1	1	2	2	3
5	3	3	2	1	1	-	-	-	1	3	2	1	1	1	3
AVG	2.2	2	1.6	1.6	1.4	-	-	-	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.6	2.2	2	2.2
				1 - 104	v 2 - n	adiur	n 2	aigh (' no	corrol	ation				

1 - Iow, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CCS353 MULTIMEDIA DATA COMPRESSION AND STORAGE L T P C

2023

6

6

6

6

6

30 PERIODS

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics of compression techniques
- To understand the categories of compression for text, image and video
- To explore the modalities of text, image and video compression algorithms
- To know about basics of consistency of data availability in storage devices
- To understand the concepts of data streaming services

UNIT I BASICS OF DATA COMPRESSION

Introduction —Lossless and LossyCompression – Basics of Huffmann coding- Arithmetic coding-Dictionary techniques- Context based compression - Applications

UNIT II IMAGE COMPRESSION

Lossless Image compression – JPEG-CALIC-JPEG LS-Prediction using conditional averages – Progressive Image Transmission – Lossless Image compression formats – Applications - Facsimile encoding

UNIT III VIDEO COMPRESSION

Introduction – Motion Compensation – Video Signal Representation – H.261 – MPEG-1- MPEG-2-H.263.

UNIT IV DATA PLACEMENT ON DISKS

Statistical placement on Disks – Striping on Disks – Replication Placement on Disks – Constraint allocation on Disks – Tertiary storage Devices – Continuous Placement on Hierarchical storage system – Statistical placement on Hierarchical storage systems – Constraint allocation on Hierarchical storage system

UNIT V DISK SCHEDULING METHODS

Scheduling methods for disk requests – Feasibility conditions of concurrent streams– Scheduling methods for request streams

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Construct Huffman codes for given symbol probabilities.
- 2. Encode run lengths with fixed-length code.
- 3. Lempel-Ziv algorithm for adaptive variable-length encoding
- 4. Compress the given word using arithmetic coding based on the frequency of the letters.
- 5. Write a shell script, which converts all images in the current directory in JPEG.
- 6. Write a program to split images from a video without using any primitives.

Page 197 of 437

- 7. Create a photo album of a trip by applying appropriate image dimensions and format.
- 8. Write the code for identifying the popularity of content retrieval from media server.
- 9. Write the code for ensuring data availability in disks using strip based method.

10. Program for scheduling requests for data streams.

30 PERIODS TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Understand the basics of text, Image and Video compression

- CO2: Understand the various compression algorithms for multimedia content
- CO3: Explore the applications of various compression techniques
- CO4: Explore knowledge on multimedia storage on disks
- CO5: Understand scheduling methods for request streams

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Khalid Sayood, Introduction to Data Compression, Morgan Kaufmann Series in Multimedia Information and Systems, 2018, 5th Edition.
- 2. Philip K.C.Tse, Multimedia Information Storage and Retrieval: Techniques and Technologies, 2008

REFERENCES

- 1. David Salomon, A concise introduction to data compression, 2008.
- 2. Lenald Best, Best's Guide to Live Stream Video Broadcasting, BCB Live Teaching series, 2017.
- 3. Yun-Qing Shi, Image And Video Compression For Multimedia Engineering Fundamentals Algorithms And Standards, Taylor& Francis,2019
- 4. Irina Bocharova, Compression for Multimedia, Cambridge University Press; 1st edition, 2009

						PC)'s							PSO's	\$
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	1	1	1	2	-	-	-	2	3	1	1	3	1	3
2	2	2	2	2	1		-		1	2	1	3	3	2	1
3	2	2	2	1	2	-	-	-	2	2	1	2	1	3	1
4	3	1	3	2	1	-	-	-	1	1	2	3	3	1	2
5	2	3	2	3	1	-			1	3	2	2	2	3	2
AVG	2.4	1.8	2	1.8	1.4	-		-	1.4	2.2	1.4	2.2	2.4	2	1.8

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CCS373

VISUAL EFFECTS

L T P C 2 0 2 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To get a basic idea on animation principles and techniques
- To get exposure to CGI, color and light elements of VFX
- To have a better understanding of basic special effects techniques
- To have a knowledge of state of the art vfx techniques
- To become familiar with popular compositing techniques

UNIT I ANIMATION BASICS

VFX production pipeline, Principles of animation, Techniques: Keyframe, kinematics, Full animation, limited animation, Rotoscoping, stop motion, object animation, pixilation, rigging, shape keys, motion paths.

UNIT II CGI, COLOR, LIGHT

CGI – virtual worlds, Photorealism, physical realism, function realism, 3D Modeling and Rendering: color - Color spaces, color depth, Color grading, color effects, HDRI, Light – Area and mesh lights, image based lights, PBR lights, photometric light, BRDF shading model

UNIT III SPECIAL EFFECTS

Special Effects – props, scaled models, animatronics, pyrotechniques, Schüfftan process, Particle effects – wind, rain, fog, fire

UNIT IV VISUAL EFFECTS TECHNIQUES

Motion Capture, Matt Painting, Rigging, Front Projection.Rotoscoping, Match Moving – Tracking, camera reconstruction, planar tracking, Calibration, Point Cloud Projection, Ground plane determination, 3D Match Moving

UNIT V COMPOSITING

Compositing – chroma key, blue screen/green screen, background projection, alpha compositing, deep image compositing, multiple exposure, matting, VFX tools - Blender, Natron, GIMP.

Laboratory Experiments:

Using Natron:

- o Understanding Natron Environment:
- o Working with color and using color grading
- o using Channels
- o Merging images
- o Using Rotopaint
- o performing Tracking and stabilizing
- o Transforming elements
- o Stereoscopic compositing

Using Blender:

- Ø Motion Tracking camera and object tracking
- Ø Camera fx, color grading, vignettes
- Ø Compositing images and video files
- Ø Multilayer rendering

COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1:To implement animation in 2D / 3D following the principles and techniques

30 PERIODS TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

6

30 PERIODS

6

6

CO2:To use CGI, color and light elements in VFX applications

CO3:To create special effects using any of the state of the art tools

CO4: To apply popular visual effects techniques using advanced tools

CO5:To use compositing tools for creating VFX for a variety of applications

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Chris Roda, Real Time Visual Effects for the Technical Artist, CRC Press, 1st Edition, 2022.
- 2. Steve Wright, Digital Compositing for film and video, Routledge, 4th Edition, 2017.
- 3. John Gress, Digital Visual Effects and Compositing, New Riders Press, 1st Edition, 2014.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Jon Gress, "Digital Visual Effects and Compositing", New Riders Press, 1st Edition, 2014.
- 2. Robin Brinkman, The Art and Science of Digital Compositing: Techniques for Visual Effects, Animation and Motion Graphics", Morgan Kauffman, 2008.
- 3. Luiz Velho, Bruno Madeira, "Introduction to Visual Effects A Computational Approach", Routledge, 2023.
- 4. Jasmine Katatikarn, Michael Tanzillo, "Lighting for Animation: The art of visual storytelling , Routledge, 1st Edition, 2016.
- 5. Eran Dinur, "The Complete guide to Photorealism, for Visual Effects, Visualization
- Jeffrey A. Okun, Susan Zwerman, Christopher McKittrick, "The VES Handbook of Visual Effects: Industry Standard VFX Practices and Procedures", Third Edition, 2020.and Games", Routledge, 1st Edition, 2022.
- 7. https://www.blender.org/features/vfx/
- 8. https://natrongithub.github.io/

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

						PC)'s							PSO's	5
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	3	3	3	1		-		1	2	1	1	3	3	2
2	1	3	3	2	1		-		3	2	2	2	1	1	1
3	2	3	3	2	1		•		1	2	1	2	2	2	2
4	3	3	2	2	3		-	-	3	3	2	2	2	3	1
5	1	2	1	1	2	-	-	-	1	3	2	3	2	3	1
AVG	2	2.8	2.4	2	1.6	-	-	-	1.8	2.4	1.6	2	2	2.4	1.4

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CCS361

ROBOTIC PROCESS AUTOMATION

L T P C 2 0 2 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basic concepts of Robotic Process Automation.
- To expose to the key RPA design and development strategies and methodologies.
- To learn the fundamental RPA logic and structure.
- To explore the Exception Handling, Debugging and Logging operations in RPA.
- To learn to deploy and Maintain the software bot.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO ROBOTIC PROCESS AUTOMATION

Emergence of Robotic Process Automation (RPA), Evolution of RPA, Differentiating RPA from Automation - Benefits of RPA - Application areas of RPA, Components of RPA, RPA Platforms. Robotic Process Automation Tools - Templates, User Interface, Domains in Activities, Workflow Files.

UNIT II AUTOMATION PROCESS ACTIVITIES

Sequence, Flowchart & Control Flow: Sequencing the Workflow, Activities, Flowchart, Control Flow for Decision making. Data Manipulation: Variables, Collection, Arguments, Data Table, Clipboard management, File operations Controls: Finding the control, waiting for a control, Act on a control, UiExplorer, Handling Events

UNIT III APP INTEGRATION, RECORDING AND SCRAPING

App Integration, Recording, Scraping, Selector, Workflow Activities. Recording mouse and keyboard actions to perform operation, Scraping data from website and writing to CSV. Process Mining.

UNIT IV EXCEPTION HANDLING AND CODE MANAGEMENT

Exception handling, Common exceptions, Logging- Debugging techniques, Collecting crash dumps, Error reporting. Code management and maintenance: Project organization, Nesting workflows, Reusability, Templates, Commenting techniques, State Machine.

UNIT V DEPLOYMENT AND MAINTENANCE

Publishing using publish utility, Orchestration Server, Control bots, Orchestration Server to deploy bots, License management, Publishing and managing updates. RPA Vendors -Open Source RPA, Future of RPA

PRACTICAL EXERCISES:

Setup and Configure a RPA tool and understand the user interface of the tool:

- 1. Create a Sequence to obtain user inputs display them using a message box;
- 2. Create a Flowchart to navigate to a desired page based on a condition;
- 3. Create a State Machine workflow to compare user input with a random number.
- 4. Build a process in the RPA platform using UI Automation Activities.
- 5. Create an automation process using key System Activities, Variables and Arguments
- 6. Also implement Automation using System Trigger
- 7. Automate login to (web)Email account
- 8. Recording mouse and keyboard actions.
- 9. Scraping data from website and writing to CSV
- 10. Implement Error Handling in RPA platform
- 11. Web Scraping
- 12. Email Query Processing

COURSE OUTCOMES:

By the end of this course, the students will be able to:

- Enunciate the key distinctions between RPA and existing automation techniques and platforms.
- Use UiPath to design control flows and work flows for the target process

TOTAL:60 PERIODS

30 PERIODS

30 PERIODS

6

6

6

- Implement recording, web scraping and process mining by automation
- Use UIPath Studio to detect, and handle exceptions in automation processes
- Implement and use Orchestrator for creation, monitoring, scheduling, and controlling of automated bots and processes.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Learning Robotic Process Automation: Create Software robots and automate business processes with the leading RPA tool UiPath by Alok Mani Tripathi, Packt Publishing, 2018.
- 2. 2. <u>Tom Taulli</u>, "The Robotic Process Automation Handbook: A Guide to Implementing RPA Systems", Apress publications, 2020.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Frank Casale (Author), Rebecca Dilla (Author), Heidi Jaynes (Author), Lauren Livingston (Author), Introduction to Robotic Process Automation: a Primer, Institute of Robotic Process Automation, Amazon Asia-Pacific Holdings Private Limited, 2018
- Richard Murdoch, Robotic Process Automation: Guide To Building Software Robots, Automate Repetitive Tasks & Become An RPA Consultant, Amazon Asia-Pacific Holdings Private Limited, 2018
- 3. A Gerardus Blokdyk, "Robotic Process Automation Rpa A Complete Guide ", 2020

					00	5- FU	SOF	50 S IV	IAFFI	NG					
						PC)'s							PSO's	,
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	2	2	1	3	1			1	3	3	2	2	2	1
2	1	1	2	3	3	-	-	-	1	2	3	1	3	2	1
3	2	3	2	3	3	-	-	-	2	3	1	1	3	3	3
4	1	2	1	2	2	-	-	-	1	2	1	3	3	3	2
5	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	3	1	1	1	3	2	1
AVG	2	2.2	2	2.4	2.8		•	- 100	1.6	2.2	1.8	1.6	2.8	2.4	1.6

CO'S DO'S & DSO'S MADDING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CCS340

CYBER SECURITY

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn cybercrime and cyberlaw.
- To understand the cyber attacks and tools for mitigating them.
- To understand information gathering.
- To learn how to detect a cyber attack.
- To learn how to prevent a cyber attack.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

6

L T P C 2 0 2 3

Cyber Security – History of Internet – Impact of Internet – CIA Triad; Reason for Cyber Crime – Need for Cyber Security – History of Cyber Crime; Cybercriminals – Classification of Cybercrimes

- A Global Perspective on Cyber Crimes; Cyber Laws - The Indian IT Act - Cybercrime and Punishment.

UNIT II ATTACKS AND COUNTERMEASURES

OSWAP; Malicious Attack Threats and Vulnerabilities: Scope of Cyber-Attacks – Security Breach – Types of Malicious Attacks – Malicious Software – Common Attack Vectors – Social engineering Attack – Wireless Network Attack – Web Application Attack – Attack Tools – Countermeasures.

UNIT III RECONNAISSANCE

Harvester – Whois – Netcraft – Host – Extracting Information from DNS – Extracting Information from E-mail Servers – Social Engineering Reconnaissance; Scanning – Port Scanning – Network Scanning and Vulnerability Scanning – Scanning Methodology – Ping Sweer Techniques – Nmap Command Switches – SYN – Stealth – XMAS – NULL – IDLE – FIN Scans – Banner Grabbing and OS Finger printing Techniques.

UNIT IV INTRUSION DETECTION

Host -Based Intrusion Detection – Network -Based Intrusion Detection – Distributed or Hybrid Intrusion Detection – Intrusion Detection Exchange Format – Honeypots – Example System Snort.

UNIT V INTRUSION PREVENTION

Firewalls and Intrusion Prevention Systems: Need for Firewalls – Firewall Characteristics and Access Policy – Types of Firewalls – Firewall Basing – Firewall Location and Configurations – Intrusion Prevention Systems – Example Unified Threat Management Products.

PRACTICAL EXERCISES:

- 1. Install Kali Linux on Virtual box
- 2. Explore Kali Linux and bash scripting
- 3. Perform open source intelligence gathering using Netcraft, Whois Lookups, DNS

Reconnaissance, Harvester and Maltego

- 4. Understand the nmap command d and scan a target using nmap
- 5. Install metasploitable2 on the virtual box and search for unpatched vulnerabilities
- 6. Use Metasploit to exploit an unpatched vulnerability
- 7. Install Linus server on the virtual box and install ssh
- 8. Use Fail2banto scan log files and ban lps that show the malicious signs
- 9. Launch brute-force attacks on the Linux server using Hydra.
- 10. Perform real-time network traffic analysis and data pocket logging using Snort

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

CO1: Explain the basics of cyber security, cyber crime and cyber law (K2)

CO2: Classify various types of attacks and learn the tools to launch the attacks (K2)

CO3 Apply various tools to perform information gathering (K3)

CO4: Apply intrusion techniques to detect intrusion (K3)

CO5: Apply intrusion prevention techniques to prevent intrusion (K3)

TEXTBOOKS

1. Anand Shinde, "Introduction to Cyber Security Guide to the World of Cyber Security", Notion Press, 2021 (Unit 1)

159

30 PERIODS 30 PERIODS

TOTAL:60 PERIODS

5

6

5

- 2. Nina Godbole, Sunit Belapure, "Cyber Security: Understanding Cyber Crimes, Computer Forensics and Legal Perspectives", Wiley Publishers, 2011 (Unit 1)
- 3. https://owasp.org/www-project-top-ten/

REFERENCES

- 1. David Kim, Michael G. Solomon, "Fundamentals of Information Systems Security", Jones & Bartlett Learning Publishers, 2013 (Unit 2)
- 2. Patrick Engebretson, "The Basics of Hacking and Penetration Testing: Ethical Hacking and Penetration Testing Made easy", Elsevier, 2011 (Unit 3)
- 3. Kimberly Graves, "CEH Official Certified Ethical hacker Review Guide", Wiley Publishers, 2007 (Unit 3)
- 4. William Stallings, Lawrie Brown, "Computer Security Principles and Practice", Third Edition, Pearson Education, 2015 (Units 4 and 5)
- 5. Georgia Weidman, "Penetration Testing: A Hands-On Introduction to Hacking", No Starch Press, 2014 (Lab)

						PC)'s							PSO's	;
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	3	1	2	2	1	-	-	1	1	3	2	1	3	2
2	2	1	2	2	2	1	-	-	3	2	2	1	1	2	1
3	1	1	1	3	3	-	-	-	1	2	1	1	3	3	2
4	1	1	1	2	2	-	-	-	2	3	3	3	3	1	3
5	3	1	3	1	3	· · ·	-	•	3	1	2	2	2	2	2
AVG	2	1.4	1.6	2	2.4	1	- /	-	2	1.8	2.2	1.8	2	2.2	2

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CCS359

QUANTUM COMPUTING

L T P C 2 0 2 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To know the background of classical computing and quantum computing.
- To learn the fundamental concepts behind quantum computation.
- To study the details of quantum mechanics and its relation to Computer Science.
- To gain knowledge about the basic hardware and mathematical models of quantum computation.
- To learn the basics of quantum information and the theory behind it.

UNIT I QUANTUM COMPUTING BASIC CONCEPTS

Complex Numbers - Linear Algebra - Matrices and Operators - Global Perspectives Postulates of Quantum Mechanics – Quantum Bits - Representations of Qubits - Superpositions

UNIT II QUANTUM GATES AND CIRCUITS

Universal logic gates - Basic single qubit gates - Multiple qubit gates - Circuit development - Quantum error correction

UNIT III QUANTUM ALGORITHMS

Quantum parallelism - Deutsch's algorithm - The Deutsch–Jozsa algorithm - Quantum Fourier transform and its applications - Quantum Search Algorithms: Grover's Algorithm

7

6

- 4. IBM Qiskit Platform Introduction
- 5. Implementation of Shor's Algorithms
- 6. Implementation of Grover's Algorithm
- 7. Implementation of Deutsch's Algorithm
- 8. Implementation of Deutsch-Jozsa's Algorithm
- 9. Integer factorization using Shor's Algorithm
- 10. QKD Simulation
- 11. Mini Project such as implementing an API for efficient search using Grover's Algorithms or

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1: Understand the basics of quantum computing.

- CO2: Understand the background of Quantum Mechanics.
- **CO3:** Analyze the computation models.
- **CO4:** Model the circuits using quantum computation. environments and frameworks.
- CO5: Understand the quantum operations such as noise and error-correction.

TOTAL:60 PERIODS

- 1. Parag K Lala, Mc Graw Hill Education, "Quantum Computing, A Beginners Introduction", First edition (1 November 2020).
- 2. Michael A. Nielsen, Issac L. Chuang, "Quantum Computation and Quantum Information", Tenth Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2010.
- 3. Chris Bernhardt, The MIT Press; Reprint edition (8 September 2020), "Quantum Computing for Everyone".

REFERENCES

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. Scott Aaronson, "Quantum Computing Since Democritus", Cambridge University Press, 2013.
- 2. N. David Mermin, "Quantum Computer Science: An Introduction", Cambridge University Press, 2007.

Data compression - Shannon's noiseless channel coding theorem - Schumacher's quantum noiseless channel coding theorem - Classical information over noisy quantum channels

UNIT V QUANTUM CRYPTOGRAPHY

Classical cryptography basic concepts - Private key cryptography - Shor's Factoring Algorithm - Quantum Key Distribution - BB84 - Ekart 91

PRACTICAL EXERCISES

bits.

- 1. Single qubit gate simulation Quantum Composer
- 2. Multiple qubit gate simulation Quantum Composer

3. Composing simple quantum circuits with q-gates and measuring the output into classical

30 PERIODS

30 PERIODS

						PC)'s							PSO's	;
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2	3	2
2	3	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2	3	1
3	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	2	2
4	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	1	3	2
5	3	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	1	3	3
AVG	3	2.6	2.4	2.6	1				2.4				1.8	2.8	2

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CCS331	3D PRINTING AND DESIGN	LTPC
		2023
COURSE OBJECTIVES	NUNIVE	
To discuss on ba	sics of 3D printing	
To explain the pr	inciples of 3D printing technique	

- To explain and illustrate inkjet technology
- To explain and illustrate laser technology
- To discuss the applications of 3D printing •

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Introduction; Design considerations - Material, Size, Resolution, Process; Modelling and viewing -3D; Scanning; Model preparation - Digital; Slicing; Software; File formats

UNIT II PRINCIPLE

00004

Processes - Extrusion, Wire, Granular, Lamination, Photopolymerisation; Materials - Paper, Plastics, Metals, Ceramics, Glass, Wood, Fiber, Sand, Biological Tissues, Hydrogels, Graphene; Material Selection - Processes, applications, limitations;

UNIT III **INKJET TECHNOLOGY**

Printer - Working Principle, Positioning System, Print head, Print bed, Frames, Motion control; Print head Considerations - Continuous Inkjet, Thermal Inkjet, Piezoelectric Drop-On-Demand; Material Formulation for jetting; Liquid based fabrication - Continous jet, Mulitjet; Powder based fabrication - Colourjet.

UNIT IV LASER TECHNOLOGY

Light Sources - Types, Characteristics; Optics - Deflection, Modulation; Material feeding and flow - Liquid, powder; Printing machines - Types, Working Principle, Build Platform, Print bed Movement, Support structures;

UNIT V INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS

Product Models, manufacturing – Printed electronics, Biopolymers, Packaging, Healthcare, Food, Medical, Biotechnology, Displays; Future trends;

30 PERIODS

6

6

6

6

PRACTICAL EXERCISES:

TOTAL:60 PERIODS

1. Study the interface and basic tools in the CAD software.

2. Study 3D printer(s) including print heads, build envelope, materials used and related support removal system(s).

- 3. Review of geometry terms of a 3D mesh.
- 4. Commands for moving from 2D to 3D.
- 5. Advanced CAD commands to navigate models in 3D space
- 6. Design any four everyday objects

Refer to web sites like Thingiverse, Shapeways and GitFab to design four everyday objects that utilize the advantages of 3D printing

- . Choose four models from a sharing site like Thingiverse, Shapeways or Gitfab.
- a. Improve upon a file and make it your own. Some ideas include:
- Redesign it with a specific user in mind
- Redesign it for a slightly different purpose

• Improve the look of the product

- 7. Use the CAM software to prepare files for 3D printing.
- 8. Manipulate machine movement and material layering.
- 9. Repair a 3D mesh using

a) Freeware utilities: Autodesk MeshMixer (http://goo.gl/x5nhYc), MeshLab (http://goo.gl/fgztLl) or Netfabb Basic or Cloud Service (<u>http://goo.gl/Q1P47a</u>)

b) Freeware tool tutorials: Netfabb Basic or Cloud Service (http://goo.gl/Q1P47a), Netfabb and MeshLab (<u>http://goo.gl/WPOVec</u>)

c) Professional tools: Magics or Netfabb

Equipment : one 3D printer for every 10-15 students

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the students will be able to:

CO1: Outline and examine the basic concepts of 3D printing technology

CO2: Outline 3D printing workflow`

CO3 Explain and categorise the concepts and working principles of 3D printing using inkjet technique

CO4: Explain and categorise the working principles of 3D printing using laser technique

CO5: Explain various method for designing and modeling for industrial applications

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Christopher Barnatt, 3D Printing: The Next Industrial Revolution, CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform, 2013.
- 2. Ian M. Hutchings, Graham D. Martin, Inkjet Technology for Digital Fabrication, John Wiley & Sons, 2013.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Chua, C.K., Leong K.F. and Lim C.S., Rapid prototyping: Principles and applications, second edition, World Scientific Publishers, 2010
- 2. Ibrahim Zeid, Mastering CAD CAM Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co., 2007
- 3. Joan Horvath, Mastering 3D Printing, APress, 2014

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

						PC)'s							PSO's	;
CO's	1	2	3	4	11	12	1	2	3						
1	1	1	2	2	3	1	-	-	2	-	2	2	3	2	1
2	3	2	3	3	3	2	-	-	3	-	3	2	3	2	2
3	2	2	2	2	2	2	-	-	2	-	2	2	3	2	2
4	2	2	2	2	3	2	-	-	2	-	2	2	3	3	1
5	1	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	3	-	3	3	3	3	3
AVG	1.8	2	2.4	2.4	2.8	2	-	-	2.4	-	2.4	2.2	3	2.4	1.8

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

AD3001 BIO-INSPIRED OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES

L T PC 3 0 0 3

9

9

9

9

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand fundamental topics in bio-inspired optimization techniques
- To Learn the collective systems such as ACO, PSO, and BCO
- To develop skills in biologically inspired algorithm design with an emphasis on solving real world problems
- To understand the most appropriate types of algorithms for different data analysis problems and to introduce some of the most appropriate implementation strategies.
- To implement the Bio-inspired technique with other traditional algorithms.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Optimization Techniques: Introduction to Optimization Problems – Single and Muti- objective Optimization – Classical Techniques – Overview of various Optimization methods – Evolutionary Computing: Genetic Algorithm and Genetic Programming: Basic concept – encoding – representation – fitness function – Reproduction – differences between GA and Traditional optimization methods – Applications – Bio- inspired Computing (BIC): Motivation – Overview of BIC – usage of BIC – merits and demerits of BIC.

UNIT II SWARM INTELLIGENCE

Introduction – Biological foundations of Swarm Intelligence – Swarm Intelligence in Optimization – Ant Colonies: Ant Foraging Behavior – Towards Artificial Ants – Ant Colony Optimization (ACO) – S-ACO – Ant Colony Optimization Metaheuristic: Combinatorial Optimization – ACO Metaheuristic – Problem solving using ACO – Other Metaheuristics – Simulated annealing – Tabu Search – Local search methods – Scope of ACO algorithms.

UNIT III NATURAL TO ARTIFICIAL SYSTEMS

Biological Nervous Systems – artificial neural networks – architecture – Learning Paradigms – unsupervised learning – supervised learning – reinforcement learning – evolution of neural networks – hybrid neural systems – Biological Inspirations in problem solving – Behavior of Social Insects: Foraging –Division of Labor – Task Allocation – Cemetery Organization and Brood Sorting – Nest Building – Cooperative transport.

UNIT IV SWARM ROBOTICS

Foraging for food – Clustering of objects – Collective Prey retrieval – Scope of Swarm Robotics – Social Adaptation of Knowledge: Particle Swarm – Particle Swarm Optimization (PSO) – Particle

Swarms for Dynamic Optimization Problems – Artificial Bee Colony (ABC) Optimization biologically inspired algorithms in engineering.

UNIT V CASE STUDIES

Other Swarm Intelligence algorithms: Fish Swarm – Bacteria foraging – Intelligent Water Drop Algorithms – Applications of biologically inspired algorithms in engineering. Case Studies: ACO and PSO for NP-hard problems – Routing problems – Assignment problems – Scheduling problems – Subset problems – Machine Learning Problems – Travelling Salesman problem.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Familiarity with the basics of several biologically inspired optimization techniques.

CO2: Familiarity with the basics of several biologically inspired computing paradigms.

CO3: Ability to select an appropriate bio-inspired computing method and implement for any application and data set.

CO4: Theoretical understanding of the differences between the major bio-inspired computing methods.

CO5: Learn Other Swarm Intelligence algorithms and implement the Bio-inspired technique with other traditional algorithms.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

9

TEXT BOOK

- 1. A. E. Elben and J. E. Smith, "Introduction to Evolutionary Computing", Springer, 2010.
- 2. Floreano D. and Mattiussi C., "Bio-Inspired Artificial Intelligence: Theories, Methods, and Technologies", MIT Press, Cambridge, MA, 2008.
- 3. Leandro Nunes de Castro, "Fundamentals of Natural Computing, Basic Concepts, Algorithms and Applications", Chapman & Hall/ CRC, Taylor and Francis Group, 2007

REFERENCES

- **1.** Eric Bonabeau, Marco Dorigo, Guy Theraulaz, "Swarm Intelligence: From Natural to Artificial Systems", Oxford University press, 2000.
- 2. Christian Blum, Daniel Merkle (Eds.), "Swarm Intelligence: Introduction and Applications", Springer Verlag, 2008.
- 3. Leandro N De Castro, Fernando J Von Zuben, "Recent Developments in Biologically Inspired Computing", Idea Group Inc., 2005.
- 4. Albert Y.Zomaya, "Handbook of Nature-Inspired and Innovative Computing", Springer, 2006.

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

5. C. Ebelhart et al., "Swarm Intelligence", Morgan Kaufmann, 2001.

							0 4 1								
						PC)'s							PSO's	;
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	2	1	3	1	-	-	-	3	1	1	3	2	1	3
2	2	3	2	3	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	1	2	3	2
3	1	1	1	1	3	-	-	-	1	3	1	2	3	3	1
4	3	2	1	2	2	-	-	-	2	3	3	3	3	1	3
5	2	2	3	1	2	-	-	-	1	1	3	1	1	1	3
AVG	2.2	2	1.6	2	2	-	-	-	1.8	2	2	2	2.2	1.8	2.4
				4 La.		a a sliteres		- ! - .							

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

AD3002

HEALTH CARE ANALYTICS

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Understand the health data formats, health care policy and standards
- Learn the significance and need of data analysis and data visualization
- Understand the health data management frameworks
- Learn the use of machine learning and deep learning algorithms in healthcare
- Apply healthcare analytics for critical care applications

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO HEALTHCARE ANALYSIS

Overview - History of Healthcare Analysis Parameters on medical care systems- Health care policy- Standardized code sets – Data Formats – Machine Learning Foundations: Tree Like reasoning , Probabilistic reasoning and Bayes Theorem, Weighted sum approach.

UNIT II ANALYTICS ON MACHINE LEARNING

Machine Learning Pipeline – Pre-processing –Visualization – Feature Selection – Training model parameter – Evaluation model : Sensitivity , Specificity , PPV ,NPV, FPR ,Accuracy , ROC , Precision Recall Curves , Valued target variables –Python: Variables and types, Data Structures and containers , Pandas Data Frame :Operations – Scikit –Learn : Pre-processing , Feature Selection.

UNIT III HEALTH CARE MANAGEMENT

IOT- Smart Sensors – Migration of Healthcare Relational database to NoSQL Cloud Database – Decision Support System – Matrix block Cipher System – Semantic Framework Analysis – Histogram bin Shifting and Rc6 Encryption – Clinical Prediction Models – Visual Analytics for Healthcare.

UNIT IV HEALTHCARE AND DEEP LEARNING

Introduction on Deep Learning – DFF network CNN- RNN for Sequences – Biomedical Image and Signal Analysis – Natural Language Processing and Data Mining for Clinical Data – Mobile Imaging and Analytics – Clinical Decision Support System.

UNIT V CASE STUDIES

Predicting Mortality for cardiology Practice –Smart Ambulance System using IOT –Hospital Acquired Conditions (HAC) program- Healthcare and Emerging Technologies – ECG Data Analysis.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Use machine learning and deep learning algorithms for health data analysis

CO2: Apply the data management techniques for healthcare data

CO3: Evaluate the need of healthcare data analysis in e-healthcare, telemedicine and other critical care applications

CO4: Design health data analytics for real time applications

CO5: Design emergency care system using health data analysis

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

166

9

9

9

9

REFERENCES:

- 1. Chandan K.Reddy, Charu C. Aggarwal, "Health Care data Analysis", First edition, CRC, 2015.
- 2. Vikas Kumar, "Health Care Analysis Made Simple", Packt Publishing, 2018.
- 3. Nilanjan Dey, Amira Ashour, Simon James Fong, Chintan Bhatl, "Health Care Data Analysis and Management, First Edition, Academic Press, 2018.
- 4. Hui Jang, Eva K.Lee, "HealthCare Analysis : From Data to Knowledge to Healthcare Improvement", First Edition, Wiley, 2016.
- 5. Kulkarni , Siarry, Singh ,Abraham, Zhang, Zomaya , Baki, "Big Data Analytics in HealthCare", Springer, 2020.

					-					-					
						PC)'s							PSO's	1
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	3	3	1	3	-	-	-	3	2	1	1	2	2	2
2	3	1	1	3	1	-	-	-	3	2	3	1	3	3	3
3	2	1	2	1	2	-	-	1.1	2	2	1	3	3	2	1
4	2	2	3	3	1	-	-	- /	2	3	1	2	3	2	2
5	1	2	2	1	1		-	-	1	3	3	2	2	2	2
AVG	2.2	1.8	2.2	1.8	1.6		-		2.2	2.4	1.8	1.8	2.6	2.2	2

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CCS357

OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES

LT PC 2 0 2 3

6

6

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The objective of this course is to enable the student to

- Formulate and solve linear programming problems (LPP)
- Evaluate Integer Programming Problems, Transportation and Assignment Problems.
- Obtain a solution to network problems using CPM and PERT techniques.
- · Able to optimize the function subject to the constraints.
- Identify and solve problems under Markovian queuing models.

UNIT I LINEAR MODELS

Introduction of Operations Research - mathematical formulation of LPP- Graphical Methods to solve LPP- Simplex Method- Two-Phase method

UNIT II INTEGER PROGRAMMING AND TRANSPORTATION PROBLEMS

Integer programming: Branch and bound method- Transportation and Assignment problems - Traveling salesman problem.

UNIT III PROJECT SCHEDULING

Project network -Diagram representation – Floats - Critical path method (CPM) – PERT- Cost considerations in PERT and CPM

UNIT IV CLASSICAL OPTIMIZATION THEORY

Unconstrained problems – necessary and sufficient conditions - Newton-Raphson method, Constrained problems – equality constraints – inequality constraints - Kuhn-Tucker conditions.

UNIT V QUEUING MODELS

Introduction, Queuing Theory, Operating characteristics of a Queuing system, Constituents of a Queuing system, Service facility, Queue discipline, Single channel models, multiple service channels.

PRACTICALS

- 1. Solving simplex maximization problems using R programming.
- 2. Solving simplex minimization problems using R programming.
- 3. Solving mixed constraints problems Big M & Two phase method using TORA.
- 4. Solving transportation problems using R.
- 5. Solving assignment problems using R.
- 6. Solving optimization problems using LINGO.
- 7. Studying Primal-Dual relationships in LP using TORA.
- 8. Solving LP problems using dual simplex method using TORA.
- 9. Sensitivity & post optimality analysis using LINGO.
- 10. Solving shortest route problems using optimization software
- 11. Solving Project Management problems using optimization software
- 12. Testing random numbers and random variates for their uniformity.
- 13. Testing random numbers and random variates for their independence
- 14. Solve single server queuing model using simulation software package.
- 15. Solve multi server queuing model using simulation software package.

30 PERIODS

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of this course, the student will able to

CO1:Formulate and solve linear programming problems (LPP)

CO2:Evaluate Integer Programming Problems, Transportation and Assignment Problems.

CO3:Obtain a solution to network problems using CPM and PERT techniques.

CO4: Able to optimize the function subject to the constraints.

CO5:Identify and solve problems under Markovian queuing models

TEXT BOOK:

1. Hamdy A Taha, Operations Research: An Introduction, Pearson, 10th Edition, 2017.

REFERENCES:

- 1. ND Vohra, Quantitative Techniques in Management, Tata McGraw Hill, 4th Edition, 2011.
- 2. J. K. Sharma, Operations Research Theory and Applications, Macmillan, 5th Edition, 2012.
- 3. Hiller F.S, Liberman G.J, Introduction to Operations Research, 10th Edition McGraw Hill, 2017.
- 4. Jit. S. Chandran, Mahendran P. Kawatra, KiHoKim, Essentials of Linear Programming, Vikas Publishing House Pvt.Ltd. New Delhi, 1994.
- 5. Ravindran A., Philip D.T., and Solberg J.J., Operations Research, John Wiley, 2nd Edition, 2007.

6

30 PERIODS

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

						PC)'s							PSO's	;
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	3	2	1	1	-	-	-	2	1	1	2	3	3	3
2	3	1	2	2	3	-	-	-	3	2	3	1	2	1	1
3	2	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	3	3	1	3	1	3	1
4	2	2	1	1	3	-	-	-	2	1	3	1	2	1	2
5	2	1	1	3	2	-	-	-	3	3	1	3	3	2	1
AVG	2.4	2	1.8	1.8	2.2	-	-	-	2.6	2	1.8	2	2.2	2	1.6

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CCS348

GAME THEORY

L T P C 2 0 2 3

6

6

6

6

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the student to the notion of a game, its solutions concepts, and other basic notions and tools of game theory, and the main applications for which they are appropriate, including electronic trading markets.
- To formalize the notion of strategic thinking and rational choice by using the tools of game theory, and to provide insights into using game theory in 41odelling applications.
- To draw the connections between game theory, computer science, and economics, especially emphasizing the computational issues.
- To introduce contemporary topics in the intersection of game theory, computer science, and economics.
- To apply game theory in searching, auctioning and trading.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Introduction — Making rational choices: basics of Games — strategy — preferences — payoffs — Mathematical basics — Game theory — Rational Choice — Basic solution concepts-noncooperative versus cooperative games — Basic computational issues — finding equilibria and learning in games- Typical application areas for game theory (e.g. Google's sponsored search, eBay auctions, electricity trading markets).

UNIT II GAMES WITH PERFECT INFORMATION

Games with Perfect Information — Strategic games — prisoner's dilemma, matching pennies -Nash equilibria —mixed strategy equilibrium — zero-sum games

UNIT III GAMES WITH IMPERFECT INFORMATION

Games with Imperfect Information — Bayesian Games — Motivational Examples — General Definitions

Information aspects — Illustrations — Extensive Games with Imperfect — Information —
 Strategies — Nash Equilibrium — Repeated Games — The Prisoner's Dilemma — Bargaining

UNIT IV NON-COOPERATIVE GAME THEORY

Non-cooperative Game Theory — Self-interested agents — Games in normal form — Analyzing games: from optimality to equilibrium — Computing Solution Concepts of Normal — Form Games

— Computing Nash equilibria of two-player, zero-sum games — Computing Nash equilibria of two-player, general- sum games — Identifying dominated strategies

UNIT V MECHANISM DESIGN

Aggregating Preferences — Social Choice — Formal Model — Voting — Existence of social functions — Ranking systems — Protocols for Strategic Agents: Mechanism Design — Mechanism design with unrestricted preferences

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon Completion of the course, the students will be able to

CO1:Discuss the notion of a strategic game and equilibria and identify the characteristics of main applications of these concepts.

CO2:Discuss the use of Nash Equilibrium for other problems.

CO3:Identify key strategic aspects and based on these be able to connect them to appropriate game theoretic concepts given a real world situation.

CO4:Identify some applications that need aspects of Bayesian Games.

C05:Implement a typical Virtual Business scenario using Game theory.

Laboratory Exercises:

- Prisoner's dilemma
- Pure Strategy Nash Equilibrium
- Extensive Form Graphs and Trees, Game Trees
- Strategic Form Elimination of dominant strategy
- Minimax theorem, minimax strategies
- Perfect information games: trees, players assigned to nodes, payoffs, backward Induction, subgame perfect equilibrium,

• imperfect-information games - Mixed Strategy Nash Equilibrium - Finding mixed-strategy Nash equilibria for zero sum games, mixed versus behavioral strategies.

- Repeated Games
- Bayesian Nash equilibrium

30 PERIODS TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS / REFERENCES:

- 1. M. J. Osborne, An Introduction to Game Theory. Oxford University Press, 2012.
- 2. M. Machler, E. Solan, S. Zamir, Game Theory, Cambridge University Press, 2013.
- 3. N. Nisan, T. Roughgarden, E. Tardos, and V. V. Vazirani, Algorithmic Game Theory. Cambridge University Press, 2007.
- 4. A.Dixit and S. Skeath, Games of Strategy, Second Edition. W W Norton & Co Inc, 2004.
- 5. YoavShoham, Kevin Leyton-Brown, Multiagent Systems: Algorithmic, Game-Theoretic, and Logical Foundations, Cambridge University Press 2008.
- 6. Zhu Han, DusitNiyato, WalidSaad, TamerBasar and Are Hjorungnes, "Game Theory in Wireless and Communication Networks", Cambridge University Press, 2012.
- 7. Y.Narahari, "Game Theory and Mechanism Design", IISC Press, World Scientific.

170

30 PERIODS

8. William Spaniel, "Game Theory 101: The Complete Textbook", CreateSpace Independent Publishing, 2011.

	PO's											PSO's			
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	3	2	3	3	-	-	-	3	2	1	2	3	2	3
2	3	3	3	2	3	-	-	-	2	2	2	1	3	3	1
3	1	1	3	3	3	-	-	-	3	3	1	2	3	2	2
4	2	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	2	3	3	3	2	2	2
5	2	2	3	2	1	-	-	-	3	3	2	2	3	3	2
AVG	2.2	2	2.4	2.2	2.2	-	-	-	2.6	2.6	1.8	2	2.8	2.4	2
				4 1	-		• •								

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

CCS337

COGNITIVE SCIENCE

Z. L V.

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To know the theoretical background of cognition.
- To understand the link between cognition and computational intelligence.
- To explore probabilistic programming language.
- To study the computational inference models of cognition.
- To study the computational learning models of cognition.

UNIT I PHILOSOPHY, PSYCHOLOGY AND NEUROSCIENCE

Philosophy: Mental-physical Relation – From Materialism to Mental Science – Logic and the Sciences of the Mind – Psychology: Place of Psychology within Cognitive Science – Science of Information Processing –Cognitive Neuroscience – Perception – Decision – Learning and Memory – Language Understanding and Processing.

UNIT II COMPUTATIONAL INTELLIGENCE

Machines and Cognition – Artificial Intelligence – Architectures of Cognition – Knowledge Based Systems – Logical Representation and Reasoning – Logical Decision Making –Learning – Language – Vision.

UNIT III PROBABILISTIC PROGRAMMING LANGUAGE

WebPPL Language – Syntax – Using Javascript Libraries – Manipulating probability types and distributions – Finding Inference – Exploring random computation – Coroutines: Functions that receive continuations – Enumeration

UNIT IV INFERENCE MODELS OF COGNITION

Generative Models – Conditioning – Causal and statistical dependence – Conditional dependence – Data Analysis – Algorithms for Inference.

UNIT V LEARNING MODELS OF COGNITION

6

6

L T P C 2 0 2 3

6

6

Learning as Conditional Inference – Learning with a Language of Thought – Hierarchical Models– Learning (Deep) Continuous Functions – Mixture Models.

PRACTICAL EXERCISES

- 1. Demonstration of Mathematical functions using WebPPL.
- 2. Implementation of reasoning algorithms.
- 3. Developing an Application system using generative model.
- 4. Developing an Application using conditional inference learning model.
- 5. Application development using hierarchical model.
- 6. Application development using Mixture model.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the students will be able to:

CO1:Understand the underlying theory behind cognition.

CO2:Connect to the cognition elements computationally.

CO3:Implement mathematical functions through WebPPL.

CO4:Develop applications using cognitive inference model.

CO5:Develop applications using cognitive learning model.

TEXT BOOK:

- 1. Vijay V Raghavan, Venkat N.Gudivada, VenuGovindaraju, C.R. Rao, Cognitive Computing: Theory and Applications: (Handbook of Statistics 35), Elsevier publications, 2016
- 2. Judith Hurwitz, Marcia Kaufman, Adrian Bowles, Cognitive Computing and Big Data Analytics, Wiley Publications, 2015
- 3. Robert A. Wilson, Frank C. Keil, "The MIT Encyclopedia of the Cognitive Sciences", The MIT Press, 1999.
- 4. Jose Luis Bermúdez, Cognitive Science An Introduction to the Science of the Mind, Cambridge University Press 2020

REFERENCES:

- 1. Noah D. Goodman, Andreas Stuhlmuller, "The Design and Implementation of Probabilistic Programming Languages", Electronic version of book, https://dippl.org/.
- 2. Noah D. Goodman, Joshua B. Tenenbaum, The ProbMods Contributors, "Probabilistic Models of Cognition", Second Edition, 2016, <u>https://probmods.org/</u>.

						PC)'s							PSO's	;
CO's	1	2	3	4	11	12	1	2	3						
1	3	1	3	2	2	-	-	-	1	1	2	2	1	2	2
2	2	2	1	1	2	-	-	-	3	2	3	1	2	3	2
3	1	3	1	3	3	-	-	-	1	3	1	3	3	1	2
4	2	1	1	2	3	-	-	-	1	2	3	1	3	3	1
5	1	2	3	2	2	-	-	-	1	2	2	2	2	2	1
AVG	1.8	1.8	1.8	2	2.4	-	-	-	1.4	2	2.2	1.8	2.2	2.2	1.6

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation

30 PERIODS

30 PERIODS

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

Page 217 of 437

CCS345

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Study the morality and ethics in AI
- Learn about the Ethical initiatives in the field of artificial intelligence
- Study about AI standards and Regulations
- Study about social and ethical issues of Robot Ethics
- Study about AI and Ethics- challenges and opportunities

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Definition of morality and ethics in AI-Impact on society-Impact on human psychology-Impact on the legal system-Impact on the environment and the planet-Impact on trust

UNIT II ETHICAL INITIATIVES IN AI

International ethical initiatives-Ethical harms and concerns-Case study: healthcare robots, Autonomous Vehicles, Warfare and weaponization.

UNIT III AI STANDARDS AND REGULATION

Model Process for Addressing Ethical Concerns During System Design - Transparency of Autonomous Systems-Data Privacy Process- Algorithmic Bias Considerations - Ontological Standard for Ethically Driven Robotics and Automation Systems

UNIT IV ROBOETHICS: SOCIAL AND ETHICAL IMPLICATION OF ROBOTICS 6

Robot-Roboethics- Ethics and Morality- Moral Theories-Ethics in Science and Technology - Ethical Issues in an ICT Society- Harmonization of Principles- Ethics and Professional Responsibility-Roboethics Taxonomy.

UNIT V AI AND ETHICS- CHALLENGES AND OPPORTUNITIES

Challenges - Opportunities- ethical issues in artificial intelligence- Societal Issues Concerning the Application of Artificial Intelligence in Medicine- decision-making role in industries-National and International Strategies on AI.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

CO1:Learn about morality and ethics in AI

CO2: Acquire the knowledge of real time application ethics, issues and its challenges.

CO3:Understand the ethical harms and ethical initiatives in AI

CO4:Learn about AI standards and Regulations like AI Agent, Safe Design of Autonomous and Semi-Autonomous Systems

CO5:Understand the concepts of Roboethics and Morality with professional responsibilities. **CO6**:Learn about the societal issues in AI with National and International Strategies on AI

PRACTICAL EXERCISES

- 1. Recent case study of ethical initiatives in healthcare, autonomous vehicles and defense
- 2. Exploratory data analysis on a 2 variable linear regression model
- 3. Experiment the regression model without a bias and with bias
- 4. Classification of a dataset from UCI repository using a perceptron with and without bias
- 5. Case study on ontology where ethics is at stake

173

6

6

6

6

30 PERIODS

6. Identification on optimization in AI affecting ethics

30 PERIODS TOTAL:60 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

- y. Eleanor Bird, Jasmin Fox-Skelly, Nicola Jenner, Ruth Larbey, Emma Weitkamp and Alan Winfield ,"The ethics of artificial intelligence: Issues and initiatives", EPRS | European Parliamentary Research Service Scientific Foresight Unit (STOA) PE 634.452 – March 2020
- 2. Patrick Lin, Keith Abney, George A Bekey," Robot Ethics: The Ethical and Social Implications of Robotics", The MIT Press- January 2014.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Towards a Code of Ethics for Artificial Intelligence (Artificial Intelligence: Foundations, Theory, and Algorithms) by Paula Boddington, November 2017
- 2. Mark Coeckelbergh," AI Ethics", The MIT Press Essential Knowledge series, April 2020

WEB LINK:

1. https://sci-hub.mksa.top/10.1007/978-3-540-30301-5_65

2. https://www.scu.edu/ethics/all-about-ethics/artificial-intelligence-and-ethics-sixteenchallenges-and-opportunities/

3. https://www.weforum.org/agenda/2016/10/top-10-ethical-issues-in-artificial-intelligence/

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

4. https://sci-hub.mksa.top/10.1159/000492428

						PC)'s							PSO's	;
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	2	3	3	1	-	-	-	1	2	1	1	3	1	1
2	2	1	1	2	1	-	-	-	1	2	1	1	3	3	1
3	2	3	1	1	3	-	-	-	2	1	1	2	3	2	2
4	3	1	3	3	2	-	-		2	2	3	1	2	1	3
5	3	1	1	3	3	-	-	-	2	3	3	3	1	3	3
AVG	2.6	1.6	1.8	2.4	2	-	-	-	1.6	2	1.8	1.6	2.4	2	2

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-' - no correlation



SOFT CORE - MANAGEMENT

GE3751

PRINCIPLES OF MANAGEMENT

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Sketch the Evolution of Management.
- Extract the functions and principles of management.
- Learn the application of the principles in an organization.
- Study the various HR related activities.
- Analyze the position of self and company goals towards business.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO MANAGEMENT AND ORGANIZATIONS

Definition of Management – Science or Art – Manager Vs Entrepreneur- types of managersmanagerial roles and skills – Evolution of Management –Scientific, human relations, system and contingency approaches– Types of Business organization- Sole proprietorship, partnership, company-public and private sector enterprises- Organization culture and Environment – Current trends and issues in Management.

UNIT II PLANNING

Nature and purpose of planning – Planning process – Types of planning – Objectives – Setting objectives – Policies – Planning premises – Strategic Management – Planning Tools and Techniques – Decision making steps and process.

UNIT III ORGANISING

Nature and purpose – Formal and informal organization – Organization chart – Organization structure – Types – Line and staff authority – Departmentalization – delegation of authority – Centralization and decentralization – Job Design - Human Resource Management – HR Planning, Recruitment, selection, Training and Development, Performance Management, Career planning and management.

UNIT IV DIRECTING

Foundations of individual and group behaviour– Motivation – Motivation theories – Motivational techniques – Job satisfaction – Job enrichment – Leadership – types and theories of leadership – Communication – Process of communication – Barrier in communication – Effective communication – Communication and IT.

UNIT V CONTROLLING

System and process of controlling – Budgetary and non - Budgetary control techniques – Use of computers and IT in Management control – Productivity problems and management – Control and performance – Direct and preventive control – Reporting.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- **CO1:** Upon completion of the course, students will be able to have clear understanding of managerial functions like planning, organizing, staffing, leading & controlling.
- CO2: Have same basic knowledge on international aspect of management.
- **CO3**: Ability to understand management concept of organizing.
- CO4: Ability to understand management concept of directing.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

9

9

9

9

CO5: Ability to understand management concept of controlling.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Harold Koontz and Heinz Weihrich "Essentials of management" Tata McGraw Hill, 1998.
- 2. Stephen P. Robbins and Mary Coulter, "Management", Prentice Hall (India)Pvt. Ltd.,
- 10th Edition, 2009.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Robert Kreitner and MamataMohapatra, "Management", Biztantra, 2008.
- 2. Stephen A. Robbins and David A. Decenzo and Mary Coulter, "Fundamentals of Management" Pearson Education, 7th Edition, 2011.
- Tripathy PC and Reddy PN, "Principles of Management", Tata Mcgraw Hill, 1999.
 CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

CO's						PC)'s							PSO'	S
CUS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3		-	-	-	1	-	-	-		-	-	2	1	1
2	-	1	1	-	•	-		-		-	-	-	2	1	-
3	1		-	2	1.0	-	1	-	2	3-1	1	1	-	-	2
4	-	1	1	1	2	-	-	1	2	16	2.1	-	1	1	1
5	1		-	1.2	1	1	-	-		3	-	1	1	-	1
AVg.	1.66	1	1	1.5	1.5	1	1	1	2	3	1	1	1.5	1	1.25

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

GE3752

TOTAL QUALITY MANAGEMENT

L T P C 3 0 0 3

9

9

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Teach the need for quality, its evolution, basic concepts, contribution of quality gurus, TQMframework, Barriers and Benefits of TQM.
- Explain the TQM Principles for application.
- Define the basics of Six Sigma and apply Traditional tools, New tools, Benchmarking and FMEA.
- Describe Taguchi's Quality Loss Function, Performance Measures and apply Techniqueslike QFD, TPM, COQ and BPR.
- Illustrate and apply QMS and EMS in any organization.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Introduction - Need for quality - Evolution of quality - Definition of quality - Dimensions of product and service quality –Definition of TQM-- Basic concepts of TQM - Gurus of TQM (Brief introduction) -- TQM Framework- Barriers to TQM –Benefits of TQM.

UNIT II TQM PRINCIPLES

Leadership - Deming Philosophy, Quality Council, Quality statements and Strategic planning-Customer Satisfaction –Customer Perception of Quality, Feedback, Customer complaints, Service Quality, Kano Model and Customer retention – Employee involvement – Motivation, Empowerment, Team and Teamwork, Recognition & Reward and Performance Appraisal-- Continuous process improvement –Juran Trilogy, PDSA cycle, 5S and Kaizen - Supplier partnership – Partnering, Supplier selection, Supplier Rating and Relationship development.

UNIT III TQM TOOLS & TECHNIQUES I

The seven traditional tools of quality - New management tools - Six-sigma Process Capability-Bench marking - Reasons to benchmark, Benchmarking process, What to Bench Mark, Understanding Current Performance, Planning, Studying Others, Learning from the data, Using the findings, Pitfalls and Criticisms of Benchmarking - FMEA - Intent, Documentation, Stages: Design FMEA and Process FMEA.

UNIT IV TQM TOOLS & TECHNIQUES II

Quality circles – Quality Function Deployment (QFD) - Taguchi quality loss function – TPM – Concepts, improvement needs – Performance measures- Cost of Quality - BPR.

UNIT V QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

Introduction-Benefits of ISO Registration-ISO 9000 Series of Standards-Sector-Specific Standards - AS 9100, TS16949 and TL 9000-- ISO 9001 Requirements-Implementation-Documentation-Internal Audits-Registration-ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT SYSTEM: Introduction—ISO 14000 Series Standards—Concepts of ISO 14001—Requirements of ISO 14001-Benefits of EMS.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

9

9

9

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Ability to apply TQM concepts in a selected enterprise.

CO2: Ability to apply TQM principles in a selected enterprise.

- **CO3:** Ability to understand Six Sigma and apply Traditional tools, New tools, Benchmarking and FMEA.
- **CO4:** Ability to understand Taguchi's Quality Loss Function, Performance Measures and apply QFD, TPM, COQ and BPR.
- CO5: Ability to apply QMS and EMS in any organization.

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

CO's			PO's	S									PS	O's	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1		3		÷.,	1						1	3	2		3
2						3						3		2	
3			DA/	10	3	TL		110	3	11.0	1.1.1	EN/	1.2	2	3
4		2	LAN.	1.11	3	2	3	2				3	3	2	
5			3			3	3	2							
AVg.		2.5	3		3	2.6	3	2	3			3	2.5	2	3

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

TEXT BOOK:

1. Dale H.Besterfiled, Carol B.Michna,Glen H. Bester field,MaryB.Sacre, HemantUrdhwareshe and RashmiUrdhwareshe, "Total Quality Management", Pearson Education Asia, Revised Third Edition, Indian Reprint, Sixth Impression,2013.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Joel.E. Ross, "Total Quality Management Text and Cases", Routledge., 2017.
- 2. Kiran.D.R, "Total Quality Management: Key concepts and case studies, Butterworth -

Heinemann Ltd, 2016.

- 3. Oakland, J.S. "TQM Text with Cases", Butterworth Heinemann Ltd., Oxford, Third Edition, 2003.
- 4. Suganthi,L and Anand Samuel, "Total Quality Management", Prentice Hall (India) Pvt. Ltd.,2006.

GE3753 ENGINEERING ECONOMICS AND FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING L T P C

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Understanding the concept of Engineering Economics.
- Implement various micro economics concept in real life.
- Gaining knowledge in the field of macro economics to enable the students to have better
- understanding of various components of macro economics.
- Understanding the different procedures of pricing.
- · Learn the various cost related concepts in micro economics.

UNIT I DEMAND & SUPPLY ANALYSIS

Managerial Economics - Relationship with other disciplines - Firms: Types, objectives and goals - Managerial decisions - Decision analysis.Demand - Types of demand - Determinants of demand - Demand function – Demand elasticity - Demand forecasting - Supply - Determinants of supply - Supply function -Supply elasticity.

UNIT II PRODUCTION AND COST ANALYSIS

Production function - Returns to scale - Production optimization - Least cost input -Isoquants - Managerial uses of production function. Cost Concepts - Cost function - Determinants of cost - Short run and Long run cost curves - Cost Output Decision - Estimation of Cost.

UNIT III PRICING

Determinants of Price - Pricing under different objectives and different market structures - Price discrimination - Pricing methods in practice.

UNIT IV FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING (ELEMENTARY TREATMENT) 9

Balance sheet and related concepts - Profit & Loss Statement and related concepts - -Financial Ratio Analysis - Cash flow analysis - Funds flow analysis - Comparative financial statements - Analysis & Interpretation of financial statements.

UNIT VCAPITAL BUDGETING (ELEMENTARY TREATMENT)9Investments - Risks and return evaluation of investment decision - Average rate of return

- Payback Period - Net Present Value - Internal rate of return.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

3 0 0 3

9

9

9

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Students able to

CO1: Upon successful completion of this course, students will acquire the skills to apply the basics of economics and cost analysis to engineering and take economically sound decisions

- CO2: Evaluate the economic theories, cost concepts and pricing policies
- **CO3**: Understand the market structures and integration concepts

- **CO4**: Understand the measures of national income, the functions of banks and concepts of globalization
- **CO5:** Apply the concepts of financial management for project appraisal

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Panneer Selvam, R, "Engineering Economics", Prentice Hall of India Ltd, New Delhi, 2001.
- 2. Managerial Economics: Analysis, Problems and Cases P. L. Mehta, Edition, 13. Publisher, Sultan Chand, 2007.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Chan S.Park, "Contemporary Engineering Economics", Prentice Hall of India, 2011.
- 2. Donald.G. Newman, Jerome.P.Lavelle, "Engineering Economics and analysis" Engg. Press, Texas, 2010.
- 3. Degarmo, E.P., Sullivan, W.G and Canada, J.R, "Engineering Economy", Macmillan, New York, 2011.
- 4. Zahid A khan: Engineering Economy, "Engineering Economy", Dorling Kindersley, 2012
- 5. Dr. S. N. Maheswari and Dr. S.K. Maheshwari: Financial Accounting, Vikas, 2009

CO's			PO's	;									PS	0's	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	-	3		-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	- 1	1	3	-
2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-] - P	-	-	0	-	2	2
3		2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	2	3	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-		-	2	3	-
5	3	3	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
AVg.	2.5	2.4	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	1.8	2.6	2

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

GE3754

HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To provide knowledge about management issues related to staffing,
- To provide knowledge about management issues related to training,
- To provide knowledge about management issues related to performance
- To provide knowledge about management issues related to compensation
- To provide knowledge about management issues related to human factors consideration and compliance with human resource requirements.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

The importance of human resources – Objective of Human Resource Management - Human resource policies - Role of human resource manager.

UNIT II HUMAN RESOURCE PLANNING

Importance of Human Resource Planning – Internal and External sources of Human Resources - Recruitment - Selection – Socialization.

UNIT III TRAINING AND EXECUTIVE DEVELOPMENT

9

9

Types of training and Executive development methods – purpose – benefits.

UNIT IV EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION

Compensation plan – Reward – Motivation – Career Development - Mentor – Protege relationships.

UNIT V PERFORMANCE EVALUATION AND CONTROL

Performance evaluation – Feedback - The control process – Importance – Methods – grievances – Causes – Redressal methods.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1: Students would have gained knowledge on the various aspects of HRM
- CO2: Students will gain knowledge needed for success as a human resources professional.
- CO3: Students will develop the skills needed for a successful HR manager.
- **CO4**: Students would be prepared to implement the concepts learned in the workplace.
- CO5: Students would be aware of the emerging concepts in the field of HRM

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Decenzo and Robbins, "Human Resource Management", 8th Edition, Wiley, 2007.

2. John Bernardin. H., "Human Resource Management – An Experimental Approach", 5th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2013, New Delhi.

REFERENCES:

- Luis R,. Gomez-Mejia, DavidB. Balkin and Robert L. Cardy, "Managing Human Resources", 7th Edition, PHI, 2012.
- 2. Dessler, "Human Resource Management", Pearson Education Limited, 2007. CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

CO's			PO's	5									PS	O's	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	2	2	1	2	2	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	3	3	2	3	2	2	2	2	3	1	2	1	1	2	1
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	1	2	1	1	2	1
4	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
5	3	3	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
AVg.	2.8	2.8	1.8	2.6	2.6	2.2	1.8	1.8	2.4	1	1.4	1	1	1.4	1

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

GE3755

KNOWLEDGE MANAGEMENT

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Learn the Evolution of Knowledge management.
- Be familiar with tools.
- Be exposed to Applications.
- Be familiar with some case studies.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

9

9

L T P C 3 0 0 3

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Introduction: An Introduction to Knowledge Management -The foundations of knowledge management-including cultural issues- technology applications organizational concepts and processes- management aspects- and decision support systems. The Evolution of Knowledge management: From Information Management to Knowledge Management -Key Challenges Facing the Evolution of Knowledge Management - Ethics for Knowledge Management.

UNIT II CREATING THE CULTURE OF LEARNING AND KNOWLEDGE SHARING

Organization and Knowledge Management - Building the Learning Organization. Knowledge Markets: Cooperation among Distributed Technical Specialists – Tacit Knowledge and Quality Assurance.

UNIT III KNOWLEDGE MANAGEMENT-THE TOOLS

Telecommunications and Networks in Knowledge Management - Internet Search Engines and Knowledge Management - Information Technology in Support of Knowledge Management - Knowledge Management and Vocabulary Control - Information Mapping in Information Retrieval - Information Coding in the Internet Environment - Repackaging Information.

UNIT IV KNOWLEDGE MANAGEMENT APPLICATION

Components of a Knowledge Strategy - Case Studies (From Library to Knowledge Center, Knowledge

Management in the Health Sciences, Knowledge Management in Developing Countries).

UNIT V FUTURE TRENDS AND CASE STUDIES

Advanced topics and case studies in knowledge management - Development of a knowledge management map/plan that is integrated with an organization's strategic and business plan - A case study on Corporate Memories for supporting various aspects in the process life -cycles of an organization.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the student should be able to:

CO1: Understand the process of acquiry knowledge from experts

CO2: Understand the learning organization.

CO3: Use the knowledge management tools.

CO4: Develop knowledge management Applications.

CO5: Design and develop enterprise applications.

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

CO's			PO's	;									PS	O's	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1					1										
2					2								1		
3					2									2	
4				1	1				1					1	
5				1	1				1					1	
AVg.				1	1.4				1				1	1.33	

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

9

9

9

TEXT BOOK:

1. Srikantaiah, T.K., Koenig, M., "Knowledge Management for the Information Professional" Information Today, Inc., 2000.

REFERENCE:

1. Nonaka, I., Takeuchi, H., "The Knowledge-Creating Company: How Japanese Companies Create the Dynamics of Innovation", Oxford University Press, 1995.

GE3792	INDUSTRIAL MANAGEMENT	L	Т	Ρ	С
		3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To study the basic concepts of management; approaches to management; contributors to management studies; various forms of business organization and trade unions function in professional organizations.
- To study the planning; organizing and staffing functions of management in professional organization.
- To study the leading; controlling and decision making functions of management in professional organization.
- To learn the organizational theory in professional organization.
- To learn the principles of productivity and modern concepts in management in professional organization.

9

9

9

9

UNIT – I INTRODUCTION TO MANAGEMENT

Management: Introduction; Definition and Functions – Approaches to the study of Management – Mintzberg's Ten Managerial Roles – Principles of Taylor; Fayol; Weber; Parker – Forms of Organization: Sole Proprietorship; Partnership; Company (Private and Public); Cooperative – Public Sector Vs Private Sector Organization – Business Environment: Economic; Social; Political; Legal – Trade Union: Definition; Functions; Merits & Demerits.

UNIT – II FUNCTIONS OF MANAGEMENT - I

Planning: Characteristics; Nature; Importance; Steps; Limitation; Planning Premises; Strategic Planning; Vision & Mission statement in Planning– Organizing: Organizing Theory; Principles; Types; Departmentalization; Centralization and Decentralization; Authority & Responsibility – Staffing: Systems Approach; Recruiting and Selection Process; Human Resource Development (HRD) Concept and Design.

UNIT – III FUNCTIONS OF MANAGEMENT - II

Directing (Leading): Leadership Traits; Style; Morale; Managerial Grids (Blake-Mounton, Reddin) – Communication: Purpose; Model; Barriers – Controlling: Process; Types; Levels; Guidelines; Audit (External, Internal, Merits); Preventive Control – Decision Making: Elements; Characteristics; Nature; Process; Classifications.

UNIT – IV ORGANIZATION THEORY

Organizational Conflict: Positive Aspects; Individual; Role; Interpersonal; Intra Group; Inter Group; Conflict Management – Maslow's hierarchy of needs theory; Herzberg's motivation-hygiene theory; McClelland's three needs motivation theory; Vroom's valence-expectancy theory – Change

Management: Concept of Change; Lewin's Process of Change Model; Sources of Resistance; Overcoming Resistance; Guidelines to managing Conflict.

UNIT – V PRODUCTIVITY AND MODERN TOPICS

Productivity: Concept; Measurements; Affecting Factors; Methods to Improve – Modern Topics (concept, feature/characteristics, procedure, merits and demerits): Business Process Reengineering (BPR); Benchmarking; SWOT/SWOC Analysis; Total Productive Maintenance; Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP); Management of Information Systems (MIS).

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

9

At the end of the course the students would be able to

- CO1 Explain basic concepts of management; approaches to management; contributors to management studies; various forms of business organization and trade unions function in professional organizations.
- CO2 Discuss the planning; organizing and staffing functions of management in professional organization.
- CO3 Apply the leading; controlling and decision making functions of management in professional organization.
- CO4 Discuss the organizational theory in professional organization.
- CO5 Apply principles of productivity and modern concepts in management in professional organization.

TEXTBOOKS:

COURSE OUTCOMES:

1. M. Govindarajan and S. Natarajan, "Principles of Management", Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2009.

 Koontz. H. and Weihrich. H., "Essentials of Management: An International Perspective", 8th Edition, Tata McGrawhill, New Delhi, 2010.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Joseph J, Massie, "Essentials of Management", 4th Edition, Pearson Education, 1987.
- 2. Saxena, P. K., "Principles of Management: A Modern Approach", Global India Publications, 2009.
- 3. S.Chandran, "Organizational Behaviours", Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., 1994.
- 4. Richard L. Daft, "Organization Theory and Design", South Western College Publishing, 11th Edition, 2012.
- 5. S. TrevisCerto, "Modern Management Concepts and Skills", Pearson Education, 2018.

	-					-									
						Р	0							PSO	
со	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	1	1	1	1	1	3	2	3	2	3	1	3	1	1	1
2	1	1	1	1	1	3	2	3	2	3	1	3	1	1	1
3	1	1	1	1	1	3	2	3	2	3	1	3	1	1	1
4	1	1	1	1	1	3	2	3	2	3	1	3	1	1	1
5	1	1	1	1	1	3	2	3	2	3	1	3	1	1	1

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

MANDATORY COURSES I

MX3081 INTRODUCTION TO WOMEN AND GENDER STUDIES

L T P C 3 0 0 0

COURSE OUTLINE

UNIT I CONCEPTS

Sex vs. Gender, masculinity, femininity, socialization, patriarchy, public/ private, essentialism, binaryism, power, hegemony, hierarchy, stereotype, gender roles, gender relation, deconstruction, resistance, sexual division of labour.

UNIT II FEMINIST THEORY

Liberal, Marxist, Socialist, Radical, Psychoanalytic, postmodernist, ecofeminist.

UNIT III WOMEN'S MOVEMENTS: GLOBAL, NATIONAL AND LOCAL

Rise of Feminism in Europe and America. Women's Movement in India.

UNIT IV GENDER AND LANGUAGE

Linguistic Forms and Gender. Gender and narratives.

UNIT V GENDER AND REPRESENTATION

Advertising and popular visual media.

Gender and Representation in Alternative Media. Gender and social media.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

MX3082

ELEMENTS OF LITERATURE

L T P C 3 0 0 0

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

• To make the students aware about the finer sensibilities of human existence through an art form. The students will learn to appreciate different forms of literature as suitable modes of expressing human experience.

1. COURSE CONTENTS

Introduction to Elements of Literature

1. Relevance of literature

- a) Enhances Reading, thinking, discussing and writing skills.
- b) Develops finer sensibility for better human relationship.
- c) Increases understanding of the problem of humanity without bias.
- d) Providing space to reconcile and get a cathartic effect.

2. Elements of fiction

- a) Fiction, fact and literary truth.
- b) Fictional modes and patterns.
- c) Plot character and perspective.

3. Elements of poetry

- a) Emotions and imaginations.
- b) Figurative language.
- c) (Simile, metaphor, conceit, symbol, pun and irony).
- d) Personification and animation.
- e) Rhetoric and trend.

4. Elements of drama

- a) Drama as representational art.
- b) Content mode and elements.
- c) Theatrical performance.
- d) Drama as narration, mediation and persuasion.
- e) Features of tragedy, comedy and satire.

3. READINGS:

- 1. An Introduction to the Study of English Literature, W.H. Hudson, Atlantic, 2007.
- 2. An Introduction to Literary Studies, Mario Klarer, Routledge, 2013.
- 3. The Experience of Poetry, Graham Mode, Open college of Arts with Open Unv Press, 1991.
- 4. The Elements of Fiction: A Survey, Ulf Wolf (ed), Wolfstuff, 2114.
- 5. The Elements of Drama, J.L.Styan, Literary Licensing, 2011.
- 3.1 Textbook:

3.2 *Reference Books:: To be decided by the teacher and student, on the basis of individual student so as to enable him or her to write the term paper.

4. OTHER SESSION:

4.1*Tutorials:

4.2*Laboratory:

Page 230 of 437

4.3*Project: The students will write a term paper to show their understanding of a particular piece of literature

5.*ASSESSMENT:

5.1HA:

5.2Quizzes-HA:

5.3Periodical Examination: one

5.4Project/Lab: one (under the guidance of the teachers the students will take a volume of poetry, fiction or drama and write a term paper to show their understanding of it in a given context; sociological, psychological, historical, autobiographical etc.

5.5Final Exam:

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOME OF THE COURSE:

• Students will be able to understand the relevance of literature in human life and appreciate its aspects in developing finer sensibilities.

MX3083

FILM APPRECIATION

LT PC 3 0 00

In this course on film appreciation, the students will be introduced broadly to the development of film as an art and entertainment form. It will also discuss the language of cinema as it evolved over a century. The students will be taught as to how to read a film and appreciate the various nuances of a film as a text. The students will be guided to study film joyfully.

Theme - A: The Component of Films

- A-1: The material and equipment
- A-2: The story, screenplay and script
- A-3: The actors, crew members, and the director
- A-4: The process of film making... structure of a film

Theme - B: Evolution of Film Language

B-1: Film language, form, movement etc.

- B-2: Early cinema... silent film (Particularly French)
- B-3: The emergence of feature films: Birth of a Nation
- B-4: Talkies

Theme - C: Film Theories and Criticism/Appreciation

- C-1: Realist theory; Auteurists
- C-2: Psychoanalytic, Ideological, Feminists

C-3: How to read films? C-4: Film Criticism / Appreciation

Theme – D: Development of Films

- D-1: Representative Soviet films
- D-2: Representative Japanese films
- D-3: Representative Italian films
- D-4: Representative Hollywood film and the studio system

Theme - E: Indian Films

- E-1: The early era
- E-2: The important films made by the directors
- E-3: The regional films
- E-4: The documentaries in India

READING:

A Reader containing important articles on films will be prepared and given to the students. The students must read them and present in the class and have discussion on these.

MX3084 DISASTER RISK REDUCTION AND MANAGEMENT L T P C 3 0 0 0

COURSE OBJECTIVE

- To impart knowledge on concepts related to disaster, disaster risk reduction, disaster management
- To acquaint with the skills for planning and organizing disaster response

UNIT I HAZRADS, VULNERABILITY AND DISASTER RISKS

Definition: Disaster, Hazard, Vulnerability, Resilience, Risks – Types of Disasters: Natural, Human induced, Climate change induced –Earthquake, Landslide, Flood, Drought, Fire etc – Technological disasters- Structural collapse, Industrial accidents, oil spills -Causes, Impacts including social, Economic, political, environmental, health, psychosocial, etc.- Disaster vulnerability profile of India and Tamil Nadu - Global trends in disasters: urban disasters, pandemics, Complex emergencies, - -, Inter relations between Disasters and Sustainable development Goals

UNIT II DISASTER RISK REDUCTION (DRR)

Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction, Disaster cycle - Phases, Culture of safety, prevention, mitigation and preparedness community Based DRR, Structural- nonstructural measures, Roles and responsibilities of- community, Panchayati Raj Institutions / Urban Local Bodies (PRIs/ULBs), States, Centre, and other stakeholders- Early Warning System – Advisories from Appropriate Agencies.- Relevance of indigenous Knowledge, appropriate technology and Local resources.

UNIT III DISASTER MANAGEMENT

9

q

COURSE OUTCOME:

- **CO1:** To impart knowledge on the concepts of Disaster, Vulnerability and Disaster Risk reduction (DRR)
- CO2: To enhance understanding on Hazards, Vulnerability and Disaster Risk Assessment prevention and risk reduction
- **CO3:** To develop disaster response skills by adopting relevant tools and technology
- **CO4:** Enhance awareness of institutional processes for Disaster response in the country and
- **CO5:** Develop rudimentary ability to respond to their surroundings with potential Disaster response in areas where they live, with due sensitivity

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

188

Page 232 of 437

Components of Disaster Management - Preparedness of rescue and relief, mitigation, rehabilitation and reconstruction- Disaster Risk Management and post disaster management -Compensation and Insurance- Disaster Management Act (2005) and Policy - Other related policies, plans, programmers and legislation - Institutional Processes and Framework at State and Central Level- (NDMA - SDMA-DDMA-NRDF- Civic Volunteers)

UNIT IV TOOLS AND TECHNOLOGY FOR DISASTER MANAGEMENT

Early warning systems -Components of Disaster Relief: Water, Food, Sanitation, Shelter, Health, Waste Management, Institutional arrangements (Mitigation, Response and Preparedness, - Role of GIS and Information Technology Components in Preparedness, Risk Assessment, Response and Recovery Phases of Disaster – Disaster Damage Assessment. - Elements of Climate Resilient Development -Standard operation Procedure for disaster response - Financial planning for disaster Management

DISASTER MANAGEMENT: CASE STUDIES UNIT V

Discussion on selected case studies to analyse the potential impacts and actions in the contest of disasters-Landslide Hazard Zonation: Earthquake Vulnerability Assessment of Buildings and Infrastructure: Case Studies, Drought Assessment: Case Studies, Coastal Flooding: Storm Surge Assessment, Floods: Fluvial and Pluvial Flooding: Case Studies: Forest Fire: Case Studies, Man Made disasters: Case Studies, Space Based Inputs for Disaster Mitigation and Management and field works related to disaster management.- Field work-Mock drill -

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

9

9

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1 Taimpo (2016), Disaster Management and Preparedness, CRC Publications
- 2 Singh R (2017), Disaster Management Guidelines for earthquakes, Landslides, Avalanches and tsunami, Horizon Press Publications
- 3 Singhal J.P. "Disaster Management", Laxmi Publications, 2010. ISBN-10: 9380386427 ISBN-13: 978-9380386423
- 4 Tushar Bhattacharya, "Disaster Science and Management", McGraw Hill India Education Pvt. Ltd., 2012. ISBN-10: 1259007367, ISBN-13: 978-1259007361]

REFERENCES

- 1. Govt. of India: Disaster Management Act, Government of India, New Delhi, 2005.
- 2. Government of India, National Disaster Management Policy, 2009.
- 3. Shaw R (2016), Community based Disaster risk reduction, Oxford University Press

CO's	PO's												PSO'	s	
CUS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	3	2	3	-	-	2	2	-	-	2	-	2	-	1
2	3	3	3	3	-	-	2	1	-	-	2	-	2	-	1
3	3	3	3	3	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	1
4	3	3	2	3	-	-	2	1	-	-	2	-	2	-	1
5	3	3	2	3	-	-	2	2	-	-	2	-	3	-	1
AVG	3	3	3	3	-	-	2	2	-	-	2	-	2	-	1

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

MANDATORY COURSES II

MX3085 WELL-BEING WITH TRADITIONAL PRACTICES-YOGA, AYURVEDA AND SIDDHA L T P C

3000

2+4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To enjoy life happily with fun filled new style activities that help to maintain health also
- To adapt a few lifestyle changes that will prevent many health disorders
- To be cool and handbill every emotion very smoothly in every walk of life
- To learn to eat cost effective but healthy foods that are rich in essential nutrients
- To develop immunity naturally that will improve resistance against many health disorders

UNIT I HEALTH AND ITS IMPORTANCE

Health: Definition - Importance of maintaining health - More importance on prevention than treatment

Ten types of health one has to maintain - Physical health - Mental health - Social health - Financial health - Emotional health - Spiritual health - Intellectual health - Relationship health - Environmental health - Occupational/Professional heath.

Present health status - The life expectancy-present status - mortality rate - dreadful diseases - Non-communicable diseases (NCDs) the leading cause of death - 60% - heart disease - cancer - diabetes - chronic pulmonary diseases - risk factors - tobacco - alcohol - unhealthy diet - lack of physical activities.

Types of diseases and disorders - Lifestyle disorders – Obesity – Diabetes - Cardiovascular diseases – Cancer – Strokes – COPD - Arthritis - Mental health issues.

Causes of the above diseases / disorders - Importance of prevention of illness - Takes care of health - Improves quality of life - Reduces absenteeism - Increase satisfaction - Saves time

Simple lifestyle modifications to maintain health - Healthy Eating habits (Balanced diet according to age) Physical Activities (Stretching exercise, aerobics, resisting exercise) - Maintaining BMI-Importance and actions to be taken

UNIT II DIET

4+6

Role of diet in maintaining health - energy one needs to keep active throughout the day -

nutrients one needs for growth and repair - helps one to stay strong and healthy - helps to prevent diet-related illness, such as some cancers - keeps active and - helps one to maintain a healthy weight - helps to reduce risk of developing lifestyle disorders like diabetes – arthritis – hypertension – PCOD – infertility – ADHD – sleeplessness -helps to reduce the risk of heart diseases - keeps the teeth and bones strong.

Balanced Diet and its 7 Components - Carbohydrates – Proteins – Fats – Vitamins – Minerals - Fibre and Water.

Food additives and their merits & demerits - Effects of food additives - Types of food additives - Food additives and processed foods - Food additives and their reactions

Definition of BMI and maintaining it with diet

Importance - Consequences of not maintaining BMI - different steps to maintain optimal BM

Common cooking mistakes

Different cooking methods, merits and demerits of each method

UNIT III ROLE OF AYURVEDA & SIDDHA SYSTEMS IN MAINTAINING HEALTH 4+4

AYUSH systems and their role in maintaining health - preventive aspect of AYUSH - AYUSH as a soft therapy.

Secrets of traditional healthy living - Traditional Diet and Nutrition - Regimen of Personal and Social Hygiene - Daily routine (Dinacharya) - Seasonal regimens (Ritucharya) - basic sanitation and healthy living environment - Sadvritta (good conduct) - for conducive social life.

Principles of Siddha & Ayurveda systems - Macrocosm and Microcosm theory - Pancheekarana Theory / (Five Element Theory) 96 fundamental Principles - Uyir Thathukkal (Tri-Dosha Theory) -Udal Thathukkal

Prevention of illness with our traditional system of medicine

Primary Prevention - To decrease the number of new cases of a disorder or illness - Health promotion/education, and - Specific protective measures - Secondary Prevention - To lower the rate of established cases of a disorder or illness in the population (prevalence) - Tertiary Prevention - To decrease the amount of disability associated with an existing disorder.

UNIT IV MENTAL WELLNESS

Emotional health - Definition and types - Three key elements: the subjective experience - the physiological response - the behavioral response - Importance of maintaining emotional health - Role of emotions in daily life -Short term and long term effects of emotional disturbances - Leading a healthy life with emotions - Practices for emotional health - Recognize how thoughts influence emotions - Cultivate positive thoughts - Practice self-compassion - Expressing a full range of emotions.

3+4

Stress management - Stress definition - Stress in daily life - How stress affects one's life - Identifying the cause of stress - Symptoms of stress - Managing stress (habits, tools, training, professional help) - Complications of stress mismanagement.

Sleep - Sleep and its importance for mental wellness - Sleep and digestion. **Immunity -** Types and importance - Ways to develop immunity

UNIT V YOGA

Definition and importance of yoga - Types of yoga - How to Choose the Right Kind for individuals according to their age - The Eight Limbs of Yoga - Simple yogasanas for cure and prevention of health disorders - What yoga can bring to our life.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

2+12

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Nutrition and Dietetics Ashley Martin, Published by White Word Publications, New York, NY 10001, USA
- 2. Yoga for Beginners_ 35 Simple Yoga Poses to Calm Your Mind and Strengthen Your Body, by Cory Martin, Copyright © 2015 by Althea Press, Berkeley, California

REFERENCES:

- 1. WHAT WE KNOW ABOUT EMOTIONAL INTELLIGENCE How It Affects Learning, Work, Relationships, and Our Mental Health, by Moshe Zeidner, Gerald Matthews, and Richard D. Roberts
- A Bradford Book, The MIT Press, Cambridge, Massachusetts, London, England The Mindful Self-Compassion Workbook, Kristin Neff, Ph.D Christopher Germer, Ph.D, Published by The Guilford Press A Division of Guilford Publications, Inc.370 Seventh Avenue, Suite 1200, New York, NY 10001
- 1. https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4799645/
- 2. Simple lifestyle modifications to maintain health <u>https://www.niddk.nih.gov/health-information/diet-nutrition/changing-habits-better-</u> health#:~:text=Make%20your%20new%20healthy%20habit,t%20have%20time%20to%20cook.
- 3. Read more: <u>https://www.legit.ng/1163909-classes-food-examples-functions.html</u>
- 4. https://www.yaclass.in/p/science-state-board/class-9/nutrition-and-health-5926
- 5. Benefits of healthy eating <u>https://www.cdc.gov/nutrition/resources-publications/benefits-of-healthy-eating.html</u>
- 6. **Food additives** <u>https://www.betterhealth.vic.gov.au/health/conditionsandtreatments/food-additives</u>
- 7. BMI <u>https://www.hsph.harvard.edu/nutritionsource/healthy-weight/</u> <u>https://www.who.int/europe/news-room/fact-sheets/item/a-healthy-lifestyle---who-</u> recommendations
- Yoga <u>https://www.healthifyme.com/blog/types-of-yoga/</u> <u>https://yogamedicine.com/guide-types-yoga-styles/</u> Ayurveda : <u>https://vikaspedia.in/health/ayush/ayurveda-1/concept-of-healthy-living-in-ayurveda</u>
- 9. Siddha : <u>http://www.tkdl.res.in/tkdl/langdefault/Siddha/Sid_Siddha_Concepts.asp</u>
- 10. CAM : https://www.hindawi.com/journals/ecam/2013/376327/
- 11. Preventive herbs : https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3847409/

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completing the course, the students will be able to:

CO1:Learn the importance of different components of health

CO2:Gain confidence to lead a healthy life

CO3:Learn new techniques to prevent lifestyle health disorders

CO4: Understand the importance of diet and workouts in maintaining health

MX3086 HISTORY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY IN INDIA LTPC

UNIT I CONCEPTS AND PERSPECTIVES

Meaning of History

Objectivity, Determinism, Relativism, Causation, Generalization in History; Moral judgment in history

Extent of subjectivity, contrast with physical sciences, interpretation and speculation, causation verses evidence, concept of historical inevitability, Historical Positivism.

Science and Technology-Meaning, Scope and Importance, Interaction of science, technology & society, Sources of history on science and technology in India.

UNIT II HISTORIOGRAPHY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY IN INDIA

Introduction to the works of D.D. Kosambi, Dharmpal, Debiprasad Chattopadhyay, Rehman, S. Irfan Habib, Deepak Kumar, Dhruv Raina, and others.

UNIT III SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY IN ANCIENT INDIA

Technology in pre-historic period

Beginning of agriculture and its impact on technology

Science and Technology during Vedic and Later Vedic times

Science and technology from 1st century AD to C-1200.

UNIT IV SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY IN MEDIEVAL INDIA

Legacy of technology in Medieval India, Interactions with Arabs Development in medical knowledge, interaction between Unani and Ayurveda and alchemy Astronomy and Mathematics: interaction with Arabic Sciences Science and Technology on the eve of British conquest

UNIT V SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY IN COLONIAL INDIA

Science and the Empire Indian response to Western Science Growth of techno-scientific institutions

UNIT VI SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY IN A POST-INDEPENDENT INDIA

Science, Technology and Development discourse

Shaping of the Science and Technology Policy

Developments in the field of Science and Technology

Science and technology in globalizing India

Social implications of new technologies like the Information Technology and Biotechnology

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

Pre-Requisite: None. (Desirable: Universal Human Values 1, Universal Human Values 2)

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

• This course will begin with a short overview of human needs and desires and how different political-economic systems try to fullfill them. In the process, we will end with a critique of different systems and their implementations in the past, with possible future directions.

COURSE TOPICS:

Considerations for humane society, holistic thought, human being's desires, harmony in self, harmony in relationships, society, and nature, societal systems. **(9 lectures, 1 hour each)**

(Refs: A Nagaraj, M K Gandhi, JC Kumarappa)

Capitalism – Free markets, demand-supply, perfect competition, laissez-faire, monopolies, imperialism. Liberal democracy. **(5 lectures)**

(Refs: Adam smith, J S Mill)

Fascism and totalitarianism. World war I and II. Cold war. (2 lectures)

Communism – Mode of production, theory of labour, surplus value, class struggle, dialectical materialism, historical materialism, Russian and Chinese models.

(Refs: Marx, Lenin, Mao, M N Roy) (5 lectures)

Welfare state. Relation with human desires. Empowered human beings, satisfaction. (3 lectures)

Gandhian thought. Swaraj, Decentralized economy & polity, Community. Control over one's lives. Relationship with nature. **(6 lectures)**

(Refs: M K Gandhi, Schumacher, Kumarappa)

Essential elements of Indian civilization. (3 lectures)

(Refs: Pt Sundarlal, R C Mazumdar, Dharampal)

Technology as driver of society, Role of education in shaping of society. Future directions. **(4 lectures)** (Refs: Nandkishore Acharya, David Dixon, Levis Mumford)

Conclusion (2 lectures)

Total lectures: 39

Preferred Textbooks: See Reference Books

Reference Books: Authors mentioned along with topics above. Detailed reading list will be provided.

GRADING:

Mid sems	30
End sem	20
Home Assign	10
Term paper	40

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME:

• The students will get an understanding of how societies are shaped by philosophy, political and economic system, how they relate to fulfilling human goals & desires with some case studies of how different attempts have been made in the past and how they have fared.

MX3088 STATE, NATION BUILDING AND POLITICS IN INDIA L T P C 3 0 0 0

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

The objective of the course is to provide an understanding of the state, how it works through its main organs, primacy of politics and political process, the concept of sovereignty and its changing contours in a globalized world. In the light of this, an attempt will be made to acquaint the students with the main development and legacies of national movement and constitutional development in India, reasons for adopting a Parliamentary-federal system, the broad philosophy of the Constitution of India and the changing nature of Indian Political System. Challenges/ problems and issues concerning national integration and nation-building will also be discussed in the contemporary context with the aim of developing a future vision for a better India.

TOPICS:

Understanding the need and role of State and politics.

Development of Nation-State, sovereignty, sovereignty in a globalized world.

Organs of State – Executive, Legislature, Judiciary. Separation of powers, forms of governmentunitary-federal, Presidential-Parliamentary, The idea of India.

1.1.0

1857 and the national awakening.

1885 Indian National Congress and development of national movement – its legacies. Constitution making and the Constitution of India.Goals, objective and philosophy.Why a federal system?National integration and nation-building.

Challenges of nation-building – State against democracy (Kothari) New social movements. The changing nature of Indian Political System, the future scenario. What can we do?

OUTCOME OF THE COURSE:

It is expected that this course will make students aware of the theoretical aspect of the state, its organs, its operationalization aspect, the background and philosophy behind the founding of the present political system, broad streams and challenges of national integration and nation-building in India. It will equip the students with the real understanding of our political system/ process in correct perspective and make them sit up and think for devising ways for better participation in the system with a view to making the governance and delivery system better for the common man who is often left unheard and unattended in our democratic setup besides generating a lot of dissatisfaction and difficulties for the system.

SUGGESTED READING:

- i. Sunil Khilnani, The Idea of India. Penguin India Ltd., New Delhi.
- ii. Madhav Khosla, The Indian Constitution, Oxford University Press. New Delhi, 2012.
- iii. Brij Kishore Sharma, Introduction to the Indian Constitution, PHI, New Delhi, latest edition.
- iv. Sumantra Bose, Transforming India: Challenges to the World's Largest Democracy, Picador India, 2013.
- v. Atul Kohli, Democracy and Discontent: India's Growing Crisis of Governability, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, U. K., 1991.
- vi. M. P. Singh and Rekha Saxena, Indian Politics: Contemporary Issues and Concerns, PHI, New Delhi, 2008, latest edition.
- vii. Rajni Kothari, Rethinking Democracy, Orient Longman, New Delhi, 2005.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

MX3089

INDUSTRIAL SAFETY

L T PC 3 0 00

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To Understand the Introduction and basic Terminologies safety.
- To enable the students to learn about the Important Statutory Regulations and standards.
- To enable students to Conduct and participate the various Safety activities in the Industry.
- To have knowledge about Workplace Exposures and Hazards.
- To assess the various Hazards and consequences through various Risk Assessment Techniques.

UNIT I SAFETY TERMINOLOGIES

Hazard-Types of Hazard- Risk-Hierarchy of Hazards Control Measures-Lead indicators- lag Indicators-Flammability- Toxicity Time-weighted Average (TWA) - Threshold LimitValue (TLV) -Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL)- Immediately dangerous to life or health (IDLH)- acute and chronic Effects- Routes of Chemical Entry-Personnel Protective Equipment- Health and Safety Policy-Material Safety Data Sheet MSDS

UNIT II STANDARDS AND REGULATIONS

Indian Factories Act-1948- Health- Safety- Hazardous materials and Welfare- ISO 45001:2018 occupational health and safety (OH&S) - Occupational Safety and Health Audit IS14489:1998-Hazard Identification and Risk Analysis- code of practice IS 15656:2006

UNIT III SAFETY ACTIVITIES

Toolbox Talk- Role of safety Committee- Responsibilities of Safety Officers and Safety Representatives- Safety Training and Safety Incentives- Mock Drills- On-site Emergency Action Plan- Off-site Emergency Action Plan- Safety poster and Display- Human Error Assessment

UNIT IV WORKPLACE HEALTH AND SAFETY

Noise hazard- Particulate matter- musculoskeletal disorder improper sitting poster and lifting Ergonomics RULE & REBA- Unsafe act & Unsafe Condition- Electrical Hazards- Crane Safety-Toxic gas Release

UNIT V HAZARD IDENTIFICATION TECHNIQUES

Job Safety Analysis-Preliminary Hazard Analysis-Failure mode and Effects Analysis- Hazard and Operability- Fault Tree Analysis- Event Tree Analysis Qualitative and Quantitative Risk Assessment- Checklist Analysis- Root cause analysis- What-If Analysis- and Hazard Identification and Risk Assessment

COURSE OUTCOMES:

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

Course outcomes on completion of this course the student will be able:

CO1:Understand the basic concept of safety.

CO2:Obtain knowledge of Statutory Regulations and standards.

CO3:Know about the safety Activities of the Working Place.

CO4: Analyze on the impact of Occupational Exposures and their Remedies

CO5:Obtain knowledge of Risk Assessment Techniques.

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. R.K. Jain and Prof. Sunil S. Rao Industrial Safety, Health and Environment Management Systems KHANNA PUBLISHER
- 2. L. M. Deshmukh Industrial Safety Management: Hazard Identification and Risk Control McGraw-Hill Education

REFERENCES

- 1. Frank Lees (2012) 'Lees' Loss Prevention in Process Industries.Butterworth-Heinemann publications, UK, 4th Edition.
- 2. John Ridley & John Channing (2008) Safety at Work: Routledge, 7th Edition.
- 3. Dan Petersen (2003) Techniques of Safety Management: A System Approach.
- 4. Alan Waring.(1996).Safety management system: Chapman &Hall,England
- 5. Society of Safety Engineers, USA

ONLINE RESOURCES

ISO 45001:2018 occupational health and safety (OH&S) International Organization for Standardization <u>https://www.iso.org/standard/63787.html</u>

Indian Standard code of practice on occupational safety and health audit <u>https://law.resource.org/pub/in/bis/S02/is.14489.1998.pdf</u>

Indian Standard code of practice on Hazard Identification and Risk Analysis IS 15656:2006 <u>https://law.resource.org/pub/in/bis/S02/is.15656.2006.pdf</u>

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

Course				Prog	gram	Out	tcon	ne								
Outcome	Statement	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PS	PS	PS
s		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	02	O 3
CO1	Understand the basic concept of safety.	3	3	3	1	1	3	2	2	3	3	1	3	3	3	3
CO2	Obtain knowledge of Statutory Regulations and standards.		3	2	2	1	3	2	3	3	2	1	3	3	3	3
CO3	Know about the safety Activities of the Working Place.		2	2	2	1	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	3	3
CO4	Analyze on the impact of Occupationa Exposures and their Remedies	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	1	3	3	3	3
CO5	Obtain knowledge of Risk Assessment Techniques.		2	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	3
	Industrial safety	3	3	3	2	1	3	2	2	3	2	1	3	3	3	3

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

PROGRESS THROUGH KNOWLEDGE

OPEN ELECTIVE I

SPACE SCIENCE

OAS351

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To outline the space environment and their effects.
- To extend the origin of universe and development.
- To classify the galaxies and their evolution.
- To interpret the variable stars in the galaxies.
- To explain theory of formation of our solar system.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Introduction to space science and applications – historical development – Space Environment-Vacuum and its Effects, Plasma & Radiation Environments and their Effects, Debris Environment and its Effects - Newton's Law of gravitation – Fundamental Physical Principles.

UNIT II ORIGIN OF UNIVERSE

Early history of the universe – Big-Bang and Hubble expansion model of the universe – cosmic microwave background radiation – dark matter and dark energy.

UNIT III GALAXIES

Galaxies, their evolution and origin – active galaxies and quasars – Galactic rotation – Stellar populations – galactic magnetic field and cosmic rays.

UNIT IV STARS

Stellar spectra and structure – stellar evolution – Nucleo-synthesis and formation of elements – Classification of stars – Harvard classification system – Hertsprung-Russel diagram – Luminosity of star – variable stars – composite stars (white dwarfs, Neutron stars, black hole, star clusters, supernova and binary stars) – Chandrasekhar limit.

UNIT V SOLAR SYSTEM

Nebular theory of formation of our Solar System – Solar wind and nuclear reaction as the source of energy – Sun and Planets: Brief description about shape size – period of rotation about axis and period of revolution – distance of planets from sun – Bode's law – Kepler's Laws of planetary motion – Newton's deductions from Kepler's Laws – correction of Kepler's third law – determination of mass of earth – determination of mass of planets with respect to earth – Brief description of Asteroids – Satellites and Comets.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

CO1:Obtain a broad, basic knowledge of the space sciences.

CO2:Explain the scientific concepts such as evolution by means of natural selection, age of the Earth and solar system and the Big-Bang.

CO3:Describe the main features and formation theories of the various types of observed galaxies, in particular the Milky Way.

CO4:Explain stellar evolution, including red giants, supernovas, neutron stars, pulsars, white dwarfs and black holes, using evidence and presently accepted theories;

198

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

L T P C 3 0 0 3

9

9

7

10

CO5:Describe the presently accepted formation theories of the solar system based upon observational and physical constraints;

TEXT BOOKS:

- Hess W., "Introduction to Space Science", Gordon & Breach Science Pub; Revised Ed., 1968.
- 2. Krishnaswami K. S., "Astrophysics: A modern Perspective", New Age International, 2006.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Arnab Rai Choudhuri, "Astrophysics for Physicists", Cambridge University Press, New York, 2010.
- 2. Krishnaswami K. S., "Understanding cosmic Panorama", New Age International, 2008.

OIE351

INTRODUCTION TO INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERING

LTPC 3 0 0 3

9

9

9

9

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The objective of this course is to provide foundation in Industrial Engineering in order to enable the students to make significant contributions for improvements in diverse organizations.

- Explain the concepts productivity and productivity measurement approaches.
- Explain the basic principles in facilities planning and plant location.
- Apply work study and ergonomic principles to design workplaces for the improvement of human performance
- Impart knowledge to design and implement Statistical Process control in any industry.
- Recognize the concept of Production and Operations Management in creating and enhancing a firm's competitive advantages

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Concepts of Industrial Engineering – History and development of Industrial Engineering – Roles of Industrial Engineer – Applications of Industrial Engineering – Production Management Vs Industrial Engineering – Production System – Input Output Model – Productivity – Factors affecting Productivity – Increasing Productivity of resources – Kinds of Productivity measures.

UNIT II PLANT LOCATION AND LAYOUT

Factors affecting Plant location – COURSE OBJECTIVES of Plant Layout – Principles of Plant Layout – Types of Plant Layout – Methods of Plant and Facility Layout – Storage Space requirements – Plant Layout procedure – Line Balancing methods.

UNIT III WORK SYSTEM DESIGN& ERGONOMICS

Need – COURSE OBJECTIVES – Method Study procedure – Principles of Motion Economy – Work

Measurement procedures – Time Study –Work sampling- Ergonomics and its areas of application in the work system - Physical work load and energy expenditure, Anthropometry – measures – design procedure, Work postures-sitting, standing.

UNIT IV STATISTICAL QUALITY CONTROL

Definition and Concepts – Fundamentals – Control Charts for variables – Control Charts for attributes – Acceptance Sampling- O.C curve –Single sampling plan- Double sampling plan.

UNIT V PRODUCTION PLANNING AND CONTROL

Forecasting – Qualitative and Quantitative forecasting techniques – Types of production – Process planning – Economic Batch Quantity– Loading – Scheduling and control of production – Dispatching–Progress control.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, Students will be able to

CO1: Ability To define the concepts of productivity and productivity measurement approaches.

CO2: Ability to evaluate appropriate location models for various facility types and design various facility layouts

CO3: Ability To conduct a method study and time study to improve the efficiency of the system.

CO4: Ability to Control the quality of processes using control charts in manufacturing/service industries.

CO5: Ability to define the Planning strategies and Material Requirement Plan.

CO's		PO's												PSO's			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3		
1	2		-		Ś						V	1		1			
2	2	2	3	2	7.4						2	1	1				
3	2	2	2	1	1		1	2		20	1		2				
4	2	2	3	1	1	24					1						
5	1	2	2									1			3		
AVg.	2.2	2	2.5	1.3	1			2			1	1	2	1	3		

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

TEXT BOOK:

1. O.P.Khanna, 2010, Industrial Engineering and Management, Dhanpat Rai Publications.

REFERENCES:

1. Ravi Shankar, 2009, Industrial Engineering and Management, Galgotia Publications & Private Limited.

2. Martand Telsang,2006, Industrial Engineering and Production Management, S. Chand and Company

OBT351

FOOD, NUTRITION AND HEALTH

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Build knowledge and an overview on general aspects of nutrition and health.
- Distinguish the nutritive value of various food items, BMI calculation differentiating super junk, and functional foods in the market.
- To Solve the real-world problems based on nutrition and health

UNIT I FOOD AND MICROBIOLOGY OF HEALTH:

Food resources (plant, animal, microbes); Overview of current production systems; constraints and necessity of novel strategies. Functional and "Super" Foods - role in optimal nutrition. Sugar, protein and fat substitutes. Food and behaviour- physiological disturbances in alcoholism, drug abuse and smoking. Food Related Laws: Inspection – Microbial Indicators of product quality – Indicators of food safety – 229 Microbiological safety of foods - control strategies – Hazard Analysis Critical Point System (HACCP concept)- Microbiological criteria.

UNIT II NUTRIENTS AND FOOD ADDITIVES:

Macro nutrients- carbohydrates, proteins and lipids. Micronutrients-Minerals: Calcium, Magnesium, Iron, Zinc, Copper and Selenium; Vitamins. Nutritional Physiology: Digestion, absorption, and utilization of major and minor nutrients. Biotechnology of food additives- Bioflavors and colors, microbial polysaccharides, recombinant enzymes in food sector.

UNIT III NANO FOOD TECHNOLOGY:

Nano materials as food components, food packaging and nano materials, policies on usage of nanomaterials in foods. Food product development: steps involved in food product development, shelf-life assessment.

UNIT IV FOOD RELATED NUTRITIONAL DISORDERS AND ENERGY CALCULATION:

Type I Disorders-Causes of life style and stress related diseases. Cardio-vascular diseases, hypertension, obesity. Type-II Disorders: Cancer, diabetics, ulcers, electrolyte and water imbalance. Health indices. Preventive and remedial measures. Energy balance and methods to calculate individual nutrient and energy needs. Planning a healthy diet.

UNIT V CONSUMERS ON GM FOODS AND CONTEMPORARY ISSUES:

Global perspective of consumers on GM foods; Major concerns of transgenic, foods GM ingredients in food products. (labeling, bioavailability, safety aspects); regulatory agencies involved in GM foods, Case studies- GM foods.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOK(S):

- 1. P.J. Fellows.2009. Food Processing Technology -Principles and Practice (Third Edition). A volume in Woodhead Publishing Series in Food Science, Technology and Nutrition.
- 2. Kalidas Shetty, Gopinadhan Paliyath, Anthony Pometto, Robert E. Levin. 2015. Food Biotechnology. CRC Press. Second edition.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Understanding Nutrition. 2010. Ellie Whitney, Sharon Rady Rolfes, 11e. Thompson Wadsworth. 2.
- 2. Nutritional Sciences- From Fundamentals to Food.2013. Michelle McGuire, Kathy A. Beerman, 2 nd e. Thompson Wadsworth.
- 3. Yasmine Motarjemi, Huub Lelieveld, Food Safety Management A Practical Guide for the Food Industry (2014), 1st Edition, Academic Press, London, UK

201

9

9

9

Expected Course Outcome:

1.To be able to understand the nutritional values of the various types of foods

2.To be able to Analyze the role of food in the metabolic activity of the healthy diet

3. To be able to Infer the BMI calculation and stress related diseases.

4. To be able to Elaborate the independent decision on the choice of food to prevent life style disorders and diseases

5. To be able to Assess about the food laws governance

6. To be able to Compare junk, modified and super foods

OCE351 ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT L T P C

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

• To impart the knowledge and skills to identify, assess and mitigate the environmental and social impacts of developmental projects

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Impacts of Development on Environment – Rio Principles of Sustainable Development-Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) – Objectives – Historical development – EIA Types – EIA in project cycle –EIA Notification and Legal Framework–Stakeholders and their Role in EIA– Selection & Registration Criteria for EIA Consultants

UNIT II ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT

Screening and Scoping in EIA – Drafting of Terms of Reference, Baseline monitoring, Prediction and Assessment of Impact on land, water, air, noise and energy, flora and fauna - Matrices – Networks – Checklist Methods - Mathematical models for Impact prediction – Analysis of alternatives

UNIT III ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN

Plan for mitigation of adverse impact on water, air and land, water, energy, flora and fauna – Environmental Monitoring Plan – EIA Report Preparation – Review of EIA Reports – Public Hearing-Environmental Clearance Post Project Monitoring

UNIT IV SOCIO ECONOMIC ASSESSMENT

Baseline monitoring of Socio economic environment – Identification of Project Affected Personal – Rehabilitation and Resettlement Plan- Economic valuation of Environmental impacts – Cost benefit Analysis-

UNIT V CASE STUDIES

EIA case studies pertaining to Infrastructure Projects – Real Estate Development - Roads and Bridges – Mass Rapid Transport Systems - Ports and Harbor – Airports - Dams and Irrigation projects - Power plants – CETPs- Waste Processing and Disposal facilities – Mining Projects.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

3 0 0 3

q

9

9

9

COURSE OUTCOMES:

The students completing the course will have ability to

CO1:carry out scoping and screening of developmental projects for environmental and social assessments

CO2:explain different methodologies for environmental impact prediction and assessment

CO3:plan environmental impact assessments and environmental management plans

CO4: evaluate environmental impact assessment reports

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. Canter, R.L, "Environmental impact Assessment ", 2nd Edition, McGraw Hill Inc, New Delhi,1995.
- Lohani, B., J.W. Evans, H. Ludwig, R.R. Everitt, Richard A. Carpenter, and S.L. Tu, "Environmental Impact Assessment for Developing Countries in Asia", Volume 1 – Overview, Asian Development Bank, 1997.
- 3. Peter Morris, Riki Therivel "Methods of Environmental Impact Assessment", Routledge Publishers, 2009.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Becker H. A., Frank Vanclay, "The International handbook of social impact assessment" conceptual and methodological advances, Edward Elgar Publishing, 2003.
- 2. Barry Sadler and Mary McCabe, "Environmental Impact Assessment Training Resource Manual", United Nations Environment Programme, 2002.
- 3. Judith Petts, "Handbook of Environmental Impact Assessment Vol. I and II", Blackwell Science New York, 1998.
- 4. Ministry of Environment and Forests EIA Notification and Sectoral Guides, Government of India, New Delhi, 2010.

OEE351

RENEWABLE ENERGY SYSTEM

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To Provide knowledge about various renewable energy technologies
- To enable students to understand and design a PV system.
- To provide knowledge about wind energy system.
- To Provide knowledge about various possible hybrid energy systems
- To gain knowledge about application of various renewable energy technologies

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Primary energy sources, renewable vs. non-renewable primary energy sources, renewable energy resources in India, Current usage of renewable energy sources in India, future potential of renewable energy in power production and development of renewable energy technologies.

UNIT II SOLAR ENERGY

Solar Radiation and its measurements, Solar Thermal Energy Conversion from plate Solar Collectors, Concentrating Collectors and its Types, Efficiency and performance of collectors,. Direct Solar Electricity Conversion from Photovoltaic, types of solar cells and its application of

9

9

L T P C 3 0 0 3 battery charger, domestic lighting, street lighting, and water pumping, power generation schemes. Recent Advances in PV Applications: Building Integrated PV, Grid Connected PV Systems,

UNIT III WIND ENERGY

Wind energy principles, wind site and its resource assessment, wind assessment, Factors influencing wind, wind turbine components, wind energy conversion systems (WECS), Classification of WECS devices, wind electric generating and control systems, characteristics and applications.

UNIT IV **BIO-ENERGY**

Energy from biomass, Principle of biomass conversion technologies/process and their classification, Bio gas generation, types of biogas plants, selection of site for biogas plant, classification of biogas plants, Advantage and disadvantages of biogas generation, thermal gasification of biomass, biomass gasifies, Application of biomass and biogas plants and their economics.

UNIT V OTHER TYPES OF ENERGY

Energy conversion from Hydrogen and Fuel cells, Geo thermal energy Resources, types of wells, methods of harnessing the energy, potential in India. OTEC, Principles utilization, setting of OTEC plants, thermodynamic cycles. Tidal and wave energy: Potential and conversion techniques, minihydel power plants and their economics.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course students will be able to:

CO1: Attained knowledge about various renewable energy technologies

CO2: Ability to understand and design a PV system.

CO3: Understand the concept of various wind energy system.

CO4: Gained knowledge about various possible hybrid energy systems

CO5: Attained knowledge about various application of renewable energy technologies REFERENCES

- 1. Twidell & Wier, 'Renewable Energy Resources' CRC Press(Taylor & Francis).
- 2. Tiwari and Ghosal/ Narosa, 'Renewable energy resources'.
- D.P.Kothari, K.C.Singhal, 'Renewable energy sources and emerging technologies', P.H.I. 3.
- D.S.Chauhan, S.K. Srivastava, 'Non Conventional Energy Resources', New Age 4. Publishers, 2006.
- B.H.Khan, 'Non Conventional Energy Resources', Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2006. 5.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	3	3
CO3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	3	3
CO5	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	3	3
AVg.	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	3	3

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

9

9

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OEI351 INTRODUCTION TO INDUSTRIAL INSTRUMENTATION AND CONTROL LTPC 3003

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce common unit operations carried out in process industries.
- To impact knowledge about the important unit operations taking place in process industries.
- To prepare them to take up a case study on selected process industries like petrochemical industry, power plant industry and paper & pulp industry to make the students understand the different measurement and control techniques for important processes.
- Facilitate the students to apply knowledge to select appropriate measurement technique and control strategy for a given process.

UNIT I COMMON UNIT OPERATIONS IN PROCESS INDUSTRIES -I 9

Unit Operation, Measurement and Control:-Transport of solid, liquid and gases - Evaporators – Crystallizers-Dryers.

UNIT IICOMMON UNIT OPERATIONS IN PROCESS INDUSTRIES -II9Unit Operation, Measurement and Control: - Distillation – Refrigeration processes – Chemical
reactors.

UNIT III PROCESS MEASUREMENT AND CONTROL IN PETROCHEMICAL INDUSTRY 9

Process flow diagram of Petro Chemical Industry - Gas oil separation in production platform – wet gas processing – Fractionation Column – Catalytic Cracking unit – Catalytic reforming unit

UNIT IV PROCESS MEASUREMENT AND CONTROL IN THERMAL POWER PLANT INDUSTRY

Process flow diagram of Coal fired thermal Power Plant– Coal pulverizer - Deaerator – Boiler drum - Superheater – Turbines.

UNIT V PROCESS MEASUREMENT AND CONTROL IN PAPER & PULP INDUSTRY

Process flow diagram of paper and pulp industry – Batch digestor – Continuous sulphatedigestor – Control problems on the paper machine.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

9

SKILL DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES (Group Seminar/Mini Project/Assignment/ContentPreparation / Quiz/ Surprise Test / Solving GATE questions/ etc)5

Study the characteristics of various processing units involved in chemical plant.

Develop the process model by using predefined unit operations (e.g. mixing, distillation, heating) from the library of any process simulator.

Analyse the functioning of each processing units with help of virtual unit operations packages.

Perform a physical property analysis using simulation packages

Implement distillation column analysis using simulation software.

Create process flow models and diagrams

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Students able to

- **CO1** understand common unit operations in process industries. L2
- CO2 Identify the dynamics of important unit operations in petro chemical industry. L2
- **CO3** develop understanding of important processes taking place selected case studies namely petrochemical industry, power plant industry and paper & pulp industry. L5
- CO4 Select appropriate measurement techniques for selective processes. L5
- **CO5** Develop controller structure based on the process knowledge. L5
- CO6 Analyze the operation and challenges in integrated industrial processes. L4

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Balchen ,J.G., and Mumme, K.J., "Process Control structures and applications", Van Nostrand Reinhold Co., New York, 1988
- 2. Warren L. McCabe, Julian C. Smith and Peter Harriot, "Unit Operations of Chemical Engineering", McGraw-Hill International Edition, New York, Sixth Edition, 2001.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Liptak B.G., "Instrument and Automation Engineers' Handbook: Process Measurement and Analysis", Fifth Edition, CRC Press, 2016.
- 2. James R.couper, Roy Penny, W., James R.Fair and Stanley M.Walas, "Chemical ProcessEquipment: Selection and Design", Gulf Professional Publishing, 2010.
- 3. Austin G.T and Shreeves, A.G.T., "Chemical Process Industries", McGraw–Hill International student, Singapore, 1985.
- 4. Luyben W.C., "Process Modeling, Simulation and Control for Chemical Engineers", McGraw-Hill International edition, USA, 1989.
- 5. K. Krishnaswamy, Process Control, new age publishers , 2009.

List of Open Source Software/ Learning website:

- 1. https://www.aspentech.com/en
- 2. http://avtechscientific.com/
- 3. https://www.chemstations.com/CHEMCAD/
- 4. https://www.prosim.net/en/product/prosimplus-steady-state-simulation-and-optimization-of-

processes/

- 5. https://www.cocosimulator.org/
- 6. https://dwsim.fossee.in/

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

PQ,PSO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO											
CO	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	3	3	1					1		1					
CO2	3	3	1					1		1	2				2
CO3	3	3	1					1		1					
CO4	3	3	1	3	3			1		1			3	3	
CO5	3	3	3			3		1		1			3	3	3
CO6	3	3	2	3	2	1	2	1		2	1	1			2

Avg	3	3	1.5	3	2.5	2	2	1		1.16	1.5	1	3	3	2.3 3	
-----	---	---	-----	---	-----	---	---	---	--	------	-----	---	---	---	----------	--

1- low, 2-medium, 3-high, '-"- no correlation

OMA351

GRAPH THEORY

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To understand the graph models and basic concepts of graphs.
- To study the characterization and properties of trees and graph connectivity.
- To provide an exposure to the Eulerian and Hamiltonian graphs.
- To introduce Graph colouring and explain its significance.
- To provide an understanding of Optimization Graph Algorithms.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO GRAPHS

Graphs and Graph Models – Connected graphs – Common classes of graphs – Multi graphs and Digraphs – Degree of a vertex – Degree Sequence – Graphs and Matrices – Isomorphism of graphs.

UNIT II TREES AND CONNECTIVITY

Bridges - Trees - Characterization and properties of trees - Cut vertices - Connectivity.

UNIT III TRAVERSABILITY

Eulerian graphs – Characterization of Eulerian graphs – Hamiltonian graphs – Necessary condition for Hamiltonian graphs – Sufficient condition for Hamiltonian graphs.

UNIT IV PLANARITY AND COLOURING

Planar Graphs – The Euler Identity – Non planar Graphs – Vertex Colouring – Lower and Upper bounds of chromatic number.

UNIT V OPTIMIZATION GRAPH ALGORITHMS

Dijkstra's shortest path algorithm – Kruskal's and Prim's minimum spanning tree algorithms – Transport Network – The Max-Flow Min-Cut Theorem – The Labeling Procedure – Maximum flow problem.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

LT P C 3 0 0 3

q

9

9

9

9

COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of this course, the student will be able to

CO1:Apply graph models for solving real world problem.

CO2:Understand the importance the natural applications of trees and graph connectivity.

CO3:Understand the characterization study of Eulerian graphs and Hamiltonian graphs.

CO4:Apply the graph colouring concepts in partitioning problems.

CO5: Apply the standard optimization graph algorithms in solving application problems.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Gary Chatrand and Ping Zhang, "Introduction to Graph Theory", Tata McGraw Hill companies Inc., New York, 2006.
- 2. Ralph P. Grimaldi, "Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics, An applied introduction" Fifth edition, Pearson Education, Inc, Singapore, 2004.

REFERENCES

- 1. Balakrishnan R. and Ranganathan K., "A Text Book of Graph Theory", Springer Verlag, New York, 2012.
- 2. Douglas B. West, "Introduction to Graph Theory", Pearson, Second Edition, New York, 2018.

	PO	PO	PO0	PO0	PO0	PO0	PO0	PO0	PO0	PO1	PO1	PO1	PS	PS	PS
	01	02	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	O1	O2	O3
CO1	3	3	3			N				1					
CO2		2	2		2				10		16				
CO3		2	2	2		2	.		-	2	2		100.00		
CO4	2	2	2	× 4		٢.			Ĺ	Y.	Ż				
CO5		3	2		2					3		1			
CO6					7 8										

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

OPEN ELECTIVE II

OIE352

RESOURCE MANAGEMENT TECHNIQUES

LTPC 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Learn to formulate linear programming problems and solve LPP using simple algorithm
- Learn to solve networking problems
- Learn to formulate and solve integer programming problems
- Learn to solve Non Linear programming problems
- Learn to understand and solve project management problems

UNIT I LINEAR PROGRAMMING

Principal components of decision problem – Modeling phases – LP formulation and graphic solution – Resource allocation problems – simplex method – sensitivity analysis.

UNIT II DUALITY AND NETWORKS

Definition of dual problems – primal – Dual relationships – Dual simplex method –post optimality analysis – Transportation and assignment model – Shortest route problem.

UNIT III INTEGER PROGRAMMING

Cutting plan algorithm – Branch and bound methods, Multistage (Dynamic) programming.

UNIT IV CLASSICAL OPTIMISATION THEROY:

208

9

9

209

Unconstrained external problems, Newton - Ralphson method - Equality constraints -Jacobean methods - Lagrangian method - Kuhn - Tucker conditions - Simple problems.

UNIT V OBJECT SCHEDULOING:

Network diagram representation - Critical path method - Time charts and resource leveling -PERT.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon Completion of the course, the students should be able to:

CO1 : Understand to formulate linear programming problems and solve LPP using simple algorithm

CO2 : Understand to solve networking problems

CO3 : Understand to formulate and solve integer programming problems

CO4 : Understand to solve Non Linear programming problems

CO5 : Understand to understand and solve project management problems

CO's			PO's	;									PS	O's	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1		3	3	2	3	1					1	34	3	2	3
2		3	3	2	77						\mathbf{V}	1	3	2	3
3		3	3	2	100		1			200	123.		3	2	3
4		3	3	2		1							3	2	3
5		3	3	2									3	2	3
AVg.		3	3	2									3	2	3

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

TEXT BOOK:

H.A. Taha, "Operation Research", Prentice Hall of India, 2002. 1.

RFERENCES:

- 1. Paneer selvam, 'Operations Research' Prentice Hall of India, 2002.
- Anderson 'Quantitative Methods for Business', 8th Edition, Thomson Learning, 2002. 2.
- 3. Winston 'Operations Research for Business', Thomson Learning, 2003.
- 4. Vohra, 'Quantitative Techniques in Management', Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2002.
- 5. Anand sarma, 'Operation Research' Himalaya Publishing House, 2003.

OMG351

- **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**
 - To learn about Laws and Regulation
 - To acquire the knowledge of Regulations of Fintech firm and their role in Market •

FINTECH REGULATION

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

LTPC 3003

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

The Role of the Regulators, Equal Treatment and Competition, Need for a regulatory assessment of Fintech, India Regulations, The Risks to Consider, Regtech and SupTech, The rise of TechFins, Regulatory sandboxes, compliance and whistleblowing.

UNIT II INNOVATION AND REGULATION

The technology, market and the law, Regulation and Innovation in Banking and Finance, Regulations of Fintech Firms and their role in Market-Based Chains, Current Regulatory Approach, Fintech Innovations in Banking, Asset Management, Insurance, Pensions and Healthcare Schemes, Patentability of FinTech inventions.

UNIT III CROWDFUNDING AND DIGITAL ASSETS

Types of crowdfunding, The Jobs Act, Regulation crowdfunding, Regulation A+, Regulation D crowdfunding, Intrastate offerings, Digital Assets – Three uses of Digital Assets, A world of Altcoins, Stablecoins, Digital Asset Forks, Initial Coin Offerings, Regulatory Framework for Digital and Crypto Assets, Central Bank Digital Currencies.

UNIT IV MARKETPLACE LENDING AND MOBILE PAYMENTS

Online Lending Business Models, Payday Loans, Consumer Protection Laws, Debt Collection, Equal Credit Opportunity Act, Contract Formation and the E-Sign Act, Military Lending Act, Securities Laws Considerations, Mobile Devices, Payment Cards and the Law, Truth in Lending Act and Regulation Z, Card Act, Electronic Fund Transfer Act and Regulation E, Fair Credit Reporting Act, Federal Bank Secrecy Act, State Money Transmitter Laws.

UNIT V ANTI-MONEY LAUNDERING AND CYBERSECURITY

Reporting requirements under the Bank Secrecy Act, Patriot Act, Panalties for violating the BSA, Virtual currencies and the Bank Secrecy Act, Cybersecurity Frameworks, Cybersecurity Act of 2015, Contractual and Self Regulatory obligations.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

- 1. JelenaMadir, FinTech Law and Regulation, Edward Elgar Publishing Limited, 2019
- 2. Valerio Lemma, Fintech Regulation : Exploring New Challenges of the Capital Markets Union, Palgrave Macmillan, 2020
- 3. Chris Brummer, Fintech Law in a Nutshell, West Academic Publishing, 2020
- 4. Bernardo Nicoletti, The Future of Fintech, Integrating Finance and Technology in Financial Services, Springer Nature, 2017
- 5. Kevin C. Taylor, FinTech Law : A Guide to Technology Law in the Financial Services Industry, BNA Books, 2014
- 6. Lee Reiners, FinTech Law and Policy, 2018

9

9

9

211

OFD351

UNIT I NUTRITION AND HEALTH

Introduction to the principles of nutrition; Basics of nutrition including; micronutrients (vitamins and minerals), the energy-yielding nutrients (Carbohydrates, Lipids and Proteins), metabolism, digestion, absorption and energy balance. Lipids: their functions, classification, dietary requirements, digestion & absorption, metabolism and links to the major fatal diseases, heart disease and cancer.

HOLISTIC NUTRITION

UNIT II AYURVEDA – MIND/BODY HEALING

Philosophy of Holistic Nutrition with spiritual and psychological approaches towards attaining optimal health; Principles and practical applications of Ayurveda, the oldest healing system in the world. Three forces – Vata, Pitta and Kapha, that combine in each being into a distinct constitution. Practical dietary and lifestyle recommendations for different constitutions will also be explored in real case studies.

UNIT III NUTRITION AND ENVIRONMENT

Based on an underlying philosophy that environments maintain and promote health and that individuals have a right to self-determination and self-knowledge, Nutrition principles which promote health and prevent disease. Safety of our food supply, naturally occurring and environmental toxins in foods, microbes and food poisoning.

UNIT IV COMPARATIVE DIETS

Evaluating principles of food dynamics, nutrient proportions, holistic individuality, the law of opposites, food combining, and more. Therapeutic benefits and limitations of several alternative diet approaches, including: modern diets (intermittent fasting, macrobiotics), food combining (colour-therapy/rainbow diet), high protein diets (Ketogenic, Paleo), Vegetarian approaches (plant-based/vegetarian/vegan variations, fruitarian, raw food), as well as cleansing and detoxification diets (caffeine, alcohol, and nicotine detoxes, juice fasts).

UNIT V PREVENTIVE HEALTH CARE

Proper nutrition protection against, reverse and/or retard many ailments including: osteoporosis, diabetes, atherosclerosis and high blood pressure, arthritis, cancer, anemia, kidney disease and colon cancer. Current research developments on phytochemicals, antioxidants and nutraceuticals will be explored.

COURSE OUTCOMES

CO1 Discuss the role of essential nutrients in physical, mental and emotional wellness
CO2 Discuss the role of deficiencies in essential nutrients in the disease process
CO3 Explain how the standard American diet relates to the disease process
CO4 Identify five contemporary eating "styles" and lists the pros and cons of each
CO5 Discuss the concept of whole foods nutrition and its relationship to wellness

TEXTBOOKS

1. Desai, B. B., Handbook of Nutrition and Diet. Marcel Dekker, New York. 2000

2. Macrae, R., Rolonson Roles and Sadlu, M.J. 1994. Encyclopedia of Food Science & Technology & Nutrition. Vol. XI. Academic Press

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

L T PC 3 0 0 3 9

9

9

9

REFERENCES

1. Modern Nutrition in Health & Disease by Young & Shils.

2. Food, Nutrition and Diet Therapy – by Krause and Mahan 1996, Publisher- W.B. Saunders, ISBN: 0721658350

3. Nutritive Value of Indian Foods.- by C. Gopalan, B. V. Rama Sastri, S. C. Balasubramanian Published by National Institute of Nutrition, Indian Council of Medical Research, 1989

AI3021 IT IN AGRICULTURAL SYSTEM L T P C

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the students to areas of agricultural systems in which IT and computers play a major role.
- To also expose the students to IT applications in precision farming, environmental control systems, agricultural systems management and weather prediction models.

UNIT I PRECISION FARMING

Precision agriculture and agricultural management – Ground based sensors, Remote sensing, GPS, GIS and mapping software, Yield mapping systems, Crop production modeling.

UNIT II ENVIRONMENT CONTROL SYSTEMS

Artificial light systems, management of crop growth in greenhouses, simulation of CO₂ consumption in greenhouses, on-line measurement of plant growth in the greenhouse, models of plant production and expert systems in horticulture.

UNIT III AGRICULTURAL SYSTEMS MANAGEMENT

Agricultural systems - managerial overview, Reliability of agricultural systems, Simulation of crop growth and field operations, Optimizing the use of resources, Linear programming, Project scheduling, Artificial intelligence and decision support systems.

UNIT IV WEATHER PREDICTION MODELS

Importance of climate variability and seasonal forecasting, Understanding and predicting world's climate system, Global climatic models and their potential for seasonal climate forecasting, General systems approach to applying seasonal climate forecasts.

UNIT V E-GOVERNANCE IN AGRICULTURAL SYSTEMS

Expert systems, decision support systems, Agricultural and biological databases, e-commerce, ebusiness systems & applications, Technology enhanced learning systems and solutions, elearning, Rural development and information society.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. National Research Council, "Precision Agriculture in the 21st Century", National Academies Press, Canada, 1997.
- 2. H. Krug, Liebig, H.P. "International Symposium on Models for Plant Growth, Environmental Control and Farm Management in Protected Cultivation", 1989.

9

9

3003

9

9

REFERENCES:

- 1. Peart, R.M., and Shoup, W. D., "Agricultural Systems Management", Marcel Dekker, New York, 2004.
- 2. Hammer, G.L., Nicholls, N., and Mitchell, C., "Applications of Seasonal Climate", Springer, Germany, 2000.

COURSE OUTCOME:

CO1:The students shall be able to understand the applications of IT in remote sensing applications such as Drones etc.

CO2:The students will be able to get a clear understanding of how a greenhouse can be automated and its advantages.

CO3:The students will be able to apply IT principles and concepts for management of field operations.

CO4: The students will get an understanding about weather models, their inputs and applications.

CO5: The students will get an understanding of how IT can be used for e-governance in agriculture.

NIVER

PO/PSO		Cours	e Outc	ome	V.	1	Overall
	55	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	correlation of CO s to POs
PO1	Knowledge of Engineering Sciences	2	3	2	3	2	2
PO2	Problem Analysis	3	3	3	3	3	3
PO3	Design/ Development of Solutions	3	3	3	3	3	3
PO4	Investigations	2	3	2	1	2	2
PO5	Modern Tool Usage	3	3	3	3	3	3
PO6	Individual and Team work	1	1	2	2	3	2
PO7	Communication	3	3	3	3	3	3
PO8	The Engineer and Society	3	3	2	3	3	3
PO9	Ethics	1	1	2	1	2	1
PO10	Environment and Sustainability	3	3	3	3	3	3
PO11	Project Management and Finance	3	3	3	3	3	3
PO12	Life Long Learning	3	3	3	3	3	3
PSO1	To make expertise in design and engineering problem solving approach in agriculture with proper knowledge and skill	1	1	2	2	3	2
PSO2	To enhance students ability to formulate solutions to real-world problems pertaining to	1	1	2	2	3	2

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

	sustained agricultural productivity using modern technologies.						
PSO3	ToinculcateentrepreneurialskillsthroughstrongIndustry-Institutionlinkage.	1	1	2	2	3	2

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

OEI352 INTRODUCTION TO CONTROL ENGINEERING L T P C

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the control system components and transfer function model with their graphical representation
- To understand the analysis of system in time domain along with steady state error.
- To introduce frequency response analysis of systems.
- To accord basic knowledge in design of compensators.
- To introduce the state space models.

UNIT I MATHEMATICAL MODELLING

Introduction – transfer function – simple electrical, mechanical, ,pneumatic , hydraulic and thermal systems–analogies

UNIT II FEEDBACK CONTROL SYSTEMS

Control system components - Block diagram representation of control systems, Reduction of block diagrams, Signal flow graphs, Output to input ratios

UNIT III TIME DOMAIN ANALYSIS

Response of systems to different inputs viz., Step impulse, pulse, parabolic and sinusoidal inputs, Time response of first and second order systems, steady state errors and error constants of unity feedback circuit.

UNIT IV STABILITY ANALYSIS

SKILL

Necessary and sufficient conditions, Routh-Hurwitz criteria of stability,Rootlocus and Bodetechniques,Concept and construction,frequency response.

UNIT V STATE SPACE TECHNIQUE

State vectors-state space models-Digital Controllers-design aspects.

Preparation / Quiz/ Surprise Test / Solving GATE questions/ etc)

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS Project/Assignment/Content

3 0 0 3

9

9

9

9

9

5

1. Explore various controllers presently used in industries.

2. Develop control structures for industrial processes.

DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES

(Group

Seminar/Mini

3. Implement the controllers for various transfer functions of industrial systems.

4. Using software tools for practical exposures to the controllers used in industries by undergoing training.

5. Realisation of various stability criterion techniques for economical operation of process.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1 To represent and develop systems in different forms using the knowledge gained (L5).

- CO2 To analyses the system in time and frequency domain (L4).
- CO3 Ability to Derive Transfer function Model of Electrical and Mechanical Systems. (L2)
- **CO4** Ability to Obtain the transfer Function by the Reduction of Block diagram & Signal flow graph (L3)
- **CO5** To analyses the stability of physical systems(L4).
- CO6 To acquire and analyse knowledge in State variable model for MIMO systems(L1)

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Nagarath, I.J. and Gopal, M., "Control Systems Engineering", New Age International Publishers, 2017.

2. Benjamin C. Kuo, "Automatic Control Systems", Wiley, 2014

REFERENCES:

- 1. Katsuhiko Ogata, "Modern Control Engineering", Pearson, 2015.
- 2. Richard C. Dorf and Bishop, R.H., "Modern Control Systems", Pearson Education, 2009.
- 3. John J.D., Azzo Constantine, H. and HoupisSttuart, N Sheldon, "Linear Control System Analysis and Design with MATLAB", CRC Taylor& Francis Reprint 2009.
- 4. RamesC.Panda and T. Thyagarajan, "An Introduction to Process Modelling Identification and Control of Engineers", Narosa Publishing House, 2017.
- 5. M. Gopal, "Control System: Principle and design", McGraw Hill Education, 2012.
- 6. NPTEL Video Lecture Notes on "Control Engineering "by Prof. S. D. Agashe, IIT Bombay.

List of Open Source Software/ Learning website:

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112107240
- 2. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_me25/preview
- 3. <u>https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_ee90/preview</u>
- 4. https://www.classcentral.com/course/swayam-automatic-control-9850

			003	103		0 3 1			10.00	10. N. N. N.	A 100 Mar	100.000			
			PO	's									P	SO's	
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1 L5	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1			
2 L4	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1			
3 L2	2	1	2	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1			
4 L5	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1			
5 L4	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1			
6 L4	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1			
AVg.	2.8	2.6	3	2.1	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1			
				-						•					

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1-low, 2-medium, 3-high, '-"- no correlation

Note: The average value of this course to be used for program articulation matrix.

OPY351 PHARMACEUTICAL NANOTECHNOLOGY

LTPC

216

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The goal of this course is to provide an insight into the fundamentals of nanotechnology in biomedical and Pharmaceutical research. It will also guide the students to understand how nanomaterials can be used for a diversity of analytical and medicinal rationales.

UNITI NANOSTRUCTURES

Preparation, properties and characterization - Self-assembling nanostructure - vesicular and micellar polymerization-nanofilms - Metal Nanoparticles- lipid nanoparticles- nanoemulsion -Molecular nanomaterials: dendrimers, etc.,

NANOTECHNOLOGY IN BIOMEDICAL INDUSTRY UNIT II

Reconstructive Intervention and Surgery- Nanomaterials in bone substitutes and dentistry -Implants and Prosthesis -in vivo imaging- genetic defects and other disease states -Nanorobotics in Surgery –Nanocarriers: sustained, controlled, targeted drug delivery systems.

NANOTECHNOLOGY IN CANCER THERAPY UNIT III

Cancer Cell Targeting and Detection- Polymeric Nanoparticles for cancer treatment - mechanism of drug delivery to tumors -advantages and limitations - Multifunctional Agents - Cancer Imaging -Magnetic Resonance Imaging- Cancer Immunotherapy.

UNIT IV NANOTECHNOLOGY IN COSMETICS

Polymers in cosmetics: Film Formers – Thickeners – Hair Colouring – Conditioning Polymers: conditioning, Cleansing - Silicons - Emulsions - Stimuli Responsive Polymeric Systems -Formulation of Nano Gels, Shampoos, Hair-conditioners -Micellar self-assembly Sun-screen dispersions for UV protection - Color cosmetics.

UNIT V NANOTOXICITY

NanoToxicology- introduction, dose relationship- Hazard Classification-Risk assessment and management - factors affecting nano toxicity- Dermal Effects of Nanomaterials, Pulmonary, Neuro and Cardiovascular effects of Nanoparticles - Gene-Cellular and molecular Interactions of Nanomaterials.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

The student will be able to

CO1: Identify the process for the preparation and characterization of the different nanostructured materials.

CO2: Apply the nanotechnology in biomedical discipline with related to drug delivery and disease diagnosis

CO3: Develop the process, experiments and apply in identifying in a societal and global context.

CO4: Design and develop the process with suitable equipment for the preparation of nanomaterials in developing cosmetic products.

CO5: Understand the ethical principles to confirm the safety of the nano products with respect to risk assessment and its management.

CO6: Have the knowledge about nanotechnology products and its different applications in a societal and global context.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Springer Handbook of Nanotechnology- Ed. by B. Bhushan, Springer-Verlag 2004

3 0 0 3

9

9

9

9

9

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

- 2. Nanobiotechnology: Concepts, Applications and Perspectives,. CM.Niemeyer C A. Mirkin, (Eds), Wiley, 2004
- 3. Nanotechnology: Health and Environmental Risks, Jo Anne Shatkin, Second Edition, CRC Press, 2013
- 4. Sarah E. Morgan, Kathleen O. Havelka, Robert Y. Lochhead "Cosmetic Nanotechnology: Polymers and Colloids in Cosmetics", American Chemical Society, 2006.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Nanotechnology in Biology and Medicine: Methods, Devices and Applications, Tuan VoDinh, CRC Press, 2007
- 2. The Chemistry of Nanomaterials: Synthesis, Properties and Applications, C.N.R. Rao, A. Muller, A. K. Cheetham (Eds), Wiley-VCH Verlag 2004
- 3. Nanotechnology: Environmental Health and safety, Risks, Regulation and Management, Matthew Hull and Diana Bowman, Elsevier, 2010.

Course Outcome Statements	Pro	gram	nme	Outc	ome	s (P(0)						O	ogra Spe Outco (PSC	cific ome	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	4
CO1	3	3				1			1	2		2	3			2
CO2	3	3			2	2	3							3		
CO3		3	3	3	2	2			1				3		3	
CO4			3	3		2			1		1				3	
CO5						3		3	2	7		2	3			3
CO6	3		3			2				1		2	3		3	2
Overall CO	3	3							1	2		2	3			2

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

(1, 2 and 3 are correlation levels with weightings as Slight (Low), Moderate (Medium) and Substantial (High) respectively.)

OAE351

AVIATION MANAGEMENT

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To acquire solid background of managerial skills in aviation management
- To develop personality to face business difficulties.
- To control multicultural conditions.
- To identify the relevant analytical and logical skills to deal with problems in the airline industry.
- To learn the concepts of performing well in teams, professionalism, an d the knowledge acquired in the field of airport planning, airport security, passengers forecasting, aerodromes work etc

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

History of aviation – organisation, global, social & ethical environment – history of Aviation in India – major players in the airline industry - swot analysis of the different Airline companies in India – market potential of airline industry in India – new airport Development plans – current challenges in the airline industry - competition in the Airline industry – domestic and international from an Indian perspective

UNIT II AIRPORT INFRASTRUCTURE AND MANAGEMENT

Airport planning – terminal planning design and operation – airport operations – Airport functions – organisation structure in an airline - airport authority of India - Comparison of global and Indian airport management – role of AAI -airline privatisation - full Privatisation - gradual privatisation – partial privatization

UNIT III AIR TRANSPORT SERVICES

Various airport services - international air transport services – Indian scenario – an Overview of airports in Delhi, Mumbai, Hyderabad and Bangalore – the role of private Operators – airport development fees, rates, tariffs

UNIT IV INSTITUTIONAL FRAMEWORK

Role of DGCA - slot allocation – methodology followed by AFC and DGCA -management of Bilaterals – economic regulations

UNIT V CONTROLLING

Role of air traffic control - airspace and navigational aids – control process – case Studies in airline industry – Mumbai Delhi airport privatisation – Navi Mumbai airport Tendering process – 6 cases in the airline industry

TEXT BOOKS

1. Graham.A. Managing Airports: An International Perspective - Butterworth - Heinemann, Oxford 2001.

2. Wells.A. Airport Planning and Management, 4th Edition McGraw- Hill, London 2000.

REFERENCES

1. Doganis. R. The Airport Business Routledge, London 1992

- 2. Alexender T. Wells, Seth Young, Principles of Airport Management, McGraw Hill 2003
- 3. P S Senguttavan Fundementals of Air Transport Management , Excel Books 2007

4. Richard de Neufille, Airport Systems: Planning, Design and Management, McGraw-Hill London 2007.

5.. Manual of Aerodrome licensing of AAI airports – AAI website – freely downloadable – issue may 2010

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1:To interpret business difficulties.

CO2:To Dissect multicultural conditions.

CO3:To identify and apply the relevant analytical and logical skills to deal with problems in the airline industry.

CO4:To Develop well in teams, professionalism etc.

CO5:To apply the knowledge acquired in the field of airport planning, airport security, passengers forecasting, aerodromes work etc.

218

8

8

12

8

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OPEN ELCTIVE III

OHS351 ENGLISH FOR COMPETITIVE EXAMINATIONS

L T P C 3 0 0 3

9

9

9

9

9

Course Description:

Students aspiring to take up competitive exams of which the English language is a vital component will find this course useful. Designed for students in the higher semesters, the course will help students to familiarise themselves with those aspects of English that are tested in these examinations.

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To train the students in the language components essential to face competitive examinations both at the national (UPSC, Banking, Railway, Defence) and the international level (GRE, TOEFL, IELTS).
- To enhance an awareness of the specific patterns in language testing and the respective skills to tackle verbal reasoning and verbal ability tests.
- To inculcate effective practices in language-learning in order to improve accuracy in usage of grammar and coherence in writing.
- To improve students' confidence to express their ideas and opinions in formal contexts
- To create awareness of accuracy and precision in communication

UNIT I

Orientation on different formats of competitive exams - Vocabulary – Verbal ability – Verbal reasoning - Exploring the world of words – Essential words – Meaning and their usage – Synonyms-antonyms – Word substitution – Word analogy – Idioms and phrases – Commonly confused words – Spellings – Word expansion – New words in use.

UNIT II

Grammar – Sentence improvement –Sentence completion – Rearranging phrases into sentences – Error identification –Tenses – Prepositions – Adjectives – Adverbs – Subject-verb agreement – Voice – Reported speech – Articles – Clauses – Speech patterns.

UNIT III

Reading - Specific information and detail – Identifying main and supporting ideas – Speed reading techniques – Improving global reading skills – Linking ideas – Summarising – Understanding argument – Identifying opinion/attitude and making inferences - Critical reading.

UNIT IV

Writing – Pre-writing techniques – Mindmap - Describing pictures and facts - Paragraph structure – organising points – Rhetoric writing – Improving an answer – Drafting, writing and developing an argument – Focus on cohesion – Using cohesive devices –Analytic writing – Structure and types of essay – Mind maps – Structure of drafts, letters, memos, emails – Statements of Purpose – Structure, Content and Style.

UNIT V

Listening and Speaking – Contextual listening – Listening to instructions – Listening for specific information – Identifying detail, main ideas – Following signpost words – Stress, rhythm and

intonation - Speaking to respond and elicit ideas – Guided speaking – Opening phrases – Interactive communication – Dysfluency -Sentence stress – Speaking on a topic – Giving opinions – Giving an oral presentation – Telling a story or a personal anecdote – Talking about oneself -Utterance – Speech acts- Brainstorming ideas – Group discussion.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

LEARNING OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, learners will be able

• expand their vocabulary and gain practical techniques to read and comprehend a wide range of texts with the emphasis required

- identify errors with precision and write with clarity and coherence
- understand the importance of task fulfilment and the usage of task-appropriate vocabulary
- communicate effectively in group discussions, presentations and interviews
- write topic based essays with precision and accuracy

со			P	C				1.1.	÷				PS	0	
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	1	3	3	1	3	3	3	3	1	3	1	3	60 -	-	-
2	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	-	-	-
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	7 -	-	-
4	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	-	-	-
5	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	3	-	-	-
AVg.	2	2.6	2.6	2	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2	3	2.4	3	-	-	-

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

Note: The average value of this course to be used for program articulation matrix.

Teaching Methods:

Instructional methods will involve discussions, taking mock tests on various question papers – Objective, multiple-choice and descriptive. Peer evaluation, self-check on improvement and peer feedback - Practice sessions on speaking assessments, interview and discussion – Using multimedia.

Evaluative Pattern:

Internal Tests – 50% End Semester Exam - 50%

TEXTBOOKS:

1. R.P.Bhatnagar - *General English for Competitive Examinations.* Macmillan India Limited, 2009.

REFERENCEBOOKS:

1. Educational Testing Service - The Official Guide to the GRE Revised General Test, Tata McGraw Hill, 2010.

2. The Official Guide to the TOEFL Test, Tata McGraw Hill, 2010.

3. R Rajagopalan- General English for Competitive Examinations, McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2008.

Websites

<u>http://www.examenglish.com/</u>, <u>http://www.ets.org/</u>, http://www.bankxams.com/ <u>http://civilservicesmentor.com/</u>, http://www.educationobserver.com http://www.cambridgeenglish.org/in/

OMG352

NGOS AND SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT L T P C

3003

9

9

9

9

9

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- to understand the importance of sustainable development
- to acquire a reasonable knowledge on the legal frameworks pertaining to pollution control and environmental management
- to comprehend the role of NGOs in attaining sustainable development

Unit I ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERNS

Introduction to sustainable development goals, Global responsibility of environmental concern, Importance of environmental preservation, Environmental threats, Pollution and its types, Effects of Pollution, Pollution control, Treatment of wastes

UNIT II ROLE OF NGOS

Role of NGO's in national development, NGO's and participatory management, Challenges and limitations of NGO's, Community Development programmes, Role of NGO's in Community Development programmes, Participation of NGO's in environment management, Corporate Social responsibility, NGO's and corporate social responsibility

UNIT III SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

Issues and Challenges of Sustainable Development, Bioenergy, Sustainable Livelihoods and Rural Poor in Sustainable Development, Protecting ecosystem services for sustainable development, Non-renewable sources of energy and its effect, Renewable sources of energy for sustainability, Nuclear resources and Legal Regulation of Hazardous Substances, Sustainable Development: Programme and Policies, Sustainability assessment and Indicators

UNIT IV NGO'S FOR SUSTAINABILITY

Civil Society Initiatives in Environment Management, Civil Society Initiatives for Sustainable Development, Global Initiatives in Protecting Global Environment, World Summit on Sustainable Development (Johannesburg Summit 2002), Ecological economics, Environmental sustainability, Social inclusion, Health for all, education for all, Food security and Water security, NGOs and Sustainable Development strategies

UNIT V LEGAL FRAMEWORKS

Need for a Legal framework and its enforcement, Legal measures to control pollution, Environmental Legislations in India, Mechanism to implement Environmental Laws in India, Legal Protection of Forests Act 1927, Legal Protection of Wild Life, Role of NGO's in implementing environmental laws, Challenges in the implementation of environmental legislation

TOTAL 45 : PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon completion of this course, the student will :

CO1 Have a thorough grounding on the issues and challenges being faced in attaining sustainable development

CO2 have a knowledge on the role of NGOs towards sustainable developemnt

CO3 present strategies for NGOs in attaining sustainable development

CO4 recognize the importance of providing energy, food security and health equity to all members of the society without damaging the environment

CO5 understand the environmental legislations

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Kulsange, S and Kamble, R. (2019). Environmental NGO's: Sustainability Stewardship, Lap Lambert Academic Publishing, India, ISBN-13: 978-6200442444.
- 2. Dodds, F. (2007). NGO diplomacy: The influence of nongovernmental organizations in international environmental negotiations. Mit Press, Cambridge, ISBN-13: 978-0262524766.
- 3. Ghosh, S. (Ed.). (2019). Indian environmental law: Key concepts and principles. Orient BlackSwan, India, ISBN-13: 978-9352875795.
- 4. Alan Fowler and Chiku Malunga (2010) NGO Management: The Earthscan Companion, Routledge, ISBN-13 : 978-1849711197.

OMG353		DEMOCR	ACY AND G	DOD GOVER	NANCE		L 1	Р	С
							3	0 0	3
UNIT I									(9)
Structure	and Proces	s of Governa	nce: Indian I	Model of Dem	nocracy, Pa	rliament, P	arty Po	olitics	s and
Electoral	Behaviour,	Federalism,	the Suprer	ne Court ar	nd Judicial	Activism,	Units	of	Local
Governar	nce								
									(0)

Regulatory Institutions - SEBI, TRAI, Competition Commission of India,

UNIT III

Lobbying Institutions: Chambers of Commerce and Industries, Trade Unions, Farmers Associations, etc.

UNIT IV

Contemporary Political Economy of Development in India: Policy Debates over Models of Development in India, Recent trends of Liberalisation of Indian Economy in different sectors, E-governance

UNIT V

Dynamics of Civil Society: New Social Movements, Role of NGO's, Understanding the political significance of Media and Popular Culture.

REFERENCES:

1. Atul Kohli (ed.): The Success of India's Democracy, Cambridge University Press, 2001.

TOTAL 45 : PERIODS

(9)

(9)

(9)

(9)

2. Corbridge, Stuart and John Harris: Reinventing India: Liberalisation, Hindu Nationalism and Popular Democracy, Oxford University Press, 2000.

3. J.Dreze and A.Sen, India: Economic Development and Social Opportunity, Clarendon, 1995.

4. Saima Saeed: Screening the Public Sphere: Media and Democracy in India, 2013

5. Himat Singh: Green Revolution Reconsidered: The Rural World of Punjab, OUP, 2001.

6. Jagdish Bhagwati: India in Transition: Freeing The Economy, 1993.

7. Smitu Kothari: Social Movements and the Redefinition of Democracy, Boulder, Westview, 1993.

CME365 RENEWABLE ENERGY TECHNOLOGIES L T P C

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To know the Indian and global energy scenario
- To learn the various solar energy technologies and its applications.
- To educate the various wind energy technologies.
- To explore the various bio-energy technologies.
- To study the ocean and geothermal technologies.

UNIT I ENERGY SCENARIO

Indian energy scenario in various sectors – domestic, industrial, commercial, agriculture, transportation and others – Present conventional energy status – Present renewable energy status-Potential of various renewable energy sources-Global energy status-Per capita energy consumption - Future energy plans

UNIT II SOLAR ENERGY

Solar radiation – Measurements of solar radiation and sunshine – Solar spectrum - Solar thermal collectors – Flat plate and concentrating collectors – Solar thermal applications – Solar thermal energy storage – Fundamentals of solar photo voltaic conversion – Solar cells – Solar PV Systems – Solar PV applications.

UNIT III WIND ENERGY

Wind data and energy estimation – Betz limit - Site selection for windfarms – characteristics - Wind resource assessment - Horizontal axis wind turbine – components - Vertical axis wind turbine – Wind turbine generators and its performance – Hybrid systems – Environmental issues - Applications.

UNIT IV BIO-ENERGY

Bio resources – Biomass direct combustion – thermochemical conversion - biochemical conversion-mechanical conversion - Biomass gasifier - Types of biomass gasifiers - Cogeneration –- Carbonisation – Pyrolysis - Biogas plants – Digesters –Biodiesel production – Ethanol production - Applications.

UNIT V OCEAN AND GEOTHERMAL ENERGY

Small hydro - Tidal energy – Wave energy – Open and closed OTEC Cycles – Limitations – Geothermal energy – Geothermal energy sources - Types of geothermal power plants – Applications - Environmental impact.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

3003

9

9

9

9

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the students would be able to

- Discuss the Indian and global energy scenario.
- Describe the various solar energy technologies and its applications.
- Explain the various wind energy technologies.
- Explore the various bio-energy technologies.
- Discuss the ocean and geothermal technologies.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Fundamentals and Applications of Renewable Energy | Indian Edition, by Mehmet Kanoglu, Yunus A. Cengel, John M. Cimbala, cGraw Hill; First edition (10 December 2020), ISBN-10 : 9390385636
- 2. Renewable Energy Sources and Emerging Technologies, by Kothari, Prentice Hall India Learning Private Limited; 2nd edition (1 January 2011), ISBN-10 : 8120344707

REFERENCES:

- 1. Godfrey Boyle, "Renewable Energy, Power for a Sustainable Future", Oxford University Press, U.K., 2012.
- 2. Rai.G.D., "Non-Conventional Energy Sources", Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2014.
- 3. Sukhatme.S.P., "Solar Energy: Principles of Thermal Collection and Storage", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi, 2009.
- 4. Tiwari G.N., "Solar Energy Fundamentals Design, Modelling and applications", Alpha Science Intl Ltd, 2015.
- 5. Twidell, J.W. & Weir A., "Renewable Energy Resources", EFNSpon Ltd., UK, 2015. CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

00						PO								PSO		
CO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	
1	1	1 1 1 1 2 3 2 2 1 1 3 2 1 2 3 2 2 1 1 3 2 1 1 2 3 2 1 2														
2	3	2 2 1 1 1 3 1 1 2 3 2 1 2														
3	3															
4	2	2	2	1	2	1	3	1	1	1	2	3	2	2	2	
5	2	1	2	1	2	1	3	1	1	1	1	3	2	1	2	
				Lov	v (1) ;	M	edium	n (2) ;	F	ligh (3	3)					

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

OME354

APPLIED DESIGN THINKING

LTPC 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The course aims to

- Introduce tools & techniques of design thinking for innovative product
- development Illustrate customer-centric product innovation using on simple
- use cases Demonstrate development of Minimum usable Prototypes
- Outline principles of solution concepts & their evaluation
- Describe system thinking principles as applied to complex systems

Concept of Minimum Usable Prototype [MUP] - MUP challenge brief - Designing & Crafting the value proposition - Designing and Testing Value Proposition; Design a compelling value proposition; Process, tools and techniques of Value Proposition Design

UNIT IV CONCEPT GENERATION

Solution Exploration, Concepts Generation and MUP design- Conceptualize the solution concept; explore, iterate and learn; build the right prototype; Assess capability, usability and feasibility. Systematic concept generation; evaluation of technology alternatives and the solution concepts

UNIT V SYSTEM THINKING

System Thinking, Understanding Systems, Examples and Understandings, Complex Systems

COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of the course, learners will be able to:

CO1:Define & test various hypotheses to mitigate the inherent risks in product innovations.

CO2:Design the solution concept based on the proposed value by exploring alternate solutions to achieve value-price fit.

CO3:Develop skills in empathizing, critical thinking, analyzing, storytelling & pitching **CO4**:Apply system thinking in a real-world scenario

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Steve Blank, (2013), The four steps to epiphany: Successful strategies for products that win, Wiley.
- 2. Alexander Osterwalder, Yves Pigneur, Gregory Bernarda, Alan Smith, Trish Papadakos, (2014), Value
- 3. Proposition Design: How to Create Products and Services Customers Want, Wiley
- 4. Donella H. Meadows, (2015), "Thinking in Systems -A Primer", Sustainability Institute.
- 5. Tim Brown,(2012) "Change by Design: How Design Thinking Transforms Organizations and Inspires Innovation", Harper Business.

REFERENCES

- 1. https://www.ideou.com/pages/design-thinking#process
- 2. https://blog.forgefor ward.in/valuation-risk-versus-validation-risk-in-product-innovations-49f253ca86<u>24</u>
- 3. <u>https://blog.forgefor ward.in/product-innovation-rubric-adf5ebdfd356</u>
- 4. <u>https://blog.forgefor ward.in/evaluating-product-innovations-e8178e58b86e</u>

225

Exploring Human-centered Design - Understanding the Innovation process, discovering areas of opportunity, Interviewing & empathy-building techniques, Mitigate validation risk with FIR [Forge Innovation rubric] - Case studies

UNIT II ENDUSER-CENTRIC INNOVATION

Importance of customer-centric innovation - Problem Validation and Customer Discovery -Understanding problem significance and problem incidence - Customer Validation. Target user, User persona & user stories. Activity: Customer development process - Customer interviews and field visit

UNIT III APPLIED DESIGN THINKING TOOLS

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

9

9

226

5. <u>https://blog.forgefor ward.in/user-guide-for-product-innovation-rubric-857181b253dd</u>

6. <u>https://blog.forgefor ward.in/star tup-failure-is-like-true-lie-7812cdfe9b85</u>

MF3003 REVERSE ENGINEERING

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- The main learning objective of this course is to prepare students for:
- Applying the fundamental concepts and principles of reverse engineering in product design and development.
- Applying the concept and principles material characteristics, part durability and life limitation in reverse engineering of product design and development.
- Applying the concept and principles of material identification and process verification in reverse engineering of product design and development.
- Analysing the various legal aspect and applications of reverse engineering in product design and development.
- Understand about 3D scanning hardware & software operations and procedure to generate 3D model

UNIT I INTRODUCTION & GEOMETRIC FORM

Definition – Uses – The Generic Process – Phases – Computer Aided Reverse Engineering - Surface and Solid Model Reconstruction – Dimensional Measurement – Prototyping.

UNIT II MATERIAL CHARACTERISTICS AND PROCESS IDENTIFICATION 9 Hours

.Alloy Structure Equivalency – Phase Formation and Identification – Mechanical Strength – Hardness –Part Failure Analysis – Fatigue – Creep and Stress Rupture – Environmentally Induced Failure Material Specification - Composition Determination - Microstructure Analysis -Manufacturing Process Verification.

UNIT III DATA PROCESSING

Statistical Analysis – Data Analysis – Reliability and the Theory of Interference – Weibull Analysis – Data Conformity and Acceptance – Data Report – Performance Criteria – Methodology of Performance Evaluation – System Compatibility.

UNIT IV 3D SCANNING AND MODELLING

Introduction, working principle and operations of 3D scanners: Laser, White Light, Blue Light - Applications- Software for scanning and modelling: Types- Applications- Preparation techniques for Scanning objects- Scanning and Measuring strategies - Calibration of 3D Scanner- Step by step procedure: 3D scanning - Geometric modelling – 3D inspection- Case studies.

UNIT V INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS

Reverse Engineering in the Automotive Industry; Aerospace Industry; Medical Device Industry. Case studies and Solving Industrial projects in Reverse Engineering.Legality: Patent – Copyrights –Trade Secret – Third-Party Materials.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

3 0 0 3

LTPC

9 Hours

9 Hours

9 Hours

9 Hours

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:

CO1:Apply the fundamental concepts and principles of reverse engineering in product design and development.

CO2: Apply the concept and principles material characteristics, part durability and life limitation in reverse engineering of product design and development.

CO3:Apply the concept and principles of material identification and process verification in reverse engineering of product design and development.

CO4:Apply the concept and principles of data processing, part performance and system compatibility in reverse engineering of product design and development.

CO5: Analyze the various legal aspect

CO6: Applications of reverse engineering in product design and development.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Robert W. Messler, Reverse Engineering: Mechanisms, Structures, Systems & Materials, 1st Edition, McGraw-Hill Education, 2014
- 2. Wego Wang, Reverse Engineering Technology of Reinvention, CRC Press, 2011

REFERENCES:

- 1. Scott J. Lawrence, Principles of Reverse Engineering, Kindle Edition, 2022
- 2. Kevin Otto and Kristin Wood, Product Design: Techniques in Reverse Engineering and New Product Development, Prentice Hall, 2001
- 3. Kathryn, A. Ingle, "Reverse Engineering", McGraw-Hill, 1994.
- 4. Linda Wills, "Reverse Engineering", Kluver Academic Publishers, 1996
- 5. Vinesh Raj and Kiran Fernandes, "Reverse Engineering: An Industrial Perspective", Springer-Verlag London Limited 2008.

	SUSTAINA	BLE MAN	UFACTURING	LTPC
				3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

OPR351

- To be acquainted with sustainability in manufacturing and its evaluation.
- To provide knowledge in environment and social sustainability.
- To provide the student with the knowledge of strategy to achieve sustainability.
- To familiarize with trends in sustainable operations.
- To create awareness in current sustainable practices in manufacturing industry.

UNIT I ECONOMIC SUSTAINABILITY

Industrial Revolution-Economic sustainability: globalization and international issues Sustainability status - Emerging issues- Innovative products- Reconfiguration manufacturing enterprises - Competitive manufacturing strategies - Performance evaluation- Management for sustainability - Assessments of economic sustainability

9

Q

UNIT II SOCIAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY

Social sustainability – Introduction-Work management -Human rights - Societal commitment -Customers -Business practices -Modelling and assessing social sustainability. Environmental issues pertaining to the manufacturing sector: Pollution - Use of resources -Pressure to reduce costs - Environmental management: Processes that minimize negative environmental impacts - environmental legislation and energy costs - need to reduce the carbon footprint of manufacturing Operations-Modelling and assessing environmental sustainability

UNIT III SUSTAINABILITY PRACTICES

Sustainability awareness - Measuring Industry Awareness-Drivers and barriers -Availability of sustainability indicators -Analysis of sustainability practicing -Modeling and assessment of sustainable practicing -Sustainability awareness -Sustainability drivers and barriers - Availability of sustainability indicators- Designing questionnaires- Optimizing Sustainability Indexes-Elements – Cost and time model.

UNIT IV MANUFACTURING STRATEGY FOR SUSTAINABILITY

Concepts of competitive strategy and manufacturing strategies and development of a strategic improvement programme - Manufacturing strategy in business success strategy formation and formulation - Structured strategy formulation - Sustainable manufacturing system design options - Approaches to strategy formulation - Realization of new strategies/system designs.

UNIT V TRENDS IN SUSTAINABLE OPERATIONS

Principles of sustainable operations - Life cycle assessment manufacturing and service activities - influence of product design on operations - Process analysis – Capacity management - Quality management - Inventory management - Just-In-Time systems - Resource efficient design - Consumerism and sustainable well-being.

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO1: Discuss the importance of economic sustainability.

CO2: Describe the importance of sustainable practices.

CO3: Identify drivers and barriers for the given conditions.

CO4: Formulate strategy in sustainable manufacturing.

CO5: Plan for sustainable operation of industry with environmental, cost consciousness.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Ibrahim Garbie, "Sustainability in Manufacturing Enterprises Concepts, Analyses and Assessments for Industry 4.0", Springer International Publishing., United States, 2016, ISBN-13: 978-3319293042.
- 2. Davim J.P., "Sustainable Manufacturing", John Wiley & Sons., United States, 2010,ISBN: 978-1-848-21212-1.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Jovane F, Emper, W.E. and Williams, D.J., "The ManuFuture Road: Towards Competitive and Sustainable High-Adding-Value Manufacturing", Springer,2009, United States, ISBN 978-3-540-77011-4.
- 2. Kutz M., "Environmentally Conscious Mechanical Design", John Wiley & Sons., United States, 2007, ISBN: 978-0-471-72636-4.
- 3. Seliger G., "Sustainable Manufacturing: Shaping Global Value Creation", Springer, United States, 2012, ISBN 978-3-642-27289-9.

228

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

9

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

Mapping of CC)s wit	h PC)s an	d PS	SOs										
COs/Pos	PO	s											PS	Эs	
&PSOs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	3	-	2	-	-	-	2	2	-	1	1	2	2	2	1
CO2	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	1	1	2	1	2	2
CO3	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	-	1	1	2	1	2	2
CO4	3	-	3	-	-	-	2		-	1	1	2	2	2	1
CO5	3	-	3	-	-	-	2	2	-	1	1	2	2	2	1
CO/PO &	3	_	3		_		2	2	_	1	1	2	2	2	1
PSO Average	5	-	5	-	-	-	2	2	-	'		2	2	2	
1 - low, 2 - med	ium,	3 - hi	gh, '-	."- no	corr	elatio	on								1

AU3791

ELECTRIC AND HYBRID VEHICLES

LTPC 3 0 0 3

9

9

9

9

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The objective of this course is to prepare the students to know about the general aspects of • Electric and Hybrid Vehicles (EHV), including architectures, modelling, sizing, and sub system design and hybrid vehicle control.

UNITI DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS FOR ELECTRIC VEHICLES

Need for Electric vehicle- Comparative study of diesel, petrol, hybrid and electric Vehicles. Advantages and Limitations of hybrid and electric Vehicles. - Design requirement for electric vehicles- Range, maximum velocity, acceleration, power requirement, mass of the vehicle. Various Resistance- Transmission efficiency- Electric vehicle chassis and Body Design, Electric Vehicle Recharging and Refuelling Systems.

UNIT II **ENERGY SOURCES**

Battery Parameters- - Different types of batteries - Lead Acid- Nickel Metal Hydride - Lithium ion-Sodium based- Metal Air. Battery Modelling - Equivalent circuits, Battery charging- Quick Charging devices. Fuel Cell- Fuel cell Characteristics- Fuel cell types-Half reactions of fuel cell. Ultra capacitors. Battery Management System.

UNIT III MOTORS AND DRIVES

Types of Motors- DC motors- AC motors, PMSM motors, BLDC motors, Switched reluctance motors working principle, construction and characteristics.

UNIT IV POWER CONVERTERS AND CONTROLLERS

Solid state Switching elements and characteristics - BJT, MOSFET, IGBT, SCR and TRIAC -Power Converters - rectifiers, inverters and converters - Motor Drives - DC, AC motor, PMSM motors, BLDC motors, Switched reluctance motors – four quadrant operations –operating modes

UNIT V HYBRID AND ELECTRIC VEHICLES

Main components and working principles of a hybrid and electric vehicles, Different configurations of hybrid and electric vehicles. Power Split devices for Hybrid Vehicles - Operation modes - Control Strategies for Hybrid Vehicle - Economy of hybrid Vehicles - Case study on specification of electric and hybrid vehicles.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the student will be able to

CO1:Understand the operation and architecture of electric and hybrid vehicles

CO2: Identify various energy source options like battery and fuel cell

CO3:Select suitable electric motor for applications in hybrid and electric vehicles.

CO4: Explain the role of power electronics in hybrid and electric vehicles

CO5: Analyze the energy and design requirement for hybrid and electric vehicles.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Igbal Husain, "Electric and Hybrid Vehicles-Design Fundamentals", CRC Press, 2003

2. Mehrdad Ehsani, "Modern Electric, Hybrid Electric and Fuel Cell Vehicles", CRCPress, 2005.

REFERENCES:

- 1. James Larminie and John Lowry, "Electric Vehicle Technology Explained " John Wiley & Sons.2003
- 2. Lino Guzzella, "Vehicle Propulsion System" Springer Publications, 2005
- 3. Ron HodKinson, "Light Weight Electric/ Hybrid Vehicle Design", Butterworth Heinemann Publication.2005.

					P	0							PSO	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	1	2	1	1	3	2			1		2		1	3
1	1	2	1		3	2					2		1	3
1	1	2	1		3	2					2		1	3
1	1	2	1		3	2					2		1	3
1	1	2	1		3	2					2		1	3
1	1	2	1		3	2				11	2		1	3
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 2 3 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2	1 2 3 4 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1	1 2 3 4 5 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1	1 2 3 4 5 6 1 1 2 1 3 1 1 2 1 3 1 1 2 1 3 1 1 2 1 3 1 1 2 1 3 1 1 2 1 3 1 1 2 1 3 1 1 2 1 3 1 1 2 1 3	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 1 1 2 1 3 2 1 1 2 1 3 2 1 1 2 1 3 2 1 1 2 1 3 2 1 1 2 1 3 2 1 1 2 1 3 2 1 1 2 1 3 2 1 1 2 1 3 2 1 1 2 1 3 2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 1 1 2 1 3 2 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 1	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 1 1 2 1 3 2 - -	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 1 1 2 1 3 2 -	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 1 1 2 1 3 2 - <th>1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 2 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 2 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 2 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 2 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 2 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 2 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 2 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 2 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 2 1 1 2 1 3 2<!--</th--><th>1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 2 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 2 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 - 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 - 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 - 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 - 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 - 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 - 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 - 1 1 2 1 3<!--</th--><th>1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 1 2 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 -</th></th></th>	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 2 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 2 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 2 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 2 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 2 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 2 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 2 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 2 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 2 1 1 2 1 3 2 </th <th>1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 2 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 2 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 - 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 - 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 - 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 - 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 - 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 - 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 - 1 1 2 1 3<!--</th--><th>1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 1 2 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 -</th></th>	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 2 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 2 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 - 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 - 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 - 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 - 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 - 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 - 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 - 1 1 2 1 3 </th <th>1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 1 2 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 -</th>	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 1 2 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 - - 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 -

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

OAS352

SPACE ENGINEERING

LTPC 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Use the standard atmosphere tables and equations. •
- Find lift and drag coefficient data from NACA plots. •
- Apply the concept of static stability to flight vehicles.
- Describe the concepts of stress, strain, Young's modulus, Poisson's ratio, yield strength. •
- Demonstrate a basic knowledge of dynamics relevant to orbital mechanics. •

UNIT I STANDARD ATMOSPHERE

History of aviation – standard atmosphere - pressure, temperature and density altitude.

UNIT II **AERODYNAMICS**

Aerodynamic forces – Lift generation Viscosity and its implications - Shear stress in a velocity profile - Lagrangian and Eulerian flow field - Concept of a streamline – Aircraft terminology and geometry - Aircraft types - Lift and drag coefficients using NACA data.

UNIT III PERFORMANCE AND PROPULSION

Viscous and pressure drag - flow separation - aerodynamic drag - thrust calculations -thrust/power available and thrust/power required.

UNIT IV AIRCRAFT STABILITY AND STRUCTURAL THEORY

Degrees of freedom of aircraft motions - stable, unstable and neutral stability - concept of static stability - Hooke's Law- brittle and ductile materials - moment of inertia - section modulus.

UNIT V SPACE APPLICATIONS

History of space research - spacecraft trajectories and basic orbital manoeuvres - six orbital elements - Kepler's laws of orbits - Newtons law of gravitation.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Illustrate the history of aviation & developments over the years

CO2: Ability to identify the types & classifications of components and control systems

CO3: Explain the basic concepts of flight & Physical properties of Atmosphere

CO4: Identify the types of fuselage and constructions.

CO5:Distinguish the types of Engines and explain the principles of Rocket

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. John D. Anderson, Introduction to Flight, 8 th Ed., McGraw-Hill Education, New York, 2015.
- 2. E Rathakrishnan, "Introduction to Aerospace Engineering: Basic Principles of Flight", John Wiley, NJ, 2021.
- 3. Stephen. A. Brandt, " Introduction to Aeronautics: A design perspective " American Institute of Aeronautics & amp; Astronautics, 1997.

REFERENCE:

1. Kermode, A.C., "Mechanics of Flight", Himalayan Book, 1997.

OIM351

INDUSTRIAL MANAGEMENT

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce fundamental concepts of industrial management
- To understand the approaches to the study of Management
- To learn about Decision Making, Organizing and leadership
- To analyze the Managerial Role and functions
- To know about the Supply Chain Management'

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Technology Management - Definition - Functions - Evolution of Modern Management - Scientific Management Development of Management Thought. Approaches to the study of Management, Forms of Organization - Individual Ownership - Partnership - Joint Stock Companies - Co-operative Enterprises - Public Sector Undertakings, Corporate Frame Work- Share Holders - Board of

231

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

9

10

10

LT P C 3 0 0 3

Directors - Committees - Chief Executive Line and Functional Managers,-Financial-Legal-Trade Union

FUNCTIONS OF MANAGEMENT UNIT II

Planning - Nature and Purpose - Objectives - Strategies - Policies and Planning Premises -Decision Making - Organizing - Nature and Process - Premises - Departmentalization - Line and staff - Decentralization -Organizational culture, Staffing - selection and training .Placement -Performance appraisal - Career Strategy - Organizational Development. Leading - Managing human factor - Leadership .Communication, Controlling - Process of Controlling - Controlling techniques, productivity and operations management - Preventive control, Industrial Safety.

UNIT III ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOUR

Definition - Organization - Managerial Role and functions -Organizational approaches, Individual behaviour - causes - Environmental Effect - Behaviour and Performance, Perception -Organizational Implications. Personality - Contributing factors - Dimension - Need Theories -Process Theories - Job Satisfaction, Learning and Behaviour-Learning Curves, Work Design and approaches.

UNIT IV GROUPDYNAMICS

Group Behaviour - Groups - Contributing factors - Group Norms, Communication - Process -Barriers to communication - Effective communication, leadership - formal and informal characteristics - Managerial Grid - Leadership styles - Group Decision Making - Leadership Role in Group Decision, Group Conflicts - Types -Causes - Conflict Resolution -Inter group relations and conflict, Organization centralization and decentralization - Formal and informal - Organizational Structures Organizational Change and Development -Change Process - Resistance to Change -Culture and Ethics.

UNIT V **MODERN CONCEPTS**

Management by Objectives (MBO) - Management by Exception (MBE), Strategic Management -Planning for Future direction - SWOT Analysis -Evolving development strategies, information technology in management Decisions support system-Management Games Business Process Reengineering(BPR) - Enterprises Resource Planning (ERP) - Supply Chain Management (SCM) -Activity Based Management (AM) - Global Perspective - Principles and Steps Advantages and disadvantage

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Understand the basic concepts of industrial management

- CO2: Identify the group conflicts and its causes.
- CO3: Perform swot analysis
- **CO4** : Analyze the learning curves
- **CO5** : Understand the placement and performance appraisal

REFERENCES:

1. Maynard H.B, "Industrial Engineering Hand book", McGraw-Hill, sixth 2008 CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

CO's			PO's										PSC	D's	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	2	1											2	1	

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

9

9

	2		3	2	3											2
	3	2	3	2	3									1	2	3
Ī	4	2	2	3	3										3	3
Ī	5	2	2											2		
Ī	AVg.	2	2.2	2.3	3									1.8	2	2.6
-	low 2 - medium 3 - high '-"- no correlation															

1

OIE354

QUALITY ENGINEERING

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- Developing a clear knowledge in the basics of various quality concepts. •
- Facilitating the students in understanding the application of control charts and its techniques. •
- Developing thespecial control procedures for service and processoriented industries.
- Analyzing and understanding the process capability study. •
- Developing the acceptance sampling procedures for incoming raw material.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Quality Dimensions-Quality definitions-Inspection-Quality control-Quality Assurance-Quality planning-Quality costs-Economics of quality- Quality loss function

CONTROLCHARTS UNIT II

Chance and assignable causes of process variation, statistical basis of the control chart, control charts for variables- X, R and S charts, attribute control charts - p, np, c and u- Construction and application.

UNIT III SPECIAL CONTROL PROCEDURES

Warning and modified control limits, control chart for individual measurements, multi-vari chart, Xchart with a linear trend, chart for moving averages and ranges, cumulative-sum and exponentially weighted moving average control charts.

UNIT IV STATISTICALPROCESSCONTROL

Process stability, process capability analysis using a Histogram or probability plots and control chart.Gauge capability studies, setting specification limits.

ACCEPTANCESAMPLING UNITV

The acceptance sampling fundamental, OC curve, sampling plans for attributes, simple, double, multiple and sequential, sampling plans for variables, MIL-STD-105DandMIL-STD-414E&IS2500 standards.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

PC

0 3

9

9

9

9

9

І Т 3 0

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Students will be able to:

CO1: Control the quality of processes using control charts for variables in manufacturing industries.

CO2: Control the occurrence of defective product and the defects in manufacturing companies.

CO3: Control the occurrence of defects in services.

CO4: Analyzing and understanding the process capability study.

CO5: Developing the acceptance sampling procedures for incoming raw material.

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

	PO's												PSO's			
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	
1	2	3	3		3			1	2			2	1			
2		3	3		3	3			3			3		2		
3	3	3	3		3				3			3	1			
4	3		2		3						1		1			
5		2			3				3			3			1	
AVg.	2.6	2.7	2.7		3	3		1	2.7		1	2.7	1	2	1	

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

OSF351

FIRE SAFETY ENGINEERING

L T P C 3 0 0 3

9

9

9

9

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To enable the students to acquire knowledge of Fire and Safety Studies
- To learn about the effect of fire on materials used for construction, the method of test for non-combustibility & fire resistance
- To learn about fire area, fire stopped areas and different types of fire-resistant doors
- To learn about the method of fire protection of structural members and their repair due to fire damage.
- To develop safety professionals for both technical and management through systematic and quality-based study programmes

UNIT I INHERENT SAFETY CONCEPTS

Compartment fire-factors controlling fire severity, ventilation controlled and fuel controlled fires; Spread of fire in rooms, within building and between buildings. Effect of temperature on the properties of structural materials- concrete, steel, masonry and wood; Behavior of non-structural materials on fire- plastics, glass, textile fibres and other house hold materials.

UNIT II PLANT LOCATIONS

Compartment temperature-time response at pre-flashover and post flashover periods; Equivalence of fire severity of compartment fire and furnace fire; Fire resistance test on structural elements-standard heating condition, Indian standard test method, performance criteria.

UNIT III WORKING CONDITIONS

Fire separation between building- principle of calculation of safe distance. Design principles of fire resistant walls and ceilings; Fire resistant screens- solid screens and water curtains; Local barriers; Fire stopped areas-in roof, in fire areas and in connecting structures; Fire doors- Low combustible, Non-combustible and Spark-proof doors; method of suspension of fire doors; Air-tight sealing of doors;

UNIT IV FIRE SEVERITY AND REPAIR TECHNIQUES

Fabricated fire proof boards-calcium silicate, Gypsum, Vermiculite, and Perlite boards; Fire protection of structural elements - Wooden, Steel and RCC.. Reparability of fire damaged structures- Assessment of damage to concrete, steel, masonry and timber structures, Repair techniques- repair methods to reinforced concrete Columns, beams and slabs, Repair to steel

structural members, Repair to masonry structures.

UNIT V WORKING AT HEIGHTS

Safe Access - Requirement for Safe Work Platforms- Stairways - Gangways and Ramps-Fall Prevention & Fall Protection - Safety Belts - Safety nets - Fall Arrestors- Working on Fragile Roofs - Work Permit Systems-Accident Case Studies.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of the course the student will be able to

CO1:Understand the effect of fire on materials used for construction

CO2:Understand the method of test for non-combustibility and fire resistance; and will be able to select different structural elements and their dimensions for a particular fire resistance rating of a building.

CO3:To understand the design concept of fire walls, fire screens, local barriers and fire doors and able to select them appropriately to prevent fire spread.

CO4:To decide the method of fire protection to RCC, steel, and wooden structural elements and their repair methods if damaged due to fire.

CO5:Describe the safety techniques and improve the analytical and intelligence to take the right decision at right time.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Roytman, M. Y,"Principles of fire safety standards for building construction". Amerind Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi,1975
- 2. John A. Purkiss,"Fire safety engineering design of structures" (2nd edn.), Butterworth Heinemann, Oxford, UK,2009.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Smith, E.E. and Harmathy, T.Z. (Editors),"Design of buildings for fire safety". ASTM Special Publication 685, American Society for Testing and Materials, Boston, U.S.A,1979.
- 2. Butcher, E. G. and Parnell, A. C, "Designing of fire safety". JohnWiley and Sons Ltd., New York, U.S.A.1983.
- Jain, V.K, "Fire safety in buildings" (2nd edn.). New Age International(P) Ltd., New Delhi,2010. 4. Hazop&Hazan, "Identifying and Assessing Process Industry Hazards", Fourth Edition ,1999
- 4. Frank R. Spellman, Nancy E. Whiting,"The Handbook of Safety Engineering: Principles and Applications", 2009

	PO's												PSO's				
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3		
1	2	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
2	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
3	1	-	2	-	-	-	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-		
4	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
5	2	-	1	-	-	1	1	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-		
AVg.	1.3	-	1.75	-	-	1	1.3	1		1	-	1	-	-	-		

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

235

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OML351 INTRODUCTION TO NON-DESTRUCTIVE TESTING

L T P C 3 0 0 3

9

9

9

9

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to prepare the students for:

- Understanding the basic importance of NDT in quality assurance.
- Imbibing the basic principles of various NDT techniques, its applications, limitations, codes and standards.
- Equipping themselves to locate a flaw in various materials, products.
- Applying apply the testing methods for inspecting materials in accordance with industry specifications and standards.
- Acquiring the knowledge on the selection of the suitable NDT technique for a given application

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO NDT & VISUAL TESTING

Concepts of Non-destructive testing-relative merits and limitations-NDT Versus mechanical testing, Fundamentals of Visual Testing – vision, lighting, material attributes, environmental factors, visual perception, direct and indirect methods – mirrors, magnifiers, boroscopes and fibroscopes – light sources and special lighting.

UNIT II LIQUID PENETRANT & MAGNETIC PARTICLE TESTING

Liquid Penetrant Inspection: principle, applications, advantages and limitations, dyes, developers and cleaners, Methods & Interpretation.

Magnetic Particle Inspection: Principles, applications, magnetization methods, magnetic particles, Testing Procedure, demagnetization, advantages and limitations, – Interpretation and evaluation of test indications.

UNIT III EDDY CURRENT TESTING & THERMOGRAPHY

Eddy Current Testing: Generation of eddy currents– properties– eddy current sensing elements, probes, Instrumentation, Types of arrangement, applications, advantages, limitations – Factors affecting sensing elements and coil impedance, calibration, Interpretation/Evaluation.

Thermography- Principle, Contact & Non-Contact inspection methods, Active & Passive methods, Liquid Crystal – Concept, example, advantages & limitations. Electromagnetic spectrum, infrared thermography- approaches, IR detectors, Instrumentation and methods, applications.

UNIT IV ULTRASONIC TESTING & AET

Ultrasonic Testing: Types of ultrasonic waves, characteristics, attenuation, couplants, probes, EMAT. Inspection methods-pulse echo, transmission and phased array techniques, types of scanning and displays, angle beam inspection of welds, time of flight diffraction (TOFD) technique, Thickness determination by ultrasonic method, Study of A, B and C scan presentations, calibration. Acoustic Emission Technique – Introduction, Types of AE signal, AE wave propagation, Source location, Kaiser effect, AE transducers, Principle, AE parameters, AE instrumentation, Advantages & Limitations, Interpretation of Results, Applications.

UNIT V RADIOGRAPHY TESTING

236

Sources-X-rays and Gamma rays and their characteristics-absorption, scattering. Filters and screens, Imaging modalities-film radiography and digital radiography (Computed, Direct, Real Time, CT scan). Problems in shadow formation, exposure factors, inverse square law, exposure charts, Penetrameters, safety in radiography.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of this course, the students will be able to

CO1:Realize the importance of NDT in various engineering fields.

CO2:Have a basic knowledge of surface NDE techniques which enables to carry out various inspection in accordance with the established procedures.

CO3:Calibrate the instrument and inspect for in-service damage in the components by means of Eddy current testing as well as Thermography testing.

CO4:Differentiate various techniques of UT and AET and select appropriate NDT methods for better evaluation.

CO5:Interpret the results of Radiography testing and also have the ability to analyse the influence of various parameters on the testing.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Baldev Raj, T. Jayakumar and M. Thavasimuthu, Practical Non Destructive Testing, Alpha Science International Limited, 3rd edition, 2002.
- 2. J. Prasad and C. G. K. Nair, Non-Destructive Test and Evaluation of Materials, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2nd edition, 2011.
- 3. Ravi Prakash, "Non-Destructive Testing Techniques", 1st revised edition, New Age International Publishers, 2010.

REFERENCES:

1. ASM Metals Handbook, V-17, "Nondestructive Evaluation and Quality Control", American Society of Metals, USA, 2001.

- 2. Barry Hull and Vernon John,"Nondestructive Testing", Macmillan, 1989.
- 3. Chuck Hellier, "Handbook of Nondestructive Evaluation", Mc Graw Hill, 2012.
- 4. Louis Cartz, "Nondestructive Testing", ASM International, USA, 1995.

ч .	Louis	Canz,	NOTIC	Jestiu	Clive	i esun	у, лс		Small	Jilai, O	JA, 133	55.
	CO's-	PO's	& PSC)'s M	APPIN	IG		_	_			A
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
C01	2	2	2	3	123		2	2	HX	NO	N.	2
C02	3	1	2	2			2	2				2
C03	3	2	1	2			2	2				2
CO4	3	1	2	2			2	2				2

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

2

2.2

2

1.8

OMR351

CO5

Ava

3

2.8

2

1.6

MECHATRONICS

2

2

2

2

PSO PSO PSO

2

2

2

2

2

2

2

3

1

2

1

1.3

1

1

2

2

2

1.8

2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to prepare the students for:

- Selecting sensors to develop mechatronics systems. •
- Explaining the architecture and timing diagram of microprocessor, and also interpret and develop programs.
- Designing appropriate interfacing circuits to connect I/O devices with microprocessor.
- Applying PLC as a controller in mechatronics system. •
- Designing and develop the apt mechatronics system for an application. •

INTRODUCTION AND SENSORS UNIT I

Introduction to Mechatronics - Systems - Need for Mechatronics - Emerging areas of Mechatronics - Classification of Mechatronics. Sensors and Transducers: Static and Dynamic Characteristics of Sensor, Potentiometers - LVDT - Capacitance Sensors - Strain Gauges -Eddy Current Sensor - Hall Effect Sensor - Temperature Sensors - Light Sensors.

UNIT II 8085 MICROPROCESSOR

Introduction - Pin Configuration - Architecture of 8085 - Addressing Modes - Instruction set, Timing diagram of 8085.

PROGRAMMABLE PERIPHERAL INTERFACE UNIT III

Introduction - Architecture of 8255, Keyboard Interfacing, LED display - Interfacing, ADC and DAC Interface, Temperature Control – Stepper Motor Control – Traffic Control Interface.

UNIT IV **PROGRAMMABLE LOGIC CONTROLLER**

Introduction - Architecture - Input / Output Processing - Programming with Timers, Counters and Internal relays - Data Handling - Selection of PLC.

UNIT V ACTUATORS AND MECHATRONICS SYSTEM DESIGN

Types of Stepper and Servo motors - Construction - Working Principle - Characteristics, Stages of Mechatronics Design Process - Comparison of Traditional and Mechatronics Design Concepts with Examples - Case studies of Mechatronics Systems - Pick and Place Robot -Engine Management system – Automatic Car Park Barrier.

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO1: Select sensors to develop mechatronics systems.

CO2: Explain the architecture and timing diagram of microprocessor, and also interpret and develop programs.

CO3: Design appropriate interfacing circuits to connect I/O devices with microprocessor.

CO 4: Apply PLC as a controller in mechatronics system.

CO 5: Design and develop the apt mechatronics system for an application.

CO's-PO's & PSO'	's MAP	PINC	3												
COs/POs &							POs	5					PS	60s	
PSOs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	3	2	1	3		2						2	3	2	3

9

9

9

q

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

	1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation														
Average															
CO/PO & PSO	3	2	1	3		2						2	3	2	3
CO5	3	2	1	3		2						2	3	2	3
CO4	3	2	1	3		2						2	3	2	3
CO3	3	2	1	3		2						2	3	2	3
CO2	3	2	1	3		2						2	3	2	3

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Bolton W., "Mechatronics", Pearson Education, 6th Edition, 2015.
- 2. Ramesh S Gaonkar, "Microprocessor Architecture, Programming, and Applications with the 8085", Penram International Publishing Private Limited, 6th Edition, 2013.

REFERENCES

- 1. Bradley D.A., Dawson D., Buru N.C. and Loader A.J., "Mechatronics", Chapman and Hall, 1993.
- 2. Davis G. Alciatore and Michael B. Histand, "Introduction to Mechatronics and Measurement systems", McGraw Hill Education, 2011.
- 3. Devadas Shetty and Richard A. Kolk, "Mechatronics Systems Design", Cengage Learning, 2010.
- 4. Nitaigour Premchand Mahalik, "Mechatronics Principles, Concepts and Applications", McGraw Hill Education, 2015.
- 5. Smaili. A and Mrad. F, "Mechatronics Integrated Technologies for Intelligent Machines", Oxford University Press, 2007.

ORA351	FOUNDATION OF ROBOTICS	μ.	т	Р	С
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					

- To study the kinematics, drive systems and programming of robots.
- To study the basics of robot laws and transmission systems.
- To familiarize students with the concepts and techniques of robot manipulator, its kinematics.
- To familiarize students with the various Programming and Machine Vision application in robots.
- To build confidence among students to evaluate, choose and incorporate robots in engineering systems.

UNIT I FUNDAMENTALS OF ROBOT

Robot – Definition – Robot Anatomy – Co-ordinate systems, Work Envelope, types and classification – specifications – Pitch, yaw, Roll, Joint Notations, Speed of Motion, Pay Load – Robot Parts and their functions – Need for Robots – Different Applications.

9

9

UNIT II ROBOT KINEMATICS

Forward kinematics, inverse kinematics and the difference: forward kinematics and inverse Kinematics of Manipulators with two, three degrees of freedom (in 2 dimensional), four degrees of freedom (in 3 dimensional) – derivations and problems. Homogeneous transformation

matrices, translation and rotation matrices.

UNIT III ROBOT DRIVE SYSTEMS AND END EFFECTORS

Pneumatic Drives – Hydraulic Drives – Mechanical Drives – Electrical Drives – D.C. Servo Motors, Stepper Motor, A.C. Servo Motors – Salient Features, Applications and Comparison of All These Drives. End Effectors – Grippers – Mechanical Grippers, Pneumatic and Hydraulic Grippers, Magnetic grippers, vacuum grippers, internal grippers and external grippers, selection and design considerations of a gripper

UNIT IV SENSORS IN ROBOTICS

Force sensors, touch and tactile sensors, proximity sensors, non-contact sensors, safety considerations in robotic cell, proximity sensors, fail safe hazard sensor systems, and compliance mechanism. Machine vision system - camera, frame grabber, sensing and digitizing image data – signal conversion, image storage, lighting techniques, image processing and analysis – data reduction, segmentation, feature extraction, object recognition, other algorithms, applications – Inspection, identification, visual serving and navigation.

UNIT V PROGRAMMING AND APPLICATIONS OF ROBOT

Teach pendant programming, lead through programming, robot programming languages – VAL programming – Motion Commands, Sensors commands, End-Effector Commands, and simple programs - Role of robots in inspection, assembly, material handling, underwater, space and medical fields.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: Interpret the features of robots and technology involved in the control.

CO2: Apply the basic engineering knowledge and laws for the design of robotics.

CO3: Explain the basic concepts like various configurations, classification and parts of end effectors compare various end effectors and grippers and tools and sensors used in robots. **CO4**: Explain the concept of kinematics, degeneracy, dexterity and trajectory planning.

CO5: Demonstrate the image processing and image analysis techniques by machine vision system.

CO's-PO's 8	CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING														
COs/POs&	100	POs											P	SOs	j.
PSOs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	3	2	1	1								1			3
CO2	3	2	1	1								1			3
CO3	3	2	1	1								1			3
CO4	3	2	1	1								1			3
CO5	3	2	1	1								1			3
CO/PO &															
PSO															
Average															
1 - Iow, 2 - m	1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation														

9

9

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Ganesh.S.Hedge,"A textbook of Industrial Robotics", Lakshmi Publications, 2006.
- 2. Mikell.P.Groover, "Industrial Robotics Technology, Programming and applications" McGraw Hill 2ND edition 2012.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Fu K.S. Gonalz R.C. and ice C.S.G."Robotics Control, Sensing, Vision and Intelligence", McGraw Hill book co. 2007.
- 2. YoramKoren, "Robotics for Engineers", McGraw Hill Book, Co., 2002.
- 3. Janakiraman P.A., "Robotics and Image Processing", Tata McGraw Hill 2005.
- 4. John. J.Craig, "Introduction to Robotics: Mechanics and Control" 2nd Edition, 2002.
- 5. 5. Jazar, "Theory of Applied Robotics: Kinematics, Dynamics and Control", Springer India reprint, 2010.

OAE352 FUNDAMENTALS OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING L T P C

3 0 0 3

8

10

9

9

9

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To acquire the knowledge on the Historical evaluation of Airplanes
- To learn the different component systems and functions
- To know the concepts of basic properties and principles behind the flight
- To learn the basics of different structures & construction
- To learn the various types of power plants used in aircrafts

UNIT I HISTORY OF FLIGHT

Balloon flight-ornithopter-Early Airplanes by Wright Brothers, biplanes and monoplanes, Developments in aerodynamics, materials, structures and propulsion over the years.

UNIT II AIRCRAFT CONFIGURATIONS AND ITS CONTROLS

Different types of flight vehicles, classifications-Components of an airplane and their functions-Conventional control, powered control- Basic instruments for flying-Typical systems for control actuation.

UNIT III BASICS OF AERODYNAMICS

Physical Properties and structures of the Atmosphere, Temperature, pressure and altitude relationships, Newton's Law of Motions applied to Aeronautics-Evolution of lift, drag and moment. Aerofoils, Mach number, Maneuvers.

UNIT IV BASICS OF AIRCRAFT STRUCTURES

General types of construction, Monocoque, semi-monocoque and geodesic constructions, typical wing and fuselage structure. Metallic and non-metallic materials. Use of Aluminium alloy, titanium, stainless steel and composite materials. Stresses and strains-Hooke's law- stress-strain diagrams-elastic constants-Factor of Safety.

UNIT V BASICS OF PROPULSION

Basic ideas about piston, turboprop and jet engines – use of propeller and jets for thrust production- Comparative merits, Principle of operation of rocket, types of rocket and typical applications, Exploration into space.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1:Illustrate the history of aircraft & developments over the years

CO2: Ability to identify the types & classifications of components and control systems

CO3:Explain the basic concepts of flight & Physical properties of Atmosphere

CO4: Identify the types of fuselage and constructions.

CO5:Distinguish the types of Engines and explain the principles of Rocket

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Anderson, J.D., Introduction to Flight, McGraw-Hill; 8th edition , 2015
- 2. E Rathakrishnan, "Introduction to Aerospace Engineering: Basic Principles of Flight", John Wiley, NJ, 2021
- **3.** Stephen.A. Brandt, Introduction to aeronautics: A design perspective, 2nd edition, AIAA Education Series, 2004.

REFERENCE

- SADHU SINGH, "INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES AND GAS TURBINE"-, SS Kataraia & sons, 2015
- 2. KERMODE , "FLIGHT WITHOUT FORMULAE", -, Pitman; 4th Revised edition 1989

OGI351

REMOTE SENSING CONCEPTS

L T P C 3 0 0 3

9

9

9

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the concepts of remote sensing processes and its components.
- To expose the various remote sensing platforms and sensors and to introduce the elements of data interpretation

UNIT I REMOTE SENSING AND ELECTROMAGNETIC RADIATION

Definition – components of RS – History of Remote Sensing – Merits and demerits of data collation between conventional and remote sensing methods - Electromagnetic Spectrum – Radiation principles - Wave theory, Planck's law, Wien's Displacement Law, Stefan's Boltzmann law, Kirchoff's law – Radiation sources: active & passive - Radiation Quantities

UNIT II EMR INTERACTION WITH ATMOSPHERE AND EARTH MATERIAL

Standard atmospheric profile – main atmospheric regions and its characteristics – interaction of radiation with atmosphere – Scattering, absorption and refraction – Atmospheric windows - Energy balance equation – Specular and diffuse reflectors – Spectral reflectance & emittance – Spectroradiometer – Spectral Signature concepts – Typical spectral reflectance curves for vegetation, soil and water – solid surface scattering in microwave region.

UNIT III ORBITS AND PLATFORMS

Motions of planets and satellites – Newton's law of gravitation - Gravitational field and potential -Escape velocity - Kepler's law of planetary motion - Orbit elements and types – Orbital perturbations and maneuvers – Types of remote sensing platforms - Ground based, Airborne platforms and Space borne platforms – Classification of satellites – Sun synchronous and Geosynchronous satellites – Lagrange Orbit.

UNIT IV SENSING TECHNIQUES

Classification of remote sensors – Resolution concept : spatial, spectral, radiometric and temporal resolutions - Scanners - Along and across track scanners – Optical-infrared sensors – Thermal sensors – microwave sensors – Calibration of sensors - High Resolution Sensors - LIDAR, UAV – Orbital and sensor characteristics of live Indian earth observation satellites

UNIT V DATA PRODUCTS AND INTERPRETATION

Photographic and digital products – Types, levels and open source satellite data products –selection and procurement of data– Visual interpretation: basic elements and interpretation keys -Digital interpretation – Concepts of Image rectification, Image enhancement and Image classification

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, the student is expected to

- CO 1 Understand the concepts and laws related to remote sensing
- **CO 2** Understand the interaction of electromagnetic radiation with atmosphere and earth material
- CO 3 Acquire knowledge about satellite orbits and different types of satellites
- **CO 4** Understand the different types of remote sensors
- **CO 5** Gain knowledge about the concepts of interpretation of satellite imagery

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. Thomas M.Lillesand, Ralph W. Kiefer and Jonathan W. Chipman, Remote Sensing and Image interpretation, John Wiley and Sons, Inc, New York, 2015.
- 2. George Joseph and C Jeganathan, Fundamentals of Remote Sensing, Third Edition Universities Press (India) Private limited, Hyderabad, 2018

REFERENCES:

- 1. Janza, F.Z., Blue H.M. and Johnson, J.E. Manual of Remote Sensing. Vol.1, American Society of Photogrametry, Virginia, USA, 2002.
- 2. Verbyla, David, Satellite Remote Sensing of Natural Resources. CRC Press, 1995
- 3. Paul Curran P.J. Principles of Remote Sensing. Longman, RLBS, 1988.
- 4. Introduction to Physics and Techniques of Remote Sensing , Charles Elachi and Jacob Van Zyl, 2006 Edition II, Wiley Publication.
- 5. Basudeb Bhatta, Remote Sensing and GIS, Oxford University Press, 2011

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

	FROOKESS INKOUG		Cours	se Out	come		
PO	Graduate Attribute	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Average
PO1	Engineering Knowledge	3	3	3	3	3	3
PO2	Problem Analysis				3	3	3
PO3	Design/Development of Solutions				3	3	3
PO4	Conduct Investigations of Complex				3	3	3
	Problems				5	5	
PO5	Modern Tool Usage				3	3	3
PO6	The Engineer and Society						
PO 7	Environment and Sustainability						
PO 8	Ethics						
PO 9	Individual and Team Work						

9

9

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

PO 10	Communication						
PO 11	Project Management and Finance						
PO 12	Life-long Learning	3		3	3	3	3
PSO 1	Knowledge of Geoinformatics discipline	3	3	3	3	3	3
PSO 2	Critical analysis of Geoinformatics Engineering problems and innovations	3	3	3	3	3	3
PSO 3	Conceptualization and evaluation of Design solutions	3	3	3	3	3	3

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

OAI351

URBAN AGRICULTURE

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the students the principles of agricultural crop production and the production practices of crops in modern ways.
- To delineate the role of agricultural engineers in relation to various crop production practices.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Benefits of urban agriculture- economic benefits, environmental benefits, social and cultural benefits, educational, skill-building and job training benefits, health, nutrition and food accessibility benefits.

UNIT II VERTICAL FARMING

Vertical farming- types, green facade, living/green wall-modular green wall, vegetated mat wall-Structures and components for green wall system: plant selection, growing media, irrigation and plant nutrition: Design, light, benefits of vertical gardening. Roof garden and its types. Kitchen garden, hanging baskets: The house plants/ indoor plants

UNIT III SOIL LESS CULTIVATION

Hydroponics, aeroponics, aquaponics: merits and limitations, costs and Challenges, backyard gardens- tactical gardens- street landscaping- forest gardening, greenhouses, urban beekeeping

UNIT IV MODERN CONCEPTS

Growth of plants in vertical pipes in terraces and inside buildings, micro irrigation concepts suitable for roof top gardening, rain hose system, Green house, polyhouse and shade net system of crop production on roof tops

UNIT V WASTE MANAGEMENT

Concept, scope and maintenance of waste management- recycle of organic waste, garden wastessolid waste management-scope, microbiology of waste, other ingredients like insecticide, pesticides and fungicides residues, waste utilization.

COURSE OUTCOMES

CO1:Demonstrate the principles behind crop production and various parameters that influences the crop growth on roof tops

244

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

9

9

9

9

CO2:Explain different methods of crop production on roof tops
 CO3:Explain nutrient and pest management for crop production on roof tops
 CO4:Illustrate crop water requirement and irrigation water management on roof tops
 CO5:Explain the concept of waste management on roof tops

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Martellozzo F and J S Landry. 2020. Urban Agriculture. Scitus Academics Llc.
- 2. Rob Roggema. 2016. Sustainable Urban Agriculture and Food Planning. Routledge Taylor and Francis Group.
- 3. Akrong M O. 2012. Urban Agriculture. LAP Lambert Academic Publishing.

REFERENCES:

1. Agha Rokh A. 2008. Evaluation of ornamental flowers and fishes breeding in Bushehr urban wastewater using a pilot-scale aquaponic system. Water and Wastewater, 19 (65): 47–53.

2. Agrawal M, Singh B, Rajput M, Marshall F and Bell J. N. B. 2003. Effect of air pollution on periurban agriculture: A case study. Environmental Pollution, 126 (3): 323–329. <u>https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0269749103002458#aep-section-id24.</u>

3. Jac Smit and Joe Nasr. 1992. Urban agriculture for sustainable cities: using wastes and idle land and water bodies as resources. Environment and Urbanization, 4 (2):141-152.

PO/PSO		CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Overall correlation of COs with POs
PO1	Engineering Knowledge	1	2	1	1	2	1
PO2	Problem Analysis	1	1	1	1	1	2
PO3	Design/ Development of Solutions	1	2	1	1	3	2
PO4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems	1	1	2	2	1	1
PO5	Modern Tool Usage	1	2	1	1	1	2
PO6	The Engineer and Society	1	2	1	2	1	1
PO7	Environment and sustainability	1	2	1	1	2	1
PO8	Ethics	2	1	1	1	2	1
PO9	Individual and team work:	1	1	2	1	1	1
PO10	Communication	1	2	1	1	2	1
PO11	Project management and finance	1	1	1	1	1	2
PO12	Life-long learning:	1	2	1	1	3	2
PSO1	To make expertise in design and engineering problem solving approach in agriculture with proper knowledge and skill	1	2	1	1	2	1
PSO2	To enhance students ability to formulate solutions to real-world problems pertaining to sustained agricultural productivity using modern technologies.	2	1	2	1	1	1

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

PSO3	To inculcate entrepreneurial skills						
	through strong Industry-Institution	1	2	1	2	1	2
	linkage.						

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

OEN351 DRINKING WATER SUPPLY AND TREATMENT L T P C

3 0 0 3

9

9

9

9

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

• To equip the students with the principles and design of water treatment units and distribution system.

UNIT I SOURCES OF WATER

Public water supply system – Planning, Objectives, Design period, Population forecasting; Water demand – Sources of water and their characteristics, Surface and Groundwater – Impounding Reservoir – Development and selection of source – Source Water quality – Characterization – Significance – Drinking Water quality standards.

UNIT II CONVEYANCE FROM THE SOURCE

Water supply – intake structures – Functions; Pipes and conduits for water – Pipe materials – Hydraulics of flow in pipes – Transmission main design – Laying, jointing and testing of pipes – appurtenances – Types and capacity of pumps – Selection of pumps and pipe materials.

UNIT III WATER TREATMENT

Objectives – Unit operations and processes – Principles, functions, and design of water treatment plant units, aerators of flash mixers, Coagulation and flocculation – sand filters - Disinfection – Construction, Operation and Maintenance aspects.

UNIT IV ADVANCED WATER TREATMENT

Water softening – Desalination- R.O. Plant – demineralization – Adsorption - Ion exchange– Membrane Systems - Iron and Manganese removal - Defluoridation - Construction and Operation and Maintenance aspects

UNIT V WATER DISTRIBUTION AND SUPPLY

Requirements of water distribution – Components – Selection of pipe material – Service reservoirs -Functions – Network design – Economics - Computer applications – Appurtenances – Leak detection - Principles of design of water supply in buildings – House service connection – Fixtures and fittings, systems of plumbing and types of plumbing.

COURSE OUTCOMES

CO1: an understanding of water quality criteria and standards, and their relation to public health

CO2: the ability to design the water conveyance system

CO3: the knowledge in various unit operations and processes in water treatmentCO4: an ability to understand the various systems for advanced water treatmentCO5: an insight into the structure of drinking water distribution system

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. Garg. S.K., "Water Supply Engineering", Khanna Publishers, Delhi, September 2008.
- 2. Punmia B.C, Arun K.Jain, Ashok K.Jain, "Water supply Engineering" Lakshmi publication private limited, New Delhi, 2016.
- 3. Rangwala "Water Supply and Sanitary Engineering", February 2022
- 4. Birdie.G.S., "Water Supply and Sanitary Engineering", Dhanpat Rai and sons, 2018.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Fair. G.M., Geyer.J.C., "Water Supply and Wastewater Disposal", John Wiley and Sons, 1954.
- 2. Babbit.H.E, and Donald.J.J, "Water Supply Engineering", McGraw Hill book Co, 1984.
- 3. Steel. E.W.et al., "Water Supply Engineering", Mc Graw Hill International book Co, 1984.
- 4. Duggal. K.N., "Elements of public Health Engineering", S.Chand and Company Ltd, New Delhi, 1998.

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

	PO's												PSO's	\$	
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1		3						3		3			3		
2		3		2		2				3			3		
3				2		2				3			3		
4			3	2				3	2	3			3		
5			3	2	102		1		2	3	11	1			
Avg.		3	3	2		2	1	3	2	3		1	3		

1.low, 2-medium, 3-high, '-"- no correlation

Note: The average value of this course to be used for program articulation matrix.

OEE352

ELECTRIC VEHICLE TECHNOLOGY

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To provide knowledge about electric machines and special machine
- To understand the basics of power converters
- To know the concepts of controlling DC and AC drive systems
- To understand the architecture and power train components.
- To impart knowledge on vehicle control for standard drive cycles of hybrid electrical vehicles (HEVs)

UNIT I ROTATING POWER CONVERTERS

LT PC 3 0 0 3 Magnetic circuits- DC machine and AC machine –Working principle of Generator and Motor-DC and AC - Voltage and torque equations – Characteristics and applications. Working principle of special machines like: Brushless DC motor, Switched reluctance motor and PMSM.

UNIT II STATIC POWER CONVERTERS

Working and Characteristics of Power Diodes, MOSFET and IGBT. Working of uncontrolled rectifiers, controlled rectifiers (Single phase and Three phase), DC choppers, single and three phase inverters, Multilevel inverters and Matrix Converters.

UNIT III CONTROL OF DC AND AC MOTOR DRIVES

Speed control for constant torque, constant HP operation of all electric motors - DC/DC chopper based four quadrant operation of DC motor drives, inverter based V/f Operation (motoring and braking) of induction motor drives, Transformation theory, vector control operation of Induction motor and PMSM, Brushless DC motor drives, Switched reluctance motor (SRM) drives

UNIT IV HYBRID ELECTRIC VEHICLE ARCHITECTURE AND POWER TRAIN COMPONENTS

History of evolution of Electric Vehicles - Comparison of Electric Vehicles with Internal Combustion Engines - Architecture of Electric Vehicles (EV) and Hybrid Electric Vehicles (HEV) – Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicles (PHEV)- Power train components and sizing, Gears, Clutches, Transmission and Brakes.

UNIT V MECHANICS OF HYBRID ELECTRIC VEHICLES AND CONTROL OF VEHICLES 9

Fundamentals of vehicle mechanics - tractive force, power and energy requirements for standard drive cycles of HEV's - motor torque and power rating and battery capacity. HEV supervisory control - Selection of modes - power spilt mode - parallel mode - engine brake mode - regeneration mode - series parallel mode

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Able to understand the principles of conventional and special electrical machines.

CO2: Acquired the concepts of power devices and power converters

CO3: Able to understand the control for DC and AC drive systems.

CO4: Learned the electric vehicle architecture and power train components.

CO5: Acquired the knowledge of mechanics of electric vehicles and control of electric vehicles.

	PO	PS	PS	PS											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	O1	O2	O3
CO1	3	2			3								3	3	3
CO2	3	2	2			3			3				3	3	3
CO3	3			3		2	2						3	3	3
CO4	3	2	2		3								3	3	3
CO5	3		2								2		3	3	3
Avg	3	2	2	3	3	1	2		3		2		3	3	3

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

248

9 ∋d

9

g

REFERENCES:

- 1 Stephen D. Umans, "Fitzgerald & Kingsley's Electric Machinery", Tata McGraw Hill, 7th Edition, 2020.
- 2 Bogdan M. Wilamowski, J. David Irwin, The Industrial Electronics Handbook, Second Edition, Power Electronics and Motor Drives, CRC Press, 2011
- 3 Paul C. Krause, Oleg Wasynczuk, Scott D. Sudhoff, Steven D. Pekarek "Analysis of Electric Machinery and Drive Systems", 3rd Edition, Wiley-IEEE Press, 2013.
- 4 Rashid M.H., "Power Electronics Circuits, Devices and Applications ", Pearson, fourth Edition, 10th Impression 2021.
- 5 Iqbal Husain, 'Electric and Hybrid Electric Vehicles', CRC Press, 2021.
- 6 Wei Liu, 'Hybrid Electric Vehicle System Modeling and Control', Second Edition, WILEY, 2017
- 7 James Larminie and John Lowry, 'Electric Vehicle Technology Explained', Second Edition, Wiley, 2012

INTRODUCTION TO PLC PROGRAMMING

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

OEI353

- Understand basic PLC terminologies digital principles, PLC architecture and operation.
- Familiarize different programming language of PLC.
- Develop PLC logic for simple applications using ladder logic.
- Understand the hardware and software behind PLC and SCADA.
- Exposures about communication architecture of PLC/SCADA.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO PLC

Introduction to PLC: Microprocessor, I/O Ports, Isolation, Filters, Drivers, Microcontrollers/DSP, PLC/DDC- PLC Construction: What is a PLC, PLC Memories, PLC I/O, , PLC Special I/O, PLC Types.

UNIT II PLC INSTRUCTIONS

PLC Basic Instructions: PLC Ladder Language- Function block Programming- Ladder/Function Block functions- PLC Basic Instructions, Basic Examples (Start Stop Rung, Entry/Reset Rung)-Configuration of Sensors, Switches, Solid State Relays-Interlock examples- Timers, Counters, Examples.

UNIT III PLC PROGRAMMING

Different types of PLC program, Basic Ladder logic, logic functions, PLC module addressing, registers basics, basic relay instructions, Latching Relays, arithmetic functions, comparison functions, data handling, data move functions, timer-counter instructions, input-output instructions, sequencer instructions

UNIT IV COMMUNICATION OF PLC AND SCADA

Communication Protocol – Modbus, HART, Profibus- Communication facilities SCADA: - Hardware and software, Remote terminal units, Master Station and Communication architectures

9

9

9

9

LT P C 3 0 0 3

UNIT V CASE STUDIES

Stepper Motor Control- Elevator Control-CNC Machine Control- conveyor control-Interlocking Problems

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

SKILL DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES (Group Seminar/Mini Project/Assignment/ContentPreparation / Quiz/ Surprise Test / Solving GATE questions/ etc)5

- 1. Market survey of the recent PLCs and comparison of their features.
- 2. Summarize the PLC standards

3. Familiarization of any one programming language (Ladder diagram/ Sequential Function Chart/ Function Block Diagram/ Equivalent open source software)

4. Market survey of Communication Network Used for PLC/SCADA.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1 Know the basic requirement of a PLC input/output devices and architecture. (L1)

CO2 Ability to apply Basics Instruction Sets used for ladder Logic and Function Block Programming.(L2)

CO3 Ability to design PLC Programmes by Applying Timer/Counter and Arithmetic and Logic Instructions Studied for Ladder Logic and Function Block.(L3)

CO4 Able to develop a PLC logic for a specific application on real world problem. (L5)

CO5 Ability to Understand the Concepts of Communication used for PLC/SCADA.(L1)

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Frank Petruzzula, Programmable Logic Controllers, Tata Mc-Graw Hill Edition

2. John W. Webb, Ronald A. Reis, Programmable Logic Controllers Principles and Applications, PHI publication

REFERENCES:

1. MadhuchanndMitra and SamerjitSengupta, Programmable Logic Controllers Industrial Automation an Introduction, Penram International Publishing Pvt. Ltd.

2. J. R. Hackworth and F. D. Hackworth, Programmable Logic Controllers Principles and Applications, Pearson publication

List of Open Source Software/ Learning website:

1. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108105063</u>

2. https://www.electrical4u.com/industrial-automation/

3. <u>https://www.etf.ues.rs.ba/~slubura/Procesni%20racunari/Programmable%20Logic%2</u>

0Controllers%20Programming%20Methods.pdf

4. <u>https://www.electrical4u.com/industrial-automation/</u>

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

PO, PSO CO	PO 01	PO 02	PO 03	PO 04	PO 05	PO 06	PO 07	PO 08	PO 09	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1	3	2	1					1		1					
CO2	3	3	2					1		1	2				2
CO3	3	3	3	3	1			1		1					
CO4	3	3		3	3			1		1			3	3	

CO5	3	3	3	2	1		1	1		3	3	3
Avg	3	2.9	2.25	2.6	1.6		1	1		3	3	2.9

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

OCH351

NANO TECHNOLOGY

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

General definition and size effects-important nano structured materials and nano particlesimportance of nano materials- Size effect on thermal, electrical, electronic, mechanical, optical and magnetic properties of nanomaterials- surface area - band gap energy and applications. Photochemistry and Electrochemistry of nanomaterials –lonic properties of nanomaterials- Nano catalysis.

UNIT II SYNTHESIS OF NANOMATERIALS

Bottom up and Top-down approach for obtaining nano materials - Precipitation methods – sol gel technique – high energy ball milling, CVD and PVD methods, gas phase condensation, magnetron sputtering and laser deposition methods – laser ablation, sputtering.

UNIT III NANO COMPOSITES

Definition- importance of nanocomposites- nano composite materials-classification of compositesmetal/metal oxides, metal-polymer- thermoplastic based, thermoset based and elastomer basedinfluence of size, shape and role of interface in composites applications.

UNIT IV NANO STRUCTURES AND CHARACTERIZATION TECHNIQUES

Classifications of nanomaterials - Zero dimensional, one-dimensional and two-dimensional nanostructures- Kinetics in nanostructured materials- multilayer thin films and superlattice-clusters of metals, semiconductors and nanocomposites. Spectroscopic techniques, Diffraction methods, thermal analysis method, BET analysis method.

UNIT V APPLICATIONS OF NANO MATERIALS

Overview of nanomaterials properties and their applications, nano painting, nano coating, nanomaterials for renewable energy, Molecular Electronics and Nanoelectronics – Nanobots-Biological Applications. Emerging technologies for environmental applications- Practice of nanoparticles for environmental remediation and water treatment.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- **CO1** understand the basic properties such as structural, physical, chemical properties of nanomaterials and their applications.
- CO2 able to acquire knowledge about the different types of nano material synthesis
- CO3 describes about the shape, size,structure of composite nano materials and their interference
- **CO4** understand the different characterization techniques for nanomaterials
- **CO5** develop a deeper knowledge in the application of nanomaterials in different fields.

3003 8

LTPC

9

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

8 ae

10

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Mick Wilson, Kamali Kannangara,Geoff Smith, Michelle Simmom, Burkhard Raguse, " Nano Technology: Basic Science & Engineering Technology", 2005, Overseas Press
- 2. G. Cao, "Nanostructures & Nanomaterials: Synthesis, Properties & Applications" Imperial College Press, 2004
- 3.William A Goddard "Handbook of Nanoscience, Engineering and Technology", 3rd Edition, CRC Taylor and Francis group 2012.

REFERENCES

- 1. R.H.J.Hannink & A.J.Hill, Nanostructure Control, Wood Head Publishing Ltd., Cambridge, 2006.
- 2. C.N.R.Rao, A.Muller, A.K.Cheetham, The Chemistry of Nanomaterials: Synthesis, Properties and Applications Vol. I & II, 2nd edition, 2005, Wiley VCH Verlag Gibtl & Co
- 3. Ivor Brodie and Julius J.Muray,'The physics of Micro/Nano Fabrication',Springer International Edition,2010

Course				57			Pre	ogra	m O	utco	me					
Outcomes	Statement	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PS	PS	PS
Outcomes	10000	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	02	O 3
CO1	understand the basic properties such as structural, physical, chemical properties of nanomaterials and their applications	2	3	2	3	3	-			1	1	-	3	1	1	3
CO2	acquire knowledge about the different types of nano material synthesis	2	3	1	3	3		7	•	1	1	-	3	2	1	3
CO3	describes about the shape, size,structure of composite nano materials and their interference	2	2	2	3	3	1	1	-	1	1	-	3	2	1	3
CO4	understand the different characterization techniques for nanomaterials	2	2	1	3	3	1	1	1	1	-	1	3	1	1	3
CO5	develop a deeper knowledge in the application of nanomaterials in different fields		2	1	3	3	1	1	1	1	-	1	3	2	1	3
	Overall CO	3	2	2	1	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	2	1

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

OCH352

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

The course emphasis on the molecular safe assembly and materials for polymer electronics

FUNCTIONAL MATERIALS

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Historical Perspectives, Lessons from the Nature, Engineering the Functions, Tuning the functions, Multiscale Modeling and Computation, Classification of Functional Materials, Functional Diversity of Materials, Hybrid Materials, Technological Relevance, Societal Impact.

UNIT II MOLECULAR SELF ASSEMBLY

Molecular Organization, Self-Assembly in Biology, Energetics of Self-Organization, A Few Case Studies, Synthetic Protocols and Challenges, Solvent-assisted Self-Assembly, Directed Assembly-Langmuir-Blodgett and Langmuir-Schaefer techniques, Technological Applications of SAMs.

BIO-INSPIRED MATERIALS UNIT III

Bio-inspired materials, Classification, Biomimicry, Spider Silk, Lotus Leaf, Gecko feet, Synovial fluid, 'Bionics'-Bio-inspired Information Technologies, Artificial Sensory Organs, Biomineralization-En route to Nanotechnology.

UNIT IV SMART OR INTELLIGENT MATERIALS

Criteria for Smartness, Significance of Smart Materials, Representative Examples like Smart Gels and Polymers, Electro/Magneto Rheological Fluids, Smart Electroceramics, Technical Limitations and Challenges, Functional Nanocomposites, Polymer-carbon nanotube composities.

UNIT V MATERIALS FOR POLYMER ELECTRONICS

Polymers for Electronics, Organic Light Emitting Diodes, Working Principle of OLEDs, Illustrated Examples, Organic Field-Effect Transistors Operating Principle, Design Considerations, Polymer FETs vs Inorganic FETs, Liquid Crystal Displays, Engineering Aspects of Flat Panel Displays, Intelligent Polymers for Data Storage, Polymer-based Data Storage-Principle, Magnetic Vs. Polymer-based Data Storage.

COURSE OUTCOME:

Students will be able to differentiate among various functional properties and select • appropriate material for certain functional applications, analyze the nature and potential of functional material.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Vijayamohanan K. Pillai and MeeraParthasarathy, "Functional Materials: A chemist's perpective", Universities Press Hyderabad (2012).

REFERENCE:

1. Stephen Manne "Biomimetic Materials Chemistry" Wiley-VCH Newyork, 1966.

OFD352

TRADITIONAL INDIAN FOODS

253

9

9

LTPC 3003

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

9

9

9

LTPC

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

• To help students acquire a sound knowledge on diversities of foods, food habits and patterns in India with focus on traditional foods.

UNIT I HISTORICAL AND CULTURAL PERSPECTIVES

Food production and accessibility - subsistence foraging, horticulture, agriculture and pastoralization, origin of agriculture, earliest crops grown. Food as source of physical sustenance, food as religious and cultural symbols; importance of food in understanding human culture variability, diversity, from basic ingredients to food preparation; impact of customs and traditions on food habits, heterogeneity within cultures (social groups) and specific social contexts - festive occasions, specific religious festivals, mourning etc. Kosher, Halal foods; foods for religious and other fasts.

UNIT II TRADITIONAL METHODS OF FOOD PROCESSING

Traditional methods of milling grains - rice, wheat and corn - equipments and processes as compared to modern methods. Equipments and processes for edible oil extraction, paneer, butter and ghee manufacture - comparison of traditional and modern methods. Energy costs, efficiency, yield, shelf life and nutrient content comparisons. Traditional methods of food preservation sundrying, osmotic drying, brining, pickling and smoking.

TRADITIONAL FOOD PATTERNS UNIT III

Typical breakfast, meal and snack foods of different regions of India.Regional foods that have gone Pan Indian / Global. Popular regional foods; Traditional fermented foods, pickles and preserves, beverages, snacks, desserts and sweets, street foods; IPR issues in traditional foods

UNIT IV COMMERCIAL PRODUCTION OF TRADITIONAL FOODS

Commercial production of traditional breads, snacks, ready-to-eat foods and instant mixes, frozen foods - types marketed, turnover; role of SHGs, SMES industries, national and multinational companies; commercial production and packaging of traditional beverages such as tender coconut water, neera, lassi, buttermilk, dahi. Commercial production of intermediate foods - ginger and garlic pastes, tamarind pastes, masalas (spice mixes), idli and dosa batters.

UNIT V HEALTH ASPECTS OF TRADIONAL FOODS

Comparison of traditional foods with typical fast foods / junk foods - cost, food safety, nutrient composition, bioactive components; energy and environmental costs of traditional foods; traditional foods used for specific ailments /illnesses.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1To understand the historical and traditional perspective of foods and food habits CO2 To understand the wide diversity and common features of traditional Indian foods and meal patterns.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Sen, Colleen Taylor "Food Culture in India" Greenwood Press, 2005.

2. Davidar, Ruth N. "Indian Food Science: A Health and Nutrition Guide to Traditional Recipes: East West Books, 2001.

9

9

9

9

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

INTRODUCTION TO FOOD PROCESSING LTPC **OFD353**

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

• The course aims to introduce the students to the area of Food Processing. This is necessary for effective understanding of a detailed study of food processing and technology subjects. This course will enable students to appreciate the importance of food processing with respect to the producer, manufacturer and consumer.

PROCESSING OF FOOD AND ITS IMPORTANCE UNIT I

Source of food - plant, animal and microbial origin; different foods and groups of foods as raw materials for processing - cereals, pulses, grains, vegetables and fruits, milk and animal foods, sea weeds, algae, oil seeds & fats, sugars, tea, coffee, cocoa, spices and condiments, additives; need and significance of processing these foods.

UNIT II METHODS OF FOOD HANDLING AND STORAGE

Nature of harvested crop, plant and animal; storage of raw materials and products using low temperature, refrigerated gas storage of foods, gas packed refrigerated foods, sub atmospheric storage, Gas atmospheric storage of meat, grains, seeds and flour, roots and tubers; freezing of raw and processed foods.

LARGE-SCALE FOOD PROCESSING UNIT III

Milling of grains and pulses; edible oil extraction; Pasteurisation of milk and yoghurt; canning and bottling of foods; drying - Traditional and modern methods of drying, Dehydration of fruits, vegetables, milk, animal products etc; preservation by use of acid, sugar and salt; Pickling and curing with microorganisms, use of salt, and microbial fermentation; frying, baking, extrusion cooking, snack foods.

UNIT IV FOOD WASTES IN VARIOUS PROCESSES

Waste disposal-solid and liquid waste; rodent and insect control; use of pesticides; ETP; selecting and installing necessary equipment.

FOOD HYGIENE UNIT V

Food related hazards - Biological hazards - physical hazards - microbiological considerations in foods. Food adulteration – definition, common food adulterants, contamination with toxic metals, pesticides and insecticides; Safety in food procurement, storage handling and preparation; Relationship of microbes to sanitation, Public health hazards due to contaminated water and food; Personnel hygiene; Training& Education for safe methods of handling and processing food; sterilization and disinfection of manufacturing plant; use of sanitizers, detergents, heat, chemicals, Cleaning of equipment and premises.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course the students are expected to **CO1** Be aware of the different methods applied to processing foods. **TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**

12

9

9

3 0 0 3

9

CO2 Be able to understand the significance of food processing and the role of foodand beverage industries in the supply of foods.

TEXT BOOKS/REFERENCES:

1. Karnal, Marcus and D.B. Lund "Physical Principles of Food Preservation". Rutledge, 2003.

2. VanGarde, S.J. and Woodburn. M "Food Preservation and Safety Principles and Practice".Surbhi Publications, 2001.

3. Sivasankar, B. "Food Processing & Preservation", Prentice Hall of India, 2002.

4. Khetarpaul, Neelam, "Food Processing and Preservation", Daya Publications, 2005.

OPY352 IPR FOR PHARMA INDUSTRY L T P C

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To provide the basic fundamental knowledge of different forms of Intellectual Property Rights in national and international level.
- To provide the significance of the Intellectual Property Rights about the patents, copyrights, industrial design, plant and geographical indications.
- This paper is to study significance of the amended patent act on pharma industry.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION- INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS

Introduction, Types of Intellectual Property Rights -patents, plant varieties protection, geographical indicators, copyright, trademark, trade secrets.

UNIT II PATENTS

Patents-Objective, Introduction, Requirement for patenting- Novelty, Inventive step (Nonobviousness) and industrial application (utility), Non-patentable inventions, rights of patent owner, assignment of patent rights, patent specification (provisional and complete), parts of complete specification, claims, procedure for obtaining patents, compulsory license.

UNIT III PLANT VARIETY-TRADITIONAL KNOWLEDGE –GEOGRAPHICAL INDICATIONS 9

Plant variety- Justification, criteria for protection of plant variety and protection in India. Traditional knowledge- Concept of traditional knowledge, protection of traditional knowledge under Intellectual Property frame works in national level and Traditional knowledge digital library (TKDL). Geographical Indications – Justification for protection, National and International position.

UNIT IV ENFORCEMENT AND PRACTICAL ASPECTS OF IPR

Introduction – civil remedies – injunction, damage, account of profit – criminal remedies – patent, trademark. Practical aspects – Introduction, benefits of licensing, licensing of basic types of IPR, licensing clauses of IPR. Case studies of patent infringement, compulsory licensing, simple patent license agreements.

UNIT V INTERNATIONAL BACKGROUND OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

International Background of Intellectual Property- Paris Convention, Berne convention, World Trade Organization (WTO), World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO), Trade Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights (TRIPS) and Patent Co-operation Treaty (PCT).

Page 300 of 437

9

9

3 0 0 3

9

q

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. N. Nagpal, M. Arora, M.R.D. Usman, S. Rahar, "Intellectual Property Rights" Edu creation Publishing, New Delhi, 2017.
- 2. The Patents Act, 1970 (Bare Act with Short Notes) (New Delhi: Universal Law Publishing Company Pvt. Ltd. 2012.
- 3. B.S. Rao, P.V. Appaji, "Intellectual Property Rights in Pharmaceutical Industry: Theory and Practice", 2015.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Patents for Chemicals, Pharmaceuticals, & Biotechnology-Fundamentals of Global Law, Practice and Strategy. Philip W. Grubb, Oxford University Press, 2004.
- 2. Basic Principles of patent law Basics principles and acquisition of IPR. Ramakrishna T. CIPRA, NLSIU, Bangalore, 2005
- 3. S. Lakshmana Prabu, TNK. Suriyaprakash, "Intellectual Property Rights", 1st ed., In Tech open access, Croatia, 2017.

COURSE OUTCOME

The student will be able to

- C1 Understand and differentiate the categories of intellectual property rights.
- C2 Describe about patents and procedure for obtaining patents.
- C3 Distinguish plant variety, traditional knowledge and geographical indications under IPR.

C4 Provide the information about the different enforcements and practical aspects involved in protection of IPR.

C5 Provide different organizations role and responsibilities in the protection of IPR in the international level.

C6 Understand the interrelationships between different Intellectual Property Rights on International Society

CO's-PC	D's & P	SO's M	APPIN	IG			-			- A.	100				
			-	IPR F	OR PH	ARMA	INDUS	TRY		10					
	PO1 PO2 PO PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO8 PO9 PO1 PO11														
	3 0														
C1	C1 3 3 2 2 2														
C2		3	3	1266	THE		2	2	V 1 E	1CF					
C3	3	3				1001	2	2		100		1			
C4					2		3	3		2	2				
C5		3					3			2		1			
C6	3	2				2	2					2			
1 - Jow 2) - modi		hiah	(ii no	corrola	1.00									

1 - Iow, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation OTT351 BASICS OF TEXTILE FINISHING

LT PC 3 00 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

• To enable the students to understand the basics and different types of finishes required for textile materials and machines used for finishing.

UNIT I RESIN FINISHING

Importance of finishing and its classification. Resin finishing: Mechanism of creasing, Types of Resins .Anti crease, wash and wear, durable press resin finishing. Study about eco friendly method of anti crease finishing.

UNIT II FLAME PROOF & WATERPROOF

Concept of Flame proof & flame retardancy. Flame retardant finishes for cotton, Concept of waterproof and water repellent Finishes, Durable & Semi durable and Temporary finishes, Concept of Antimicrobial finish.

UNIT III SOIL RELEASE AND ANTISTATIC FINISHES

Soil Release Finishing: Mechanism of soil retention & soil release. Anti pilling Finishing: chemical and mechanical methods to produce anti pilling. Concept of UV Protection finishes- Concept of antistatic finishes.

UNIT IV MECHANICAL FINISHES

Mechanical finishing of textile materials - calendaring, compacting, Sanforising, Peach finishing. Object of Heat setting. Various methods of heat setting and mechanism of heat setting.

UNIT V STIFFENING AND SOFTENING

Concept of stiffening and softening of textile materials. Mechanism in the weight reduction of PET .Concept of Micro encapsulation techniques in finishing process, Nano finish, Plasma Treatment and Bio finishing.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to Understand the

CO: 1 Basics of Resin Finishing Process.

CO: 2 Concept of Flame proof & flame retardancy, waterproof and water repellent, Antimicrobial finishes.

CO: 3 Concept of Soil Release, Anti Pilling, UV Protection and Antistatic finishes.

CO: 4 Concept of Mechanical finishing.

CO: 5 Basics of Micro encapsulation techniques, Nano finish, Plasma Treatment.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. V.A.Shennai, "Technology of Finishing", Vol X, Sevak Publications, Mumbai
- 2. Perkins, W.S., "Textile colouration and finishing", Carolina Academic Press., U.K, ISBN: 0890898855.2004.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Microencapsulation in finishing, Review of progress of Colouration, SDC, 2001 62
- 2. Chakraborty, J.N, Fundamentals and Practices in colouration of Textiles, Woodhead Publishing India, 2009, ISBN-13:978-81-908001-4-3
- 3. W. D. Schindler and P. J. Hauser "Chemical finishing of textiles", Woodhead Publishing Cambridge England, 2004.

OTT352 INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERING FOR GARMENT INDUSTRY L T P C

3 0 0 3

9

9

9

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

• To enable the students to learn about basics of industrial engineering and different tools of industrial engineering and its application in apparel industry

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Scope of industrial engineering in apparel Industry, role of industrial engineers.

Productivity: Definition - Productivity, Productivity measures .Reduction of work content due to the product and process, Reduction of ineffective time due to the management, due to the worker. Causes for low productivity in apparel industry and measures for improvement.

UNIT II WORK STUDY

Definition, Purpose, Basic procedure and techniques of work-study.

Work environment – Lighting, Ventilation, Climatic condition on productivity. Temperature control, humidity control, noise control measures. Safety and ergonomics on work station and work environment

Material Handling – Objectives, Classification and characteristics of material handling equipments, Specialized material handling equipments.

UNIT III METHOD STUDY

Definition, Objectives, Procedure, Process charts and symbols. Various charts – Charts indicating process sequence: Outline process chart, flow process chart (man type, material type and equipment type); Charts using time scale – multiple activity chart. Diagrams indicating movement – flow diagram, string diagram, cycle graph, chrono cycle graph, travel chart **MOTION STUDY:** Principle of motion economy, Two handed process chart, micro motion analysis – therbligs, SIMO chart.

UNIT IV WORK MEASUREMENT

Definition, purpose, procedure, equipments, techniques. Time study - Definition, basics of time study- equipments. Time study forms, Stop watch procedure. Predetermined motion time standards (PMTS). Time Study rating, calculation of standard time, Performance rating – relaxation and other allowances. Calculation of SAM for different garments, GSD.

UNIT V WORK STUDY APPLICATION

Application of work study techniques in cutting, stitching and packing in garment industry. Workaids in sewing, Pitch diagram, Line balancing, Capacity planning, scientific method of training.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon the completion of the course the student shall be able to understand

CO1: Fundamental concepts of industrial Engineering and productivity

- CO2: Method study
- CO3: Motion analysis
- **CO4**: Work measurement and SAM

CO5: Ergonomics and its application to garment industry

TEXTBOOKS:

1. George Kanwaty, "Introduction to Work Study ", ILO, Geneva, 1996, ISBN: 9221071081 |ISBN-13: 9789221071082 9

9

9 V

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

9

- 2. Enrick N. L., "Time study manual for Textile industry", Wiley Eastern (P) Ltd., 1989, ISBN: 0898740444 | ISBN-13: 9780898740448
- **3.** Khanna O. P., and Sarup A., "Industrial Engineering and Management", Dhanpat Rai Publications, New Delhi, 2010, ISBN: 818992835X / ISBN: 978-8189928353

REFERENCES

- Norberd Lloyd Enrick., "Industrial Engineering Manual for Textile Industry", Wiley Eastern (P) Ltd., New Delhi, 1988, ISBN: 0882756311 | ISBN-13: 9780882756318
- 2. Chuter A. J., "Introduction to Clothing Production Management", Wiley-Black well Science, U.S. A., 1995, ISBN: 0632039396 | ISBN-13: 9780632039395
- 3. GordanaColovic., "Ergonomics in the garment industry", Wood publishing India Pvt. Ltd., India, 2014, ISBN: 0857098225 | ISBN-13: 9780857098221
- 4. Rajesh Bheda, "Managing Productivity in Apparel Industry "CBS Publishers & Distributors, 2008

Course		Prog	ram	Ou	tco	me		7								
Outcome	Statement	PO1	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PS	PS	PS
S			2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	O1	O 2	O3
CO1	Fundamental concepts of industrialEngineering and productivity	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	2	1	2	2	1	1	-
CO2	Method study	1	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	2	1	2	2	1	1	-
CO3	Motion analysis	1	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	2	1	2	2	1	1	-
CO4	Work measurement and SAM	1	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	2	1	3	2	1	1	-
CO5			2	3	3	2	1	2	2	2	1	3	2	1	1	-
	Overall CO	1.2	2	3	3	2	1	1.2	2	2	1	2.4	2	1	1	-

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

1, 2 and 3 are correlation levels with weightings as Slight (Low), Moderate (Medium) and Substantial (High) respectively

OTT353

BASICS OF TEXTILE MANUFACTURE

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

• To enable the students to learn about the basics of fibre forming, yarn production, fabric formation, coloration of fabrics and garment manufacturing

UNIT I NATURAL FIBRES

Introduction: Definition of staple fibre, filament; Classification of natural and man-made fibres, essential and desirable properties of fibres. Production and cultivation of Natural Fibers: Cultivation of cotton, production of silk (sericulture), wool and jute – physical and chemical structure of these fibres..

UNIT II REGENERATED AND SYNTHETIC FIBRES

9

L T P C 3 0 0 3 Production sequence of regenerated and modified cellulosic fibres: viscose rayon, Acetate Rayon, high wet modulus and high tenacity fibres; synthetic fibres – chemical structure, fibre forming polymers, production principles.

UNIT III BASICS OF SPINNING

Spinning – principle of yarn formation, sequence of machines for yarn production with short staple fibres and blends, principles of opening and cleaning machines; yarn numbering – calculations

UNIT IV BASICS OF WEAVING

Woven fabric – warp, weft, weaving, path of warp; looms – classification, handloom and its parts, powerloom, automatic looms, shuttleless looms, special type of looms; preparatory machines for weaving process and their objectives; basic weaving mechanism - primary, secondary and auxiliary mechanisms,

UNIT V BASICS OF KNITTING AND NONWOVEN

Knitting – classification, principle, types of fabrics; nonwoven process –classification, principle, types of fabrics.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

9

9

9

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of this course, the students shall have the basic knowledge on

CO1: Classification of fibres and production of natural fibres

CO2: Regenerated and synthetic fibres

CO3: Yarn spinning

CO4: Weaving

CO5: Knitting and nonwoven

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. Mishra S. P., "A Text Book of Fibre Science and Technology", New Age Publishers, 2000, ISBN: 8122412505
- 2. Marks R., and Robinson. T.C., "Principles of Weaving", The Textile Institute, Manchester, 1989, ISBN: 0 900739 258.
- 3. Spencer D.J., "Knitting Technology", III Ed., Textile Institute, Manchester, 2001, ISBN: 185573 333 1.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Hornberer M., Eberle H., Kilgus R., Ring W. and Hermeling H., "Clothing Technology: From Fibre to Fabric", Europa LehrmittelVerlag, 2008, ISBN: 3808562250 / ISBN: 978-3808562253.
- 2. Wynne A., "Motivate Series-Textiles", Maxmillan Publications, London, 1997.
- Carr H. and Latham B., "The Technology of Clothing Manufacture" Backwell Science, U.K., 1994, ISBN: 0632037482 / ISBN:13: 9780632037483.Klein W., "The Rieter Manual of Spinning, Vol.1", Rieter Machine Works Ltd., Winterthur, 2014, ISBN 10 3-9523173-1-4 / ISBN 13 978-3-9523173-1-0.
- 4. Klein W., "The Rieter Manual of Spinning, Vol.2", Rieter Machine Works Ltd., Winterthur, 2014, ISBN 10 3-9523173-2-2 / ISBN 13 978-3-9523173-2-7.
- 5. Klein W., "The Rieter Manual of Spinning, Vol.1-3", Rieter Machine Works Ltd., Winterthur, 2014, ISBN 10 3-9523173-3-0 / ISBN 13 978-3-9523173-3-4.
- 6. Talukdar. M.K., Sriramulu. P.K., and Ajgaonkar. D.B., "Weaving: Machines, Mechanisms, Management", Mahajan Publishers, Ahmedabad, 1998, ISBN: 81-85401-16-0.

7. Morton W. E., and Hearle J. W. S., "Physical Properties of Textile Fibres", The Textile Institute, Washington D.C., 2008, ISBN 978-1-84569-220-95

8. Gohl E. P. G., "Textile Science", CBS Publishers and distributors	s, 1987, ISBN 0582685958
--	--------------------------

Course	Statement	Pro	ograi	n Oı	utcom	ne										
Outcomes							PO	PS	PS	PS						
		PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	POt	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	02	O 3
CO1.	Classification of fibres and production of natural fibres	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	1	1	-	1	-
CO2.	Regenerated and synthetic fibres	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	1	1	-	1	-
CO3.	Yarn spinning	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	1	1	-	1	-
CO4.	Weaving	-	-	-	-	- 1	-	-	2	1	-	1	1	-	1	-
CO5.	Knitting and nonwoven		Ċ	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	1	1	-	1	-
Overall CO		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	1	1	-	1	-

Course Articulation Matrix:

1, 2 and 3 are correlation levels with weightings as Slight (Low), Moderate (Medium) and Substantial (High) respectively CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

OPE351 INTRODUCTION TO PETROLEUM REFINING AND PETROCHEMICALS

L T P C 3 0 0 3

9

9

9

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

• The course is aimed to

Gain knowledge about petroleum refining process and production of petrochemical products.

UNIT I ORIGIN, FORMATION AND REFINING OF CRUDE OIL

Origin, Formation and Evaluation of Crude Oil. Testing of Petroleum Products. Refining of Petroleum - Atmospheric and Vacuum Distillation.

UNIT II CRACKING

Cracking, Thermal Cracking, Vis-breaking, Catalytic Cracking (FCC), Hydro Cracking, Coking and Air Blowing of Bitumen

UNIT III REFORMING AND HYDROTREATING

Catalytic Reforming of Petroleum Feed Stocks. Lube oil processing- Solvent Treatment Processes, Dewaxing, Clay Treatment and Hydrofining. Treatment Techniques: Removal of Sulphur Compounds in all Petroleum Fractions to improve performance.

UNIT IV INTRODUCTION TO PETROCHEMICALS

Petrochemicals - Cracking of Naphtha and Feed stock gas for the production of Ethylene, Propylene, Isobutylene and Butadiene. Production of Acetylene from Methane, and Extraction of Aromatics.

UNIT V PRODUCTION OF PETROCHEMICALS

Production of Petrochemicals like Dimethyl Terephathalate(DMT), Ethylene Glycol, Synthetic glycerine, Linear Alkyl Benzene (LAB), Acrylonitrile, Methyl Methacrylate (MMA), Vinyl Acetate Monomer, Phthalic Anhydride, Maleic Anhydride, Phenol, Acetone, Methanol, Formaldehyde, Acetaldehyde, Pentaerythritol and production of Carbon Black.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On the completion of the course students are expected to

CO1: Understand the classification, composition and testing methods of crude petroleum and its products. Learn the mechanism of refining process.

CO2: Understand the insights of primary treatment processes to produce the precursors.

CO3: Study the secondary treatment processes cracking, vis-breaking and coking to produce more petroleum products.

CO4: Appreciate the need of treatment techniques for the removal of sulphur and other impurities from petroleum products.

CO5: Understand the societal impact of petrochemicals and learn their manufacturing processes.

CO6: Learn the importance of optimization of process parameters for the high yield of petroleum products.

TEXT BOOKS

 Nelson, W. L., "Petroleum Refinery Engineering", 4th Edition., McGraw Hill, New York, 1985.
 Wiseman. P., "Petrochemicals", UMIST Series in Science and Technology, John Wiley & Sons, 1986.

REFERENCES

1. Bhaskara Rao, B. K., "Modern Petroleum Refining Processes", 2nd Edition, Oxford and IBH Publishing Company, New Delhi, 1990.

2. Bhaskara Rao, B. K. "A Text on Petrochemicals", 1st Edition, Khanna Publishers

CPE334

ENERGY CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT

OBJECTIVES:

At the end of the course, the student is expected to

- understand and analyse the energy data of industries
- carryout energy accounting and balancing
- conduct energy audit and suggest methodologies for energy savings and
- utilise the available resources in optimal ways

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Energy - Power – Past & Present scenario of World; National Energy consumption Data – Environmental aspects associated with energy utilization – Energy Auditing: Need, Types, Methodology and Barriers. Role of Energy Managers. Instruments for energy auditing.

263

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

9

Г Р С 0 0 3

UNIT II ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

Components of EB billing – HT and LT supply, Transformers, Cable Sizing, Concept of Capacitors, Power Factor Improvement, Harmonics, Electric Motors - Motor Efficiency Computation, Energy Efficient Motors, Illumination – Lux, Lumens, Types of lighting, Efficacy, LED Lighting and scope of Encon in Illumination.

UNIT III THERMAL SYSTEMS

Stoichiometry, Boilers, Furnaces and Thermic Fluid Heaters – Efficiency computation and encon measures. Steam: Distribution &U sage: Steam Traps, Condensate Recovery, Flash Steam Utilization, Insulators & Refractories

UNIT IV ENERGY CONSERVATION IN MAJOR UTILITIES

Pumps, Fans, Blowers, Compressed Air Systems, Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Systems – Cooling Towers – D.G. sets

UNIT V ECONOMICS

Energy Economics – Discount Rate, Payback Period, Internal Rate of Return, Net Present Value, Life Cycle Costing –ESCO concept

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students can able to analyze the energy data of industries.

- **CO1:** Remember the knowledge for Basic combustion and furnace design and selection of thermal and mechanical energy equipment.
- **CO2**: Study the Importance of Stoichiometry relations, Theoretical air required for complete combustion.
- CO3: Skills on combustion thermodynamics and kinetics.
- CO4: Apply calculation and design tube still heaters.
- CO5: Studied different heat treatment furnace.
- CO6: Practical and theoretical knowledge burner design.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Energy Manager Training Manual (4 Volumes) available at www.energymanagertraining.com. a website administered by Bureau of Energy Efficiency (BEE), a statutory body under Ministry of Power, Government of India, 2004.

REFERENCES:

1. Witte. L.C., P.S. Schmidt, D.R. Brown, "Industrial Energy Management and Utilisation" Hemisphere Publ, Washington, 1988.

2. Callaghn, P.W. "Design and Management for Energy Conservation", Pergamon Press, Oxford, 1981.

- 3. Dryden. I.G.C., "The Efficient Use of Energy" Butterworths, London, 1982
- 4. Turner. W.C., "Energy Management Hand book", Wiley, New York, 1982.
- 5. Murphy. W.R. and G. Mc KAY, "Energy Management", Butterworths, London 1987

OPT351	BASICS OF PLASTICS PROCESSING	LTPC
		3 0 0 3

Page 308 of 437

9

9

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- Understand the fundamentals of plastics processing, such as the relationships between material structural properties and required processing parameters, and so on
- To gain practical knowledge on the polymer selection and its processing
- Understanding the major plastic material processing techniques (Extrusion, Injection molding, Compression and Transfer molding, Blow molding, Thermoforming and casting)
- To understand suitable additives for plastics compounding
- To Propose troubleshooting mechanisms for defects found in plastics products manufactured by various processing techniques

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO PLASTICS PROCESSING

Introduction to plastic processing – Principles of plastic processing: processing of plastics vs. metals and ceramics. Factors influencing the efficiency of plastics processing: molecular weight, viscosity and rheology. Difference in approach for thermoplastic and thermoset processing. Additives for plastics compounding and processing: antioxidants, light stabilizers, UV stabilizers, lubricants, impact modifiers, flame retardants, antistatic agents, stabilizers and plasticizers. Compounding techniques, plasticization, pelletization.

UNIT II EXTRUSION

Extrusion – Principles of extrusion. Features of extruder: barrel, screw, types of screws, drive mechanism, specifications, heating & cooling systems, types of extruders. Flow mechanism: process variables, die entry effects and exit instabilities. Die swell, Defects: melt fracture, shark skin, bambooing. Factors determining efficiency of an extruder. Extrusion of films: blown and cast films. Tube/pipe extrusion. Extrusion coating: wire & cable. Twin screw extruder and its applications. Applications of extrusion and new developments.

UNIT III INJECTION MOLDING

Injection molding – Principles and processing outline, machinery, accessories and functions, specifications, process variables, mould cycle. Types of clamping: hydraulic and toggle mechanisms. Start-up and shut down procedures-Cylinder nozzles- Press capacity projected area -Shot weight Basic theoretical concepts and their relationship to processing - Interaction of moulding process aspect effects in quoted variables. Basic mould types. Reciprocating vs. plunger type injection moulding. Thermoplastic vs. thermosetting injection moulding. Injection moulding vs. other plastic processing techniques. State-of-the art injection moulding techniques - Introduction to trouble shooting

UNIT IV COMPRESSION AND TRANSFER MOLDING

Compression moulding – Basic principles of compression and transfer moulding-Meaning of terms-Bulk factor and flow properties, moulding materials, process variables and process cycle, Inter relation between flow properties-Curing time-Mould temperature and Pressure requirements. Preforms and preheating- Techniques of preheating. Machines used-Types of compression mouldpositive, semi-positive and flash. Common moulding faults and their correction- Finishing of mouldings. Transfer moulding: working principle, equipment, Press capacity-Integral moulds and auxiliary ram moulds, moulding cycle, moulding tolerances, pot transfer, plunger transfer and screw transfer moulding techniques, advantages over compression moulding

UNIT V BLOW MOLDING, THERMOFORMING AND CASTING

9

9

9

9

Blow moulding: principles and terminologies. Injection blow moulding. Extrusion blow moulding. Design guidelines for optimum product performance and appearance. Thermoforming: principle, vacuum forming, pressure forming mechanical forming. Casting: working principle, types and applications.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

CO1:Ability to find out the correlation between various processing techniques with product properties.

CO2:Understand the major plastics processing techniques used in moulding (injection, blow, compression, and transfer), extrusion, thermoforming, and casting.

CO3:Acquire knowledge on additives for plastic compounding and methods employed for the same **CO4**:Familiarize with the machinery and ancillary equipment associated with various plastic processing techniques.

C05:Select an appropriate processing technique for the production of a plastic product

REFERENCES

1. S. S. Schwart, S. H. Goodman, Plastics Materials and Processes, Van Nostrad Reinhold Company Inc. (1982).

2. F. Hensen (Ed.), Plastic Extrusion Technology, Hanser Gardner (1997).

3. W. S. Allen and P. N. Baker, Hand Book of Plastic Technology, Volume-1, Plastic Processing Operations [Injection, Compression, Transfer, Blow Molding], CBS Publishers and Distributors (2004).

4. M. Chanda, S. K. Roy, Plastic Technology handbook, 4th Edn., CRC Press (2007).

5. I. I. Rubin, Injection Molding Theory & Practice, Society of Plastic Engineers, Wiley (1973).

6. D.V. Rosato, M. G. Rosato, Injection Molding Hand Book, Springer (2012).

7. M. L. Berins (Ed.), SPI Plastic Engineering Hand Book of Society of Plastic Industry Inc., Springer (2012).

8. B. Strong, Plastics: Material & Processing, A, Pearson Prentice hall (2005).

9. D.V Rosato, Blow Molding Hand Book, Carl HanserVerlag GmbH & Co (2003).

OEC351

SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES :

- To understand the basic properties of signal & systems
- To know the methods of characterization of LTI systems in time domain
- To analyze continuous time signals and system in the Fourier and Laplace domain
- To analyze discrete time signals and system in the Fourier and Z transform domain

UNIT I CLASSIFICATION OF SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS

Standard signals- Step, Ramp, Pulse, Impulse, Real and complex exponentials and Sinusoids_Classification of signals – Continuous time (CT) and Discrete Time (DT) signals, Periodic & Aperiodic signals, Deterministic & Random signals, Energy & Power signals - Classification of systems- CT systems and DT systems- – Linear & Nonlinear, Time-variant& Time-invariant, Causal & Non-causal, Stable & Unstable.

UNIT II ANALYSIS OF CONTINUOUS TIME SIGNALS

9

9

Fourier series for periodic signals - Fourier Transform – properties- Laplace Transforms and Properties

Page 311 of 437

UNIT III LINEAR TIME INVARIANT CONTINUOUS TIME SYSTEMS

Impulse response - convolution integrals- Differential Equation- Fourier and Laplace transforms in Analysis of CT systems - Systems connected in series / parallel.

UNIT IV ANALYSIS OF DISCRETE TIME SIGNALS

Baseband signal Sampling–Fourier Transform of discrete time signals (DTFT)– Properties of DTFT - Z Transform & Properties

UNIT V LINEAR TIME INVARIANT-DISCRETE TIME SYSTEMS

Impulse response–Difference equations-Convolution sum- Discrete Fourier Transform and Z Transform Analysis of Recursive & Non-Recursive systems-DT systems connected in series and parallel.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1:determine if a given system is linear/causal/stable

CO2: determine the frequency components present in a deterministic signal

CO3:characterize continuous LTI systems in the time domain and frequency domain

CO4: characterize discrete LTI systems in the time domain and frequency domain

CO5:compute the output of an LTI system in the time and frequency domains

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Oppenheim, Willsky and Hamid, "Signals and Systems", 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2015.(Units I - V)

2. <u>Simon Haykin</u>, <u>Barry Van Veen</u>, "Signals and Systems", 2nd Edition, Wiley, 2002

REFERENCES :

1. B. P. Lathi, "Principles of Linear Systems and Signals", 2nd Edition, Oxford, 2009.

2. M. J. Roberts, "Signals and Systems Analysis using Transform methods and MATLAB", McGraw- Hill Education, 2018.

3. John Alan Stuller, "An Introduction to Signals and Systems", Thomson, 2007.

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

с о	РО 1	PO 2	PO 3	РО 4	РО 5	PO 6	РО 7	PO 8	РО 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO1 2	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
1	3	-	3	-	3	2	-	-	-	-		3	-	-	1
2	3	-	3	1.0.1	(15. jr)	2	10.0	10.11	10.11	1070.0		3	1.0	3	-
3	3	3	- 6		3	2	-	-		-	JWI	3	2	-	-
4	3	3	-	-	3	2	-	-	-	-		3	-	3	1
5	3	3	-	3	3	2	-	-	-	-		3	-	3	1
С	3	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	3	2	3	1

OEC352 FUNDAMENTALS OF ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND CIRCUITS L T P C

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES :

• To give a comprehensive exposure to all types of devices and circuits constructed with discrete components. This helps to develop a strong basis for building linear and digital integrated circuits

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

9

- To analyze the frequency response of small signal amplifiers
- To design and analyze single stage and multistage amplifier circuits
- To study about feedback amplifiers and oscillators principles
- To understand the analysis and design of multi vibrators

UNIT I SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES

PN junction diode, Zener diode, BJT, MOSFET, UJT –structure, operation and V-I characteristics, Rectifiers – Half Wave and Full Wave Rectifier, Zener as regulator

UNIT II AMPLIFIERS

Load line, operating point, biasing methods for BJT and MOSFET, BJT small signal model – Analysis of CE, CB, CC amplifiers- Gain and frequency response –Analysis of CS and Source follower – Gain and frequency response- High frequency analysis.

UNIT III MULTISTAGE AMPLIFIERS AND DIFFERENTIAL AMPLIFIER

Cascode amplifier, Differential amplifier – Common mode and Difference mode analysis – Tuned amplifiers – Gain and frequency response – Neutralization methods.

UNIT IV FEEDBACK AMPLIFIERS AND OSCILLATORS

Advantages of negative feedback – Analysis of Voltage / Current, Series , Shunt feedback Amplifiers – positive feedback–Condition for oscillations, phase shift – Wien bridge, Hartley, Colpitts and Crystal oscillators.

UNIT V POWER AMPLIFIERS AND DC/DC CONVERTERS

Power amplifiers- class A-Class B-Class AB-Class C-Temperature Effect- Class AB Power amplifier using MOSFET –DC/DC convertors – Buck, Boost, Buck-Boost analysis and design.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES :

At the end of the course the students will be able to

- **CO1**: Explain the structure and working operation of basic electronic devices.
- CO2: Design and analyze amplifiers.
- CO3: Analyze frequency response of BJT and MOSFET amplifiers
- CO4: Design and analyze feedback amplifiers and oscillator principles.

CO5: Design and analyze power amplifiers and supply circuits

TEXT BOOKS :

- **1.** David A. Bell, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", Oxford Higher Education press, 5 th Edition, 2010.
- **2.** Robert L. Boylestad and Louis Nasheresky, "Electronic Devices and Circuit Theory", 10th Edition, Pearson Education / PHI, 2008.
- **3.** Adel .S. Sedra, Kenneth C. Smith, "Micro Electronic Circuits", Oxford University Press, 7 th Edition, 2014.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Donald.A. Neamen, "Electronic Circuit Analysis and Design", Tata McGraw Hill, 3 rd Edition, 2010.
- 2. D.Schilling and C.Belove, "Electronic Circuits", McGraw Hill, 3 rd Edition, 1989

268

9

9

9

9

3. Muhammad H.Rashid, "Power Electronics", Pearson Education / PHI, 2004. CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

СО	PO	PS	PS	PS											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	02	O 3
1	3	3	3	3	2	1	-	I	-	-	-	1	2	1	1
2	3	2	2	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	1
3	3	3	3	2	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	1
4	3	3	2	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	1
5	3	2	3	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	1
CO	3	3	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	1

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

CBM348 FOUNDATION SKILLS IN INTEGRATED PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the global trends and development methodologies of various types of products and services
- To conceptualize, prototype and develop product management plan for a new product based on the type of the new product and development methodology integrating the hardware, software, controls, electronics and mechanical systems
- To understand requirement engineering and know how to collect, analyze and arrive at requirements for new product development and convert them in to design specification
- To understand system modeling for system, sub-system and their interfaces and arrive at the optimum system specification and characteristics
- To develop documentation, test specifications and coordinate with various teams to validate and sustain up to the EoL (End of Life) support activities for engineering customer

9

9

9

UNIT I BASICS OF PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT

Global Trends Analysis and Product decision - Social Trends - Technical Trends - Economical Trends - Environmental Trends - Political/Policy Trends - Introduction to Product Development Methodologies and Management - Overview of Products and Services - Types of Product Development - Overview of Product Development - Product Life Cycle – Product Development Planning and Management.

UNIT II REQUIREMENTS AND SYSTEM DESIGN

Requirement Engineering - Types of Requirements - Requirement Engineering - traceability Matrix and Analysis - Requirement Management - System Design & Modeling - Introduction to System Modeling - System Optimization - System Specification - Sub-System Design - Interface Design.

UNIT III DESIGN AND TESTING

Conceptualization - Industrial Design and User Interface Design - Introduction to Concept generation Techniques – Challenges in Integration of Engineering Disciplines - Concept Screening & Evaluation - Detailed Design - Component Design and Verification – Mechanical, Electronics and Software Subsystems - High Level Design/Low Level Design of S/W Program - Types of Prototypes, S/W Testing- Hardware Schematic, Component design, Layout and Hardware Testing

– Prototyping - Introduction to Rapid Prototyping and Rapid Manufacturing - System Integration, Testing, Certification and Documentation

UNIT IV SUSTENANCE ENGINEERING AND END-OF-LIFE (EOL) SUPPORT

Introduction to Product verification processes and stages - Introduction to Product Validation processes and stages - Product Testing Standards and Certification - Product Documentation - Sustenance -Maintenance and Repair – Enhancements - Product EoL - Obsolescence Management – Configuration Management - EoL Disposal

UNIT V BUSINESS DYNAMICS – ENGINEERING SERVICES INDUSTRY

The Industry - Engineering Services Industry - Product Development in Industry versus Academia -The IPD Essentials - Introduction to Vertical Specific Product Development processes -Manufacturing/Purchase and Assembly of Systems - Integration of Mechanical, Embedded and Software Systems – Product Development Trade-offs - Intellectual Property Rights and Confidentiality – Security and Configuration Management.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1:Define, formulate, and analyze a problem

CO2:Solve specific problems independently or as part of a team

CO3:Gain knowledge of the Innovation & Product Development process in the Business Context **CO4**:Work independently as well as in teams

CO5:Manage a project from start to finish

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Book specially prepared by NASSCOM as per the MoU.
- 2. Karl T Ulrich and Stephen D Eppinger, "Product Design and Development", Tata McGraw Hill, Fifth Edition, 2011.
- 3. John W Newstorm and Keith Davis, "Organizational Behavior", Tata McGraw Hill, Eleventh Edition, 2005.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Hiriyappa B, "Corporate Strategy Managing the Business", Author House, 2013.
- 2. Peter F Drucker, "People and Performance", Butterworth Heinemann [Elsevier], Oxford, 2004.
- 3. Vinod Kumar Garg and Venkita Krishnan N K, "Enterprise Resource Planning Concepts", Second Edition, Prentice Hall, 2003.
- 4. Mark S Sanders and Ernest J McCormick, "Human Factors in Engineering and Design", McGraw Hill Education, Seventh Edition, 2013

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

CO's	PO's F													PSO's			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3		
1	3	2	3	1						1		1					
2	3	2	3	1						1		1					
3	3	2	3	1	1			1	1	1		1					
4	3	2	3	1	1			1	1	1		1					
5	3	2	3	1	1			1	1	1		1					
AVg.																	

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

9

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- To know the hardware requirement various assistive devices
- To understand the prosthetic and orthotic devices
- To know the developments in assistive technology

UNIT I CARDIAC ASSIST DEVICES

Cardiac functions and parameters, principle of External counter pulsation techniques, intra aortic balloon pump, Auxillary ventricle and schematic for temporary bypass of left ventricle, prosthetic heart valves, cardiac pacemaker.

UNIT II HEMODIALYSERS

Physiology of kidney, Artificial kidney, Dialysis action, hemodialyser unit, membrane dialysis, portable dialyser monitoring and functional parameters.

UNIT III HEARING AIDS

Anatomy of ear, Common tests – audiograms, air conduction, bone conduction, masking techniques, SISI, Hearing aids – principles, drawbacks in the conventional unit, DSP based hearing aids.

UNIT IV PROSTHETIC AND ORTHODIC DEVICES

Hand and arm replacement – different types of models, externally powered limb prosthesis, feedback in orthotic system, functional electrical stimulation, sensory assist devices.

UNIT V RECENT TRENDS

Transcutaneous electrical nerve stimulator, bio-feedback, assistive devices in drug delivery

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

CO1: Interpret the various mechanical techniques that will help in assisting the heart functions.

CO2: Describe the underlying principles of hemodialyzer machine.

CO3: Indicate the methodologies to assess the hearing loss.

CO4: Evaluate the types of assistive devices for mobilization.

CO5: Explain about TENS and biofeedback system.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Joseph D. Bronzino, The Biomedical Engineering Handbook, Third Edition: Three Volume Set, CRC Press,2006
- 2. Marion. A. Hersh, Michael A. Johnson, Assistive Technology for visually impaired and blind, Springer Science & Business Media, 1st edition, 12-May-2010
- 3. Yadin David, Wolf W. von Maltzahn, Michael R. Neuman, Joseph.D, Bronzino, Clinical Engineering, CRC Press, 1st edition,2010.

REFERENCES

1. Kenneth J. Turner Advances in Home Care Technologies: Results of the match Project, Springer, 1stedition, 2011.

271

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

9 tic

9

9

- 2. Gerr M. Craddock Assistive Technology-Shaping the future, IOS Press, 1st edition, 2003.
- 3. 3D Printing in Orthopaedic Surgery, Matthew Dipaola, Elsevier 2019 ISBN 978 -0-323-662116
- 4. Cardiac Assist Devices, Daniel Goldstein (Editor), Mehmet Oz (Editor), Wiley-Blackwell April 2000 ISBN: 978-0-879-93449-1

CO's	PO's												PSO ³	'S	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	1	1	1	1										
2	3	1	1	1	1										
3	3	1	1	1	1										
4	3	1	1	1	1										
5	3	1	1	1	1										
AVg.	3	1	1	1	1		1								

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

OMA352

OPERATIONS RESEARCH

_ T P C

9

9

9

9

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

This course will help the students to

- determine the optimum solution for Linear programming problems.
- study the Transportation and assignment models and various techniques to solve them.
- acquire the knowledge of optimality, formulation and computation of integer programming problems.
- acquire the knowledge of optimality, formulation and computation of dynamic programming problems.
- determine the optimum solution for non-linear programming problems.

UNIT I LINEAR PROGRAMMING

Formulation of linear programming models – Graphical solution – Simplex method - Big M Method – Two phase simplex method - Duality - Dual simplex method.

UNIT II TRANSPORTATION AND ASSIGNMENT PROBLEMS

Matrix form of Transportation problems – Loops in T.P – Initial basic feasible solution – Transportation algorithm – Assignment problem – Unbalanced assignment problems .

UNIT III INTEGER PROGRAMMING

Introduction – All and mixed I.P.P – Gomory's method – Cutting plane algorithm – Branch and bound algorithm – Zero – one programming.

UNIT IV DYNAMIC PROGRAMMING PROBLEMS

Recursive nature of computation – Forward and backward recursion – Resource Allocation model – Cargo – loading model – Work – force size model - Investment model – Solution of L.P.P by dynamic programming.

UNIT V NON - LINEAR PROGRAMMING PROBLEMS

Lagrange multipliers – Equality constraints – Inequality constraints – Kuhn – Tucker Conditions – Quadratic programming.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES :

At the end of the course, students will be able to

CO1:Could develop a fundamental understanding of linear programming models, able to develop a linear programming model from problem description, apply the simplex method for solving linear programming problems.

CO2:analyze the concept of developing, formulating, modeling and solving transportation and assignment problems.

CO3:solve the integer programming problems using various methods.

CO4:conceptualize the principle of optimality and sub-optimization, formulation and computational procedure of dynamic programming.

CO5:determine the optimum solution for non linear programming problems.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Kanti Swarup, P.K.Gupta and Man Mohan, "Operations Research ", Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi, Fifth Edition, 1990.
- 2. Taha. H.A, "Operations Research An Introduction, Pearson Education, Ninth Edition, New Delhi, 2012.

REFERENCES:

- 1. J.K.Sharma, "Operations Research Theory and Applications "Mac Millan India Ltd, Second Edition, New Delhi, 2003.
- Richard Bronson & Govindasami Naadimuthu, "Operations Research " (Schaum's Outlines – TMH Edition) Tata McGraw Hill, Second Edition, New Delhi, 2004.
- 3. Pradeep Prabhakar Pai, "Operations Research and Practice", Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2012.
- 4. J.P.Singh and N.P.Singh , " Operations Research , Ane Books Pvt.L.td, New Delhi , 2014.
- 5. F.S.Hillier and G.J. Lieberman, "Introduction to Operations Research", Tata McGraw Hill, Eighth Edition, New Delhi, 2005.

	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PS	PS	PS
	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	01	02	O 3
CO1	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	1	-	-
CO2	3	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	2	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	-	-	-
Avg	3	3	1	0.8	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	-	-	-

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

ALGEBRA AND NUMBER THEORY

• To give an integrated approach to number theory and abstract algebra, and provide a firm basis for further reading and study in the subject.

• To introduce the basic notions of groups, rings, fields which will then be used to solve

UNIT I GROUPS AND RINGS

Groups: Definition - Properties - Homomorphism - Isomorphism - Cyclic groups - Cosets - Lagrange's theorem.

Rings: Definition - Sub rings - Integral domain - Field - Integer modulo n - Ring homomorphism.

UNIT II FINITE FIELDS AND POLYNOMIALS

Rings - Polynomial rings - Irreducible polynomials over finite fields - Factorization of polynomials over finite fields.

UNIT III DIVISIBILITY THEORY AND CANONICAL DECOMPOSITIONS

Division algorithm- Base-b representations – Number patterns – Prime and composite numbers – GCD – Euclidean algorithm – Fundamental theorem of arithmetic – LCM.

UNIT IV DIOPHANTINE EQUATIONS AND CONGRUENCES

Linear Diophantine equations – Congruence's – Linear Congruence's - Applications : Divisibility tests - Modular exponentiation - Chinese remainder theorem – 2x2 linear systems.

UNIT V CLASSICAL THEOREMS AND MULTIPLICATIVE FUNCTIONS

Wilson's theorem – Fermat's Little theorem – Euler's theorem – Euler's Phi functions – Tau and Sigma functions.

COURSE OUTCOMES :

CO1:Explain the fundamental concepts of advanced algebra and their role in modern mathematics and applied contexts.

CO2:Demonstrate accurate and efficient use of advanced algebraic techniques.

CO3:The students should be able to demonstrate their mastery by solving non-trivial problems related to the concepts, and by proving simple theorems about the, statements proven by the text

TEXT BOOKS :

- 1. Grimaldi, R.P and Ramana, B.V., "Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics", Pearson Education, 5th Edition, New Delhi, 2007.
- 2. Thomas Koshy, "Elementary Number Theory with Applications", Elsevier Publications , New Delhi , 2002.

REFERENCES:

- 1. San Ling and Chaoping Xing, "Coding Theory A first Course", Cambridge Publications, Cambridge, 2004.
- 2. Niven.I, Zuckerman.H.S., and Montgomery, H.L., "An Introduction to Theory of Numbers", John Wiley and Sons, Singapore, 2004.

274

COURSE OBJECTIVES :

related problems.

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

9

9

9

3. Lidl.R., and Pitz. G, "Applied Abstract Algebra", Springer Verlag, New Delhi, 2nd Edition, 2006. CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PS	PS	PS
	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	01	O2	O 3
CO1	3	1	2	-	-	-	2	1	-	1	2	2	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	1	1	3	1	2	1	1	1	2	2	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	2	1	3	1	3	1	1	1	2	3	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	2	2	3	2	2	1	1	1	2	3	-	-	-
CO5	2	2	1	-	3	1	2	1	1	1	3	3	-	-	-
Avg	2.8	2.4	1.6	0.8	2.4	1	2.2	1	0.8	1	2.2	2.6	-	-	-

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

OMA354

LINEAR ALGEBRA

LTPC 3003

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To test the consistency and solve system of linear equations. •
- To find the basis and dimension of vector space.
- To obtain the matrix of linear transformation and its eigenvalues and eigenvectors.
- To find orthonormal basis of inner product space and find least square approximation.
- To find eigenvalues of a matrix using numerical techniques and perform matrix decomposition.

MATRICES AND SYSTEM OF LINEAR EQUATIONS UNIT I

Matrices - Row echelon form - Rank - System of linear equations - Consistency - Gauss elimination method - Gauss Jordan method.

UNIT II VECTOR SPACES

Vector spaces over Real and Complex fields - Subspace - Linear space - Linear independence and dependence - Basis and dimension.

UNIT III LINEAR TRANSFORMATION

Linear transformation - Rank space and null space - Rank and nullity - Dimension theorem- Matrix representation of linear transformation - Eigenvalues and eigenvectors of linear transformation -Diagonalization.

UNIT IV INNER PRODUCT SPACES

Inner product and norms - Properties - Orthogonal, Orthonormal vectors - Gram Schmidt orthonormalization process - Least square approximation.

EIGEN VALUE PROBLEMS AND MATRIX DECOMPOSITION UNIT V

Eigen value Problems : Power method, Jacobi rotation method - Singular value decomposition -QR decomposition.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After the completion of the course the student will be able to

9

9

9

9

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

CO1:Test the consistency and solve system of linear equations.

CO2: Find the basis and dimension of vector space.

CO3:Obtain the matrix of linear transformation and its eigenvalues and eigenvectors.

CO4: Find orthonormal basis of inner product space and find least square approximation.

CO5: Find eigenvalues of a matrix using numerical techniques and perform matrix decomposition.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Faires J.D. and Burden R., Numerical Methods, Brooks/Cole (Thomson Publications), New Delhi, 2002.
- 2. Friedberg A.H, Insel A.J. and Spence L, Linear Algebra, Pearson Education, 5th Edition, 2019.

REFERENCES

- 1. Bernard Kolman, David R. Hill, Introductory Linear Algebra, Pearson Educations, New Delhi, 8th Edition, 2009.
- Gerald C.F. and Wheatley P.O, Applied Numerical Analysis, Pearson Educations, New Delhi, 7th Edition, 2007.
- 3. Kumaresan S, Linear Algebra A geometric approach, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, Reprint, 2010.
- 4. Richard Branson, Matrix Operations, Schaum's outline series, 1989.
- 5. Strang G, Linear Algebra and its applications, Thomson (Brooks / Cole) New Delhi, 4th Edition, 2005.
- 6. Sundarapandian V, Numerical Linear Algebra, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2014. CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PS	PS	PS
	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	01	02	O 3
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	3	-	1	-
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	3	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	3	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	3	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	3		-	-
Avg	3	3	3	3	2.8	2	2	1	1	1	1	3		-	-

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

OCE353

LEAN CONCEPTS, TOOLS AND PRACTICES

LT P C 3 0 0 3

9

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

• To impart knowledge about the basics of lean principles, tools and techniques, and implementation in the construction industry.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Introduction and overview of the construction project management - Review of Project Management & Productivity Measurement Systems - Productivity in Construction - Daily Progress Report-The state of the industry with respect to its management practices -construction project phases - The problems with current construction management techniques.

UNIT II LEAN MANAGEMENT

Introduction to lean management - Toyota's management principle-Evolution of lean in construction industry - Production theories in construction –Lean construction value - Value in construction - Target value design - Lean project delivery system- Forms of waste in construction industry - Waste Elimination.

UNIT III CORE CONCEPTS IN LEAN

Concepts in lean thinking – Principles of lean construction – Variability and its impact – Traditional construction and lean construction – Traditional project delivery - Lean construction and workflow reliability – Work structuring – Production control.

UNIT IV LEAN TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES

Value Stream Mapping – Work sampling – Last planner system – Flow and pull based production – Last Planner System – Look ahead schedule – constraint analysis – weekly planning meeting-Daily Huddles – Root cause analysis – Continuous improvement – Just in time.

UNIT V LEAN IMPLEMENTATION IN CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY

Lean construction implementation- Enabling lean through information technology - Lean in design - Design Structure - BIM (Building Information Modelling) - IPD (Integrated Project Delivery) – Sustainability through lean construction approach.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME:

On completion of this course, the student is expected to be able to

CO1 Explains the contemporary management techniques and the issues in present scenario.

CO2 Apply the basics of lean management principles and their evolution from manufacturing industry to construction industry.

CO3 Develops a better understanding of core concepts of lean construction tools and techniques and their importance in achieving better productivity.

- **CO4** Apply lean techniques to achieve sustainability in construction projects.
- **CO5** Apply lean construction techniques in design and modeling.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Corfe, C. and Clip, B., Implementing lean in construction: Lean and the sustainability agenda, CIRIA, 2013.
- 2. Shang Gao and Sui Pheng Low, Lean Construction Management: The Toyota Way, Springer, 2014.
- 3. Dave, B., Koskela, L., Kiviniemi, A., Owen, R., andTzortzopoulos, P.,Implementing lean in construction: Lean construction and BIM, CIRIA, 2013.
- 4. Ballard, G., Tommelein, I., Koskela, L. and Howell, G., Lean construction tools and techniques, 2002.
- 5. Salem, O., Solomon, J., Genaidy, A. and Luegring, M., Site implementation and Assessment of Lean Construction Techniques, Lean Construction Journal, 2005.

9

9

OBT352

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

• Enable the Non-biological student's to understand about the basics of life science and their pro and cons for living organisms.

BASICS OF MICROBIAL TECHNOLOGY

UNIT I BASICS OF MICROBES AND ITS TYPES

Introduction to microbes, existence of microbes, inventions of great scientist and history, types of microorganisms – Bacteria, Virus, Fungi.

UNIT II MICROBIAL TECHNIQUES

Sterilization – types – physical and chemical sterilization, Decontamination, Preservation methods, fermentation, Cultivation and growth of microbes, Diagnostic methods.

UNIT III PATHOGENIC MICROBES

Infectious Disease – Awareness, Causative agent, Prevention and control - Cholera, Dengu, Malaria, Diarrhea, Tuberculosis, Typhoid, Covid, HIV.

UNIT IV BENEFICIAL MICROBES

Applications of microbes – Clinical microbiology, agricultural microbiology, Food Microbiology, Environmental Microbiology, Animal Microbiology, Marine Microbiology.

UNIT V PRODUCTS FROM MICROBES

Fermentedproducts – Fermented Beverages, Curd, Cheese, Mushroom, Agricultural products – Biopesticide, Biofertilizers, Vermi compost, Pharmaceutical products - Antibiotics, Vaccines

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME:

At the end of the course the students will be able to

CO1:Microbes and their types

CO2:Cultivation of microbes

CO3:Pathogens and control measures for safety

CO4: Microbes in different industry for economy.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Talaron K, Talaron A, Casita, Pelczar and Reid. Foundations in Microbiology, W.C. Brown Publishers, 1993.
- 2. Pelczar MJ, Chan ECS and Krein NR, Microbiology, Tata McGraw Hill Edition, New Delhi, India.
- 3. Prescott L.M., Harley J.P., Klein DA, Microbiology, 3rd Edition, Wm. C. Brown Publishers, 1996.

278

9

9

9

9

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

• The objective is to offer basic concepts of biochemistry to students with diverse background in life sciences including but not limited to the structure and function of various biomolecules and their metabolism.

UNIT I CARBOHYDRATES

Introduction to carbohydrate, classification, properties of monosaccharide, structural aspects of monosaccharides. Introduction to disaccharide (lactose, maltose, sucrose) and polysaccharide (Heparin, starch, and glycogen) biological function of carbohydrate.

UNIT II LIPID AND FATTY ACIDS

Introduction to lipid, occurrence, properties, classification of lipid. Importance of phospholipids, sphingolipid and glycerolipid. Biological function of lipid. Fatty acid, Introduction, Nomenclature and classification of fatty acid Essential and non essential fatty acids.

UNIT III AMINO ACIDS AND PROTEIN.

Introduction to amino acid, structure, classification of protein based on polarity. Introduction to protein, classification of protein based on solubility, shape, composition and Function. Peptide bond– Structure of peptide bond. Denauration – renaturation of protein, properties of protein. Introduction to lipoprotein, glycoprotein and nucleoprotein.Biological function of protein.

UNIT IV NUCLEIC ACIDS

Introduction to nucleic acid, Difference between nucleotide and nucleoside, composition of DNA & amp; RNA Structure of Nitrogen bases in DNA and RNA along with the nomenclature. DNA double helix (Watson and crick) model, types of DNA, RNA.

UNIT V VITAMINS AND HORMONES

Different types of vitamins, their diverse biochemical functions and deficiency related diseases. Overview of hormones. Hormone mediated signaling. Mechanism of action of steroid hormones, epinephrine, glucagons and insulin.Role of vitamins and hormones in metabolism; Hormonal disorders; Therapeutic uses of vitamins and hormones.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1:Students will learn about various kinds of biomolecules and their physiological role.

CO2:Students will gain knowledge about various metabolic disorders and will help them to know the importance of various biomolecules in terms of disease correlation.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry 6th Edition by David L. Nelson, Michael M. Cox W.H.Freeman and Company 2017
- 2. Satyanarayana, U. and U. Chakerapani, "Biochemistry" 3rd Rev. Edition, Books & amp; Allied (P) Ltd., 2006. 3. Rastogi, S.C. "Biochemistry" 2nd Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2003.
- 3. Conn, E.E., etal., "Outlines of Biochemistry" 5th Edition, John Wiley & amp; Sons, 1987.
- 4. Outlines of Biochemistry, 5th Edition: By E E Conn, P K Stumpf, G Bruening and R Y Doi.pp 693. John Wiley and Sons, New York. 1987.

279

9

9

9

9

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

1. Berg, Jeremy M. et al. "Biochemsitry", 6th Edition, W.H. Freeman & amp; Co., 2006.

2. Murray, R.K., etal "Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry", 31st Edition, McGraw-Hill, 2018.

3. Voet, D. and Voet, J.G., "Biochemistry", 4th Edition, John Wiley & amp; Sons Inc., 2010.

OBT354 FUNDAMENTALS OF CELL AND MOLECULAR BIOLOGY LTPC

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To provide knowledge on the fundamentals of cell biology.
- To understand the signalling mechanisms.
- Understand basic principles of molecular biology at intracellular level to regulate growth, division and development.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO CELL

Cell, cell wall and Extracellular Matrix (ECM), composition, cellular dimensions, Evolution, Organisation, differentiation of prokaryotic and Eukaryotic cells, Virus, bacteria, cyanobacteria, mycoplasma and prions.

UNIT II CELL ORGANELLES

Molecular organisation, biogenesis and functin Mitochondria, endoplasmic reticulam, golgi apparatus, plastids, chloroplast, leucoplast, centrosome, lysosome, ribosome, peroxisome, Nucleus and nucleolus. Endo membrane system, concept of compartmentalisation.

UNIT III BIO-MEMBRANE TRANSPORT

Physiochemical properties of cell membranes. Molecular constitute of membranes, asymmetrical organisation of lipids and proteins. Solute transport across membrane's-fick's law, simple diffusion, passive-facilitated diffusion, active transport- primary and secondary, group translocation, transport ATPases, membrane transport in bacteria and animals. Transportmechanism- mobile carriers and pores mechanisms. Transport by vesicle formation, endocytosis, exocytosis, cell respiration.

UNIT IV CELL CYCLE

Cell cycle- Cell division by mitosis and meosis, Comparision of meosis and mitosis, regulation of cell cycle, cell lysis, Cytokinesis, Cell signaling, Cell communication, Cell adhesion and Cell junction, cell cycle checkpoints.

UNIT V CENTRAL DOGMA

Overview of Central dogma DNA replication: Meselson & amp; Stahl experiment, bi-directional DNA replication, Okazaki fragments. Structure and function of mRNA, rRNA and tRNA. RNA synthesis: Initiation, elongation and termination of RNA synthesis Introduction to Genetic code-Steps in translation: Initiation, Elongation and termination of protein synthesis.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

3 0 0 3

9

9

9

9

9

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1:Understanding of cell at structural and functional level. **CO2**:Understand the central dogma of life and its significance. **CO3**:Comprehend the basic mechanisms of cell division.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Cooper, G.M. and R.E. Hansman "The Cell: A Molecular Approach", 8th Edition, Oxford University Press, 2018

2. Friefelder, David. "Molecular Biology." Narosa Publications, 1999

3. Weaver, Robert F. "Molecular Biology" IInd Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2003.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Lodish H, Berk A, MatsudairaP, Kaiser CA, Krieger M, Schot MP, Zipursky L, Darnell J. Molecular Cell Biology, 6th Edition, 2007.
- 2. Becker, W.M. etal., "The World of the Cell", 9th Edition, Pearson Education, 2003.
- 3. Campbell, N.A., J.B. Recee and E.J. Simon "Essential Biology", VIIrd Edition, Pearson International, 2007.
- 4. Alberts, Bruce etal., "Essential Cell Biology", 4th Edition, W.W. Norton, 2013.

OPEN ELECTIVE IV

OHS352

PROJECT REPORT WRITING

COURSE OBJECTIVE

The Course will enable Learners to,

- Understand the essentials of project writing.
- Perceive the difference between general writing and technical writing •
- Assimilate the fundamental features of report writing.
- Understand the essential differences that exist between general and technical writing.
- Learn the structure of a technical and project report.

UNIT I

Writing Skills - Essential Grammar and Vocabulary - Passive Voice, Reported Speech, Concord, Signpost words, Cohesive Devices - Paragraph writing - Technical Writing vs. General Writing.

UNIT II

Project Report - Definition, Structure, Types of Reports, Purpose - Intended Audience -Plagiarism - Report Writing in STEM fields - Experiment - Statistical Analysis.

UNIT III

Structure of the Project Report: (Part 1) Framing a Title – Content – Acknowledgement – Funding Details -Abstract - Introduction - Aim of the Study - Background - Writing the research question -Need of the Study/Project Significance, Relevance - Determining the feasibility - Theoretical Framework.

UNIT IV

Structure of the Project Report: (Part 2) – Literature Review, Research Design, Methods of Data Collection - Tools and Procedures - Data Analysis - Interpretation - Findings - Limitations -Recommendations - Conclusion - Bibliography.

UNIT V

Proof reading a report – Avoiding Typographical Errors – Bibliography in required Format – Font – Spacing – Checking Tables and Illustrations – Presenting a Report Orally – Techniques.

281

Page 325 of 437

9

LTPC 3 0 0 3

9

9

9

COURSE OUTCOMES

By the end of the course, learners will be able to

CO1:Write effective project reports.

CO2:Use statistical tools with confidence.

CO3: Explain the purpose and intension of the proposed project coherently and with clarity.

CO4:Create writing texts to suit achieve the intended purpose.

CO5:Master the art of writing winning proposals and projects.

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	2	1	1	1	1	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	-	-	-
2	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	1	2	3	2	3	-	-	-
3	2	2	3	3	2	3	2	2	2	3	2	3	-	-	-
4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-
5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-
AVg.	2.4	2.2	2.4	2.2	2	2.6	2.4	2.2	2.6	3	2.6	3	-	-	-

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

Note: The average value of this course to be used for program articulation matrix.

REFERENCES

- 1. Gerson and Gerson Technical Communication: Process and Product, 7th Edition, Prentice Hall(2012)
- 2. Virendra K. Pamecha Guide to Project Reports, Project Appraisals and Project Finance (2012)
- 3. Daniel Riordan Technical Report Writing Today (1998)
- 4. Darla-Jean Weatherford Technical Writing for Engineering Professionals (2016) Penwell Publishers.

OMA355

ADVANCED NUMERICAL METHODS

LT P C 3 0 0 3

9

9

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

• To impart knowledge on numerical methods that will come in handy to solve numerically the problems that arise in engineering and technology. This will also serve as a precursor for future research.

UNIT I ALGEBRAIC EQUATIONS AND EIGENVALUE PROBLEM

System of nonlinear equations : Fixed point iteration method - Newton's method; System of linear equations: Thomas algorithm for tri diagonal system - SOR iteration methods ; Eigen value problems: Given's method - Householder's method.

UNIT II INTERPOLATION

Central difference: Stirling and Bessel's interpolation formulae ; Piecewise spline interpolation: Piecewise linear, piecewise quadratic and cubic spline ; Least square approximation for continuous data (upto 3rd degree).

283

NUMERICAL METHODS FOR ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS UNIT III 9 Explicit Adams - Bashforth Techniques - Implicit Adams - Moulton Techniques, Predictor -Corrector Techniques - Finite difference methods for solving two - point linear boundary value

FINITE DIFFERENCE METHODS FOR ELLIPTIC EQUATIONS UNIT IV Laplace and Poisson's equations in a rectangular region : Five point finite difference schemes -Leibmann's iterative methods - Dirichlet's and Neumann conditions - Laplace equation in polar

UNIT V FINITE DIFFERENCE METHOD FOR TIME DEPENDENT PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

Parabolic equations : Explicit and implicit finite difference methods - Weighted average approximation - Dirichlet's and Neumann conditions - First order hyperbolic equations - Method of characteristics - Different explicit and implicit methods; Wave equation : Explicit scheme -Stability of above schemes.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:

CO1: demonstrate the understandings of common numerical methods for nonlinear equations, system of linear equations and eigenvalue problems;

CO2: understand the interpolation theory:

problems - Orthogonal Collocation method.

coordinates : Finite difference schemes .

CO3: understand the concepts of numerical methods for ordinary differential equations;

CO4: demonstrate the understandings of common numerical methods for elliptic equations; CO5: understand the concepts of numerical methods for time dependent partial differential equations

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Grewal, B.S., "Numerical Methods in Engineering & Science ", Khanna Publications, Delhi. 2013.
- 2. Gupta, S.K., "Numerical Methods for Engineers", (Third Edition), New Age Publishers, 2015.
- 3. Jain, M.K., Iyengar, S.R.K. and Jain, R.K., "Computational Methods for Partial Differential Equations", New Age Publishers, 1994.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Saumyen Guha and Rajesh Srivastava, "Numerical methods for Engineering and Science", Oxford Higher Education, New Delhi, 2010.
- 2. Burden, R.L., and Faires, J.D., "Numerical Analysis Theory and Applications", 9 th Edition, Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 2016.
- 3. Gupta S.K., "Numerical Methods for Engineers", 4th Edition, New Age Publishers, 2019.
- 4. Sastry, S.S., "Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis", 5th Edition, PHI Learning, 2015.
- 5. Morton, K.W. and Mayers D.F., "Numerical solution of Partial Differential equations", Cambridge University press, Cambridge, 2002.

	PO	PS	PS	PS											
	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	01	O2	O 3
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	3	-	-	-

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

9

	CO3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	3	-	-	-
	CO4	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	3	-	-	-
	CO5	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	3	-	-	-
	Avg	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	3	-	-	-
1 - Io	w, 2 -	medi	um, 3	- hig	h, '-"	- no c	orrel	ation								

3

L T P C 3 0 0 3

9

9

9

9

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OMA356

RANDOM PROCESSES

CO2 3 3 3 3 3 2 2 1 1 1 1

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the basic concepts of probability, one and two dimensional random variables with applications to engineering which can describe real life phenomenon.
- To understand the basic concepts of random processes which are widely used in communication networks.
- To acquaint with specialized random processes which are apt for modelling the real time scenario.
- To understand the concept of correlation and spectral densities.
- To understand the significance of linear systems with random inputs.

UNIT I RANDOM VARIABLES

Discrete and continuous random variables – Moments – Moment generating functions – Joint Distribution- Covariance and Correlation – Transformation of a random variable.

UNIT II RANDOM PROCESSES

Classification – Characterization – Cross correlation and Cross covariance functions - Stationary Random Processes – Markov process - Markov chain.

UNIT III SPECIAL RANDOM PROCESSES

Bernoulli Process – Gaussian Process - Poisson process – Random telegraph process.

UNIT IV CORRELATION AND SPECTRAL DENSITIES

Auto correlation functions – Cross correlation functions – Properties – Power spectral density – Cross spectral density – Properties.

UNIT V LINEAR SYSTEMS WITH RANDOM INPUTS

Linear time invariant system – System transfer function – Linear systems with random inputs – Auto correlation and cross correlation functions of input and output.

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO1:Understand the basic concepts of one and two dimensional random variables and apply in engineering applications.

CO2: Apply the concept random processes in engineering disciplines.

CO3:Understand and apply the concept of correlation and spectral densities.

CO4:Get an exposure of various distribution functions and help in acquiring skills in handling situations involving more than one variable.

CO5: Analyze the response of random inputs to linear time invariant systems.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Ibe, O.C.," Fundamentals of Applied Probability and Random Processes ", 1st Indian Reprint, Elsevier, 2007.
- 2. Peebles, P.Z., "Probability, Random Variables and Random Signal Principles ", Tata McGraw Hill, 4th Edition, New Delhi, 2002.

REFERENCES

- 1. Cooper. G.R., McGillem. C.D., "Probabilistic Methods of Signal and System Analysis", Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 3rd Indian Edition, 2012.
- 2. Hwei Hsu, "Schaum's Outline of Theory and Problems of Probability, Random Variables and Random Processes ", Tata McGraw Hill Edition, New Delhi, 2004.
- 3. Miller. S.L. and Childers. D.G., "Probability and Random Processes with Applications to Signal Processing and Communications ", Academic Press, 2004.
- 4. Stark. H. and Woods. J.W., "Probability and Random Processes with Applications to Signal Processing ", Pearson Education, Asia, 3rd Edition, 2002.
- Yates. R.D. and Goodman. D.J., "Probability and Stochastic Processes", Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., Bangalore, 2nd Edition, 2012.

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

	PO	РО	PO	PS	PS	PS									
	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	01	02	O 3
CO1	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	2	-	1	-
CO2	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	2	-		-
CO3	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	2	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	2	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	2	-	-	-
Avg	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	2	-	-	-

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

OMA357

QUEUEING AND RELIABILITY MODELLING

LT P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To provide necessary basic concepts in probability and random processes for applications such as random signals, linear systems in communication engineering.
- To understand the concept of queueing models and apply in engineering.
- To provide the required mathematical support in real life problems and develop probabilistic models which can be used in several areas of science and engineering.
- To study the system reliability and hazard function for series and parallel systems.
- To implement Markovian Techniques for availability and maintainability which opens up new avenues for research.

M/G/1 queue - Pollaczek Khinchin formula - M/D/1 and M/Ek/1 as special cases queues - Open Jackson networks.

UNIT IV SYSTEM RELIABILITY

Reliability and hazard functions- Exponential, Normal, Weibull and Gamma failure distribution -Time - dependent hazard models - Reliability of Series and Parallel Systems.

UNIT V MAINTAINABILITY AND AVAILABILITY

Maintainability and Availability functions - Frequency of failures - Two Unit parallel system with repair - k out of m systems.

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO1: Enable the students to apply the concept of random processes in engineering disciplines.

CO2: Students acquire skills in analyzing various queueing models.

CO3:Students can understand and characterize phenomenon which evolve with respect to time in a probabilistic manner.

CO4: Students can analyze reliability of the systems for various probability distributions.

CO5: Students can be able to formulate problems using the maintainability and availability analyses by using theoretical approach.

TEXT BOOKS

- Shortle J.F, Gross D, Thompson J.M, Harris C.M., "Fundamentals of Queueing Theory", John 1. Wiley and Sons, New York, 2018.
- 2. Balagurusamy E., "Reliability Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi,2010.

REFERENCES

- 1. Medhi J, "Stochastic models of Queueing Theory", Academic Press, Elsevier, Amsterdam, 2003.
- 2. Taha, H.A., "Operations Research", 9th Edition, Pearson India Education Services, Delhi, 2016.
- 3. Trivedi, K.S., "Probability and Statistics with Reliability, Queueing and Computer Science Applications", 2nd Edition, John Wiley and Sons, 2002.
- 4. Govil A.K., "Reliability Engineering", Tata-McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi.1983.

286

Classification - Stationary process - Markov process - Poisson process - Discrete parameter Markov chain - Chapman Kolmogorov equations - Limiting distributions.

UNIT II MARKOVIAN QUEUEING MODELS

Markovian queues – Birth and death processes – Single and multiple server queueing models – Little's formula - Queues with finite waiting rooms.

UNIT III ADVANCED QUEUEING MODELS

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

9

9

Series

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PS	PS	PS
	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	01	02	O 3
CO1	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	-	-	-
Avg	3	3	1.4	0.8	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	-	-	-

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

OMG354 PRODUCTION AND OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT FOR ENTREPRENEURS

L	Т	Ρ	С
3	0	0	3

9

9

9

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To know the basic concept and function of Production and Operation Management for entrepreneurship.
- To understand the Production process and planning.
- To understand the Production and Operations Management Control for business owners.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO PRODUCTION AND OPERATIONS MANGEMENT 9

Functions of Production Management - Relationship between production and other functions – Production management and operations management, Characteristics of modern production and operation management, organisation of production function, recent trends in production /operations management - production as an organisational function, decision making in production Operations research

UNIT II PRODUCTION & OPERATION SYSTEMS

Production Systems- principles – Models - CAD and CAM- Automation in Production - Functions and significance- Capacity and Facility Planning: Importance of capacity planning- Capacity measurement – Capacity Requirement Planning (CRP) process for manufacturing and service industry

UNIT III PRODUCTION & OPERATIONS PLANNING

Facility Planning – Location of facilities – Location flexibility – Facility design process and techniques – Location break even analysis-Production Process Planning: Characteristic of production process systems – Steps for production process- Production Planning Control Functions – Planning phase- Action phase- Control phase - Aggregate production planning

UNIT IV PRODUCTION & OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT PROCESS

Process selection with PLC phases- Process simulation tools- Work Study – Significance – Methods, evolution of normal/ standard time – Job design and rating - Value Analysis - Plant Layout: meaning – characters – Plant location techniques - Types- MRP and Layout Design -

Optimisation and Theory of Constraints (TOC)- Critical Chain Project Management (CCPM)- REL (Relationship) Chart – Assembly line balancing- – Plant design optimisation -Forecasting methods.

UNIT V **CONTROLING PRODUCTION & OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT**

Material requirement planning (MRP)- Concept- Process and control - Inventory control systems and techniques - JIT and Lean manufacturing - Network techniques - Quality Management: Preventive Vs Breakdown maintenance for Quality - Techniques for measuring quality - Control Chart (X, R, p, np and C chart) - Cost of Quality, Continuous improvement (Kaizen) - Quality awards - Supply Chain Management - Total Quality Management - 6 Sigma approach and Zero Defect Manufacturing.

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon completion of this course the learners will be able :

CO 1 To understand the basics and functions of Production and Operation Management for business owners.

CO 2 To learn about the Production & Operation Systems.

CO 3 To acquaint on the Production & Operations Planning Techniques followed by entrepreneurs in Industries.

CO 4 To known about the Production & Operations Management Processes in organisations.

CO 5 To comprehend the techniques of controlling, Production and Operations in industries.

REFERENCES

1. Mikell P. Groover, Automation, Production Systems, and Computer-Integrated Manufacturing, Pearson, 2007.

2. Amitabh Raturi, Production and Inventory Management, , 2008.

3. Adam Jr. Ebert, Production and Operations Management, PHI Publication, 1992.

4. Muhlemann, Okland and Lockyer, Production and Operation Management, Macmillan India,1992.

6. Chary S.N, Production and Operations Management, TMH Publications, 2010.

7. Terry Hill ,Operation Management. Pal Grave McMillan (Case Study).2005.

OMG355

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

To know various multivariate data analysis techniques for business research. •

MULTIVARIATE DATA ANALYSIS

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Uni-variate, Bi-variate and Multi-variate techniques - Classification of multivariate techniques -Guidelines for multivariate analysis and interpretation.

UNIT II PREPARING FOR MULTIVARIATE ANALYSIS

Conceptualization of research model with variables, collection of data -- Approaches for dealing with missing data – Testing the assumptions of multivariate analysis.

UNIT III **MULTIPLE LINEAR REGRESSION ANALYSIS, FACTOR ANALYSIS**

Multiple Linear Regression Analysis - Inferences from the estimated regression function -Validation of the model. -Approaches to factor analysis – interpretation of results.

288

TOTAL 45 : PERIODS

9

9

PC

LT 3 0 Λ 3

UNIT IV LATENT VARIABLE TECHNIQUES

Confirmatory Factor Analysis, Structural equation modelling, Mediation models, Moderation models, Longitudinal studies.

UNIT V ADVANCED MULTIVARIATE TECHNIQUES

Multiple Discriminant Analysis, Logistic Regression, Cluster Analysis, Conjoint Analysis, multidimensional scaling.

COURSE OUTCOMES :

CO1: Demonstrate a sophisticated understanding of the concepts and methods; know the exact scopes and possible limitations of each method; and show capability of using multivariate techniques to provide constructive guidance in decision making.

CO2:Use advanced techniques to conduct thorough and insightful analysis, and interpret the results correctly with detailed and useful information.

CO3:Show substantial understanding of the real problems; conduct deep analysis using correct methods; and draw reasonable conclusions with sufficient explanation and elaboration.

CO4:Write an insightful and well-organized report for a real-world case study, including thoughtful and convincing details.

CO5:Make better business decisions by using advanced techniques in data analytics. '

REFERENCES:

- 1. Joseph F Hair, Rolph E Anderson, Ronald L. Tatham & William C. Black, Multivariate Data Analysis, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2005.
- 2. Barbara G. Tabachnick, Linda S.Fidell, Using Multivariate Statistics, 6th Edition, Pearson, 2012.
- 3. Richard A Johnson and Dean W.Wichern, Applied Multivariate Statistical Analysis, Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 2005.
- 4. David R Anderson, Dennis J Seveency, and Thomas A Williams, Statistics for Business and Economics, Thompson, Singapore, 2002

OME352

ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING

L T P C 3 0 0 3

9

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the development, capabilities, applications, of Additive Manufacturing (AM), and its business opportunities.
- To be acquainted with vat polymerization and material extrusion processes
- To be familiar with powder bed fusion and binder jetting processes.
- To gain knowledge on applications of direct energy deposition, and material jetting processes.
- To impart knowledge on sheet lamination and direct write technologies.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Overview - Need - Development of Additive Manufacturing (AM) Technology: Rapid Prototyping-Rapid Tooling - Rapid Manufacturing - Additive Manufacturing. AM Process Chain - ASTM/ISO 52900 Classification - Benefits - AM Unique Capabilities - AM File formats: STL, AMF Applications: Building Printing, Bio Printing, Food Printing, Electronics Printing, Automobile, Aerospace, Healthcare. Business Opportunities in AM.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

Page 334 of 437

UNIT II VAT POLYMERIZATION AND MATERIAL EXTRUSION

Photo polymerization: Stereolithography Apparatus (SLA)- Materials -Process - top down and bottom up approach - Advantages - Limitations - Applications. Digital Light Processing (DLP) - Process - Advantages - Applications.

Material Extrusion: Fused Deposition Modeling (FDM) - Process-Materials -Applications and Limitations.

UNIT III POWDER BED FUSION AND BINDER JETTING

Powder Bed Fusion: Selective Laser Sintering (SLS): Process - Powder Fusion Mechanism - Materials and Application. Selective Laser Melting (SLM), Electron Beam Melting (EBM): Materials - Process - Advantages and Applications.

Binder Jetting: Three-Dimensional Printing - Materials - Process - Benefits - Limitations - Applications.

UNIT IV MATERIAL JETTING AND DIRECTED ENERGY DEPOSITION

Material Jetting: Multijet Modeling- Materials - Process - Benefits - Applications.

Directed Energy Deposition: Laser Engineered Net Shaping (LENS) - Process - Material Delivery - Materials -Benefits -Applications.

UNIT V SHEET LAMINATION AND DIRECT WRITE TECHNOLOGY

Sheet Lamination: Laminated Object Manufacturing (LOM)- Basic Principle- Mechanism: Gluing or Adhesive Bonding - Thermal Bonding - Materials - Application and Limitation.

Ink-Based Direct Writing (DW): Nozzle Dispensing Processes, Inkjet Printing Processes, Aerosol DW - Applications of DW.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course students shall be able to:

CO1: Recognize the development of AM technology and how AM technology propagated into various businesses and developing opportunities.

CO2: Acquire knowledge on process vat polymerization and material extrusion processes and its applications.

CO3: Elaborate the process and applications of powder bed fusion and binder jetting.

CO4: Evaluate the advantages, limitations, applications of material jetting and directed energy deposition processes.

CO5: Acquire knowledge on sheet lamination and direct write technology.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Ian Gibson, David Rosen, Brent Stucker, Mahyar Khorasani "Additive manufacturing technologies". 3rd edition Springer Cham, Switzerland. (2021). ISBN: 978-3-030-56126-0
- 2. Andreas Gebhardt and Jan-Steffen Hötter "Additive Manufacturing: 3D Printing for Prototyping and Manufacturing", Hanser publications, United States, 2015, ISBN: 978-1-56990-582-

REFERENCES:

- 1. Andreas Gebhardt, "Understanding Additive Manufacturing: Rapid Prototyping, Rapid Manufacturing", Hanser Gardner Publication, Cincinnati., Ohio, 2011, ISBN :9783446425521.
- 2. Milan Brandt, "Laser Additive Manufacturing: Materials, Design, Technologies, and Applications", Woodhead Publishing., United Kingdom, 2016, ISBN: 9780081004333.

290

9

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

- 3. Amit Bandyopadhyay and Susmita Bose, "Additive Manufacturing", 1st Edition, CRC Press., United States, 2015, ISBN-13: 978-1482223590.
- 4. Kamrani A.K. and Nasr E.A., "Rapid Prototyping: Theory and practice", Springer., United States ,2006, ISBN: 978-1-4614-9842-1.
- 5. Liou, L.W. and Liou, F.W., "Rapid Prototyping and Engineering applications: A tool box for prototype development", CRC Press., United States, 2011, ISBN: 9780849334092.

CME343

NEW PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To introduce the fundamental concepts of the new product development
- To develop material specifications, analysis and process.
- To Learn the Feasibility Studies & reporting of new product development.
- To study the New product qualification and Market Survey on similar products of new product development
- To learn Reverse Engineering. Cloud points generation, converting cloud data to 3D model

UNIT I FUNDAMENTALS OF NPD

Introduction – Reading of Drawing – Grid reading, Revisions, ECN (Engg. Change Note), Component material grade, Specifications, customer specific requirements – Basics of monitoring of NPD applying Gantt chart, Critical path analysis – Fundamentals of BOM (Bill of Materials), Engg. BOM & Manufacturing BOM. Basics of MIS software and their application in industries like SAP, MS Dynamics, Oracle ERP Cloud – QFD.

UNIT II MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS, ANALYSIS & PROCESS

Material specification standards – ISO, DIN, JIS, ASTM, EN, etc. – Awareness on various manufacturing process like Metal castings & Forming, Machining (Conventional, 3 Axis, 4 Axis, 5 Axis,), Fabrications, Welding process. Qualifications of parts mechanical, physical & Chemical properties and their test report preparation and submission. Fundamentals of DFMEA & PFMEA, Fundamentals of FEA, Bend Analysis, Hot Distortion, Metal and Material Flow, Fill and Solidification analysis.

UNIT III ESSENTIALS OF NPD

RFQ (Request of Quotation) Processing – Feasibility Studies & reporting – CFT (Cross Function Team) discussion on new product and reporting – Concept design, Machine selection for tool making, Machining – Manufacturing Process selection, Machining Planning, cutting tool selection – Various Inspection methods – Manual measuring, CMM – GOM (Geometric Optical Measuring), Lay out marking and Cut section analysis. Tool Design and Detail drawings preparation, release of details to machine shop and CAM programing. Tool assembly and shop floor trials. Initial sample submission with PPAP documents.

UNIT IV CRITERIONS OF NPD

New product qualification for Dimensions, Mechanical & Physical Properties, Internal Soundness proving through X-Ray, Radiography, Ultrasonic Testing, MPT, etc. Agreement with customer for testing frequencies. Market Survey on similar products, Risk analysis, validating samples with simulation results, Lesson Learned & Horizontal deployment in NPD.

9

9

9

9

UNIT V REPORTING & FORWARD-THINKING OF NPD

Detailed study on PPAP with 18 elements reporting, APQP and its 5 Sections, APQP vs PPAP, Importance of SOP (Standard Operating Procedure) – Purpose & documents, deployment in shop floor. Prototyping & RPT - Concepts, Application and its advantages, 3D Printing – resin models, Sand cores for foundries; Reverse Engineering. Cloud points generation, converting cloud data to 3D model – Advantages & Limitation of RE, CE (Concurrent Engineering) – Basics, Application and its advantages in NPD (to reduce development lead time, time to Market, Improve productivity and product cost.)

TOTAL :45 PERIODS

9

At the end of the course the students would be able to

CO1:Discuss fundamental concepts and customer specific requirements of the New Product development

CO2: Discuss the Material specification standards, analysis and fabrication, manufacturing process.

CO3: Develop Feasibility Studies & reporting of New Product development

CO4:Analyzing the New product qualification and Market Survey on similar products of new product development

CO5: Develop Reverse Engineering. Cloud points generation, converting cloud data to 3D model

TEXT BOOKS:

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- 1. Product Development Sten Jonsson
- 2. Product Design & Development Karl T. Ulrich, Maria C. Young, Steven D. Eppinger

REFERENCES:

- 1. Revolutionizing Product Development Steven C Wheelwright & Kim B. Clark
- 2. Change by Design
- 3. Toyota Product Development System James Morgan & Jeffrey K. Liker
- 4. Winning at New Products Robert Brands 3rd Edition
- 5. Product Design & Value Engineering Dr. M.A. Bulsara & Dr. H.R. Thakkar

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

00						PO								PSO	
CO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	1	1	3	1				1	1			1	1	3	2
2	1	1	3	1				1	1			1	1	3	2
3	1	1	3	1				1	1			1	1	3	2
4	1	1	3	1				1	1			1	1	3	2
5	1	1	3	1				1	1			1	1	3	2
				L٥	N (1) ;	; M	edium	n (2) ;	Н	ligh (3	3)				

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

OME355 INDUSTRIAL DESIGN & RAPID PROTOTYPING TECHNIQUES L T P C

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The course aims to

- Outline Fundamental concepts in UI & UX
- Introduce the principles of Design and Building an mobile app

- Illustrate the use of CAD in product design
- Outline the choice and use of prototyping tools
- Understanding design of electronic circuits and fabrication of electronic devices

UNIT I UI/UX

Fundamental concepts in UI & UX - Tools - Fundamentals of design principles - Psychology and Human Factors for User Interface Design - Layout and composition for Web, Mobile and Devices - Typography - Information architecture - Color theory - Design process flow, wireframes, best practices in the industry -User engagement ethics - Design alternatives

UNIT II APP DEVELOPMENT

SDLC - Introduction to App Development - Types of Apps - web Development understanding Stack - Frontend - backend - Working with Databases - Introduction to API -Introduction to Cloud services - Cloud environment Setup- Reading and writing data to cloud - Embedding ML models to Apps - Deploying application.

UNIT III **INDUSTRIAL DESIGN**

Introduction to Industrial Design - Points, lines. and planes - Sketching and concept generation - Sketch to CAD - Introduction to CAD tools - Types of 3D modeling - Basic 3D Modeling Tools - Part creation - Assembly - Product design and rendering basics - Dimensioning & Tolerancing

UNIT IV MECHANICAL RAPID PROTOTYPING

Need for prototyping - Domains in prototyping - Difference between actual manufacturing and prototyping - Rapid prototyping methods - Tools used in different domains - Mechanical Prototyping; 3D Printing and classification - Laser Cutting and engraving - RD Works - Additive manufacturing

UNIT V **ELECTRONIC RAPID PROTOTYPING**

Basics of electronic circuit design - lumped circuits - Electronic Prototyping - Working with simulation tool - simple PCB design with EDA

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of the course, learners will be able to:

CO1:Create quick UI/UX prototypes for customer needs

CO2: Develop web application to test product traction / product feature

CO3: Develop 3D models for prototyping various product ideas

CO4: Built prototypes using Tools and Techniques in a quick iterative methodology

TEXT BOOKS

1. Peter Fiell, Charlotte Fiell, Industrial Design A-Z, TASCHEN America Llc(2003)

Samar Malik, Autodesk Fusion 360 - The Master Guide. 2.

Steve Krug, Don't Make Me Think, Revisited: A Common Sense Approach to Web Usability, 3. Pearson, 3rd edition (2014)

REFERENCES

- 1. <u>https://www.adobe.com/products/xd/learn/get-star ted.html</u>
- 2. https://developer.android.com/guide

293

9

9

9

9

3. <u>https://help.autodesk.com/view/fusion360/ENU/courses/</u>

4. https://help.prusa3d.com/en/categor y/prusaslicer 204

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

MF3010

At the end of this course the student should be able to

- Learn about the precision machine tools
- Learn about the macro and micro components.
- Understand handling and operating of the precision machine tools.
- Learn to work with miniature models of existing machine tools/robots and other instruments.

MICRO AND PRECISION ENGINEERING

Learn metrology for micro system

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO MICROSYSTEMS

Design, and material selection, micro-actuators: hydraulic, pneumatic, electrostatic/ magnetic etc. for medical to general purpose applications. Micro-sensors based on Thermal, mechanical, electrical properties; micro-sensors for measurement of pressure, flow, temperature, inertia, force, acceleration, torque, vibration, and monitoring of manufacturing systems.

UNIT II FABRICATION PROCESSES FOR MICRO-SYSTEMS:

Additive, subtractive, forming process, microsystems-Micro-pumps, micro- turbines, micro engines, micro-robot, and miniature biomedical devices

UNIT III INTRODUCTION TO PRECISION ENGINEERING

Machine tools, holding and handling devices, positioning fixtures for fabrication/ assembly of microsystems. Precision drives: inch worm motors, ultrasonic motors, stick- slip mechanism and other piezo-based devices.

UNIT IV PRECISION MACHINING PROCESSES

Precision machining processes for macro components - Diamond turning, fixed and free abrasive processes, finishing processes.

UNIT V METROLOGY FOR MICRO SYSTEMS

Metrology for micro systems - Surface integrity and its characterization.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon the completion of this course the students will be able to

CO1:Select suitable precision machine tools and operate

CO2:Apply the macro and micro components for fabrication of micro systems.

CO3: Apply suitable machining process

CO4: Able to work with miniature models of existing machine tools/robots and other instruments.

CO5: Apply metrology for micro system

LT P C 3 0 0 3

9

9

9

9

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Davim, J. Paulo, ed. Microfabrication and Precision Engineering: Research and Development. Woodhead Publishing, 2017

2. Gupta K, editor. Micro and Precision Manufacturing. Springer; 2017

REFERENCES:

1. Dornfeld, D., and Lee, D. E., Precision Manufacturing, 2008, Springer.

2. H. Nakazawa, Principles of Precision Engineering, 1994, Oxford University Press.

3. Whitehouse, D. J., Handbook of Surface Metrology, Institute of Physics Publishing, Philadelphia PA, 1994.

4. Murthy.R.L, —Precision Engineering in Manufacturingll, New Age International, New Delhi, 2005

OMF354 COST MANAGEMENT OF ENGINEERING PROJECTS L T P C

3 0 0 3

9

9

9

9

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Summarize the costing concepts and their role in decision making
- Infer the project management concepts and their various aspects in selection
- Interpret costing concepts with project execution
- Develop knowledge of costing techniques in service sector and various budgetary control techniques
- Illustrate with quantitative techniques in cost management

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO COSTING CONCEPTS

Objectives of a Costing System; Cost concepts in decision-making; Relevant cost, Differential cost, Incremental cost and Opportunity cost; Creation of a Database for operational control.'

UNIT II INTRODUCTION TO PROJECT MANAGEMENT

Project: meaning, Different types, why to manage, cost overruns centres, various stages of project execution: conception to commissioning. Project execution as conglomeration of technical and nontechnical activities, Detailed Engineering activities, Pre project execution main clearances and documents, Project team: Role of each member, Importance Project site: Data required with significance, Project contracts

UNIT III PROJECT EXECUTION AND COSTING CONCEPTS

Project execution Project cost control, Bar charts and Network diagram, Project commissioning: mechanical and process, Cost Behavior and Profit Planning Marginal Costing; Distinction between Marginal Costing and Absorption Costing; Break-even Analysis, Cost-Volume-Profit Analysis, Various decision-making problems, Pricing strategies: Pareto Analysis, Target costing, Life Cycle Costing

UNIT IV COSTING OF SERVICE SECTOR AND BUDGETERY CONTROL

Just-in-time approach, Material Requirement Planning, Enterprise Resource Planning, Activity Based Cost Management, Bench Marking; Balanced Score Card and Value-Chain Analysis, Budgetary Control: Flexible Budgets; Performance budgets; Zero-based budgets.

UNIT V QUANTITATIVE TECHNIQUES FOR COST MANAGEMENT

Linear Programming, PERT/CPM, Transportation problems, Assignment problems, Learning Curve Theory.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO1: Understand the costing concepts and their role in decision making.

CO2: Understand the project management concepts and their various aspects in selection.

CO3: Interpret costing concepts with project execution.

CO4: Gain knowledge of costing techniques in service sector and various budgetary control techniques.

CO5: Become familiar with quantitative techniques in cost management.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. John M. Nicholas, Herman Steyn Project Management for Engineering, Business and Technology, Taylor & Francis, 2 August 2020, ISBN: 9781000092561.
- 2. Albert Lester , Project Management, Planning and Control, Elsevier/Butterworth-Heinemann, 2007, ISBN: 9780750669566, 075066956X.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Ashish K. Bhattacharya, Principles & Practices of Cost Accounting A. H. Wheeler publisher, 1991.
- 2. Charles T. Horngren and George Foster, Advanced Management Accounting, 1988.
- 3. Charles T. Horngren et al Cost Accounting a Managerial Emphasis, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2011.
- 4. Robert S Kaplan Anthony A. Alkinson, Management & Cost Accounting, 2003.
- 5. Vohra N.D., Quantitative Techniques in Management, Tata McGraw Hill Book Co. Ltd, 2007.

AU3002

BATTERIES AND MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The objective of this course is to make the students

 to understand the working and characteristics of different types of batteries and their management.

UNIT I ADVANCED BATTERIES

Li-ion Batteries-different formats, chemistry, safe operating area, efficiency, aging. Characteristics-SOC,DOD, SOH. Balancing-Passive Balancing Vs Active Balancing. Other Batteries-NCM and NCA Batteries. *NCR18650B* specifications.

UNIT II BATTERY PACK

Battery Pack- design, sizing, calculations, flow chart, real and simulation Model.Peak power – definition, testing methods-relationships with Power, Temperature and ohmic Internal Resistance. Cloud based and Local Smart charging.

9

L T P C 3 0 0 3

UNIT III BATTERY MODELLING

Battery Modelling Methods-Equivalent Circuit Models, Electrochemical Model, Neural Network Model. ECM Comparisons- Rint model, Thevenin model, PNGV model. State space Models-Introduction. Battery Modelling software/simulation frameworks

UNIT IV BATTERY STATE ESTIMATION

SOC Estimation- Definition, importance, single cell Vs series batteries SOC. Estimation Methods-Load voltage, Electromotive force, AC impedance, Ah counting, Neural networks, Neuro-fuzzy forecast method, Kalman filter. Estimation Algorithms.

UNIT V BMS ARCHITECTURE AND REAL TIME COMPONENTS

Battery Management System- need, operation, classification. BMS ASIC-bq76PL536A-Q1 Battery Monitor IC- CC2662R-Q1 Wireless BMS MCU. Communication Modules- CAN Open-Flex Ray-CANedge1 package.ARBIN Battery Tester. BMS Development with Modeling software and Model-Based Design.

TOTAL :45 PERIODS

L T P C 3 0 0 3

9

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, students will be able to

CO1:Acquire knowledge of different Li-ion Batteries performance.

CO2: Design a Battery Pack and make related calculations.

CO3:Demonstrate a BatteryModel or Simulation.

CO4: Estimate State-of-Charges in a Battery Pack.

CO5: Approach different BMS architectures during real world usage.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Jiuchun Jiang and Caiping Zhang, "Fundamentals and applications of Lithium-Ion batteriesin Electric Drive Vehicles", Wiley, 2015.
- 2. Davide Andrea ,"Battery Management Systems for Large Lithium-Ion Battery Packs" ARTECH House, 2010.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Developing Battery Management Systems with Simulink and Model-Based Design-whitepaper
- 2. Panasonic NCR18650B- DataSheet
- 3. bq76PL536A-Q1- IC DataSheet
- 4. CC2662R-Q1- IC DataSheet

AU3008

SENSORS AND ACTUATORS

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

• The objective of this course is to make the students to list common types of sensor and actuators used in automotive vehicles.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO MEASUREMENTS AND SENSORS

Sensors: Functions- Classifications- Main technical requirement and trends Units and standards-Calibration methods- Classification of errors- Error analysis- Limiting error- Probable error-Propagation of error- Odds and uncertainty- principle of transduction-Classification. Static characteristics- mathematical model of transducers- Zero, First and Second order transducers-Dynamic characteristics of first and second order transducers for standard test inputs.

9

Page 342 of 437

UNIT II VARIABLE RESISTANCE AND INDUTANCE SENSORS

Principle of operation- Construction details- Characteristics and applications of resistive potentiometer- Strain gauges- Resistive thermometers- Thermistors- Piezoresistive sensors Inductive potentiometer- Variable reluctance transducers:- EI pick up and LVDT

UNIT III VARIABLE AND OTHER SPECIAL SENSORS

Variable air gap type, variable area type and variable permittivity type- capacitor microphone Piezoelectric, Magnetostrictive, Hall Effect, semiconductor sensor- digital transducers-Humidity Sensor. Rain sensor, climatic condition sensor, solar, light sensor, antiglare sensor.

UNIT IV AUTOMOTIVE ACTUATORS

Electromechanical actuators- Fluid-mechanical actuators- Electrical machines- Direct-current machines- Three-phase machines- Single-phase alternating-current Machines - Duty-type ratings for electrical machines. Working principles, construction and location of actuators viz. Solenoid, relay, stepper motor etc.

UNIT V AUTOMATIC TEMPERATURE CONTROL ACTUATORS

Different types of actuators used in automatic temperature control- Fixed and variable displacement temperature control- Semi Automatic- Controller design for Fixed and variable displacement type air conditioning system.

TOTAL =45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to

CO1:List common types of sensor and actuators used in vehicles.

CO2:Design measuring equipment's for the measurement of pressure force, temperature and flow.

CO3:Generate new ideas in designing the sensors and actuators for automotive application

CO4:Understand the operation of thesensors, actuators and electronic control.

CO5: Design temperature control actuators for vehicles.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Doebelin's Measurement Systems: 7th Edition (SIE),Ernest O. Doebelin DhaneshN.Manik McGraw Hill Publishers, 2019.

2. Robert Brandy, "Automotive Electronics and Computer System", Prentice Hall, 2001

3. William Kimberley," Bosch Automotive Handbook", 6th Edition, Robert Bosch GmbH, 2004.

4. Bosch Automotive Electrics and Automotive Electronics Systems and Components, Networking and Hybrid Drive, 5th Edition, 2007, ISBN No: 978-3-658-01783-5.

REFERENCES:

1. James D Halderman, "Automotive Electrical and Electronics", Prentice Hall, USA, 2013

2. Tom Denton, "Automotive Electrical and Electronics Systems," Third Edition, 2004, SAE International.

3. Patranabis.D, " Sensors and Transducers", 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall India Ltd, 2003

4. William Ribbens, "Understanding Automotive Electronics -An Engineering Perspective," 7th Edition, Elsevier Butterworth-Heinemann Publishers, 2012.

298

9

9

OAS353

SPACE VEHICLES

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To interpret the missile space stations, space vs earth environment.
- To explain the life support systems, mission logistics and planning.
- To deploy the skills effectively in the understanding of space vehicle configuration design.
- To explain Engine system and support of space vehicle
- To interpret nose cone configuration of space vehicle

UNIT I FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS

Energy and Efficiencies of power plants for space vehicles – Typical Performance Values – Mission design – Structural design aspects during launch - role of launch environment on launch vehicle integrity.

UNIT II SELECTION OF ROCKET PROPULSION SYSTEMS

Ascent flight mechanics – Launch vehicle selection process – Criteria for Selection for different missions – selection of subsystems – types of staging – Interfaces – selection and criteria for stages and their role in launch vehicle configuration design.

UNIT III ENGINE SYSTEMS, CONTROLS, AND INTEGRATION

Propellant Budget – Performance of Complete or Multiple Rocket Propulsion Systems – Engine Design – Engine Controls – Engine System Calibration – System Integration and Engine Optimization.

UNIT IV THRUST VECTOR CONTROL

TVC Mechanisms with a Single Nozzle – TVC with Multiple Thrust Chambers or Nozzles – Testing – Integration with Vehicle – SITVC method – other jet control methods - exhaust plume problems in space environment

UNIT V NOSE CONE CONFIGURATION

Aerodynamic aspects on the selection of nose shape of a launch vehicle - design factors in the finalization of nose configuration with respect to payload - nose cone thermal protection system - separation of fairings - payload injection mechanism

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

CO1:Explain exotic space propulsion concepts, such as nuclear, solar sail, and antimatter.

CO2: Apply knowledge in selecting the appropriate rocket propulsion systems.

CO3:interpret the air-breathing propulsion suitable for initial stages and fly-back boosters.

CO4:Analyze aerodynamics aspect, including boost-phase lift and drag, hypersonic, and re-entry.

CO5:Adapt from aircraft engineers moving into launch vehicle, spacecraft, and hypersonic vehicle design.

9

9

9

9

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

MANAGEMENT SCIENCE

9

9

9

9

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

Of this course are

- To introduce fundamental concepts of management and organization to students.
- Toi mpart knowledge to students on various aspects of marketing, quality control and marketing strategies.
- To make students familiarize with the concepts of human resources management.
- To acquaint students with the concepts of project management and cost analysis.
- To make students familiarize with the concepts of planning process and business strategies.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO MANAGEMENT AND ORGANISATION

Concepts of Management and organization- nature, importance and Functions of Management, Systems Approach to Management - Taylor's Scientific Management Theory- Fayal's Principles of Management- Maslow's theory of Hierarchy of Human Needs- Douglas McGregor's TheoryXandTheoryY-HertzbergTwoFactorTheoryofMotivation-

LeadershipStyles,Socialresponsibilities of Management, Designing Organisational Structures: Basic concepts related to Organisation -Departmentation and Decentralisation.

UNIT II OPERATIONS AND MARKETING MANAGEMENT

Principles and Types of Plant Layout-Methods of Production(Job, batch and Mass Production), Work Study - Basic procedure involved in Method Study and Work Measurement - BusinessProcessReengineering(BPR)-

StatisticalQualityControl:controlchartsforVariablesandAttributes (simple Problems) and Acceptance Sampling, Objectives of Inventory control, EOQ,ABC Analysis, Purchase Procedure, Stores Management and Store Records - JIT System,Supply Chain Management, Functions of Marketing, Marketing Mix, and Marketing Strategies based on ProductLifeCycle.

UNIT III HUMAN RESOURCES MANAGEMENT

Concepts of HRM, HRD and Personnel Management and Industrial Relations (PMIR), HRM vs PMIR, Basic functions of HR Manager:Manpower planning, Recruitment, Selection, TrainingandDevelopment,WageandSalaryAdministration,Promotion,Transfer,PerformanceAppraisa I, Grievance Handling and Welfare Administration, Job Evaluation and Merit Rating –Capability Maturity Model (CMM)Levels.

UNIT IV PROJECT MANAGEMENT

Network Analysis, Programme Evaluation and Review Technique (PERT), Critical Path Method(CPM), identifying critical path, Probability of Completing the project within given time, Project Cost Analysis, Project Crashing (simple problems).

UNIT V STRATEGIC MANAGEMENT AND CONTEMPORARY STRATEGIC ISSUES 9

Mission, Goals, Objectives, Policy, Strategy, Programmes, Elements of Corporate Planning Process, Environmental Scanning, Value Chain Analysis, SWOT Analysis, Steps in Strategy Formulation and Implementation, Generic Strategy alternatives. Bench Marking and Balanced Score Cardas Contemporary Business Strategies.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, Students will be able to

CO1:PlananorganizationalstructureforagivencontextintheorganisationtocarryoutproductionoperationsthroughWork-study.

CO2:Surveythemarkets,customersandcompetitionbetterandpricethegivenproductsappropriatey **CO3**:Ensurequalityforagivenproduct or service.

CO4:Plan, schedule and control projects through PERTandCPM.

CO5: Evaluate strategyforabusiness orserviceorganisation.

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

CO's			PO's	S									PS	0's	
00 3	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3			3	3	3		3	3	2			2	3	
2	3			2	3	3		2	3	2				2	
3	3			3	2	2		3	2	2					2
4	3			3	3	2		3	2	3	11				3
5	3			2	3	3		2	3	3			2	1	
AVg.	3		-	2.6	2.8	2.6		2.6	2.6	2.4			2	2	2.5

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. KanishkaBedi, Production and Operations Management, Oxford University Press, 2007.
- 2. Stoner, Freeman, Gilbert, Management, 6th Ed, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2004.
- 3. ThomasN.Duening & John M.Ivancevich Management Principles and Guidelines, Biztantra, 2007.
- 4. P.VijayKumar, N.Appa Rao and Ashnab, Chnalill, CengageLearning India, 2012.

REFERECES:

- 1. KotlerPhilip and KellerKevinLane: Marketing Management, Pearson, 2012.
- 2. KoontzandWeihrich: Essentials of Management, McGrawHill, 2012.
- 3. Lawrence RJauch, R. Guptaand William F. Glueck: Business Policy and Strategic Management Science, McGrawHill, 2012.
- 4. SamuelC.Certo:Modern Management,2012.

OIM353

PRODUCTION PLANNING AND CONTROL

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the concept of production planning and control act work study,
- To apply the concept of product planning,
- To analyze the production scheduling,
- To apply the Inventory Control concepts.

• To prepare the manufacturing requirement Planning (MRP II) and Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP).

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Objectives and benefits of planning and control-Functions of production control-Types of production- job- batch and continuous-Product development and design-Marketing aspect - Functional aspects- Operational aspect-Durability and dependability aspect aesthetic aspect. Profit consideration- Standardization, Simplification & specialization- Break even analysis-Economics of a new design.

UNIT II WORK STUDY

Method study, basic procedure-Selection-Recording of process - Critical analysis, Development -Implementation - Micro motion and memo motion study – work measurement - Techniques of work measurement - Time study - Production study - Work sampling - Synthesis from standard data -Predetermined motion time standards.

UNIT III PRODUCT PLANNING AND PROCESS PLANNING

Product planning-Extending the original product information-Value analysis-Problems in lack of product planning-Process planning and routing-Pre requisite information needed for process planning- Steps in process planning-Quantity determination in batch production-Machine capacity, balancing- Analysis of process capabilities in a multi product system.

UNIT IV PRODUCTION SCHEDULING

Production Control Systems-Loading and scheduling-Master Scheduling-Scheduling rules-Gantt charts-Perpetual loading-Basic scheduling problems - Line of balance – Flow production scheduling- Batch production scheduling-Product sequencing – Production Control systems-Periodic batch control-Material requirement planning kanban – Dispatching-Progress reporting and expediting- Manufacturing lead time-Techniques for aligning completion times and due dates.

UNIT V INVENTORY CONTROL AND RECENT TRENDS IN PPC

Inventory control-Purpose of holding stock-Effect of demand on inventories-Ordering procedures. Two bin system - Ordering cycle system-Determination of Economic order quantity and economic lot size- ABC analysis - Recorder procedure-Introduction to computer integrated production planning systems- elements of JUST IN TIME SYSTEMS-Fundamentals of MRP II and ERP.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course,

CO1:The students can able to prepare production planning and control act work study,

CO2: The students can able to prepare product planning,

CO3:The students can able to prepare production scheduling,

CO4:The students can able to prepare Inventory Control.

CO5:They can plan manufacturing requirements manufacturing requirement Planning (MRP II) and Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP).

TEXT BOOKS:

1. James. B. Dilworth, "Operations management – Design, Planning and Control for manufacturing and services" Mcgraw Hill International edition 1992.

2. Martand Telsang, "Industrial Engineering and Production Management", First edition, S. Chand and Company, 2000.

9

9

9

REFERENCES

- 1. Chary. S.N., "Theory and Problems in Production & Operations Management", Tata McGraw Hill, 1995.
- 2. Elwood S.Buffa, and Rakesh K.Sarin, "Modern Production / Operations Management", 8th Edition John Wiley and Sons, 2000
- 3. Jain. K.C. & Aggarwal. L.N., "Production Planning Control and Industrial Management", Khanna Publishers, 1990
- 4. Kanishka Bedi, "Production and Operations management", 2nd Edition, Oxford university press, 2007.
- 5. Melynk, Denzler, " Operations management A value driven approach" Irwin Mcgraw hill.
- 6. Norman Gaither, G. Frazier, "Operations Management" 9th Edition, Thomson learning IE, 2007
- 7. Samson Eilon, "Elements of Production Planning and Control", Universal Book Corpn.1984
- 8. Upendra Kachru, "Production and Operations Management Text and cases" 1st Edition, Excel books 2007

		PO	's									PS	O's	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
3	3	~		3		1	37		27	1		3		
3	2			3			1.5			P.T.			2	
	2		V	3							-		2	
	2	2						1						
3	3	2											1	
3	2.6	2		3		1				1		3	1.8	
	3	3 2 2 2 3 3	1 2 3 3 3 - 3 2 - 2 2 - 3 3 2	3 3 3 2 2 2 3 3 2 2 3 3	1 2 3 4 5 3 3	1 2 3 4 5 6 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 2 2 3 4 5 6 6 3 </th <th>1 2 3 4 5 6 7 3 3 3 3 1 3 2 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 3 3 2 3 1 3 3 2 3 1 3 3 2 3 1 3 3 2 1 1</th> <th>1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 3 3 3 3 1 1 3 2 3 1 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 3 1 1 1 3 3 2 3 1 1 3 3 2 3 1 1 3 3 2 1 3 1 1</th> <th>1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 3 3 3 3 1 - - 3 2 3 3 - 1 - 2 3 3 - - - - 2 2 3 - - - - 3 3 2 - - - - - 3 3 2 - <</th> <th>1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 3 3 3 3 1 -</th> <th>1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 3 3 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 3 2 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 2 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 3 1 <</th> <th>1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 3 3 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 3 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 3 3 1 <t< th=""><th>1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 1 3 3 3 3 1 1 1 1 3 3 2 3 3 1 1 1 3 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 3 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 3 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 3 3 2 3 1 1 1 1 3 3 3 2 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 3 2 1</th><th>1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 1 2 3 3 3 3 3 1 1 1 3 3 3 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 3 2 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 3 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1</th></t<></th>	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 3 3 3 3 1 3 2 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 3 3 2 3 1 3 3 2 3 1 3 3 2 3 1 3 3 2 1 1	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 3 3 3 3 1 1 3 2 3 1 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 3 1 1 1 3 3 2 3 1 1 3 3 2 3 1 1 3 3 2 1 3 1 1	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 3 3 3 3 1 - - 3 2 3 3 - 1 - 2 3 3 - - - - 2 2 3 - - - - 3 3 2 - - - - - 3 3 2 - <	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 3 3 3 3 1 -	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 3 3 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 3 2 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 2 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 3 1 <	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 3 3 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 3 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 3 3 1 <t< th=""><th>1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 1 3 3 3 3 1 1 1 1 3 3 2 3 3 1 1 1 3 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 3 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 3 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 3 3 2 3 1 1 1 1 3 3 3 2 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 3 2 1</th><th>1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 1 2 3 3 3 3 3 1 1 1 3 3 3 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 3 2 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 3 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1</th></t<>	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 1 3 3 3 3 1 1 1 1 3 3 2 3 3 1 1 1 3 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 3 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 3 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 3 3 2 3 1 1 1 1 3 3 3 2 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 3 2 1	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 1 2 3 3 3 3 3 1 1 1 3 3 3 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 3 2 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 3 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

OIE353

OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT

LTPC 3 0 0 3

9

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- Recognize and appreciate the concept of Production and Operations Management in creating and enhancing a firm's competitive advantages.
- Describe the concept and contribution of various constituents of Production and Operations Management (both manufacturing and service).
- Relate the interdependence of the operations function with the other key functional areas of a firm.
- Teach analytical skills and problem-solving tools to the analysis of the operations problems.
- Apply scheduling and Lean Concepts for improving System Performance.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT

Operations Management – Nature, Importance, historical development, transformation processes, differences between services and goods, a system perspective, functions, challenges, current priorities, recent trends; Operations Strategy – Strategic fit , framework; Supply Chain Management

Page 348 of 437

304

UNIT II FORECASTING, CAPACITY AND FACILITY DESIGN

Demand Forecasting – Need, Types, COURSE OBJECTIVES and Steps. Overview of Qualitative and Quantitative methods. Capacity Planning - Long range, Types, Developing capacity alternatives. Overview of sales and operations planning. Overview of MRP, MRP II and ERP. Facility Location – Theories, Steps in Selection, Location Models. Facility Layout – Principles, Types, Planning tools and techniques.

UNIT III DESIGN OF PRODUCT, PROCESS AND WORK SYSTEMS

Product Design – Influencing factors, Approaches, Legal, Ethical and Environmental issues. Process – Planning, Selection, Strategy, Major Decisions. Work Study – COURSE OBJECTIVES, Procedure. Method Study and Motion Study. Work Measurement and Productivity – Measuring Productivityand Methods to improve productivity.

UNIT IV MATERIALS MANAGEMENT

Materials Management – COURSE OBJECTIVES, Planning, Budgeting and Control. Purchasing – COURSE OBJECTIVES, Functions, Policies, Vendor rating and Value Analysis. Stores Management – Nature, Layout, Classification and Coding. Inventory – COURSE OBJECTIVES, Costs and control techniques. Overview of JIT.

UNIT V SCHEDULING AND PROJECT MANAGEMENT

Project Management – Scheduling Techniques, PERT, CPM; Scheduling - work centers – nature, importance; Priority rules and techniques, shopfloor control; Flow shop scheduling – Johnson"sAlgorithm – Gantt charts; personnel scheduling in services.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: The students will appreciate the role of Production and Operations management in enabling and enhancing a firm's competitive advantages in the dynamic business environment.

CO2: The students will obtain sufficient knowledge and skills to forecast demand for Production and Service Systems.

CO3: The students will able to Formulate and Assess Aggregate Planning strategies and Material Requirement Plan.

CO4: The students will be able to develop analytical skills to calculate capacity requirements and developing capacity alternatives.

CO5: The students will be able to apply scheduling and Lean Concepts for improving System Performance.

CO's			PO's	5									PS	0's	
003	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3											2			
2		3	3											3	3
3		2	3	3									2	3	
4		3	3	3									2	3	
5			3	2											
AVg.	3	2.6	3	2.6								2	2	3	3

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

TEXT BOOKS

9

9

9

- 1. Richard B. Chase, Ravi Shankar, F. Robert Jacobs, Nicholas J. Aquilano, Operations and Supply Management, Tata McGraw Hill, 12th Edition, 2010.
- 2. Norman Gaither and Gregory Frazier, Operations Management, South Western Cengage Learning, 2002.

REFERENCES

- 1. William J Stevenson, Operations Management, Tata McGraw Hill, 9th Edition, 2009.
- 2. Russel and Taylor, Operations Management, Wiley, Fifth Edition, 2006.
- 3. Kanishka Bedi, Production and Operations Management, Oxford University Press, 2004.
- 4. Chary S. N, Production and Operations Management, Tata McGraw Hill, Third Edition, 2008.
- 5. Aswathappa K and Shridhara Bhat K, Production and Operations Management, HimalayaPublishing House, Revised Second Edition, 2008.
- 6. Mahadevan B, Operations Management Theory and practice, Pearson Education, 2007.
- 7. Pannerselvam R, Production and Operations Management, Prentice Hall India, Second Edition, 2008.

OSF352

INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE

L T P C 3 0 0 3

9

9

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Demonstrate an understanding of how occupational hygiene standards are set and used in work health and safety.
- Compare and contrast the roles of environmental and biological monitoring in work health and safety
- Outline strategies for identifying, assessing and controlling risks associated with airborne gases, vapours and particulates
- Discuss how personal protective equipment can be used to reduce risks associated with workplace exposures
- Provide high-level advice on managing and controlling noise and noise-related hazards

UNIT I INTRODUCTION AND SCOPE

Occupational Health and Environmental Safety Management - Principles practices. Common Occupational diseases: Occupational Health Management Services at the work place. Preemployment, periodic medical examination of workers, medical surveillance for control of occupational diseases and health records.

UNIT II MONITORING FOR SAFETY, HEALTH & ENVIRONMENT

Occupational Health and Environment Safety Management System, ILO and EPA Standards Industrial Hygiene: Definition of Industrial Hygiene, Industrial Hygiene: Control Methods, Substitution, Changing the process, Local Exhaust Ventilation, Isolation, Wet method, Personal hygiene, housekeeping and maintenance, waste disposal, special control measures.

UNIT III OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL SAFETY EDUCATION 9

Element of training cycle, Assessment of needs.Techniques of training, design and development of training programs.Training methods and strategies types of training.Evaluation and review of training programs. Occupational Health Hazards, Promoting Safety, Safety and Health training, Stress and Safety, Exposure Limit.

UNIT IV OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY, HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT MANAGEMENT 9

Bureau of Indian standards on safety and health 14489 - 1998 and 15001 – 2000, OSHA, Process Safety Management (PSM) as per OSHA, PSM principles, OHSAS – 18001, EPA Standards, Performance measurements to determine effectiveness of PSM. Importance of Industrial safety, role of safety department,

UNIT V INDUSTRIAL HAZARDS

i. Radiation: Types and effects of radiation on human body, Measurement and detection of radiation intensity. Effects of radiation on human body, Measurement – disposal of radioactive waste, Control of radiation ii. Noise and Vibration: Sources, and its control, Effects of noise on the auditory system and health, Measurement of noise, Different air pollutants in industries, Effect of different gases and particulate matter, acid fumes, smoke, fog on human health, Vibration: effects.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

9

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Students able to

CO1: Explain and apply human factors engineering concepts in both evaluation of existing systems and design of new systems

CO2: Specify designs that avoid occupation related injuries

CO3: Define and apply the principles of work design, motion economy, and work environment design.

CO4: Identify the basic human sensory, cognitive, and physical capabilities and limitations with respect to human-machine system performance.

CO5: Acknowledge the impact of workplace design and environment on productivity

TEXT BOOKS:

1. R. K. Jain and Sunil S. Rao , Industrial Safety , Health and Environment Management Systems, Khanna publishers, New Delhi (2006)

2. Slote. L, Handbook of Occupational Safety and Health, John Willey and Sons, New York .

REFERENCES:

1. Jeanne MagerStellman, Encyclopedia of Occupational Health and Safety (ILO) Ms. Irma Jourdan publication

2. Frank P Lees - Loss of prevention in Process Industries, Vol. 1 and 2,

3. ButterworthHeinemann Ltd., London (1991). 2. Industrial Safety - National Safety Council of India

4. Frank P Lees – Loss of prevention in Process Industries , Vol. 1 and 2, Butterworth- Heinemann Ltd., London

5. R. K. Jain and Sunil S. Rao, Industrial Safety, Health and Environment Management Systems, Khanna publishers, New Delhi (2006).

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

						PC)'s							PSO's	5
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	2		2		2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-
2	-		2		-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
3	-		-		2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-
4	-		-		-	-	-	-	2	-	3	-	-	-	-
5	-		-		-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

AVg.	2	-	2	-	-	-	1	1	2	-	2	-	-	-

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

OSF353	CHEMICAL PROCESS SAFETY	LΤ	РС	
		30	03	

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- Teach the principles of safety applicable to the design, and operation of chemical process plants.
- Ensure that potential hazards are identified and mitigation measures are in place to prevent unwanted release of energy.
- Learn about the hazardous chemicals into locations that could expose employees and others to serious harm.
- Focuses on preventing incidents and accidents during large scale manufacturing of chemicals and pharmaceuticals.
- Ensure that the general design of the plant is capable of complying with the dose limits in force and with the radioactive releases.

UNIT I SAFETY IN THE STORAGE AND HANDLING OF CHEMICALS AND GASES 9

Types of storage-general considerations for storage layouts- atmospheric venting, pressure and temperature relief - relief valve sizing calculations - storage and handling of hazardous chemicals and industrial gases, safe disposal methods, reaction with other chemicals, hazards during transportation - pipe line transport - safety in chemical laboratories.

UNIT II CHEMICAL REACTION HAZARDS

Hazardous inorganic and organic reactions and processes, Reactivity as a process hazard, Detonations, Deflagrations, and Runaways, Assessment and Testing strategies, Self - heating hazards of solids, Explosive potential of chemicals, Structural groups and instability of chemicals, Thermochemical screening,

9

9

9

UNIT III SAFETY IN THE DESIGN OF CHEMICAL PROCESS PLANTS

Design principles -Process design development -types of designs, feasibility survey, preliminary design, Flow diagrams, piping and instrumentation diagram, batch versus continuous operation, factors in equipment scale up and design, equipment specifications - reliability and safety in designing - inherent safety - engineered safety - safety during startup and shutdown - non destructive testing methods - pressure and leak testing - emergency safety devices - scrubbers and flares- new concepts in safety design and operation- Pressure vessel testing standards-Inspection techniques for boilers and reaction vessels.

UNIT IV SAFETY IN THE OPERATION OF CHEMICAL PROCESS PLANTS

Properties of chemicals - Material Safety Data Sheets - the various properties and formats used - methods available for property determination. Operational activities and hazards -standards operating procedures - safe operation of pumps, compressors, heaters, column, reactors, pressure vessels, storage vessels, piping systems - effects of pressure, temperature, Flow rate and humidity on operations - corrosion and control measures- condition monitoring - control valves - safety valves - pressure reducing valves, drains, bypass valves, inert gases. Chemical splashes, eye irrigation and automatic showers.

UNIT V SAFETY AND ANALYSIS

Safety vs reliability- quantification of basic events, system safety quantification, Human error analysis, Accident investigation and analysis, OSHAS 18001 and OSHMS.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Students able to

CO1 Differentiate between inherent safety and engineered safety and recognize the importance of safety in the design of chemical process plants.

CO2 Develop thorough knowledge about safety in the operation of chemical plants.

CO3Apply the principles of safety in the storage and handling of gases.

CO4Identify the conditions that lead to reaction hazards and adopt measures to prevent them. **CO5**Develop thorough knowledge about

TEXT BOOK

- Joseph F Louvar,"Chemical Process safety", Pearson publication, 3rd 1 David A Crowl& Edition.2014
- 2 Maurice Jones .A,"Fire Protection Systems,2nd edition, Jones & Bartlett Publishers,2015

REFERENCES:

- 1. Ralph King and Ron Hirst,"King's safety in the process industries", Arnold, London, 1998.
- 2. Industrial Environment and its Evolution and Control, NIOSH Publication, 1973.
- 3. National Safety Council," Accident prevention manual for industrial operations". Chicago, 1982.
- 4. Lewis, Richard, J., Sr, "Sax's dangerous properties of materials". (Ninth edition). Van Nostrand Reinhold, New York, 1996.
- 5. Roy E Sanders, "Chemical Process Safety", 3rd Edition, Gulf professional publishing, 2006

			PO's	5									P	PSO's				
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3			
1	2	3	-	-	-	1	-		1	1	<u></u>	A-	2	-	-			
2	-		· *	2	-	•	-	-	1	-		As.	-	2	-			
3	-	3		1	-	-	-	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	-			
4	-	2	-		-	1	-	-	1	-		-	-	-	2			
5	-	2	3	2 D I	-	-	- 1	1	-	110	1	En f	-	-	-			
AVg.	2	2.5	3	1.5	-	1	-	1.5	1	-	1	EVS	2	2	2			

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

OML352 ELECTRICAL, ELECTRONIC AND MAGNETIC MATERIALS LTPC

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to prepare the students for:

- Understanding the importance of various materials used in electrical, electronics and •
- magnetic applications
- Acquiring knowledge on the properties of electrical, electronics and magnetic materials.
- Gaining knowledge on the selection of suitable materials for the given application •

- Knowing the fundamental concepts in Semiconducting materials
- Getting equipped with the materials used in optical and optoelectronic applications.

UNIT I DIELECTRIC MATERIALS

Dielectric as Electric Field Medium, leakage currents, dielectric loss, dielectric strength, breakdown voltage, breakdown in solid dielectrics, flashover, liquid dielectrics, electric conductivity in solid, liquid and gaseous dielectrics, Ferromagnetic materials, properties of ferromagnetic materials in static fields, spontaneous, polarization, curie point, anti-ferromagnetic materials, piezoelectric materials, pyroelectric materials.

UNIT II MAGNETIC MATERIALS

Classification of magnetic materials, spontaneous magnetization in ferromagnetic materials, magnetic Anisotropy, Magnetostriction, diamagnetism, magnetically soft and hard materials, special purpose materials, feebly magnetic materials, Ferrites, cast and cermet permanent magnets, ageing of magnets. Factors effecting permeability and Hysteresis

UNIT III SEMICONDUCTOR MATERIALS

Properties of semiconductors, Silicon wafers, integration techniques, Large and very large scale Integration techniques. Concept of superconductivity; theories and examples for high temperature superconductivity; discussion on specific superconducting materials; comments on fabrication and engineering applications.

UNIT IV MATERIALS FOR ELECTRICAL APPLICATIONS

Materials used for Resistors, rheostats, heaters, transmission line structures, stranded conductors, bimetals fuses, soft and hard solders, electric contact materials, electric carbon materials, thermocouple materials. Solid, Liquid and Gaseous insulating materials, Effect of moisture on insulation.

UNIT V OPTICAL AND OPTOELECTRONIC MATERIALS

Principles of photoconductivity - effect of impurities - principles of luminescence-laser principles -He-Ne, injection lasers, LED materials - binary, ternary photoelectronic materials - LCD materials photo detectors - applications of optoelectronic materials - optical fibres and materials - electro optic modulators - Kerr effect - Pockels effect.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of this course, the students will be able to

CO1:Understand various types of dielectric materials, their properties in various conditions.

CO2: Evaluate magnetic materials and their behavior.

CO3: Evaluate semiconductor materials and technologies.

CO4:Select suitable materials for electrical engineering applications.

CO5: Identify right material for optical and optoelectronic applications

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Pradeep Fulay, "Electronic, Magnetic and Optical materials", CRC Press, taylor and Francis, 2 nd illustrated edition, 2017.
- 2. "R K Rajput", "A course in Electrical Engineering Materials", Laxmi Publications, 2009.

9

9

9

9

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. T K Basak, "A course in Electrical Engineering Materials", New Age Science Publications, 2009
- 2. TTTI Madras, "Electrical Engineering Materials", McGraw Hill Education, 2004.
- 3. Adrianus J. Dekker, "Electrical Engineering Materials", PHI Publication, 2006.
- 4. S. P. Seth, P. V. Gupta "A course in Electrical Engineering Materials", Dhanpat Rai & amp; Sons, 2011.
- 5. C. Kittel, "Introduction to Solid State Physics", 7th Edition, John Wiley & amp; Sons, Singapore, (2006).

	PO1				PO5	DOG				PO1		PO12	PSO	PSO	PSO
	FUI	FU2	FU3	г04	FU3	FUU	FUI	F U0	FU9	0	FUII	FUIZ	1	2	3
C01	3	2	2	3								2	2	2	1
C02	3	1	2	2			1	1				2	2	2	1
C03	3	2	1	2	ć							2	2	2	1
CO4	3	2	1	2						5		2	2	2	2
CO5	3	2	2	2						6	5	2	2	2	1
Avg	3	1.8	1.6	2.2	5	\$						2	2	2	1.2

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

OML353 NANOMATERIALS AND APPLICATIONS

L T P C 3 0 0 3

9

9

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to prepare the students for:

- Understanding the evolution of nanomaterials in the scientific era and make them to understand different types of nanomaterials for the future engineering applications
- Gaining knowledge on dimensionality effects on different properties of nanomaterials
- Getting acquainted with the different processing techniques employed for fabricating nanomaterials
- Having knowledge on the different characterisation techniques employed to characterise the nanomaterials
- Acquiring knowledge on different applications of nanomaterials in different disciplines of engineering.

UNIT I NANOMATERIALS

Introduction, Classification: 0D, 1D, 2D, 3D nanomaterials and nano-composites, their mechanical, electrical, optical, magnetic properties; Nanomaterials versus bulk materials.

UNIT II THERMODYNAMICS & KINETICS OF NANOSTRUCTURED MATERIALS 9

Size and interface/interphase effects, interfacial thermodynamics, phase diagrams, diffusivity, grain growth, and thermal stability of nanomaterials.

UNIT III PROCESSING

Bottom-up and top-down approaches for the synthesis of nanomaterials, mechanical alloying, chemical routes, severe plastic deformation, and electrical wire explosion technique.

UNIT IV STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS

Principles of emerging nanoscale X-ray techniques such as small angle X-ray scattering and X-ray absorption fine structure (XAFS), electron and neutron diffraction techniques and their application to nanomaterials; SPM, Nanoindentation, Grain size, phase formation, texture, stress analysis

UNIT V APPLICATIONS

Applications of nanoparticles, quantum dots, nanotubes, nanowires, nanocoatings; applications in electronic, electrical and medical industries

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of this course, the students will be able to

CO1: Evaluate nanomaterials and understand the different types of nanomaterials

CO2:Recognise the effects of dimensionality of materials on the properties

CO3:Process different nanomaterials and use them in engineering applications

CO4:Use appropriate techniques for characterising nanomaterials

CO5: Identify and use different nanomaterials for applications in different engineering fields.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Bhusan, Bharat (Ed), "Springer Handbook of Nanotechnology", 2nd edition, 2007.

2. Carl C. Koch (ed.), NANOSTRUCTURED MATERIALS, Processing, Properties and Potential Applications, NOYES PUBLICATIONS, Norwich, New York, U.S.A.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Poole C.P, and Owens F.J., Introduction to Nanotechnology, John Wiley 2003
- 2. Nalwa H.S., Encyclopedia of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, American Scientific Publishers 2004
- 3. Zehetbauer M.J. and Zhu Y.T., Bulk Nanostructured Materials, Wiley 2008
- 4. Wang Z.L., Characterization of Nanophase Materials, Wiley 2000
- 5. Gutkin Y., Ovid'ko I.A. and Gutkin M., Plastic Deformation in Nanocrystalline Materials, Springer 2004

	PO1				PO5	DOG				PO	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
	PUI	FU2	FU3	FU4	FU3	FUO	FU1	FU0	FU9	10	11	12	1	2	3
C01	2	2	2	3	ESS	TH	RO				MLF	2	1	2	
C02	3	1	2	2				-				2	2	2	1
C03	3	2	1	2								2	2	2	
CO4	3	1		2								2	2	2	2
CO5	3	2	2	2								2	2	2	1
Avg	2.8	1.6	1.7	2.2								2	1.8	2	1.3

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

311

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OMR352 HYDRAULICS AND PNEUMATICS

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To knowledge on fluid power principles and working of hydraulic pumps
- To obtain the knowledge in hydraulic actuators and control components
- To understand the basics in hydraulic circuits and systems
- To obtain the knowledge in pneumatic and electro pneumatic systems
- To apply the concepts to solve the trouble shooting

UNIT I FLUID POWER PRINICIPLES AND HYDRAULIC PUMPS

Introduction to Fluid power – Advantages and Applications – Fluid power systems – Types of fluids - Properties of fluids and selection – Basics of Hydraulics – Pascal's Law – Principles of flow -Friction loss – Work, Power and Torque Problems, Sources of Hydraulic power : Pumping Theory – Pump Classification – Construction, Working, Design, Advantages, Disadvantages, Performance, Selection criteria of Linear and Rotary – Fixed and Variable displacement pumps – Problems.

UNIT II HYDRAULIC ACTUATORS AND CONTROL COMPONENTS

Hydraulic Actuators: Cylinders – Types and construction, Application, Hydraulic cushioning – Hydraulic motors - Control Components : Direction Control, Flow control and pressure control valves – Types, Construction and Operation – Servo and Proportional valves – Applications – Accessories : Reservoirs, Pressure Switches – Applications – Fluid Power ANSI Symbols – Problems.

UNIT III HYDRAULIC CIRCUITS AND SYSTEMS

Accumulators, Intensifiers, Industrial hydraulic circuits – Regenerative, Pump Unloading, Double Pump, Pressure Intensifier, Air-over oil, Sequence, Reciprocation, Synchronization, Fail-Safe, Speed Control, Hydrostatic transmission, Electro hydraulic circuits, Mechanical hydraulic servo systems.

UNIT IV PNEUMATIC AND ELECTRO PNEUMATIC SYSTEMS

Properties of air – Perfect Gas Laws – Compressor – Filters, Regulator, Lubricator, Muffler, Air control Valves, Quick Exhaust Valves, Pneumatic actuators, Design of Pneumatic circuit – Cascade method – Electro Pneumatic System – Elements – Ladder diagram – Problems, Introduction to fluidics and pneumatic logic circuits

UNIT V TROUBLE SHOOTING AND APPLICATIONS

Installation, Selection, Maintenance, Trouble Shooting and Remedies in Hydraulic and Pneumatic systems, Design of hydraulic circuits for Drilling, Planning, Shaping, Surface grinding, Press and Forklift applications. Design of Pneumatic circuits for Pick and Place applications and tool handling in CNC Machine tools – Low cost Automation – Hydraulic and Pneumatic power packs.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

- **CO 1**: Analyze the methods in fluid power principles and working of hydraulic pumps
- CO 2: Recognize the concepts in hydraulic actuators and control components
- CO 3: Obtain the knowledge in basics of hydraulic circuits and systems
- CO 4: Know about the basics concept in pneumatic and electro pneumatic systems

9

9 de

9

9

CO 5: Apply the concepts to solve the trouble shooting hydraulic and pneumatics

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs																	
COs/POs & PSOs		POs PSO:												SOs	S		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3		
CO1	3	2	1		2	2						1	2	2	1		
CO2	3	2	1		2	2						1	2	2	1		
CO3	3	2	1		2	2						1	2	2	1		
CO4	3	2	1		2	2						1	2	2	1		
CO5	3	2	1		2	2						1	2	2	1		
CO/PO & PSO	3	2	1		2	2						1	2	2	1		
Average																	
1 - Iow, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation																	

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Anthony Esposito, "Fluid Power with Applications", Prentice Hall, 2009.
- 2. James A. Sullivan, "Fluid Power Theory and Applications", Fourth Edition, Prentice Hall, 1997.

REFERENCES

- 1. Shanmugasundaram.K, "Hydraulic and Pneumatic Controls". Chand & Co, 2006.
- 2. Majumdar, S.R., "Oil Hydraulics Systems Principles and Maintenance", Tata McG Raw Hill, 2001.

3. Majumdar, S.R., "Pneumatic Systems – Principles and Maintenance", Tata McGRaw Hill, 2007.

- 4. Dudley, A. Pease and John J Pippenger, "Basic Fluid Power", Prentice Hall, 1987
- 5. Srinivasan. R, "Hydraulic and Pneumatic Controls", Vijay Nicole Imprints, 2008
- 6. Joshi.P, Pneumatic Control", Wiley India, 2008.
- 7. Jagadeesha T, "Pneumatics Concepts, Design and Applications ", Universities Press, 2015.

OMR353

SENSORS

LT PC 3003

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the various types of sensors, transducers, sensor output signal types, calibration techniques, formulation of system equation and its characteristics.
- To understand basic working principle, construction, Application and characteristics of displacement, speed and ranging sensors.
- To understand and analyze the working principle, construction, application and characteristics of force, magnetic and heading sensors.
- To learn and analyze the working principle, construction, application and characteristics of optical, pressure, temperature and other sensors.
- To familiarize students with different signal conditioning circuits design and data acquisition system.

314

UNIT I SENSOR CLASSIFICATION, CHARACTERISTICS AND SIGNAL TYPES Basics of Measurement - Classification of Errors - Error Analysis - Static and Dynamic

Characteristics of Transducers – Performance Measures of Sensors – Classification of Sensors – Sensor Calibration Techniques - Sensor Outputs - Signal Types - Analog and Digital Signals, PWM and PPM.

UNIT II DISPLACEMENT. PROXIMITY AND RANGING SENSORS

Displacement Sensors - Brush Encoders - Potentiometers, Resolver, Encoders - Optical, Magnetic, Inductive, Capacitive, LVDT - RVDT - Synchro - Microsyn, Accelerometer - Range Sensors - Ultrasonic Ranging - Reflective Beacons - Laser Range Sensor (LIDAR) - GPS - RF Beacons.

UNIT III FORCE, MAGNETIC AND HEADING SENSORS

Strain Gage – Types, Working, Advantage, Limitation, and Applications: Load Measurement – Force and Torque Measurement - Magnetic Sensors - Types, Principle, Advantage, Limitation, and Applications - Magneto Resistive - Hall Effect, Eddy Current Sensor - Heading Sensors -Compass, Gyroscope and Inclinometers.

OPTICAL, PRESSURE, TEMPERATURE AND OTHER SENSORS UNIT IV

Photo Conductive Cell, Photo Voltaic, Photo Resistive, LDR - Fiber Optic Sensors - Pressure -Diaphragm - Bellows - Piezoelectric - Piezo-resistive - Acoustic, Temperature - IC, Thermistor, RTD, Thermocouple – Non Contact Sensor - Chemical Sensors - MEMS Sensors - Smart Sensors.

UNIT V SIGNAL CONDITIONING

Need for Signal Conditioning - Resistive, Inductive and Capacitive Bridges for Measurement - DC and AC Signal Conditioning - Voltage, Current, Power and Instrumentation Amplifiers - Filter and Isolation Circuits – Fundamentals of Data Acquisition System

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO1: Understand various sensor effects, sensor characteristics, signal types, calibration methods and obtain transfer function and empirical relation of sensors. They can also analyze the densor response.

CO2: Analyze and select suitable sensor for displacement, proximity and range measurement.

CO3: Analyze and select suitable sensor for force, magnetic field, speed, position and direction measurement.

CO4: Analyze and Select suitable sensor for light detection, pressure and temperature measurement and also familiar with other miniaturized smart sensors.

CO5: Select and design suitable signal conditioning circuit with proper compensation and linearizing element based on sensor output signal.

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs																
COs/POs	COs/POs & POs								PSOs							
PSOs		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1		3	3	2								1	2	3	2	1
CO2		3	3	2	1	1	1					1	2	3	2	1

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

9

9

9

9

CO3	3	3	2	1	1	1					1	2	3	2	1
CO4	3	3	2	1	1	1					1	2	3	2	1
CO5	3	3	2	1	1	1					1	2	3	2	1
CO/PO & PSO	3	3	2	0.	0.	0.8					0.8	2	3	2	1
Average				8	8										
1 - Iow, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation															

TEXT BOOKS

1. Bolton W., "Mechatronics", Pearson Education, 6th Edition, 2015.

2. Ramesh S Gaonkar, "Microprocessor Architecture, Programming, and Applications with the 8085", Penram International Publishing Private Limited, 6th Edition, 2013.

REFERENCES

- 1. Bradley D.A., Dawson D., Buru N.C. and Loader A.J., "Mechatronics", Chapman and Hall, 1993.
- 2. Davis G. Alciatore and Michael B. Histand, "Introduction to Mechatronics and Measurement systems", McGraw Hill Education, 2011.
- 3. Devadas Shetty and Richard A. Kolk, "Mechatronics Systems Design", Cengage Learning, 2010.
- 4. Nitaigour Premchand Mahalik, "Mechatronics Principles, Concepts and Applications", McGraw Hill Education, 2015.
- 5. Smaili. A and Mrad. F, "Mechatronics Integrated Technologies for Intelligent Machines", Oxford University Press, 2007.

ORA352	CONCEPTS IN MOBILE ROBOTS	L	Т	Р	С
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES					

- To introduce mobile robotic technology and its types in detail.
- To learn the kinematics of wheeled and legged robot.
- To familiarize the intelligence into the mobile robots using various sensors. •
- To acquaint the localization strategies and mapping technique for mobile robot. •
- To aware the collaborative mobile robotics in task planning, navigation and intelligence.

9

9

9

INTRODUCTION TO MOBILE ROBOTICS UNIT I

Introduction - Locomotion of the Robots - Key Issues on Locomotion - Legged Mobile Roots -Configurations and Stability - Wheeled Mobile Robots - Design Space and Mobility Issues -Unmanned Aerial and Underwater Vehicles

UNIT II **KINEMATICS**

Kinematic Models - Representation of Robot - Forward Kinematics - Wheel and Robot Constraints – Degree of Mobility and Steerability – Manoeuvrability – Workspace – Degrees of Freedom – Path and Trajectory Considerations – Motion Controls - Holonomic Robots

UNIT III PERCEPTION

Sensor for Mobile Robots - Classification and Performance Characterization - Wheel/Motor Sensors - Heading Sensors - Ground-Based Beacons - Active Ranging - Motion/Speed Sensors – Camera - Visual Appearance based Feature Extraction.

UNIT IV LOCALIZATION

Localization Based Navigation Versus Programmed Solutions - Map Representation -Continuous Representations - Decomposition Strategies - Probabilistic Map-Based Localization - Landmark-Based Navigation - Globally Unique Localization - Positioning Beacon Systems -Route-Based Localization - Autonomous Map Building - Simultaneous Localization and Mapping (SLAM).

UNIT V PLANNING, NAVIGATION AND COLLABORATIVE ROBOTS

Introduction - Competences for Navigation: Planning and Reacting - Path Planning - Obstacle Avoidance - Navigation Architectures - Control Localization - Techniques for Decomposition -Case Studies – Collaborative Robots – Swarm Robots.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- **CO1:** Evaluate the appropriate mobile robots for the desired application.
- **CO2:** Create the kinematics for given wheeled and legged robot.

CO3: Analyse the sensors for the intelligence of mobile robotics.

CO4: Create the localization strategies and mapping technique for mobile robot.

CO5: Create the collaborative mobile robotics for planning, navigation and intelligence for desired applications.

TEXTBOOK

1. Roland Siegwart and IllahR.Nourbakish, "Introduction to Autonomous Mobile Robots" MIT Press, Cambridge, 2004.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Dragomir N. Nenchev, Atsushi Konno, TeppeiTsujita, "Humanoid Robots: Modelling and Control", Butterworth-Heinemann, 2018
- 2. MohantaJagadish Chandra, "Introduction to Mobile Robots Navigation", LAP Lambert Academic Publishing, 2015.
- 3. Peter Corke, "Robotics, Vision and Control", Springer, 2017.
- 4. Ulrich Nehmzow, "Mobile Robotics: A Practical Introduction", Springer, 2003.
- 5. Xiao Qi Chen, Y.Q. Chen and J.G. Chase, "Mobile Robots State of the Art in Land, Sea, Air, and Collaborative Missions", Intec Press, 2009.
- 6. Alonzo Kelly, Mobile Robotics: Mathematics, Models, and Methods, Cambridge University Press, 2013, ISBN: 978-1107031159.

MV3501

MARINE PROPULSION

LT PC 3003

COOURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To impart knowledge on basics of propulsion system and ship dynamic movements
- To educate them on basic layout and propulsion equipment's
- To impart basic knowledge on performance of the ship
- To impart basic knowledge on Ship propeller and its types

316

Page 360 of 437

Page 361 of 437

• To impart knowledge on ship rudder and its types

UNIT I BASICS SHIP PROPULSION SYSTEM AND EQUIPMENTS

law of floatation - Basics principle of propulsion- Earlier methods of propulsion- ship propulsion machinery- boiler, Marine steam engine, diesel engine, ship power transmission system, ship dynamic structure, Marine propulsion equipment - shaft tunnel, Intermediate shaft and bearing, stern tube, stern tube sealing etc. degree of freedom, Modern propelling methods- water jet propulsion , screw propulsion.

UNIT II SHIPS MOVEMENTS AND SHIP STABILIZATION

Thrust augmented devices, Ship hull, modern ship propulsion design, bow thruster – Advantages, various methods to stabilize the ship- passive and active stabilizer, fin stabilizer, bilge keel - stabilizing and securing ship in port- effect of tides on ship – effect of river water and sea water sailing vessel, Load line and load line of marking- draught markings.

UNIT III SHIPS SPEED AND ITS PERFORMANCE

Ship propulsion factors, factors affecting ships speed, various velocities of ship, hull drag, effects of fouling on ships hull, ship wake, relation between powers, Fuel consumption of ship, cavitations - effects of cavitation's, ship turning radius.

UNIT IV BASICS OF PROPELLER

Propeller dimension, Propeller and its types – fixed propeller, control pitch propeller, kort nozzle, ducted propeller, voith schneider, Parts of propeller, 3 blade - 5 blade - 6 blade propellers and its advantages, propeller boss hub, crown nut, propeller skew, pitch of propeller - Thrust creation by propeller. Propeller Material – Propeller balancing- static and dynamic.

UNIT V BASICS OF RUDDER

Rudder dimension, Area of rudder and its design, Rudder arrangements, Rudder fittings- Rudder pintle - Rudder types- Balanced rudder, semi balanced rudder, Spade rudder, merits and demerits of various types of rudders, Propeller and rudder interaction, Rudder stopper, movement of rudders, Basic construction of Rudder

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

- CO1: Explain the basics of propulsion system and ship dynamic movements
- **CO2:** Familiarize with various components assisting ship stabilization.
- **CO3**: Demonstrate the performance of the ship.
- **CO4**: Classify the Propeller and its types, Materials etc.
- **C05:** Categories the Rudder and its types, design criteria of rudder.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. GP. Ghose, "Basic Ship propulsion",2015
- 2. E.A. Stokoe "Reeds Ship construction for marine engineers", Vol. 5,2010
- 3. E.A. Stokoe, "Reeds Naval architecture for the marine engineers",4th Edition,2009

REFERENCES BOOKS:

- 1. DJ Eyers and GJ Bruse, "Ship Construction", 7th Edition, 2006.
- 2. KJ Rawson and EC Tupper, "Basic Ship theory I" Vol. 1,5th Edition,2001.

317

9

9

9

9

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

С							PO							P	SO	
0	PO	Ρ	Ρ	Р	Р	Р	Р	Ρ	Ρ	PO	PO	PO	PS	PS	PS	PS
	1	O2	O3	O4	O5	O6	07	O8	O9	10	11	12	O1	O2	O3	O4
1	1	1	1	1	1						1	1		1		1
2	1	1	1											1		1
3	1			1	1				1	1	1		1	1		1
4	1		1	1										1		1
5	1		1	1										1		1
Av	5/5	2/2	4/4	4/4	2/2				1/1	1/1	2/2	1/1	1/1	5/5		5/5
g	=1	=1	=1	=1	=1				=1	=1	=1	=1	=1	=1		=1

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

OMV351 MARINE MERCHANT VESSELS

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

At the end of the course, students are expected to acquire

- Knowledge on basics of Hydrostatics
- Familiarization on types of merchant ships
- Knowledge on Shipbuilding Materials
- Knowledge on marine propeller and rudder
- Awareness on governing bodies in shipping industry

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO HYDROSTATICS

Archimedes Principle- Laws of floatation– Meta centre – stability of floating and submerged bodies-Density, relative density - Displacement –Pressure –centre of pressure.

UNIT II TYPES OF SHIP

General cargo ship - Refrigerated cargo ships - Container ships - Roll-on Roll-off ships - Oil tankers- Bulk carriers - Liquefied Natural Gas carriers - Liquefied Petroleum Gas carriers - Chemical tankers - Passenger ships

UNIT III SHIPBUILDING MATERIALS

Types of Steels used in Shipbuilding - High tensile steels, Corrosion resistant steels, Steel sandwich panels, Steel castings, Steel forgings - Other shipbuilding materials, Aluminium alloys, Aluminium alloy sandwich panels, Fire protection especially for Aluminium Alloys, Fiber Reinforced Composites

UNIT IV MARINE PROPELLER AND RUDDER

Types of rudder, construction of Rudder-Types of Propeller, Propeller material-Cavitations and its effects on propeller

UNIT V GOVERNING BODIES FOR SHIPPING INDUSTRY

Role of **IMO** (International Maritime Organization), **SOLAS** (International Convention for the Safety of Life at Sea), **MARPOL** (International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships), **MLC** (Maritime Labour Convention), **STCW 2010** (International Convention on Standards of Training, Certification and Watch keeping for Seafarers), Classification societies Administration

8

9

10

9

9

L T P C 3 0 0 3

authorities

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, students would

CO1:Acquire Knowledge on floatation of ships

CO2:Acquire Knowledge on features of various ships

CO3: Acquire Knowledge of Shipbuilding Materials

CO4:Acquire Knowledge to identify the different types of marine propeller and rudder

CO5: Understand the Roles and responsibilities of governing bodies

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. D.J.Eyres, "Ship Constructions", Seventh Edition, Butter Worth Heinemann Publishing, USA,2015
- 2. Dr.DA Taylor, "Merchant Ship Naval Architecture" I. Mar EST publications, 2006
- 3. EA Stokoe, E.A, "Naval Architecture for Marine Engineers", Vol.4, Reeds Publications, 2000

REFERENCES:

1. Kemp & Young "Ship Construction Sketches & Notes", Butter Worth Heinemann Publishing, USA, 2011

- 2. MARPOL Consolidated Edition , Bhandakar Publications, 2018
- 3. SOLAS Consolidated Edition, Bhandakar Publications, 2016

OMV352 ELEMENTS OF MARINE ENGINEERING

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

At the end of the course, students are expected to

- Understand the role of Marine machinery systems
- Be familiar with Marine propulsion machinery system
- Acquaint with Marine Auxiliary machinery system
- Have acquired basics of Marine Auxiliary boiler system
- Be aware of ship propellers and steering system

UNIT I ELEMENTARY KNOWLEDGE ON MARINE MACHINERY SYSTEMS

Marine Engineering Terminologies, Parts of Ship, Introduction to Machinery systems on board ships – Propulsion Machinery system, Electricity Generator system, Steering gear system, Air compressors & Air reservoirs, Fuel oil and Lubricating Oil Purifiers, Marine Boiler systems

UNIT II MARINE PROPULSION MACHINERY SYSTEM

Two stroke Large Marine slow speed Diesel Engine – General Construction, Basic knowledge of Air starting and reversing mechanism, Cylinder lubrication oil system, Main lubricating oil system and cooling water system

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

3003

LT PC

9

UNIT III MARINE AUXILIARY MACHINERY SYSTEM

Four stroke medium speed Diesel engine - General Construction, Inline, V-type arrangement of engine, Difference between slow speed and medium speed engines - advantages, limitations and applications

UNIT IV MARINE BOILER SYSTEM

Types of Boiler – Difference between Water tube boiler and Fire tube boiler. Need for boiler on board ships, Uses of steam, Advantages of using steam as working medium, Boiler mountings and accessories - importance of mountings, need for accessories

UNIT V SHIP PROPELLERS AND STEERING MECHANISM

Importance of Propellor and Steering gear, Types of propellers - Fixed pitch propellers, Controllable pitch propellers, Water jet propellers, Steering gear systems - 2-Ram and 4 Ram steering gear, Electric steering gear

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, students should able to,

CO1:Distinguish the role of various marine machinery systems

CO2:Relate the components of marine propulsion machinery system

CO3:Explain the importance of marine auxiliary machinery system

CO4: Acquire knowledge of marine boiler system

CO5: Understand the importance of ship propellors and steering system

TEXT BOOKS:

Taylor, "Introduction to Marine engineering", Revised Second Edition, Butterworth 1. Heinemann, London, 2011

- J.K.Dhar, "Basic Marine Engineering", Tenth Edition, G-Maritime Publications, Mumbai, 2011 2.
- K.Ramaraj, "Text book on Marine Engineering", Eswar Press, Chennai, 2018 3.

REFERENCES:

Alan L.Rowen, "Introduction to Practical Marine Engineering, Volume 1&2, The Institute of 1. Marine Engineers (India), Mumbai, 2006

A.S.Tambwekar, "Naval Architecture and Ship Construction", The Institute of Marine 2. Engineers (India), Mumbai, 2015

CRA332

DRONE TECHNOLOGIES

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics of drone concepts
- To learn and understand the fundaments of design, fabrication and programming of drone
- To impart the knowledge of an flying and operation of drone
- To know about the various applications of drone •
- To understand the safety risks and guidelines of fly safely •

9

9

С 3

L	т	Р
3	0	0

Page 365 of 437

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO DRONE TECHNOLOGY

Drone Concept - Vocabulary Terminology- History of drone - Types of current generation of drones based on their method of propulsion- Drone technology impact on the businesses-Drone business through entrepreneurship- Opportunities/applications for entrepreneurship and employability

UNIT II DRONE DESIGN, FABRICATION AND PROGRAMMING

Classifications of the UAV -Overview of the main drone parts- Technical characteristics of the parts -Function of the component parts -Assembling a drone- The energy sources- Level of autonomy- Drones configurations -The methods of programming drone- Download program - Install program on computer- Running Programs- Multi rotor stabilization- Flight modes -Wi-Fi connection.

UNIT III DRONE FLYING AND OPERATION

Concept of operation for drone -Flight modes- Operate a small drone in a controlled environment- Drone controls Flight operations –management tool –Sensors-Onboard storage capacity -Removable storage devices- Linked mobile devices and applications

UNIT IV DRONE COMMERCIAL APPLICATIONS

Choosing a drone based on the application -Drones in the insurance sector- Drones in delivering mail, parcels and other cargo- Drones in agriculture- Drones in inspection of transmission lines and power distribution -Drones in filming and panoramic picturing

UNIT V FUTURE DRONES AND SAFETY

The safety risks- Guidelines to fly safely -Specific aviation regulation and standardization-Drone license- Miniaturization of drones- Increasing autonomy of drones -The use of drones in swarms

1 - - -

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO1: Know about a various type of drone technology, drone fabrication and programming.

CO2: Execute the suitable operating procedures for functioning a drone

CO3: Select appropriate sensors and actuators for Drones

CO4: Develop a drone mechanism for specific applications

CO5: Createthe programs for various drones

CO's-PO's &	CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING														
COs/Pos&P							POs	5					PS	Os	
SOs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	1	2	3	1	3	2						1	2	1	3
CO2	1	2	3	1	3	2						1	2	1	3
CO3	1	2	3	1	3	2						1	2	1	3
CO4	1	2	3	1	3	2						1	2	1	3
CO5	1	2	3	1	3	2						1	2	1	3
CO/PO &	1	2	3	1	3	2						1	2	1	3
PSO															
Average	verage														
1 - Iow, 2 - me	ediur	n, 3 -	· hig	h, '-"	- no	corr	elati	on							

321

9

9

9

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Daniel Tal and John Altschuld, "Drone Technology in Architecture, Engineering and Construction: A Strategic Guide to Unmanned Aerial Vehicle Operation and Implementation", 2021 John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
- 2. Terry Kilby and Belinda Kilby, "Make:Getting Started with Drones ",Maker Media, Inc, 2016

REFERENCES

- 1. John Baichtal, "Building Your Own Drones: A Beginners' Guide to Drones, UAVs, and ROVs", Que Publishing, 2016
- 2. Zavrsnik, "Drones and Unmanned Aerial Systems: Legal and Social Implications for Security and Surveillance", Springer, 2018.

OGI352 GEOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION SYSTEM LTPC

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

 To impart the knowledge on basic components, data preparation and implementation of Geographical Information System.

UNIT I FUNDAMENTALS OF GIS

Introduction to GIS - Basic spatial concepts - Coordinate Systems - GIS and Information Systems – Definitions – History of GIS - Components of a GIS – Hardware, Software, Data, People, Methods – Proprietary and open source Software - Types of data – Spatial, Attribute data- types of attributes – scales/ levels of measurements.

UNIT II SPATIAL DATA MODELS

Database Structures – Relational, Object Oriented – Entities – ER diagram - data models - conceptual, logical and physical models - spatial data models – Raster Data Structures – Raster Data Compression - Vector Data Structures - Raster vs Vector Models- TIN and GRID data models.

UNIT III DATA INPUT AND TOPOLOGY

Scanner - Raster Data Input – Raster Data File Formats – Georeferencing – Vector Data Input – Digitizer – Datum Projection and reprojection -Coordinate Transformation – Topology - Adjacency, connectivity and containment – Topological Consistency – Non topological file formats - Attribute Data linking – Linking External Databases – GPS Data Integration

UNIT IV DATA QUALITY AND STANDARDS

Data quality - Basic aspects - completeness, logical consistency, positional accuracy, temporal accuracy, thematic accuracy and lineage – Metadata – GIS Standards –Interoperability - OGC - Spatial Data Infrastructure

UNIT V DATA MANAGEMENT AND OUTPUT

Import/Export – Data Management functions- Raster to Vector and Vector to Raster Conversion - Data Output - Map Compilation – Chart/Graphs – Multimedia – Enterprise Vs. Desktop GIS-distributed GIS.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

9

9

3 0 0 3

9

9

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, the student is expected to

- **CO1** Have basic idea about the fundamentals of GIS.
- **CO2** Understand the types of data models.
- CO3 Get knowledge about data input and topology
- **CO4** Gain knowledge on data quality and standards
- **CO5** Understand data management functions and data output

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. Kang Tsung Chang, Introduction to Geographic Information Systems, McGraw Hill Publishing, 2nd Edition, 2011.
- 2. Ian Heywood, Sarah Cornelius, Steve Carver, Srinivasa Raju, "An Introduction Geographical Information Systems, Pearson Education, 2nd Edition, 2007.

REFERENCES:

1. Lo. C. P., Albert K.W. Yeung, Concepts and Techniques of Geographic Information Systems, Prentice-Hall India Publishers, 2006

			Cour	se Out	come		
PO	Graduate Attribute	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Average
PO1	Engineering Knowledge	3	3	3	3	3	3
PO2	Problem Analysis	1	1		3	3	3
PO3	Design/Development of Solutions			3	3	3	3
PO4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems			3	3	3	3
PO5	Modern Tool Usage		3		3	3	3
PO6	The Engineer and Society						
PO 7	Environment and Sustainability	-			100		
PO 8	Ethics			1			
PO 9	Individual and Team Work			1			
PO 10	Communication		.		1	- <u>_</u>	
PO 11	Project Management and Finance						
PO 12	Life-long Learning						
PSO 1	Knowledge of Geoinformatics discipline	3	3	3	3	3	3
PSO 2	Critical analysis of Geoinformatics Engineering problems and innovations	3	3	3	3	3	3
PSO 3	Conceptualization and evaluation of Design solutions	3	3	3	3	3	3

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING: GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEM

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

AGRICULTURE ENTREPRENEURSHIP DEVELOPMENT

9

9

9

9

COURSE OBJECTIVES

OAI352

- To introduce the importance of Agri-business management, its characteristics and principles
- To impart knowledge on the functional areas of Agri-business like Marketing management, Product pricing methods and Market potential assessment.

UNIT I ENTREPRENEURIAL ENVIRONMENT IN INDIAN CONTEXT

Entrepreneur Development(ED): Concept of entrepreneur and entrepreneurship assessing overall business environment in Indian economy- Entrepreneurial and managerial characteristics-Entrepreneurship development programmers (EDP)-Generation incubation and commercialization of ideas and innovations- Motivation and entrepreneurship development- Globalization and the emerging business entrepreneurial environment.

UNIT II AGRIPRNEURSHIP IN GLOBAL ARENA: LEGAL PERSPECTIVE

Importance of agribusiness in Indian economy - International trade-WTO agreements- Provisions related to agreements in agricultural and food commodities - Agreements on Agriculture (AOA)-Domestic supply, market access, export subsidies agreements on sanitary and phyto-sanitary (SPS) measures, Trade related intellectual property rights (TRIPS).

UNIT III ENTREPRENEURSHIP MANAGEMENT: FINANCIAL PERSPECTIVE

Entrepreneurship - Essence of managerial Knowledge -Management functions- Planningorganizing-Directing-Motivation-ordering-leading-supervision- communication and control-Understanding Financial Aspects of Business - Importance of financial statements-liquidity ratiosleverage ratios, coverage ratios-turnover ratios-Profitability ratios. Agro-based industries-Project-Project cycle-Project appraisal and evaluation techniques-undiscounted measures-Payback period-proceeds per rupee of outlay, Discounted measures-Net Present Value (NPV)-Benefit-Cost Ratio(BCR)-Internal Rate of Return(IRR)-Net benefit investment ratio(N/K ratio)-sensitivity analysis.

UNIT IV ENTREPRENEURIAL OPPORTUNITIES: ECONOMIC GROWTH PERSPECTIVE

Managing an enterprise: Importance of planning, budgeting, monitoring evaluation and follow-up managing competition. Role of ED in economic development of a country- Overview of Indian social, political system and their implications for decision making by individual entrepreneurs-Economic system and its implication for decision making by individual entrepreneurs.

UNITV ENTREPRENEURIAL PROMOTION MEASURES AND GOVERNMENT SUPPORT

Social responsibility of business. Morals and ethics in enterprise management- SWOT analysis-Government schemes and incentives for promotions of entrepreneurship. Government policy on small and medium enterprises (SMEs)/SSIs/MSME sectors- Venture capital (VC), contract framing (CF) and Joint Venture (JV), public-private

partnerships (PPP) - overview of agricultural engineering industry, characteristics of Indian farm machinery industry.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

CO1:Judge about agricultural finance, banking and cooperation

CO2: Evaluate basic concepts, principles and functions of financial management
 CO3: Improve the skills on basic banking and insurance schemes available to customers
 CO4: Analyze various financial data for efficient farm management
 CO5: Identify the financial institutions

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Joseph L. Massie, 1995, "Essentials of Management", prentice Hall of India Pvt limited, New Delhi
- 2. Khanka S, 1999, Entrepreneurial Development, S, Chand and Co, New Delhi
- 3. Mohanty S K, 2007, Fundamentals of Entrepreneurship, Prentice Hall India, New Delhi.

REFERENCES

- 1. Harih S B, Conner U J and Schwab G D, 1981, Management of the Farm Business, Prentice Hall Inc, New Jersey
- 2. Omri Ralins, N.1980, Introduction to Agricultural: Prentice Hall Inc, New Jersey
- 3. Gittenger Price, 1989, Economic Analysis of Agricultural project, John Hopkins University, Press, London.
- 4. Thomas W Zimmer and Norman M Scarborough, 1996, Entrepreneurship, Prentice Hall, New Jersey.
- 5. Mar J Dollinger, 1999, Entrepreneurship strategies and resources, Prentice –Hall, Upper Saddal Rover, New Jersey.

CO's-PO's &	PSO's MAPPING

PO/PS	°	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Overall correlation of COs with POs
PO1	Engineering Knowledge	1	2	1	1	1	2
PO2	Problem Analysis	2	1	1	1	2	1
PO3	Design/ Development of Solutions	1	1	1	2	1	2
PO4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems	1	1	2	1	1	1
PO5	Modern Tool Usage	2	1	1	1	1	2
PO6	The Engineer and Society	1	2	1	2	1	1
PO7	Environment and sustainability	1	1	2	1	1	1
PO8	Ethics	1	2	1	1	1	1
PO9	Individual and team work:	1	1	1	2	1	1
PO10	Communication	1	1	1	1	2	1
PO11	Project management and finance	1	1	2	1	1	1
PO12	Life-long learning:	1	2	1	1	1	2
PSO1	To make expertise in design and engineering problem solving approach in agriculture with proper knowledge and skill	1	2	1	1	1	1
PSO2	To enhance students ability to formulate solutions to real-world problems pertaining to sustained agricultural productivity using modern technologies.	1	1	2	1	1	1

PSO3	To inculcate entrepreneurial skills through strong Industry-Institution linkage.	1	2	1	1	2	1
1 - low	, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation	n					

BIODIVERSITY CONSERVATION OEN352 LTPC

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

The identification of different aspects of biological diversity and conservation techniques.

UNITI INTRODUCTION

Concept of Species, Variation; Introduction to Major Plant Groups; Evolutionary relationships between Plant Groups; Nomenclature and History of plant taxonomy; Systems of Classification and their Application; Study of Plant Groups; Study of Identification Characters; Study of important families of Angiosperms; Plant Diversity Application.

UNIT II INTRODUCTION TO ANIMAL DIVERSITY AND TAXONOMY

Principles and Rules of Taxonomy; ICZN Rules, Animal Study Techniques; Concepts of Taxon, Categories, Holotype, Paratype, Topotype etc; Classification of Animal kingdom, Invertebrates, Vertebrates, Evolutionary relationships between Animal Groups.

UNIT III MICROBIAL DIVERSITY

Microbes and Earth History, Magnitude, Occurrence and Distribution. Concept of Species, Criteria for Classification, Outline Classification of Microorganisms (Bacteria, Viruses and Protozoa); Criteria for Classification and Identification of Fungi; Chemical and Biochemical Methods of Microbial Diversity Analysis

UNIT IV MEGA DIVERSITY

Biodiversity Hot-spots, Floristic and Faunal Regions in India and World; IUCN Red List; Factors affecting Diversity, Impact of Exotic Species and Human Disturbance on Diversity, Dispersal, Diversity-Stability Relationship; Socio- economic Issues of Biodiversity; Sustainable Utilization of Bioresources; National Movements and International Convention/Treaties on Biodiversity.

UNIT V CONSERVATIONS OF BIODIVERSITY

In-Situ Conservation- National parks, Wildlife sanctuaries, Biosphere reserves; Ex-situ conservation- Gene bank, Cryopreservation, Tissue culture bank; Long term captive breeding, Botanical gardens, Animal Translocation, Zoological Gardens; Concept of Keystone Species, Endangered Species, Threatened Species, Rare Species, Extinct Species

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. A textbook of Botany: Angiosperms- Taxonomy, Anatomy, Economic Botany & Embryology. S. Chand, Limited, Pandey, B. P. January 2001
- 2. Principles of Systematic Zoology, Mcgraw-Hill College, Ashlock, P.D., Latest Edition.
- 3. Microbiology, MacGraw Hill Companies Inc, Prescott, L.M., Harley, J.P., and Klein D.A. (2022).
- 4. Microbiology, Pearson Publisher, Gerard J. Tortora, Berdell R. Funke, Christine L.Case, 13th

326

9

9

9

9

3 0 0 3

Edition 2019

REFERENCES:

- 1. Ecological Census Technique: A Handbook, Cambridge University Press, Sutherland, W.
- 2. Encyclopedia of Biodiversity, Academic Press, Simonson Asher Levin.

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon successful completion of this course, students will:

CO1: An insight into the structure and function of diversity for ecosystem stability.

CO2: Understand the concept of animal diversity and taxonomy

CO3: Understand socio-economic issues pertaining to biodiversity

CO4: An understanding of biodiversity in community resource management.

CO5: Student can apply fundamental knowledge of biodiversity conservation to solve problems associated with infrastructure development.

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

	PO's												PSO'	s	
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1		2		1	1			2		2	S.		2	2	
2		2		2	2	2				1	1.5	1	3	2	
3				2	v,	2					1	1	3	2	3
4	3	2		1	2			2	2	2	2		3	2	3
5		2	3	2			1	1				1		2	
Avg.	3	2	3	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	3	2	3

1.low, 2-medium, 3-high, '-"- no correlation

Note: The average value of this course to be used for program articulation matrix.

OEE353

INTRODUCTION TO CONTROL SYSTEMS

L T P C 3 0 0 3

g

9

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To impart knowledge on various representations of systems.
- To familiarize time response analysis of LTI systems and steady state error.
- To analyze the frequency responses and stability of the systems
- To analyze the stability of linear systems in frequency domain and time domain
- To develop linear models mainly state variable model and transfer function model

UNIT I MATHEMATICAL MODELS OF PHYSICALSYSTEMS

Definition & classification of system – terminology & structure of feedback control theory – Analogous systems - Physical system representation by Differential equations – Block diagram reduction–Signal flow graphs.

UNIT II TIME RESPONSE ANALYSIS & ROOTLOCUSTECHNIQUE

Standard test signals – Steady state error & error constants – Time Response of I and II order system–Root locus–Rules for sketching root loci.

UNIT III FREQUENCY RESPONSE ANALYSIS

Correlation between Time & Frequency response – Polar plots – Bode Plots – Determination of Transfer Function from Bode plot.

UNIT IV STABILITY CONCEPTS & ANALYSIS

Concept of stability – Necessary condition – RH criterion – Relative stability – Nyquist stability criterion — Stability from Bode plot — Relative stability from Nyquist & Bode — Closed loop frequency response.

UNITV STATE VARIABLE ANALYSIS

Concept of state – State Variable & State Model – State models for linear & continuous time systems–Solution of state & output equation–controllability & observability.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Ability to

CO1: Design the basic mathematical model of physical System.

CO2: Analyze the time response analysis and techniques.

CO3: Analyze the transfer function from different plots.

CO4: Apply the stability concept in various criterion.

CO5: Assess the state models for linear and continuous Systems.

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. <u>Farid Golnarghi</u>, <u>Benjamin C. Kuo</u>, Automatic Control Systems Paper back McGraw Hill Education, 2018.
- 2. Katsuhiko Ogata, 'Modern Control Engineering', Pearson, 5th Edition2015.
- 3. J. Nagrath and M. Gopal, Control Systems Engineering (Multi Colour Edition), New Age International, 2018.

REFERENCES

- 1. Richard C. Dorf and Robert H. Bishop, Modern Control Systems, Pearson Education, 2010.
- 2. Control System Dynamics" by Robert Clark, Cambridge University Press, 1996 USA.
- 3. John J. D'Azzo, Constantine H. Houpis and Stuart N. Sheldon, Linear Control System AnalysisandDesign, 5th Edition, CRC PRESS, 2003.
- 4. S. Palani, Control System Engineering, McGraw-Hill Education Private Limited, 2009.
- 5. Yaduvir Singh and S.Janardhanan, Modern Control, Cengage Learning, First Impression2010.

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	3	2	2							2	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	2	3	1								3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	2	2								3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	2	2							2	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	1	1							1	3	3	3
													3	3	3

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

9

9

OEI354 INTRODUCTION TO INDUSTRIAL AUTOMATION SYSTEMS

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To educate on design of signal conditioning circuits for various applications.
- To Introduce signal transmission techniques and their design.
- Study of components used in data acquisition systems interface techniques
- To educate on the components used in distributed control systems
- To introduce the communication buses used in automation industries.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Automation overview, Requirement of automation systems, Architecture of Industrial Automation system, Introduction of PLC and supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA). Industrial bus systems : Modbus & Profibus

UNIT II AUTOMATION COMPONENTS

Sensors for temperature, pressure, force, displacement, speed, flow, level, humidity and pH measurement. Actuators, process control valves, power electronics devices DIAC, TRIAC, power MOSFET and IGBT. Introduction of DC and AC servo drives for motion control.

UNIT III COMPUTER AIDED MEASUREMENT AND CONTROL SYSTEMS

Role of computers in measurement and control, Elements of computer aided measurement and control, man-machine interface, computer aided process control hardware, process related interfaces, Communication and networking, Industrial communication systems, Data transfer techniques, Computer aided process control software, Computer based data acquisition system, Internet of things (IoT) for plant automation.

UNIT IV PROGRAMMABLE LOGIC CONTROLLERS

Programmable controllers, Programmable logic controllers, Analog digital input and output modules, PLC programming, Ladder diagram, Sequential flow chart, PLC Communication and networking, PLC selection, PLC Installation, Advantage of using PLC for Industrial automation, Application of PLC to process control industries.

UNIT V DISTRIBUTED CONTROL SYSTEM

Overview of DCS, DCS software configuration, DCS communication, DCS Supervisory Computer Tasks, DCS integration with PLC and Computers, Features of DCS, Advantages of DCS.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

SKILL DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES (Group Seminar/Mini Project/Assignment/Content Preparation / Quiz/ Surprise Test / Solving GATE questions/ etc) 5

1. Market survey of the recent PLCs and comparison of their features.

2. Summarize the PLC standards

3. Familiarization of any one programming language (Ladder diagram/ Sequential Function Chart/ Function Block Diagram/ Equivalent open source software)

4. Market survey of Industrial Data Networks.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Students able to

9

9

9

9

CO1 Design a signal conditioning circuits for various application (L3).

CO2 Acquire a detail knowledge on data acquisition system interface and DCS system (L2).

CO3 Understand the basics and Importance of communication buses in applied automation Engineering (L2).

CO4 Ability to design PLC Programmes by Applying Timer/Counter and Arithmetic and Logic Instructions Studied for Ladder Logic and Function Block.(L3)

CO5 Able to develop a PLC logic for a specific application on real world problem. (L5)

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. S.K.Singh, "Industrial Instrumentation", Tata Mcgraw Hill, 2nd edition companies, 2003.
- 2. C D Johnson, "Process Control Instrumentation Technology", Prentice Hall India,8th Edition, 2006.
- 3. E.A.Parr, Newnes ,NewDelhi, "Industrial Control Handbook", 3rd Edition, 2000.

REFERENCES:

- 1. John W. Webb and Ronald A. Reis, "Programmable Logic Controllers: Principles and Applications", 5th Edition, Prentice Hall Inc., New Jersey, 2003.
- 2. Frank D. Petruzella, "Programmable Logic Controllers", 5th Edition, McGraw- Hill, New York, 2016.
- 3. Krishna Kant, "Computer Based Industrial Control", 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 2011.
- 4. Gary Dunning, Thomson Delmar, "Programmable Logic Controller", CeneageLearning, 3 rd Edition, 2005.

List of Open Source Software/ Learning website:

- 1. <u>https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/108/105/108105062/</u>
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108105063
- 3. https://www.electrical4u.com/industrial-automation/
- 4. <u>https://realpars.com/what-is-industrial-automation/</u>
- 5. https://automationforum.co/what-is-industrial-automation-2/

			PO	's									PS	O's	
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	3	2	2	2	1	1	-	1		1	-	1	1	-	1
CO2	3	`1	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	1	-		1	-	1
CO3	3	-	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	1
CO4	3	3	3	3	1			1		1			1		1
CO5	3	3	3	3	1	1		1		1			1		1
AVg.	3	2.25	2	2.6	1	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	1

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Units of energy, conversion factors, general classification of energy, world energy resources and energy consumption, Indian energy resources and energy consumption, energy crisis, energy alternatives, Renewable and non-renewable energy sources and their availability. Prospects of Renewable energy sources

UNIT II **CONVENTIONAL ENERGY**

Conventional energy resources, Thermal, hydel and nuclear reactors, thermal, hydel and nuclear power plants, efficiency, merits and demerits of the above power plants, combustion processes, fluidized bed combustion.

UNIT III NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY

Solar energy, solar thermal systems, flat plate collectors, focusing collectors, solar water heating, solar cooling, solar distillation, solar refrigeration, solar dryers, solar pond, solar thermal power generation, solar energy application in India, energy plantations. Wind energy, types of windmills, types of wind rotors, Darrieus rotor and Gravian rotor, wind electric power generation, wind power in India, economics of wind farm, ocean wave energy conversion, ocean thermal energy conversion, tidal energy conversion, geothermal energy.

UNIT IV BIOMASS ENERGY

Biomass energy resources, thermo-chemical and biochemical methods of biomass conversion, combustion, gasification, pyrolysis, biogas production, ethanol, fuel cells, alkaline fuel cell, phosphoric acid fuel cell, molten carbonate fuel cell, solid oxide fuel cell, solid polymer electrolyte fuel cell, magneto hydrodynamic power generation, energy storage routes like thermal energy storage, chemical, mechanical storage and electrical storage.

UNIT V **ENERGY CONSERVATION**

Energy conservation in chemical process plants, energy audit, energy saving in heat exchangers, distillation columns, dryers, ovens and furnaces and boilers, steam economy in chemical plants. energy conservation.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- CO1: Students will be able to describe the fundamentals and main characteristics of renewable energy sources and their differences compared to fossil fuels.
- CO2: Students will excel as professionals in the various fields of energy engineering

CO3: Compare different renewable energy technologies and choose the most appropriate based on local conditions.

CO4: Explain the technological basis for harnessing renewable energy sources.

CO5: Identify and critically evaluate current developments and emerging trends within the field of renewable technologies and to develop in-depth technical energy understanding of energy problems at an advanced level.

TEXT BOOKS

- Rao, S. and Parulekar, B.B., Energy Technology, Khanna Publishers, 2005. 1.
- 2. Rai, G.D., Non-conventional Energy Sources, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 1984.

8

10

8

10

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

- 3. Bansal, N.K., Kleeman, M. and Meliss, M., Renewable Energy Sources and Conversion Technology, Tata McGraw Hill, 1990.
- 4. Nagpal, G.R., Power Plant Engineering, Khanna Publishers, 2008.

REFERENCES

- 1. Nejat Vezirog, Alternate Energy Sources, IT, McGraw Hill, New York.
- 2. El. Wakil, Power Plant Technology, Tata McGraw Hill, New York, 2002.
- 3. Sukhatme. S.P., Solar Enery Thermal Collection and Storage, Tata McGraw hill, New Delhi, 1981.

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

Cour				Pr	ogra	m Oı	utcon	nes								
se	Statements	Ρ	Ρ	Ρ	Ρ	Ρ	Ρ	Ρ	Ρ	Ρ	Ρ	Ρ	Ρ	Ρ	PS	PS
Outc		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	S	02	O 3
ome		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	1	1	0		
s			1			1.7					0	1	2	1		
CO1	Students will be able to describe the fundamentals and main characteristics of renewable energy sources and their differences compared to fossil fuels.	2	3	2	3	3		RD 1	197	1			3	1	1	3
CO2	Students will excel as professionals in the various fields of energy engineering	2	3	1	3	3	-	-	-	1	1	Ì	3	2	1	3
CO3	Compare different renewable energy technologies and choose the most appropriate based on local conditions.	2	2	2	3	3	1	1	•	1	1		3	2	1	3
CO4	Explain the technological basis for harnessing renewable energy sources.	2	2	1	3	3	1	1	31	1	ĒD	GI	3	1	1	3
CO5	Identify and critically evaluate current developments and emerging trends within the field of renewable energy technologies and to develop in-depth technical understanding of energy problems at an	2	2	1	3	3	1	1	1	1	-	1	3	2	1	3

advanced level															
OVERALL CO	2	2	1	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	3	2	1	3

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

1, 2 and 3 are correlation levels with weightings as Slight (Low), Moderate (Medium) and Substantial (High) respectively

OCH354

SURFACE SCIENCE

LT P C 3 0 0 3

9

9

9

9

9

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

• To enable the students to analyze properties of a surfaces and correlate them to structure, chemistry, and physics and surface modification technique.

UNIT I SURFACE STRUCTURE AND EXPERIMENTAL PROBES

Relevance of surface science to Chemical and Electrochemical Engineering, Heterogeneous Catalysis and Nanoscience; Surface structure and reconstructions, absorbate structure, Band and Vibrational structure, Importance of UHV techniques, Electronic probes and molecular beams, Scanning probes and diffraction, Qualitative introduction to electronic and vibrational spectroscopy

UNIT II ADSORPTION, DYNAMICS, THERMODYNAMICS AND KINETICS AT SURFACES

Interactions at the surface, Physisorption, Chemisorption, Diffusion, dynamics and reactions of atoms/molecules on surfaces, Generic reaction mechanism on surfaces, Adsorption isotherms, Kinetics of adsorption, Use of temperature desorption methods

UNIT III LIQUID INTERFACES

Structure and Thermodynamics of liquid-solid interface, Self-assembled monolayers, Electrified interfaces, Charge transfer at the liquid-solid interfaces, Photoelectrochemical processes, Gratzel cells

UNIT IV HETEROGENEOUS CATALYSIS

Characterization of heterogeneous catalytic processes, Microscopic kinetics to catalysis, Overview of important heterogeneous catalytic processes: Haber-Bosch, Fishcher-Tropsch and Automotive catalysis, Role of promoters and poisons, Bimetallic surfaces, surface functionalization and clusters in catalysis, Role of Sabatier principle in catalyst design, Rate oscillations and spatiotemporal pattern formation

UNIT V EPITAXIAL GROWTH AND NANO SURFACE-STRUCTURES

Origin of surface forces, Role of stress and strain in epitaxial growth, Energetic and growth modes, Nucleation theory, Nonequilibrium growth modes, MBE, CVD and ablation techniques, Catalytic growth of nanotubes, Etching of surfaces, Formation of nanopillars and nanorods and its application in photoelectrochemical processes, Polymer surfaces and biointerfaces.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME:

• Upon completion of this course, the students can understand, predict and design surface properties based on surface structure. Students would understand the physics and chemistry behind surface phenomena

TEXT BOOK:

1. K. W. Kolasinski, "Surface Science: Foundations of catalysis and nanoscience" II Edition, John Wiley & Sons, New York, 2008.

REFERENCE:

1. Gabor A. Somorjai and Yimin Li "Introduction to Surface Chemistry and catalysis", II Edition John Wiley & Sons, New York, 2010.

OFD354	FUNDAMENTALS OF FOOD ENGINEERING	LTPC
		3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

The course aims to

- acquaint and equip the students with different techniques of measurement of engineering properties.
- make the students understand the nature of food constituents in the design of processing equipment

9

9

9

9

UNIT I

Engineering properties of food materials: physical, thermal, aerodynamic, mechanical, optical and electromagnetic properties.

UNIT II

Drying and dehydration: Basic drying theory, heat and mass transfer in drying, drying rate curves, calculation of drying times, dryer efficiencies; classification and selection of dryers; tray, vacuum, osmotic, fluidized bed, pneumatic, rotary, tunnel, trough, bin, belt, microwave, IR, heat pump and freeze dryers; dryers for liquid: Drum or roller dryer, spray dryer and foammat dryers

UNIT III

Size reduction: Benefits, classification, determination and designation of the fineness of ground material, sieve/screen analysis, principle and mechanisms of comminution of food, Rittinger's, Kick's and Bond's equations, work index, energy utilization; Size reduction equipment: Principal types, crushers (jaw crushers, gyratory, smooth roll), hammer mills and impactors, attrition mills, buhr mill, tumbling mills, tumbling mills, ultra fine grinders, fluid jet pulverizer, colloid mill, cutting machines (slicing, dicing, shredding, pulping)

UNIT IV

Mixing: theory of solids mixing, criteria of mixer effectiveness and mixing indices, rate of mixing, theory of liquid mixing, power requirement for liquids mixing; Mixing equipment: Mixers for lo.w- or medium-viscosity liquids (paddle agitators, impeller agitators, powder-liquid contacting devices, other mixers), mixers for high viscosity liquids and pastes, mixers for dry powders and particulate solids.

UNIT V

Mechanical Separations: Theory, centrifugation, liquid-liquid centrifugation, liquid-solid centrifugation, clarifiers, desludging and decanting machine, Filtration: Theory of filtration, rate of filtration, pressure drop during filtration, applications, constant-rate filtration and constant-pressure filtration, derivation of equation; Filtration equipment; plate and frame filter press, rotary filters, centrifugal filters and air filters, filter aids, Membrane separation: General considerations, materials for membrane construction, ultra-filtration, microfiltration, concentration, polarization, processing variables, membrane fouling, applications of ultra-filtration in food processing, reverse osmosis, mode of operation, and applications; Membrane separation methods, demineralization by electro-dialysis, gel filtration, ion exchange, per-evaporation and osmotic dehydration.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the students will be able to

CO1 understand the importance of food polymers

CO2 understand the effect of various methods of processing on the structure and texture of food materials

CO3 understand the interaction of food constituents with respect to thermal, electrical properties to develop new technologies for processing and preservation.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. R.L. Earle. 2004. Unit Operations in Food Processing. The New Zealand Intitute of Food Science & Technology, Nz. Warren L. McCabe, Julian Smith, Peter Harriott. 2004.

2. Unit Operations of Chemical Engineering, 7th Ed. McGraw-Hill, Inc., NY, USA. Christie John Geankoplis. 2003.

3. Transport Processes and Separation Process Principles (Includes Unit Operations), 4th Ed. Prentice-Hall, NY, USA.

4. George D. Saravacos and Athanasios E. Kostaropoulos. 2002. Handbook of Food Processing Equipment. Springer Science+Business Media, New York, USA.

5. J. F. Richardson, J. H. Harker and J. R. Backhurst. 2002. Coulson & Richardson's Chemical Engineering, Vol. 2, Particle Technology and Separation Processes, 5th Ed.

OFD355

FOOD SAFETY AND QUALITY REGULATIONS

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To characterize different type of food hazards, physical, chemical and biological in the industry and food service establishments
- To help become skilled in systems for food safety surveillance
- To be aware of the regulatory and statutory bodies in India and the world
- To ensure processed food meets global standards

UNIT I

Introduction to food safety and security: Hygienic design of food plants and equipments, Food Contaminants (Microbial, Chemical, Physical), Food Adulteration (Common adulterants), Food Additives (functional role, safety issues), Food Packaging & labeling. Sanitation in warehousing, storage, shipping, receiving, containers and packaging materials. Control of rats, rodents, mice,

10

LTPC

3 0 0 3

birds, insects and microbes. Cleaning and Disinfection, ISO 22000 – Importance and Implementation

UNIT II

Food quality: Various Quality attributes of food, Instrumental, chemical and microbial Quality control. Sensory evaluation of food and statistical analysis. Water quality and other utilities.

UNIT III

Critical Quality control point in different stages of production including raw materials and processing materials. Food Quality and Quality control including the HACCP system. Food inspection and Food Law, Risk assessment – microbial risk assessment, dose response and exposure response modelling, risk management, implementation of food surveillance system to monitor food safety, risk communication

UNIT IV

Indian and global regulations: FAO in India, Technical Cooperation programmes, Bio-security in Food and Agriculture, World Health Organization (WHO), World Animal Health Organization (OIE), International Plant Protection Convention (IPPC)

UNIT V

Codex Alimentarius Commission - Codex India – Role of Codex Contact point, National Codex contact point (NCCP), National Codex Committee of India – ToR, Functions, Shadow Committees etc.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1 Thorough Knowledge of food hazards, physical, chemical and biological in the industry and food service establishments

CO2 Awareness on regulatory and statutory bodies in India and the world

REFERENCES:

1. Handbook of food toxicology by S. S. Deshpande, 2002

2. The food safety information handbook by Cynthia A. Robert, 2009

3. Nutritional and safety aspects of food processing by Tannenbaum SR, Marcel Dekker Inc., New York 1979

4. Microbiological safety of Food by Hobbs BC, 1973

5. Food Safety Handbook by Ronald H. Schmidt, Gary E. Rodrick, A John Wiley & Sons Publication, 2003

NUTRACEUTICALS

OPY353

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

• To understand the basic concepts of Nutraceuticals and functional food, their chemical nature and methods of extraction.

• To understand the role of Nutraceuticals and functional food in health and disease.

336

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

9

9

9

8

L T P C 3 0 0 3

UNIT I INTRODUCTION AND SIGNIFICANCE

Introduction to Nutraceuticals and functional foods; importance, history, definition, classification, list of functional foods and their benefits, Phytochemicals, zoochemicals and microbes in food, plants, animals and microbes.

UNIT II PHYTOCHEMICALS AS NUTRACEUTICALS

Phytoestrogens in plants; isoflavones; flavonols, polyphenols, tannins, saponins, lignans, lycopene, chitin, caratenoids. Manufacturing practice of selected nutraceuticals such as lycopene, isoflavonoids, glucosamine, phytosterols. Formulation of functional foods containing nutraceuticals - stability, analytical and labelling issues.

UNIT III ASSESSMENT OF ANTIOXIDANT ACTIVITY

In vitro and in vivo methods for the assessment of antioxidant activity, Comparison of different *in vitro* methods to evaluate the antioxidant, antioxidant mechanism, Prediction of the antioxidant activity of natural phenolics from electrotopological state indices, Optimising phytochemical release by process technology; Variation of Antioxidant Activity during technological treatments, new food grade peptidases from plant sources.

UNIT IV ROLE IN HEALTH AND DISEASE

The health benefit of - Soy protein, Spirulina, Tea, Olive oil, plant sterols, Broccoli, omega3 fatty acid and eicosanoids. Nutraceuticals and Functional foods in Gastrointestinal disorder, Cancer, CVD, Diabetic Mellitus, HIV and Dental disease; Importance and function of probiotic, prebiotic and synbiotic and their applications, Functional foods and immune competence; role and use in obesity and nervous system disorders.

UNIT V SAFETY ISSUES

Health Claims, Adverse effects and toxicity of nutraceuticals, regulations and safety issues International and national.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Bisset, Normal Grainger and Max Wich H "Herbal Drugs and Phytopharmaceuticals", 2nd Edition, CRC, 2001.
- 2. Handbook of Nutraceuticals and Functional Foods: Robert Wildman, CRC, Publications. 2006
- 3. WEBB, PP, Dietary Supplements and Functional Foods Blackwell Publishing Ltd (United Kingdom), 2006
- Ikan, Raphael "Natural Products: A Laboratory Guide", 2nd Edition, Academic Press / Elsevier, 2005.

REFERENCES:

- Asian Functional Foods (Nutraceutical Science and Technology) by John Shi (Editor), Fereidoon Shahidi (Editor), Chi-Tang Ho (Editor), CRC Publications, Taylor & Francis, 2007
- 2. Functional Foods and Nutraceuticals in Cancer Prevention by Ronald Ross Watson (Author), Blackwell Publishing, 2007
- 3. Marketing Nutrition: Soy, Functional Foods, Biotechnology, and Obesity by Brian Wansink.
- 4. Functional foods: Concept to Product: Edited by G R Gibson and C M Williams, Wood head Publ., 2000

337

11

11

11

6

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

5. Hanson, James R. "Natural Products: The Secondary Metabolites", Royal Society of Chemistry, 2003.

COURSE OUTCOME - NUTRACEUTICALS

CO 1	acquire knowledge about the Nutraceuticals and functional foods, their classification and
	benefits.
CO 2	acquire knowledge of phytochemicals, zoochemicals and microbes in food, plants,
	animals and microbes
CO 3	attain the knowledge of the manufacturing practices of selected nutraceutical
	components and formulation considerations of functional foods.
CO 4	distinguish the various In vitro and In vivo assessment of Antioxidant activity of
	compounds from plant sources.
CO 5	gain information about the health benefits of various functional foods and nutraceuticals
	in the prevention and treatment of various lifestyle diseases.
CO 6	Attain the knowledge of the regulatory and safety issues of nutraceuticals at national
	and international level.

CO's-PO's	s & PS(O's MAR	PING	Y.	CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING													
	NUTRACEUTICALS																	
Course	Course PO1 PO2 PO PO PO6 PO PO8 PO PO10 PO11 PO12																	
outcome			3	4	5		7		9									
CO 1	3											1						
CO 2	3											1						
CO 3	3					2												
CO 4	3							100 C										
CO 5	3					2		27.1		- Y /		1						
CO 6	3			2.1				2	10			1						

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

OTT354 BASICS OF DYEING AND PRINTING L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

• To enable the students to learn about the basics of Pretreatment, dyeing, printing and machinery in textile processing.

UNIT I INTRODUCTIO

Impurities present in different fibres, Inspection of grey goods and lot preparation. Shearing,

UNIT II PRE TREATMENT

Desizing-Objective of Desizing- types of Desizing- Objective of Scouring- Mechanism of Scouring-Degumming of Silk, Scouring of wool - Bio Scouring. Bleaching -Objective of Bleaching: Bleaching mechanism of Hydrogen Peroxide, Hypo chlorites. Objective of Mercerizing - Physical and Chemical changes of Mercerizing.

9

UNIT III DYEING

Dye - Affinity, Substantively, Reactivity, Exhaustion and Fixation. Classification of dyes. Direct dyes: General properties, principles and method of application on cellulosic materials. Reactive dyes – principles and method of application on cellulosic materials hot brand, cold brand.

UNIT IV PRINTING

Definition of printing – Difference between printing and dying- Classification thickeners – Requirements to be good thickener, printing paste Preparation - different styles of printing.

UNIT V MACHINERIES

Fabric Processing - winch, jigger and soft flow machines. Beam dyeing machines: Printing -flat bed screen - Rotary screen. Thermo transfer printing machinery. Garment dyeing machines.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to Understand the

CO1: Basics of grey fabric

CO2: Basics of pre treatment

CO3: Concept of Dyeing

CO4: Concept of Printing

CO5: Machinery in processing industry

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Trotman, E.R., Textile Scouring and Bleaching, Charless Griffins, Com. Ltd., London 1990.
- 2. Shenai V.A. "Technology of Textile Processing Vol. IV" 1998, Sevak Publications, Mumbai.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Trotman E. R., "Dyeing and Chemical Technology of Textile Fibres", Charles Griffin & Co. Ltd., U.K., 1984, ISBN : 0 85264 165 6.
- 2. Dr. N N Mahapatra., "Textile dyeing", Wood head publishing India, 2018
- 3. Mathews Kolanjikombil., "Dyeing of Textile substrates III –Fibres, Yarns and Knitted fabrics", Wood head publishing India , 2021
- 4. Bleaching & Mercerizing BTRA Silver Jubilee Monograph series
- 5. Chakraborty, J.N, "Fundamentals and Practices in colouration of Textiles", Wood head Publishing India, 2009, ISBN-13:978-81-908001-4-3.

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING:

1, 2 and 3 are correlation levels with weightings as Slight (Low), Moderate (Medium) and Substantial (High) respectively

Course		Program Outcome														
Outco	Statemen	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PS	PS	PS
mes	t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	O2	O3
	Classifica	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	1	1	-	1	-
	tion of															
CO1	fibres and															
	productio															
	n of															

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

	natural															
	fibres															
	Regenera	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	1	1	-	1	-
CO2	ted and															
002	synthetic															
	fibres															
CO3	Yarn	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	1	1	-	1	-
003	spinning															
CO4	Weaving	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	1	1	-	1	-
	Knitting	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	1	1	-	1	-
CO5	and															
605	nonwove															
	n															
Overa		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	1	1	-	1	-
II CO																

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

FT3201

FIBRE SCIENCE

COURSE OBJECTIVES

• To enable the students to learn about the types of fibre and its properties

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO TEXTILE FIBRES

Definition of various forms of textile fibres - staple fibre, filament, bicomponent fibres. Classification of Natural and Man-made fibres, essential and desirable properties of Fibres. Production and cultivation of Natural Fibers: Cotton, Silk, Wool -Physical and chemical structure of the above fibres.

UNIT II REGENERATED FIBRES

Production Sequence of Regenerated Cellulosic fibres: Viscose Rayon, Acetate rayon – High wet modulus fibres: Modal and Lyocel ,Tencel

UNIT III SYNTHEITC FIBRES

Production Sequence of Synthetic Fibers: polymer-Polyester, Nylon, Acrylic and polypropylene. Mineral fibres: fibre glass ,carbon .Introduction to spin finishes and texturization

UNIT IV SPECIALITY FIBRES

Properties and end uses of high tenacity and high modulus fibres, high temperature and flame retardant fibres, Chemical resistant fibres

UNIT V FUNCTIONAL SPECIALITY FIBRES

Properties and end uses : Fibres for medical application – Biodegradable fibres based on PLA ,Super absorbent fibres elastomeric fibres, ultra-fine fibres, electrospun nano fibres, metallic fibres – Gold and Silver coated.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

L T P C 3 0 0 3

9

9

9

9

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon completion of this course, the student would be able to **CO1**:Understand the process sequence of various fibres **CO2**:Understand the properties of various fibres

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Morton W. E., and Hearle J. W. S., "Physical Properties of Textile Fibres", The Textile Institute, Washington D.C., 2008, ISBN 978-1-84569-220-95
- 2. Meredith R., and Hearle J. W. S., "Physical Methods of Investigation of Textiles", Wiley Publication, New York, 1989, ISBN: B00JCV6ZWU | ISBN-13:
- 3. Mukhopadhyay S. K., "Advances in Fibre Science", The Textile Institute,1992, ISBN: 1870812379

REFERENCES:

- 1. Meredith R., "Mechanical Properties of Textile Fibres", North Holland, Amsterdam, 1986, ISBN: 1114790699, ISBN-13: 9781114790698
- 2. Hearle J. W. S., Lomas B., and Cooke W. D., "Atlas of Fibre Fracture and Damage to Textiles", The Textile Institute, 2nd Edition, 1998, ISBN: 1855733196.
- 3. Raheel M. (ed.)., "Modern Textile Characterization Methods", Marcel Dekker, 1995, ISBN:0824794737
- 4. Mukhopadhyay. S. K., "The Structure and Properties of Typical Melt Spun Fibres", Textile Progress, Vol. 18, No. 4, Textile Institute, 1989, ISBN: 1870812115
- 5. Hearle J.W.S., "Polymers and Their Properties: Fundamentals of Structures and Mechanics Vol 1", Ellis Horwood, England, 1982, ISBN: 047027302X | ISBN-13: 9780470273029 36

OTT355	GARMENT MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY	LTPC
		3003

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To enable the students to understand the basics of pattern making, cutting and sewing.
- To expose the students to various problems & remedies during garment manufacturing

UNIT I PATTERN MAKING, MARKER PLANNING, CUTTING

Anthropometry, specification sheet, pattern making – principles, basic pattern set drafting, grading, marker planning, spreading & cutting

9

9

9

UNIT II TYPES OF SEAMS, STITCHES AND FUNCTIONS OF NEEDLES

Different types of seams and stitches; single needle lock stitch machine – mechanism and accessories; needle – functions, special needles, needlepoint

UNIT III COMPONENTS AND TRIMS USED IN GARMENT

Sewing thread-construction, material, thread size, packages, accessories – labels, linings, interlinings, wadding, lace, braid, elastic, hook and loop fastening, shoulder pads, eyelets and laces, zip fasteners, buttons

UNIT IV GARMENT INSPECTION AND DIMENSIONAL CHANGES

Raw material, in process and final inspection; needle cutting; sewability of fabrics; strength properties of apparel; dimensional changes in apparel due to laundering, dry-cleaning, steaming and pressing.

UNIT V GARMENT PRESSING, PACKING AND CARE LABELING

Garment pressing - categories and equipment, packing; care 342abelling of apparels

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to Understand

- CO1: Pattern making, marker planning, cutting
- **CO2**: Types of seams, stitches and functions of needles
- **CO3:** Components and trims used in garment
- **CO4:** Garment inspection and dimensional changes
- CO5: Garment pressing, packing and careabelling

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Carr H., and Latham B., "The Technology of Clothing Manufacture", Blackwell Science Ltd., Oxford, 1994.
- 2. Gerry Cooklin, "Introduction to Clothing Manufacture" Blackwell Science Ltd., 1995. 64
- 3. Harrison.P.W Garment Dyeing, The Textile Institute Publication, Textile Progress, Vol .19 No.2,1988.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Winifred Aldrich., "Metric Pattern Cutting", Blackwell Science Ltd., Oxford, 1994
- 2. Peggal H., "The Complete Dress Maker", Marshall Caverdish, London, 1985
- 3. Jai Prakash and Gaur R.K., "Sewing Thread", NITRA, 1994
- 4. Ruth Glock, Grace I. Kunz, "Apparel Manufacturing", Dorling Kindersley Publishing Inc., New Jersey, 1995.
- 5. Pradip V.Mehta, "An Introduction to Quality Control for the Apparel Industry", J.S.N. Internationals, 1992.

				1		P	O's					11		PSO's					
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	4			
1	1	1	1	<u></u>	2		1	1	-	2	3	1	2	3	1	3			
2	2	2	1	1	1	5	1	1	GH	2	2	1	2	2	1	2			
3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	1	2	1	1	3	1	3			
4	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	3			
5	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	-	2	2	1	2	2	1	2			
Avg	1.6	1.2	1	0.8	1.4	0.8	1.4	1	0.2	1.8	2.4	1	1.8	2.6	1	2.6			

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

OPE353

INDUSTRIAL SAFETY

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To educate about the health hazards and the safety measures to be followed in the industrial environment.
- Describe industrial legislations (Factories Acts, Workmen's Compensation and other laws) enacted for the protection of employees health at work settings
- Describe methods of prevention and control of Occupational Health diseases, accidents / emergencies and other hazards

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Need for developing Environment, Health and Safety systems in work places - Accident Case Studies - Status and relationship of Acts - Regulations and Codes of Practice - Role of trade union safety representatives. International initiatives - Ergonomics and work place.

UNIT II OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND HYGIENE

Definition of the term occupational health and hygiene - Categories of health hazards - Exposure pathways and human responses to hazardous and toxic substances - Advantages and limitations of environmental monitoring and occupational exposure limits - Hierarchy of control measures for occupational health risks - Role of personal protective equipment and the selection criteria - Effects on humans - control methods and reduction strategies for noise, radiation and excessive stress.

UNIT III WORKPLACE SAFETY AND SAFETY SYSTEMS

Features of Satisfactory and Safe design of work premises – good housekeeping - lighting and colour, Ventilation and Heat Control – Electrical Safety – Fire Safety – Safe Systems of work for manual handling operations – Machine guarding – Working at different levels – Process and System Safety.

UNIT IV HAZARDS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Safety appraisal - analysis and control techniques – plant safety inspection – Accident investigation - Analysis and Reporting – Hazard and Risk Management Techniques – major accident hazard control – Onsite and Offsite emergency Plans.

UNIT V ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH AND SAFETY MANAGEMENT

Concept of Environmental Health and Safety Management – Elements of Environmental Health and Safety Management Policy and methods of its effective implementation and review – Elements of Management Principles – Education and Training – Employee Participation.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of this course, the student is expected to be able to:

CO1:Describe, with example, the common work-related diseases and accidents in occupational setting

CO2:Name essential members of the Occupational Health team

CO3:What roles can a community health practitioners play in an Occupational setting to ensure the protection, promotion and maintenance of the health of the employee

9

9

9

9

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OPE354 UNIT OPERATIONS IN PETRO CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

To impart to the student basic knowledge on fluid mechanics, mechanical operations, heat • transfer operations and mass transfer operations.

FLUID MECHANICS CONCEPTS **UNITI**

Fluid definition and classification of fluids, types of fluids, Rheological behaviour of fluids & Newton's Law of viscosity. Fluid statics-Pascal's law. Hydrostatic equilibrium. Barometric equation and pressure measurement(problems). Basic equations of fluid flow - Continuity equation, Euler's equation and Bernoulli equation; Types of flow - laminar and turbulent; Reynolds experiment; Flow through circular and non-circular conduits - Hagen Poiseuille equation (no derivation). Flow through stagnant fluids - theory of Settling and Sedimentation - Equipment (cyclones, thickeners) Conceptual numericals.

UNIT II FLOW MEASUREMENTS & MECHANICAL OPERATIONS

Different types of flow measuring devices (Orifice meter, Venturimeter, Rotameter) with derivations, flow measurements –. Pumps – types of pumps (Centrifugal & Reciprocating pumps), Energy calculations and characteristics of pumps. Size reduction-characteristics of comminute products, sieve analysis, Properties and handling of particulate solids - characterization of solid particles, average particle size, screen analysis- Conceptual numerical of differential and cumulative analysis. Size reduction, crushing laws, working principle of ball mill. Filtration & types, filtration equipments (plate and frame, rotary drum). Conceptual numericals.

UNIT III **CONDUCTIVE & CONVECTIVE HEAT TRANSFER**

Modes of heat transfer; Conduction - steady state heat conduction through unilayer and multilayer walls, cylinders; Insulation, critical thickness of insulation. Convection- Forced and Natural convection, principles of heat transfer co-efficient, log mean temperature difference, individual and overall heat transfer co-efficient, fouling factor; Condensation - film wise and drop wise (no derivation). Heat transfer equipments - double pipe heat exchanger, shell and tube heat exchanger (with working principle and construction with applications).

BASICS OF MASS TRANSFER UNIT IV

Diffusion-Fick's law of diffusion. Types of diffusion. Steady state molecular diffusion in fluids at rest and laminar flow (stagnant / unidirection and bi direction). Measurement of diffusivity, Mass transfer coefficients and their correlations. Conceptual numerical.

UNIT V MASS TRANSFER OPERATIONS

Basic concepts of Liquid-liquid extraction - equilibrium, stage type extractors (belt extraction and basket extraction). Distillation – Methods of distillation, distillation of binary mixtures using McCabe Thiele method.Drying- drying operations, batch and continuous drying. Conceptual numerical.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1:State and describe the nature and properties of the fluids.

CO2:Study the different flow measuring instruments, the principles of various size reductions, conveying equipment's, sedimentation and mixing tanks.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

9

9

9

9

CO3:Comprehend the laws governing the heat and mass transfer operations to solve the problems.

CO4:Design the heat transfer equipment suitable for specific requirement.

TEXTBOOK(S)

- 1. Unit operations in Chemical Engineering Warren L. McCabe, Julian C. Smith & Peter Harriot McGraw-Hill Education (India) Edition 2014
- 2. Fluid Mechanics K L Kumar S Chand & Company Ltd 2008
- 3. Introduction to Chemical Engineering Badger W.I. and Banchero, J.T., Tata McGraw Hill New York 1997

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Principles of Unit Operations Alan S Foust, L.A. Wenzel, C.W. Clump, L. Maus, and L.B. Anderson John Wiley & Sons 2nd edition 2008
- 2. Unit Operations of Chemical Engineering, Vol I &II Chattopadhyaya Khanna Publishers, Delhi-6 1996

LTPC

003

9

9

9

3

3. Heat Transfer J P Holman McGraw Hill International Ed

OPT352

PLASTIC MATERIALS FOR ENGINEERS

1.1.1

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- Understand the advantages, disadvantages and general classification of plastic materials
- To know the manufacturing, sources, and applications of engineering thermoplastics
- Understand the basics as well as the advanced applications of various plastic materials in the industry
- To understand the preparation methods of thermosetting materials
- Select suitable specialty plastics for different end applications

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO PLASTIC MATERIALS

Introduction to Plastics – Brief history of plastics, advantages and disadvantages, thermoplastic and thermosetting behavior, amorphous polymers, crystalline polymers and cross-linked structures. General purpose thermoplastics/ Commodity plastics: manufacture, structure, properties and applications of polyethylene (PE), cross-linked PE, chlorinated PE, polypropylene, polyvinyl chloride-compounding, formulation, polypropylene (PP)

UNIT II ENGINEERING THERMOPLASTICS AND APPLICATIONS

Engineering thermoplastics – Aliphatic polyamides: structure, properties, manufacture and applications of Nylon 6, Nylon 66. Polyesters: manufacture, structure, properties and uses of PET, PBT. Manufacture, structure, properties and uses of Polycarbonates, acetal resins, polyimides, PMMA, polyphenylene oxide, thermoplastic polyurethane (PU)

UNIT III THERMOSETTING PLASTICS

Thermosetting Plastics – Manufacture, curing, moulding powder, laminates, properties and uses of phenol formaldehyde resins, urea formaldehyde, melamine formaldehyde, unsaturated polyester resin, epoxy resin, silicone resins, polyurethane resins.

UNIT IV MISCELLANEOUS PLASTICS FOR END APPLICATIONS

Miscellaneous plastics- Manufacture, properties and uses of polystyrene, HIPS, ABS, SAN, poly(tetrafluoroethylene) (PTFE), TFE and copolymers, PVDF, PVA, poly (vinyl acetate), poly (vinyl carbazole), cellulose acetate, PEEK, High energy absorbing polymers, super absorbent polymers-their synthesis, properties and applications

UNIT V PLASTICS MATERIALS FOR BIOMEDICAL APPLICATIONS

Sources, raw materials, methods of manufacturing, properties and applications of bio-based polymers- poly lactic acid (PLA), poly hydroxy alkanoates (PHA), PBAT, bioplastics- bio-PE, bio-PP, bio-PET, polymers for biomedical applications

COURSE OUTCOMES

CO1: To study the importance, advantages and classification of plastic materials

CO2:Summarize the raw materials, sources, production, properties and applications of various engineering thermoplastics

CO3:To understand the application of polyamides, polyesters and other engineering thermoplastics, thermosetting resins

CO4:Know the manufacture, properties and uses of thermosetting resins based on polyester, epoxy, silicone and PU

CO5:To understand the engineering applications of various polymers in miscellaneous areas and applications of different biopolymers

REFERENCES

- 1. Marianne Gilbert (Ed.), Brydson's Plastics Materials, 8th Edn., Elsevier (2017).
- 2. J.A.Brydson, Plastics Materials, 7th Edn., Butterworth Heinemann (1999).
- 3. Manas Chanda, Salil K. Roy, Plastics Technology Handbook, 4th Edn., CRC press (2006).
- 4. A. Brent Strong, Plastics: Materials and Processing, 3rd Edn., Pearson Prentice Hall (2006).

5. Olagoke Olabisi, Kolapo Adewale (Eds.), Handbook of Thermoplastics 2nd Edn., CRC press(2016).

- 6. Charles A. Harper, Modern Plastics Handbook, McGraw-Hill, New York, 1999.
- 7. H. Dominighaus, Plastics for Engineers, Hanser Publishers, Munich, 1988.

OPT353

PROPERTIES AND TESTING OF PLASTICS

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To understand the relevance of standards and specifications as well as the specimen preparation for polymer testing.
- To study the mechanical properties and testing of polymer materials and their structural property relationships.
- To understand the thermal properties of polymers and their testing methods.
- To gain knowledge on the electrical and optical properties of polymers and their testing methods.
- To study about the environmental effects and prevent polymer degradation.

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO CHARACTERIZATION AND TESTING OF POLYMERS 9

Introduction- Standard organizations: BIS, ASTM, ISO, BS, DIN etc. Standards and specifications. Importance of standards in the quality control of polymers and polymer products. Preparation of test pieces, conditioning and test atmospheres. Tests on elastomers: processability parameters of rubbers – plasticity, Mooney viscosity, scorch time, cure time, cure rate index, Processability tests carried out on thermoplastics and thermosets: MFI, cup flow index, gel time, bulk density, bulk factor.

UNIT II MECHANICAL PROPERTIES

Mechanical properties: Tensile, compression, flexural, shear, tear strength, hardness, impact strength, resilience, abrasion resistance, creep and stress relaxation, compression set, dynamic fatigue, ageing properties, Basic concepts of stress and strain, short term tests: Viscoelastic behavior (simple models: Kelvin model for creep and stress relaxation, Maxwell-Voigt model, strain recovery and dynamic response), Effect of structure and composition on mechanical properties, Behavior of reinforced polymers

UNIT III THERMAL RHEOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

Thermal properties: Transition temperatures, specific heat, thermal conductivity, co-efficient of thermal expansion, heat deflection temperature, Vicat softening point, shrinkage, brittleness temperature, thermal stability and flammability. Product testing: Plastic films, sheeting, pipes, laminates, foams, containers, cables and tubes.

UNIT IV ELECTRICAL AND OPTICAL PROPERTIES

Electrical properties: volume and surface resistivity, dielectric strength, dielectric constant and power factor, arc resistance, tracking resistance, dielectric behavior of polymers (dielectric coefficient, dielectric polarization), dissipation factor and its importance. Optical properties: transparency, refractive index, haze, gloss, clarity, birefringence.

UNIT V ENVIRONMENTAL AND CHEMICAL RESISTANCE

Environmental stress crack resistance (ESCR), water absorption, weathering, aging, ozone resistance, permeability and adhesion. Tests for chemical resistance. Acids, alkalies, Flammability tests- oxygen index test.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

9

9

9

9

COURSE OUTCOMES

CO1:Understand the relevance of standards and specifications.

CO2:Summarize the various test methods for evaluating the mechanical properties of the polymers.

CO3:To know the thermal, electrical & optical properties of polymers.

CO4: Identify various techniques used for characterizing polymers.

CO5:Distinguish the processability tests used for thermoplastics, thermosets and elastomers.

REFERENCES

- 1. F.Majewska, H.Zowall, Handbook of analysis of synthetic polymers and plastics, Ellis Horwood Limited Publisher 1977.
- 2. J.F.Rabek, Experimental Methods in Polymer Chemistry, John Wiley and Sons 1980.
- 3. R.P.Brown, Plastic test methods, 2nd Edn., Harlond, Longman Scientific, 1981.
- 4. A. B. Mathur, I. S. Bharadwaj, Testing and Evaluation of Plastcis, Allied Publishers Pvt. Ltd.,

New Delhi, 2003.

- 5. Vishu Shah, Handbook of Plastic Testing Technology, 3rd Edn., John Wiley & Sons 2007.
- 6. S. K. Nayak, S. N. Yadav, S. Mohanty, Fundamentals of Plastic Testing, Springer, 2010.

OEC353 VLSI DESIGN LT P

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Understand the fundamentals of IC technology components and their characteristics.
- Understand combinational logic circuits and design principles.
- Understand sequential logic circuits and clocking strategies.
- Understand Interconnects and Memory Architecture.
- Understand the design of arithmetic building blocks

UNIT I MOS TRANSISTOR PRINCIPLES

MOS logic families (NMOS and CMOS), Ideal and Non Ideal IV Characteristics, CMOS devices. MOS(FET) Transistor DC transfer Characteristics ,small signal analysis of MOSFET.

UNIT II COMBINATIONAL LOGIC CIRCUITS

Propagation Delays, stick diagram, Layout diagrams, Examples of combinational logic design, Elmore's constant, Static Logic Gates, Dynamic Logic Gates, Pass Transistor Logic, Power Dissipation.

UNIT III SEQUENTIAL LOGIC CIRCUITS AND CLOCKING STRATEGIES

Static Latches and Registers, Dynamic Latches and Registers, Pipelines, Timing classification of Digital Systems, Synchronous Design, Self-Timed Circuit Design .

UNIT IV INTERCONNECT, MEMORY ARCHITECTURE

Interconnect Parameters – Capacitance, Resistance, and Inductance, Logic Implementation using Programmable Devices (ROM, PLA, FPGA), Memory Architecture and Building Blocks.

UNIT V DESIGN OF ARITHMETIC BUILDING BLOCKS

Arithmetic Building Blocks: Data Paths, Adders-Ripple Carry Adder, Carry-Bypass Adder, Carry Select Adder, Carry-Look Ahead Adder, Multipliers, Barrel Shifter, power and speed tradeoffs.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successful completion of the course the student will be able to

CO1: Understand the working principle and characteristics of MOSFET

CO2: Design Combinational Logic Circuits

CO3: Design Sequential Logic Circuits and Clocking systems

CO4: Understand Memory architecture and interconnects

CO5: Design of arithmetic building blocks.

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. Jan D Rabaey, Anantha Chandrakasan, "Digital Integrated Circuits: A Design Perspective", PHI, 2016.(Units II, III IV and V).
- 2. Neil H E Weste, Kamran Eshranghian, "Principles of CMOS VLSI Design: A System Perspective," Addison Wesley, 2009.(Units I).

348

LT PC 3003

9

9

9

~

9

REFERENCES

- 1. D.A. Hodges and H.G. Jackson, Analysis and Design of Digital Integrated Circuits, International Student Edition, McGraw Hill 1983
- 2. P. Rashinkar, Paterson and L. Singh, "System-on-a-Chip Verification-Methodology and Techniques", Kluwer Academic Publishers, 2001
- 3. Samiha Mourad and Yervant Zorian, "Principles of Testing Electronic Systems", Wiley 2000
- 4. M. Bushnell and V. D. Agarwal, "Essentials of Electronic Testing for Digital, Memory and Mixed-Signal VLSI Circuits", Kluwer Academic Publishers, 2000

С	PO	PO	PO	P01	P01	P01	PSO	PSO	PSO						
1	3	3	2	2	1	3	-	-	-	-	2	3	3	3	3
2	3	3	2	2	1	-	- 00	-	-	-	-	2	3	3	3
3	3	-	3	2	1	2	- 0	-	-	- 00	3	2	3	2	3
4	3	3	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-		1	3	3	2
5	2	-	3	2	2	1	-				1	1	3	2	2
С	3	3	2	2	1	2	1	-	-	L.A	2	2	3	3	3

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

CBM370

WEARABLE DEVICES

LTPC 3 0 0 3

9

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- To know the hardware requirement of wearable systems
- To understand the communication and security aspects in the wearable devices
- To know the applications of wearable devices in the field of medicine

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO WEARABLE SYSTEMS AND SENSORS

Wearable Systems- Introduction, Need for Wearable Systems, Drawbacks of Conventional Systems for Wearable Monitoring, Applications of Wearable Systems, Types of Wearable Systems, Components of wearable Systems. Sensors for wearable systems-Inertia movement sensors, Respiration activity sensor, Impedance plethysmography, Wearable ground reaction force sensor.

UNIT II SIGNAL PROCESSING AND ENERGY HARVESTING FOR WEARABLE DEVICES

Wearability issues -physical shape and placement of sensor, Technical challenges - sensor design, signal acquisition, sampling frequency for reduced energy consumption, Rejection of irrelevant information. Power Requirements- Solar cell, Vibration based, Thermal based, Human body as a heat source for power generation, Hybrid thermoelectric photovoltaic energy harvests, Thermopiles.

Page 394 of 437

UNIT III WIRELESS HEALTH SYSTEMS

Need for wireless monitoring, Definition of Body area network, BAN and Healthcare, Technical Challenges- System security and reliability, BAN Architecture – Introduction, Wireless communication Techniques.

UNIT IV SMART TEXTILE

Introduction to smart textile- Passive smart textile, active smart textile. Fabrication Techniques-Conductive Fibres, Treated Conductive Fibres, Conductive Fabrics, Conductive Inks.Case studysmart fabric for monitoring biological parameters - ECG, respiration.

UNIT V APPLICATIONS OF WEARABLE SYSTEMS

Medical Diagnostics, Medical Monitoring-Patients with chronic disease, Hospital patients, Elderly patients, neural recording, Gait analysis, Sports Medicine.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- CO1: Describe the concepts of wearable system.
- CO2: Explain the energy harvestings in wearable device.
- CO3: Use the concepts of BAN in health care.
- CO4: Illustrate the concept of smart textile
- CO5: Compare the various wearable devices in healthcare system

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Annalisa Bonfiglo and Danilo De Rossi, Wearable Monitoring Systems, Springer, 2011
- 2. Zhang and Yuan-Ting, Wearable Medical Sensors and Systems, Springer, 2013
- **3.** Edward Sazonov and Micheal R Neuman, Wearable Sensors: Fundamentals, Implementation and Applications, Elsevier, 2014
- **4.** Mehmet R. Yuce and JamilY.Khan, Wireless Body Area Networks Technology, Implementation applications,Pan Stanford Publishing Pte.Ltd, Singapore, 2012

REFERENCES

1. Sandeep K.S, Gupta, Tridib Mukherjee and Krishna Kumar Venkatasubramanian, Body Area Networks Safety, Security, and Sustainability, Cambridge University Press, 2013.

2. Guang-Zhong Yang, Body Sensor Networks, Springer, 2006.

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

CO's						PC)'s							PSO's			
CUS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3		
1	3	2	1	1	2			1					1		1		
2	3	2	1	1	2			1					1		1		
3	3	2	1	1	2			1					1		1		
4	3	2	1	1	2			1					1		1		
5	3	2	1	1	2			1					1		1		
AVg.	3	2	1	1	2			1					1		1		

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

9

9

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

CBM356

MEDICAL INFORMATICS

Preamble:

1. To study the applications of information technology in health care management.

2. This course provides knowledge on resources, devices, and methods required to optimize the acquisition, storage, retrieval, and use of information in health and biomedicine.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO MEDICAL INFORMATICS

Introduction - Structure of Medical Informatics –Internet and Medicine -Security issues , Computer based medical information retrieval, Hospital management and information system, Functional capabilities of a computerized HIS, Health Informatics – Medical Informatics, Bioinformatics

UNIT II COMPUTERS IN CLINICAL LABORATORY AND MEDICAL IMAGING

Automated clinical laboratories-Automated methods in hematology, cytology and histology, Intelligent Laboratory Information System - Computer assisted medical imaging- nuclear medicine ultrasound imaging computed X ray tomography. Rediction therapy and

medicine, ultrasound imaging, computed X-ray tomography, Radiation therapy and planning, Nuclear Magnetic Resonance.

UNIT III COMPUTERISED PATIENT RECORD

Introduction - conventional patient record, Components and functionality of CPR, Development tools, Intranet, CPR in Radiology- Application server provider, Clinical information system, Computerized prescriptions for patients.

UNIT IV COMPUTER ASSISTED MEDICAL DECISION-MAKING

Neuro computers and Artificial Neural Networks application, Expert system-General model of CMD, Computer–assisted decision support system-production rule system cognitive model, semantic networks, decisions analysis inclinical medicine-computers in the care of critically ill patients, Computer aids for the handicapped.

UNIT V RECENT TRENDS IN MEDICAL INFORMATICS

Virtual reality applications in medicine, Virtual endoscopy, Computer assisted surgery, Surgical simulation, Telemedicine - Tele surgery, Computer assisted patient education and health- Medical education and healthcare information, computer assisted instruction in medicine.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1:Explain the structure and functional capabilities of Hospital Information System.

CO2: Describe the need of computers in medical imaging and automated clinical laboratory.

CO3:Articulate the functioning of information storage and retrieval in computerized patient record system.

CO4: Apply the suitable decision support system for automated clinical diagnosis.

CO5:Discuss the application of virtual reality and telehealth technology in medical industry.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Mohan Bansal, "Medical informatics", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Ltd, 2003.
- 2. R.D.Lele, "Computers in medicine progress in medical informatics", Tata Mcgraw Hill,2005

351

9

9

9

9

REFERENCES:

Kathryn J. Hannah, Marion J Ball, "Health Informatics", 3rd Edition, Springer, 2006. 1.

CO's		PO's								PSO's					
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	2	1	1	2			1					1	1	1
2	3	2	1	1	2			1					1	1	1
3	3	2	1	1	2			1					1	1	1
4	3	2	1	1	2			1					1	1	1
5	3	2	1	1	2			1					1	1	1
AVg.	3	2	1	1	2		- 10	1	31				1	1	1

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

OCE354 BASICS OF INTEGRATED WATER RESOURCES MANAGEMENT LTPC

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To introduce the interdisciplinary approach of water management.
- To develop knowledge base and capacity building on IWRM.

UNIT I **OVERVIEW OF IWRM**

Facts about water - Definition - Key challenges - Paradigm shift - Water management Principles -Social equity - Ecological sustainability - Economic efficiency - SDGs - World Water Forums.

UNIT II WATER USE SECTORS: IMPACTS AND SOLUTION

Water users: People, Agriculture, ecosystem and others - Impacts of the water use sectors on water resources - Securing water for people, food production, ecosystems and other uses - IWRM relevance in water resources management.

UNIT III WATER ECONOMICS

Economic characteristics of water good and services - Economic instruments - Private sector involvement in water resources management - PPP experiences through case studies.

RECENT TREANDS IN WATER MANAGEMENT UNIT IV

River basin management - Ecosystem Regeneration - 5 Rs - WASH - Sustainable livelihood -Water management in the context of climate change.

UNIT V **IMPLEMENTATION OF IWRM**

Barriers to implementing IWRM - Policy and legal framework - Bureaucratic reforms and inclusive development - Institutional Transformation - Capacity building - Case studies on conceptual framework of IWRM.

COURSEOUTCOMES

On completion of the course, the student will be able to apply appropriate management techniques towards managing the water resources.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

3 0 0 3

9

9

9

9

CO1 Describe the context and principles of IWRM; Compare the conventional and integrated ways of water management.

CO2 Discuss on the different water uses; how it is impacted and ways to tackle these impacts.

CO3 Explain the economic aspects of water and choose the best economic option among the alternatives; illustrate the pros and cons of PPP through case studies.

CO4 Illustrate the recent trends in water management.

CO5 Understand the implementation hitches and the institutional frameworks.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Cech Thomas V., Principles of water resources: history, development, management and policy. John Wiley and Sons Inc., New York. 2003.

2. Mollinga P. *et al.* "Integrated Water Resources Management", Water in South Asia Volume I, Sage Publications, 2006.

REFERENCES

1. Technical Advisory Committee, Background Papers No: 1, 4 and 7, Stockholm, Sweden. 2002.

2. IWRM Guidelines at River Basin Level (UNESCO, 2008).

3. Tutorial on Basic Principles of Integrated Water Resources Management ,CAP-NET. http://www.pacificwater.org/userfiles/file/IWRM/Toolboxes/introduction%20to%20iwrm/Tutorial_text .pdf

4. Pramod R. Bhave, 2011, Water Resources Systems, Narosa Publishers.

5. The 17 Goals, United Nations, https://sdgs.un.org/goals.

OBT355	BIOTECHNOLOGY FOR WASTE MANAGEMENT	LTPC

UNIT I BIOLOGICAL TREATMENT PROCESS

Fundamentals of biological process - Anaerobic process – Pretreatment methods in anaerobic process – Aerobic process, Anoxic process, Aerobic and anaerobic digestion of organic wastes - Factors affecting process efficiency - Solid state fermentation – Submerged fermentation – Batch and continuous fermentation

UNIT II WASTE BIOMASS AND ITS VALUE ADDITION

Types of waste biomass – Solid waste management - Nature of biomass feedstock – Biobased economy/process – Value addition of waste biomass – Biotransformation of biomass – Biotransformation of marine processing wastes – Direct extraction of biochemicals from biomass – Plant biomass for industrial application

UNIT III BIOCONVERSION OF WASTES TO ENERGY

Perspective of biofuels from wastes - Bioethanol production – Biohydrogen Production – dark and photofermentative process - Biobutanol production – Biogas and Biomethane production - Single stage anaerobic digestion, Two stage anaerobic digestion - Biodiesel production - Enzymatic hydrolysis technologies

UNIT IV CHEMICALS AND ENZYME PRODUCTION FROM WASTES

Production of lactic acid, succinic acid, citric acid – Biopolymer synthesis – Production of Amylases - Lignocellulolytic enzymes - Pectinolytic enzymes - Proteases – Lipases

353

9

9

3 0 0 3

9

Page 398 of 437

UNIT V BIOCOMPOSTING OF ORGANIC WASTES

Overview of composting process - Benefitis of composting, Role of microorganisms in composting -Factors affecting the composting process - Waste Materials for Composting, Fundamentals of composting process - Composting technologies, Composting systems – Nonreactor Composting, Reactor composting - Compost Quality

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completion of this course, the students should be able

- To learn the various methods biological treatment
- To know the details of waste biomass and its value addition
- To develop the bioconversion processes to convert wastes to energy
- To synthesize the chemicals and enzyme from wastes
- To produce the biocompost from wastes
- To apply the theoretical knowledge for the development of value added products

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Antoine P. T., (2017) "Biofuels from Food Waste Applications of Saccharification Using Fungal Solid State Fermentation", CRC press
- 2. Joseph C A., (2019)"Anaerobic Waste-Wastewater Treatment and Biogas Plants-A Practical Handbook", CRC Press,

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Palmiro P. and Oscar F.D'Urso, (2016) 'Biotransformation of Agricultural Waste and By-Products', The Food, Feed, Fibre, Fuel (4F) Economy, Elsevier
- 2. Kaur Brar S., Gurpreet Singh D. and Carlos R.S., (Eds), (2014)'Biotransformation of Waste Biomass into High Value Biochemicals', Springer.
- 3. Keikhosro K, Editor, (2015) 'Lignocellulose-Based Bioproducts', Springer.

LIFESTYLE DISEASES

4. John P, (2014) 'Waste Management Practices-Municipal, Hazardous, and Industrial', Second Edition, CRC Press, 2014

OBT356

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Lifestyle diseases – Definition ; Risk factors – Eating, smoking, drinking, stress, physical activity, illicit drug use ; Obesity, diabetes, cardiovascular diseases, respiratory diseases, cancer; Prevention – Diet and exercise.

UNIT II CANCER

Types - Lung cancer, Mouth cancer, Skin cancer, Cervical cancer, Carcinoma oesophagus; Causes Tobacco usage, Diagnosis – Biomarkers, Treatment

UNIT III CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASES

Coronoary atherosclerosis – Coronary artery disease; Causes -Fat and lipids, Alcohol abuse – Diagnosis - Electrocardiograph, echocardiograph, Treatment, Exercise and Cardiac rehabilitation

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

LT PC 3 0 0 3

9

9

9

UNIT IV DIABETES AND OBESITY

Types of Diabetes mellitus; Blood glucose regulation; Complications of diabetes – Paediatric and adolescent obesity – Weight control and BMI

UNIT V RESPIRATORY DISEASES

Chronic lung disease, Asthma, COPD; Causes - Breathing pattern (Nasal vs mouth), Smoking – Diagnosis - Pulmonary function testing

TEXT BOOKS:

1. R.Kumar&Meenal Kumar, "Guide to Prevention of Lifestyle Diseases", Deep & Deep Publications, 2003

2. Gary Eggar et al, "Lifestyle Medicine", 3rd Edition, Academic Press, 2017

REFERENCES:

1. James M.R, "Lifestyle Medicine", 2nd Edition, CRC Press, 2013

2. Akira Miyazaki et al, "New Frontiers in Lifestyle-Related Disease", Springer, 2008

OBT357 BIOTECHNOLOGY IN HEALTH CARE

COURSE OBJECTIVES

The aim of this course is to

- Create higher standard of knowledge on healthcare system and services
- Prioritize advanced technologies for the diagnosis and treatment of various diseases

UNIT I PUBLIC HEALTH

Definition and Concept of Public Health, Historical aspects of Public Health, Changing Concepts of Public Health, Public Health versus Medical Care, Unique Features of Public Health, Determinants of Health (Social, Economic, Cultural, Environmental, Education, Genetics, Food and Nutrition). Indicators of health, Burden of disease, Role of different disciplines in Public Health.

UNIT II CLINICAL DISEASES

Communicable diseases: Chickenpox / Shingles, COVID-19, Tuberculosis, Hepatitis B, Hepatitis C, HIV / AIDS, Influenza, Swine flu. Non Communicable diseases: Diabetes mellitus, atherosclerosis, fatty liver, Obesity, Cancer

UNIT III VACCINOLOGY

History of Vaccinology, conventional approaches to vaccine development, live attenuated and killed vaccines, adjuvants, quality control, preservation and monitoring of microorganisms in seed lot systems. Instruments related to monitoring of temperature, sterilization, environment.

UNIT IV OUTPATIENT & IN PATIENT SERVICES

Radiotherapy, Nuclear medicine, surgical units, OT Medical units, G & Obs. units Pediatric, neonatal units, Critical care units, Physical medicine & Rehabilitation, Neurology, Gastroenterology, Endoscopy, Pulmonology, Cardiology.

355

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

9

L T P C 3 0 0 3

9

9

9

UNIT V BASICS OF IMAGING MODALITIES

Diagnostic X-rays - Computer tomography – MRI – Ultrasonography – Endoscopy – Thermography – Different types of biotelemetry systems.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Joseph J.carr and John M. Brown, Introduction to Biomedical Equipment Technology, John Wiley and sons, New York, 4th Edition, 2012.
- 2. Thomas M. Devlin.Textbook of Biochemistry with clinical correlations. Wiley Liss Publishers
- 3. The Vaccine Book (2nd Ed.), Rafi Ahmed, Roy M. Anderson et. al.Editor(s): Barry R. Bloom, PaulHenri Lambert, Academic Press, 2016, Pages xxi-xxiv.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Suh, Sang, Gurupur, Varadraj P., Tanik, Murat M., Health Care Systems, Technology and Techniques, Springer, 1st Edition, 2011

- 2. Burtis & Ashwood W.B. Tietz Textbook of Clinical chemistry. Saunders Company
- 3. Levine, M. M. (2004). New Generation Vaccines. New York: M. Dekker



VERTICAL 1: FINTECH AND BLOCK CHAIN

CMG331 FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

9

9

9

9

9

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

- 1. To acquire the knowledge of the decision areas in finance.
- 2. To learn the various sources of Finance
- 3. To describe about capital budgeting and cost of capital.
- 4. To discuss on how to construct a robust capital structure and dividend policy
- 5. To develop an understanding of tools on Working Capital Management.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO FINANCIAL MANGEMENT

Definition and Scope of Finance Functions - Objectives of Financial Management - Profit Maximization and Wealth Maximization- Time Value of money- Risk and return concepts.

UNIT II SOURCES OF FINANCE

Long term sources of Finance -Equity Shares – Debentures - Preferred Stock – Features – Merits and Demerits. Short term sources - Bank Sources, Trade Credit, Overdrafts, Commercial Papers, Certificate of Deposits, Money market mutual funds etc

UNIT III INVESTMENT DECISIONS:

Investment Decisions: capital budgeting – Need and Importance – Techniques of Capital Budgeting – Payback -ARR – NPV – IRR –Profitability Index.

Cost of Capital - Cost of Specific Sources of Capital - Equity -Preferred Stock- Debt - Reserves - Concept and measurement of cost of capital - Weighted Average Cost of Capital.

UNIT IV FINANCING AND DIVIDEND DECISION

Operating Leverage and Financial Leverage- EBIT-EPS analysis. Capital Structure – determinants of Capital structure- Designing an Optimum capital structure .

Dividend policy - Aspects of dividend policy - practical consideration - forms of dividend policy - Determinants of Dividend Policy

UNIT V WORKING CAPITAL DECISION

Working Capital Management: Working Capital Management - concepts - importance - Determinants of Working capital. Cash Management: Motives for holding cash – Objectives and Strategies of Cash Management. Receivables Management: Objectives - Credit policies.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

1. M.Y. Khan and P.K.Jain Financial management, Text, Tata McGraw Hill

2. M. Pandey Financial Management, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd

REFERENCES .

- 1. James C. Vanhorne Fundamentals of Financial Management– PHI Learning,.
- 2. Prasanna Chandra, Financial Management,
- 3. Srivatsava, Mishra, Financial Management, Oxford University Press, 2011

CMG332

FUNDAMENTALS OF INVESTMENT

9

9

9

9

COURSEOBJECTIVES:

- Describe the investment environment in which investment decisions are taken.
- Explain how to Value bonds and equities
- Explain the various approaches to value securities
- Describe how to create efficient portfolios through diversification
- Discuss the mechanism of investor protection in India.

UNIT I THE INVESTMENT ENVIRONMENT

The investment decision process, Types of Investments – Commodities, Real Estate and FinancialAssets, the Indian securities market, the market participants and trading of securities, securitymarket indices, sources of financial information, Concept of return and risk, Impact of Taxes andInflationonreturn.

UNIT II FIXED INCOME SECURITIES

Bond features, types of bonds, estimating bond yields, Bond Valuation types of bond risks, defaultrisk andcreditrating.

UNIT III APPROACHES TOEQUITYANALYSIS

Introduction to Fundamental Analysis, Technical Analysis and Efficient Market Hypothesis, dividend capitalisation models, and price-earnings multiple approach to equity valuation.

UNIT IV PORTFOLIO ANALYSIS AND FINANCIAL DERIVATIVES

Portfolio and Diversification, Portfolio Risk and Return; Mutual Funds; Introduction to Financial Derivatives; Financial Derivatives Markets in India

UNIT V INVESTOR PROTECTIONRole of SEBI and stock exchanges in investor protection; Investor grievances and their redressal system, insider trading, investors' awareness and activism

REFERENCES

- 1. Charles P. Jones, Gerald R. Jensen. Investments: analysis and management. Wiley, 14TH Edition, 2019.
- 2. Chandra, Prasanna. Investment analysis and portfolio management. McGraw-hill education, 5th, Edition, 2017.
- 3. Rustagi, R. P. Investment Management Theory and Practice. Sultan Chand & Sons, 2021.
- 4. ZviBodie, Alex Kane, Alan J Marcus, PitabusMohanty, Investments, McGraw Hill Education (India), 11 Edition(SIE), 2019

CMG333 BANKING, FINANCIAL SERVICES AND INSURANCE L T P C

3 0 0 3

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- Understand the Banking system in India
- Grasp how banks raise their sources and how they deploy it
- Understand the development in banking technology

- Understand the financial services in India
- Understand the insurance Industry in India

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO INDIAN BANKING SYSTEM

Overview of Banking system – Structure – Functions –Banking system in India - Key Regulations in Indian Banking sector –RBI. Relationship between Banker and Customer - Retail & Wholesale Banking – types of Accounts - Opening and operation of Accounts.

UNIT II MANAGING BANK FUNDS/ PRODUCTS

Liquid Assets - Investment in securities - Advances - Loans.Negotiable Instruments – Cheques, Bills of Exchange & Promissory Notes.Designing deposit schemes– Asset and Liability Management – NPA's – Current issues on NPA's – M&A's of banks into securities market

UNIT III DEVELOPMENT IN BANKING TECHNOLOGY

Payment system in India – paper based – e payment –electronic banking –plastic money – emoney –forecasting of cash demand at ATM's –The Information Technology Act, 2000 in India – RBI's Financial Sector Technology vision document – security threats in e-banking & RBI's Initiative.

UNIT IV FINANCIAL SERVICES

Introduction – Need for Financial Services – Financial Services Market in India – NBFC — Leasing and Hire Purchase — mutual funds. Venture Capital Financing –Bill discounting –factoring – Merchant Banking

UNIT V INSURANCE

Insurance –Concept - Need - History of Insurance industry in India. Insurance Act, 1938 –IRDA – Regulations – Life Insurance - Annuities and Unit Linked Policies - Lapse of the Policy – revival – settlement of claim

REFERENCES:

1. Padmalatha Suresh and Justin Paul, "Management of Banking and Financial Services, Pearson, Delhi, 2017.

2. Meera Sharma, "Management of Financial Institutions – with emphasis on Bank and Risk Management", PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi 2010

3. Peter S. Rose and Sylvia C. and Hudgins, "Bank Management and Financial Services", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2017

CMG334 INTRODUCTION TO BLOCKCHAIN AND ITS APPLICATIONS L T P C

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO BLOCKCHAIN

Blockchain: The growth of blockchain technology - Distributed systems - The history of blockchain and Bitcoin - Features of a blockchain - Types of blockchain, Consensus: Consensus mechanism -Types of consensus mechanisms - Consensus in blockchain. Decentralization: Decentralization using blockchain - Methods of decentralization - Routes to decentralization- Blockchain and full ecosystem decentralization - Smart contracts - Decentralized Organizations- Platforms for decentralization.

9

9

9

9

9

3 0 0 3

9

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

9 Kadena - Ripple - Rootstock - Quorum - Tendermint - Scalability - Privacy - Other Challenges -Blockchain Research - Notable Projects - Miscellaneous Tools.

REFERENCE

Imran. Bashir. Mastering block chain: Distributed Ledger Technology, Decentralization, and 1. Smart Contracts Explained. Packt Publishing, 2nd Edition, 2018

2. Peter Borovykh, Blockchain Application in Finance, Blockchain Driven, 2nd Edition, 2018

3. ArshdeepBahga, Vijay Madisetti, "Blockchain Applications: A Hands On Approach", VPT, 2017.

CMG335 FINTECH PERSONAL FINANCE AND PAYMENTS

UNIT I CURRENCY EXCHANGE AND PAYMENT

Understand the concept of Crypto currency- Bitcoin and Applications -Cryptocurrencies and Digital Crypto Wallets -Types of Cryptocurrencies - Cryptocurrencies and Applications, block chain, Artificial Intelligence, machine learning. Fintech users, Individual Payments, RTGS Systems, Immediate Page 54 of 90 Payment Service (IMPS), Unified Payments Interface (UPI).Legal and Regulatory Implications of Crypto currencies, Payment systems and their regulations.Digital Payments Smart Cards, Stored-Value Cards, EC Micropayments, Payment Gateways, Mobile Payments, Digital and Virtual Currencies, Security, Ethical, Legal, Privacy, and Technology Issues

UNIT II DIGITAL FINANCE AND ALTERNATIVE FINANCE

A Brief History of Financial Innovation, Digitization of Financial Services, Crowd funding, Charity and Equity,. Introduction to the concept of Initial Coin Offering

UNIT III INSURETECH

InsurTech Introduction, Business model disruption AI/ML in InsurTech • IoT and InsurTech, Risk Modeling, Fraud Detection Processing claims and Underwriting Innovations in Insurance Services

UNIT II INTRODUCTION TO CRYPTOCURRENCY

Bitcoin – Digital Keys and Addresses – Transactions – Mining – Bitcoin Networks and Payments – Wallets – Alternative Coins – Theoretical Limitations – Bitcoin limitations – Name coin – Prime coin - Zcash - Smart Contracts - Ricardian Contracts- Deploying smart contracts on a blockchain

UNIT III **ETHEREUM**

Introduction - The Ethereum network - Components of the Ethereum ecosystem - Transactions and messages - Ether cryptocurrency / tokens (ETC and ETH) - The Ethereum Virtual Machine (EVM), Ethereum Development Environment: Test networks - Setting up a private net - Starting up the private network

UNIT IV WEB3 AND HYPERLEDGE `

Introduction to Web3 – Contract Deployment – POST Requests – Development Frameworks – Hyperledger as a Protocol – The Reference Architecture – Hyperledger Fabric – Distributed Ledger Corda.

UNIT V **EMERGING TRENDS**

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

LT PC 3003

9

9

9

9

9

UNIT IV PEER TO PEER LENDING

P2P and Marketplace Lending, New Models and New Products in market place lending P2P Infrastructure and technologies , Concept of Crowdfunding Crowdfunding Architecture and Technology ,P2P and Crowdfunding unicorns and business models , SME/MSME Lending: Unique opportunities and Challenges, Solutions and Innovations

UNIT V REGULATORY ISSUES

FinTech Regulations: Global Regulations and Domestic Regulations, Evolution of RegTech, RegTech Ecosystem: Financial Institutions, RegTech Ecosystem: StartupsRegTech, Startups: Challenges, RegTech Ecosystem: Regulators, Use of AI in regulation and Fraud detection

REFERENCE

1. Swanson Seth, Fintech for Beginners: Understanding and Utilizing the power of technology, Createspace Independent Publishing Platform, 2016.

2. Models AuTanda, Fintech Bigtech And Banks Digitalization and Its Impact On Banking Business, Springer, 2019

3. Henning Diedrich, Ethereum: Blockchains, Digital Assets, Smart Contracts, Decentralized Autonomous Organizations, Wildfire Publishing, 2016

4. Jacob William, FinTech:TheBeginner's Guide to Financial Technology, Createspace Independent Publishing Platform, 2016

5. IIBF, Digital Banking, Taxmann Publication, 2016

6. Jacob William, Financial Technology, Create space Independent Pub, 2016

Luke Sutton, Financial Technology: Bitcoin & Blockchain, Createspace Independent Pub,
 2016

INTRODUCTION TO FINTECH

CMG336

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn about history, importance and evolution of Fintech
- To acquire the knowledge of Fintech in payment industry
- To acquire the knowledge of Fintech in insurance industry
- To learn the Fintech developments around the world
- To know about the future of Fintech

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Fintech - Definition, History, concept, meaning, architecture, significance, Goals, key areas in Fintech, Importance of Fintech, role of Fintech in economic development, opportunities and challenges in Fintech, Evolution of Fintech in different sectors of the industry - Infrastructure, Banking Industry, Startups and Emerging Markets, recent developments in FinTech, future prospects and potential issues with Fintech.

UNIT II PAYMENT INDUSTRY

FinTech in Payment Industry-Multichannel digital wallets, applications supporting wallets, onboarding and KYC application, FinTech in Lending Industry- Formal lending, Informal lending, P2P lending, POS lending, Online lending, Payday lending, Microfinance, Crowdfunding.

LT P C 3 0 0 3

9

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

9

9

UNIT III **INSURANCE INDUSTRY**

FinTech in Wealth Management Industry-Financial Advice, Automated investing, Socially responsible investing, Fractional Investing, Social Investing. FinTech in Insurance Industry- P2P insurance, On-Demand Insurance, On-Demand Consultation, Customer engagement through Quote to sell, policy servicing, Claims Management, Investment linked health insurance.

UNIT IV FINTECH AROUND THE GLOBE

FinTech developments - US, Europe and UK, Germany, Sweden, France, China, India, Africa, Australia, New Zealand, Brazil and Middle East, Regulatory and Policy Assessment for Growth of FinTech. FinTech as disruptors, Financial institutions collaborating with FinTech companies, The new financial world.

UNIT V **FUTURE OF FINTECH**

How emerging technologies will change financial services, the future of financial services, banking on innovation through data, why FinTech banks will rule the world, The FinTech Supermarket, Banks partnering with FinTech start-ups, The rise of BankTech, Fintech impact on Retail Banking, A future without money, Ethics in Fintech.

REFERENCES

Arner D., Barbers J., Buckley R, The evolution of FinTech: a new post crisis paradigm, 1. University of New South Wales Research Series, 2015

Susanne Chishti, Janos Barberis, The FINTECH Book: The Financial Technology 2. Handbook for Investors, Entrepreneurs and Visionaries, Wiley Publications, 2016

Richard Hayen, FinTech: The Impact and Influence of Financial Technology on Banking 3. and the Finance Industry, 2016

4. Parag Y Arjunwadkar, FinTech: The Technology Driving Disruption in the financial service industry CRC Press, 2018

5. Sanjay Phadke, Fintech Future : The Digital DNA of Finance Paperback .Sage Publications, 2020

6. Pranay Gupta, T. Mandy Tham, Fintech: The New DNA of Financial Services Paperback, 2018

VERTICAL 2: ENTREPRENEURSHIP

CMG337

FOUNDATIONS OF ENTREPRENERUSHIP

COURSE OBJECTIVES

To develop and strengthen the entrepreneurial quality and motivation of learners.

To impart the entrepreneurial skills and traits essential to become successful entrepreneurs.

To apply the principles and theories of entrepreneurship and management in Technology oriented businessess.

To empower the learners to run a Technology driven business efficiently and effectively

9

9

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

LTPC 00 3

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO ENTREPRENEURSHIP

Entrepreneurship- Definition, Need, Scope - Entrepreneurial Skill & Traits - Entrepreneur vs. Intrapreneur; Classification of entrepreneurs, Types of entrepreneurs -Factors affecting entrepreneurial development – Achievement Motivation – Contributions of Entreprenership to Economic Development.

UNIT II BUSINESS OWNERSHIP & ENVRIONMENT

Types of Business Ownership – Buiness Envrionemental Factors – Political-Economic-Sociological-Technological-Environmental-Legal aspects – Human Reosurces Mobilisation-Basics of Managing Finance- Esentials of Marketing Management - Production and Operations Planning – Systems Management and Administration

UNIT III FUNDAMENTALS OF TECHNOPRENEURSHIP

Introduction to Technopreneurship - Definition, Need, Scope- Emerging Concepts- Principles - Characterisitcis of a technopreneur - Impacts of Technopreneurship on Society – Economy- Job Opportuinites in Technopreneurship - Recent trends

UNIT IV APPLICATIONS OF TECHNOPRENEURSHIP

Technology Entrepreneurship - Local, National and Global practices - Intrapreneurship and Technology interactions, Networking of entrepreneurial activities – Launching - Managing Technology based Product / Service entrepreneurship – Success Stories of Technopreneurs - Case Studies

UNIT V EMERGING TRENDS IN ENTREPRENERUSHIP

Effective Business Management Strategies For Franchising - Sub-Contracting- Leasing-Technopreneurs – Agripreneurs - Netpreneurs- Portfolio entrepreneruship - NGO Entrepreneurship – Recent Entrepreneruial Develoments - Local – National – Global perspectives.

TOTAL45 : PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the student should be able to:

- CO 1 Learn the basics of Entrepreneurship
- CO 2 Understand the business ownership patterns and evnironment
- CO 3 Understand the Job opportunites in Industries relating to Technopreneurship
- **CO 4** Learn about applications of tehnopreneurship and successful technopreneurs

CO 5 Acquaint with the recent and emerging trends in entrepreneruship

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1 S.S.Khanka, "Entrepreneurial Development" S.Chand & Co. Ltd. Ram Nagar New Delhi, 2021.
- 2 Donal F Kuratko Entrepreneurship (11th Edition) Theory, Process, Practice by Published 2019 by Cengage Learning,

REFERENCES:

- 1 Daniel Mankani. 2003. Technopreneurship: The successful Entrepreneur in the new Economy. Prentice Hall
- 2 Edward Elgar. 2007. Entrepreneurship, Cooperation and the Firm: The Emergence and Survival of High-Technology Ventures in Europe. Edi: Jan Ulijn, Dominique Drillon, and Frank Lasch. Wiley Pub.
- 3 Lang, J. 2002, The High Tech Entrepreneur's Handbook, Ft.com.

363

9

9

9

- 4 David Sheff 2002, China Dawn: The Story of a Technology and Business Revolution,
- 5 HarperBusiness, https://fanny.staff.uns.ac.id/files/2013/12/Technopreneur-BASED-EDUCATION-REVOLUTION.pdf
- 6 JumpStart: A Technoprenuership Fable, Dennis Posadas, (Singapore: Pearson Prentice Hall, 2009
- 7 Basics of Technoprenuership: Module 1.1-1.2, Frederico Gonzales, President-PESO Inc; M. Barcelon, UP
- 8 Journal articles pertaining to Entrepreneurship

CMG338 TEAM BUILDING & LEADERSHIP MANAGEMENT FOR BUSINESS L T P C

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To develop and strengthen the Leadership qualities and motivation of learners.
- To impart the Leadership skills and traits essential to become successful entrepreneurs.
- To apply the principles and theories of Team Building in managing Technology oriented businessess.

• To empower the learners to build robust teams for running and leading a business efficiently and effectively

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO MANAGING TEAMS

Introduction to Team - Team Dynamics - Team Formation – Stages of Team Devlopment - Enhancing teamwork within a group - Team Coaching - Team Decision Making - Virtual Teams - Self Directed Work Teams (SDWTs) -Multicultural Teams.

UNIT II MANAGING AND DEVELOPING EFFECTIVE TEAMS

Team-based Organisations- Leadershp roles in team-based organisations - Offsite training and team development - Experiential Learning - Coaching and Mentoring in team building - Building High-Performance Teams - Building Credibility and Trust - Skills for Developing Others - Team Building at the Top - Leadership in Teamwork Effectiveness.

UNIT III INTRODUCTION TO LEADERSHIP

Introduction to Leadership - Leadership Myths – Characteristics of Leader, Follower and Situation - Leadership Attributes - Personality Traits and Leadership - Intelligence Types and Leadership - Power and Leadership - Delegation and Empowerment .

UNIT IV LEADERSHIP IN ORGANISATIONS

Leadership Styles – LMX Theory- Leadership Theory and Normative Decision Model - Situational Leadership Model - Contingency Model and Path Goal Theory – Transactional and Transformational Leadership - Charismatic Leadership - Role of Ethics and Values in Organisational Leadership.

UNIT V LEADERSHIP EFFECTIVENESS

Leadership Behaviour - Assessment of Leadership Behaviors - Destructive Leadership - Motivation and Leadership - Managerial Incompetence and Derailment Conflict Management - Negotiation and Leadership - Culture and Leadership - Global Leadership – Recent Trends in Leadership.

TOTAL 45 : PERIODS

3 0 0 3

9

9

9

9

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon completion of this course, the student should be able to:

CO 1 Learn the basics of managing teams for business.

CO 2 Understand developing effective teams for business management.

CO 3 Understand the fundamentals of leadership for running a business.

CO 4 Learn about the importance of leadership for business development.

CO 5 Acquaint with emerging trends in leadership effectiveness for entreprenerus."

REFERENCES:

1. Hughes, R.L., Ginnett, R.C., & Curphy, G.J., Leadership: Enhancing the lessons of experience ,9th Ed, McGraw Hill Education, Chennai, India. (2019).

2. Katzenback, J.R., Smith, D.K., The Wisdom of Teams: Creating the High Performance Organisations, Harvard Business Review Press, (2015).

3. Haldar, U.K., Leadership and Team Building, Oxford University Press, (2010). 4. Daft, R.L., The Leadership Experience, Cengage, (2015).

5. Daniel Levi, Group Dynamics for Teams ,4th Ed, (2014), Sage Publications.

6. Dyer, W. G., Dyer, W. G., Jr., & Dyer, J. H. Team building: Proven strategies for improving team performance, 5thed, Jossey-Bass, (2013).

L T P C 3 0 0 3

9

9

9

CMG339 CREATIVITY & INNOVATION IN ENTREPRENEURSHIP

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To develop the creativity skills among the learners
- To impart the knowledge of creative intelligence essential for entrepreneurs
- To know the applications of innovation in entprerenship.
- To develeop innovative business models for business.

UNIT I CREATIVITY

Creativity: Definition- Forms of Creativity-Essence, Elaborative and Expressive Creativities- Quality of Creativity-Existential, Entrepreneurial and Empowerment Creativities – Creative Environment-Creative Technology- - Creative Personality and Motivation.

UNIT II CREATIVE INTELLIGENCE

Creative Intelligence: Convergent thinking ability – Traits Congenial to creativity – Creativity Training--Criteria for evaluating Creativity-Credible Evaluation- Improving the quality of our creativity – Creative Tools and Techniques - Blocks to creativity- fears and Disabilities- Strategies for Unblocking- Designing Creativity Enabling Environment.

UNIT III INNOVATION

Innovation: Definition- Levels of Innovation- Incremental Vs Radical Innovation-Product Innovation and Process- Technological, Organizational Innovation – Indicators- Characteristics of Innovation in Different Sectors. Theories in Innovation and Creativity- Design Thinking and Innovation-Innovation as Collective Change-Innovation as a system

CO 1 Learn the basics of creativity for developing Entrepreneurship

CO 2 Understand the importance of creative intelligence for business growth

CO 3 Understand the advances through Innovation in Industries

CO 4 Learn about applications of innovation in building successful ventures

CO 5 Acquaint with developing innovative business models to run the business effeciently and effectively

Suggested Readings:

Creativity and Inovation in Entrepreneurship, Kankha, Sultan Chand

Pradip N Khandwalla, Lifelong Creativity, An Unending Quest, Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2004.

Paul Trott, Innovation Management and New Product Development, 4e, Pearson, 2018.

Vinnie Jauhari, Sudanshu Bhushan, Innovation Management, Oxford Higher Education, 2014.

Innovation Management, C.S.G. Krishnamacharyulu, R. Lalitha, Himalaya Publishing House, 2010.

A. Dale Timpe, Creativity, Jaico Publishing House, 2003.

Brian Clegg, Paul Birch, Creativity, Kogan Page, 2009.

Strategic Innovation: Building and Sustaining Innovative Organizations- Course Era, Raj Echambadi.

CMG340 PRINCIPLES OF MARKETING MANAGEMENT FOR BUSINESS LTPC

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To provide basic knowledge of concepts, principles, tools and techniques of marketing for entrepreneurs
- To provide an exposure to the students pertaining to the nature and Scope of marketing, • which they are expected to possess when they enter the industry as practitioners.
- To give them an understanding of fundamental premise underlying market driven strategies and the basic philosophies and tools of marketing management for business owners.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO MARKETING MANAGEMENT

Introduction - Market and Marketing - Concepts- Functions of Marketing - Importance of Marketing

- Marketing Orientations - Marketing Mix-The Traditional 4Ps - The Modern Components of the Mix

- The Additional 3Ps - Developing an Effective Marketing Mix.

366

UNIT IV INNOVATION AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP

Innovation and Entrepreneurship: Entrepreneurial Mindset, Motivations and Behaviours-Opportunity Analysis and Decision Making- Industry Understanding - Entrepreneurial Opportunities- Entrepreneurial Strategies - Technology Pull/Market Push - Product - Market fit

UNIT V **INNOVATIVE BUSINESS MODELS**

Innovative Business Models: Customer Discovery-Customer Segments-Prospect Theory and Developing Value Propositions- Developing Business Models: Elements of Business Models -Innovative Business Models: Elements, Designing Innovative Business Models- Responsible Innovation and Creativity.

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon completion of this course, the student should be able to:

9

3003

9

TOTAL 45 : PERIODS

UNIT II MARKETING ENVIRONMENT

Introduction - Environmental Scanning - Analysing the Organisation's Micro Environment and Macro Environment - Differences between Micro and Macro Environment – Techniques of Environment Scanning - Marketing organization - Marketing Research and the Marketing Information System, Types and Components.

UNIT III PRODUCT AND PRICING MANAGEMENT

Product- Meaning, Classification, Levels of Products – Product Life Cycle (PLC) - Product Strategies - Product Mix - Packaging and Labelling - New Product Development - Brand and Branding - Advantages and disadvantages of branding Pricing - Factors Affecting Price Decisions - Cost Based Pricing - Value Based and Competition Based Pricing - Pricing Strategies - National and Global Pricing.

UNIT IV PROMOTION AND DISTRIBTUION MANAGEMENT

Introduction to Promotion – Marketing Channels- Integrated Marketing Communications (IMC) - Introduction to Advertising and Sales Promotion – Basics of Public Relations and Publicity - Personal Selling - Process - Direct Marketing - Segmentation, Targeting and Positioning (STP)-Logistics Management- Introduction to Retailing and Wholesaling.

UNIT V CONTEMPORARY ISSUES IN MARKETING MANAGEMENT

Introduction - Relationship Marketing Vs. Relationship Management - Customer Relationship Management (CRM) - Forms of Relationship Management - CRM practices - Managing Customer Loyalty and Development – Buyer-Seller Relationships- Buying Situations in Industrial / Business Market - Buying Roles in Industrial Marketing - Factors that Influence Business - Services Marketing - E-Marketing or Online Marketing.

TOTAL 45 : PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of this course, the students will be able to :

CO1 Have the awareness of marketing management process

CO 2 Understand the marketing environment

CO 3 Acquaint about product and pricing strategies

CO 4 Knowledge of promotion and distribution in marketing management.

CO 5 Comprehend the contemporary marketing scenairos and offer solutions to marketing issues.

REFERENCES:

1. Marketing Management, Sherlekar S.A, Himalaya Publishing House, 2016.

2. Marketing Management, Philip Kortler and Kevin Lane Keller, PHI 15th Ed, 2015.

3 Marketing Management- An Indian perspective, Vijay Prakash Anand, Biztantra, Second edition, 2016.

4. Marketing Management Global Perspective, Indian Context, V.S.Ramaswamy &

S.Namakumari, Macmillan Publishers India,5th edition, 2015.

5. Marketing Management, S.H.H. Kazmi, 2013, Excel Books India.

6. Marketing Management- text and Cases, Dr. C.B.Gupta & Dr. N.Rajan Nair, 17th edition, 2016.

9

9

Page 412 of 437

CMG341 HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT FOR ENTREPRENEURS LT

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the basic concepts, structure and functions of human resource management for entrepreneurs.
- To create an awareness of the roles, functions and functioning of human resource department.
- To understand the methods and techniques followed by Human Resource Management practitioners.

UNIT I **INTRODUCTION TO HRM**

Concept, Definition, Objectives- Nature and Scope of HRM - Evolution of HRM - HR Manager Roles- Skills - Personnel Management Vs. HRM - Human Resource Policies - HR Accounting -HR Audit - Challenges in HRM.

UNIT II HUMAN RESOURCE PLANNING

HR Planning - Definition - Factors- Tools - Methods and Techniques - Job analysis- Job rotation-Job Description - Career Planning - Succession Planning - HRIS - Computer Applications in HR -**Recent Trends**

UNIT III **RECRUITMENT AND SELECTION**

Sources of recruitment- Internal Vs. External - Domestic Vs. Global Sources -eRecruitment -Selection Process- Selection techniques -eSelection- Interview Types- Employee Engagement.

UNIT IV TRAINING AND EMPLOYEE DEVELOPMENT

Training Needs Analysis - Induction and Types of Training - On-The-Job, Off-The-Job -Socialisation Process - Employee Compensation - Wages and Salary Administration - Health and Social Security Measures- Green HRM Practices

UNIT V CONTROLLING HUMAN RESOURCES

Performance Appraisal - Types - Methods - Collective Bargaining - Grievances Redressal Methods - Employee Discipline - Promotion - Demotion - Transfer - Dismissal - Retrenchment -Union Management Relationship - Recent Trends

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon completion of this course the learners will be able:

CO 1 To understand the Evolution of HRM and Challenges faced by HR Managers

CO 2 To learn about the HR Planning Methods and practices.

CO 3 To acquaint about the Recruitment and Selection Techniques followed in Industries.

CO 4 To known about the methods of Training and Employee Development.

CO 5 To comprehend the techniques of controlling human resources in organisations.

REFERENCES

1) Gary Dessler and Biju Varkkey, Human Resource Management, 14e, Pearson, 2015.

2) Mathis and Jackson, Human Resource Management, Cengage Learning 15e, 2017.

David A. Decenzo, Stephen.P.Robbins, and Susan L. Verhulst, Human Resource 3) Management, Wiley, International Student Edition, 11th Edition, 2014

4) R. Wayne Mondy, Human Resource Management, Pearson, 2015.

368

9

9

P C

3

3 Λ

9

9

TOTAL 45 : PERIODS

5) Luis R.Gomez-Mejia, David B.Balkin, Robert L Cardy. Managing Human Resource. PHI Learning. 2012

6) John M. Ivancevich, Human Resource Management, 12e, McGraw Hill Irwin, 2013.

7) K. Aswathappa, Sadhna Dash , Human Resource Management - Text and Cases , 9th Edition, McGraw Hill, 2021.

8) Uday Kumar Haldar, Juthika Sarkar. Human Resource management. Oxford. 2012

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To develop the basics of business venture financing.
- To impart the knowledge essential for entrepreneurs for financing new ventures.
- To acquaint the learners with the sources of debt and quity financing.
- To empower the learners towards fund rasiing for new ventures effectively.

UNIT I ESSENTIALS OF NEW BUSINES VENTURE

Setting up new Business Ventures – Need - Scope - Franchising - Location Strategy, Registration Process - State Directorate of Industries- Financing for New Ventures - Central and State Government Agencies - Types of Ioans – Financial Institutions - SFC, IDBI, NSIC and SIDCO.

UNIT II INTRODUCTION TO VENTURE FINANCING

Venture Finance – Definition – Historic Background - Funding New Ventures- Need – Scope – Types - Cost of Project - Means of Financing - Estimation of Working Capital - Requirement of funds – Mix of Dent and Equity - Challenges and Opportunities.

UNIT III SOURCES OF DEBT FINANCING

Fund for Capital Assets - Term Loans - Leasing and Hire-Purchase - Money Market instruments – Bonds, Corporate Papers – Preference Capital- Working Capital Management- Fund based Credit Facilities - Cash Credit - Over Draft.

UNIT IV SOURCES OF EQUITY FINANCING

Own Capital, Unsecured Loan - Government Subsidies, Margin Money- Equity Funding - Private Equity Fund- Schemes of Commercial banks - Angel Funding – Crowdfunding- Venture Capital.

UNIT V METHODS OF FUND RAISING FOR NEW VENTURES

Investor Decision Process - Identifying the appropriate investors- Targeting investors- Developing Relationships with investors - Investor Selection Criteria- Company Creation- Raising Funds -Seed Funding- VC Selection Criteria – Process- Methods- Recent Trends

TOTAL 45 : PERIODS

3003

9

9

9

9

9

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students should be able to:

- **CO 1** Learn the basics of starting a new business venture.
- **CO 2** Understand the basics of venture financing.
- **CO 3** Understand the sources of debt financing.
- **CO 4** Understanf the sources of equity financing.
- **CO 5** Acquaint with the methods of fund raising for new business ventures.

REFERENCES:

1) Principles of Corporate Finance by Brealey and Myers et al.,12TH ed, McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2018

2) Prasanna Chandra, Projects : Planning ,Analysis,Selection ,Financing,Implementation and Review, McGraw Hilld Education India Pvt Ltd ,New Delhi , 2019.

3) Introduction to Project Finance. Andrew Fight, Butterworth-Heinemann, 2006.

4) Metrick, Andrew; Yasuda, Ayako. Venture Capital And The Finance Of Innovation. Venture Capital And The Finance Of Innovation, 2nd Edition, Andrew Metrick And Ayako Yasuda, Eds., John Wiley And Sons, Inc, 2010.

5) Feld, Brad; Mendelson, Jason. Venture Deals. Wiley, 2011.

6) May, John; Simons, Cal. Every Business Needs An Angel: Getting The Money You Need To Make Your Business Grow. Crown Business, 2001.

7) Gompers, Paul Alan; Lerner, Joshua. The Money Of Invention: How Venture Capital Creates New Wealth. Harvard Business Press, 2001.

8) Camp, Justin J. Venture Capital Due Diligence: A Guide To Making Smart Investment Choices And Increasing Your Portfolio Returns. John Wiley & Sons, 2002.

9) Byers, Thomas. Technology Ventures: From Idea To Enterprise. Mcgraw-Hill Higher Education, 2014.

10) Lerner, Josh; Leamon, Ann; Hardymon, Felda. Venture Capital, Private Equity, And The Financing Of Entrepreneurship. 2012.

VERTICAL 3: PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

CMG343 PRINCIPLES OF PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION	L TPC 3 003
 UNIT I 1. Meaning, Nature and Scope of Public Administration 2. Importance of Public Administration 3. Evolution of Public Administration 	(9)
UNIT II 1. New Public Administration 2. New Public Management	(9)
 Public and Private Administration UNIT III Relationships with Political Science, History and Sociology Classical Approach Scientific Management Approach 	(9)
UNIT IV 1. Bureaucratic Approach: Max Weber	(9)

2. Human Relations Approach : Elton Mayo

3. Ecological Approach : Riggs

UNIT V

- 1. Leadership: Leadership Styles Approaches
- 2. Communication: Communication Types Process Barriers
- 3. Decision Making: Decision Making Types, Techniques and Processes.

REFERENCEs:

1. Avasthi and Maheswari: Public Administration in India, Agra:Lakshmi Narain Agarwal,2013.

2. Ramesh K Arora: Indian Public Administration, New Delhi: Wishwa Prakashan, 2012.

3. R.B. Jain: Public Administration in India,21st Century Challenges for Good Governance, New Delhi: Deep and Deep, 2002.

4. Rumki Basu: Public Administration:Concept and Theories, New Delhi:Sterling, 2013.

5. R. Tyagi, Public Administration, Atma Ram & Sons, New Delhi, 1983.

CMG344	CONSTITUTION OF INDIA	L T P C 3 0 0 3
UNIT I 1. Constitutional Developm 2. Making of the Constitution 3. Constituent Assembly		(9)
UNIT II 1. Fundamental Rights 2. Fundamental Duties 3. Directive Principles of St	ate Policy	(9)
UNIT III 1. President 2. Parliament		(9)
 Supreme Court UNIT IV Governor State Legislature High Court 		(9)
UNIT V 1. Secularism 2. Social Justice 3. Minority Safeguards		(9)

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES:

- 1. Basu. D.D.: Introduction to Indian Constitution ; Prentice Hall; New Delhi.
- 2. Kapur. A.C: Indian Government and Political System; S.Chand and Company Ltd., New Delhi.

371

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

- 3. Johari J.C.: Indian Politics, Vishal Publications Ltd, New Delhi
- 4. Agarwal R.C: Indian Political System; S.Chand & Co., New Delhi

CMG345	PUBLIC PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION	L T P C 3 0 0 3
- .	and Importance of Personnel Administration	(9)
2. Types of Personne UNIT II	el Systems: Bureaucratic, Democratic and Representative systems	(9)
 Generalist Vs Spe Civil Servants' Rel 	ecialist Iationship with Political Executive	
3. Integrity in Admini	istration.	(9)
	ct Recruitment and Recruitment from Within Training	(3)
3. Promotion		
UNIT IV 1. All India Services 2. Service Conditions		(9)
3. State Public Servi		
UNIT V 1. Employer Employe	ee Relations	(9)
 Wage and Salary Allowances and B 		
REFERENCES:	Iblic Personnel Administration	PERIODS

- 1. Stahl Glean O: Public Personnel Administration
- 2. Parnandikar Pai V.A: Personnel System for Development Administration.
- 3. Bhambhiru . P: Bureaucracy and Policy in India.
- 4. Dwivedi O.P and Jain R.B: India's Administrative state.
- 5. Muttalis M.A: Union Public Service Commission.
- 6. Bhakara Rao .V: Employer Employee Relations in India.
- 7. Davar R.S. Personnel Management & Industrial Relations

CMG346	ADMINISTRATIVE THEORIES	L T P C 3 0 0 3
UNIT I Meaning, Scope and sign discipline and Identity of F	nificance of Public Administration, Evolution of Public Admini Public Administration	(9)
UNIT II Theories of Organization: Human Relations Theory	Scientific Management Theory, Classical Model,	(9)
UNIT III Organization goals and E Design.	Behaviour, Groups in organization and group dynamics, O	(9) rganizational
	ent, process and contemporary; Theories of Leadership: Tranniques of decision-making	(9) aditional and
UNIT V Administrative thinkers: Ka	autilya, Woodrow Willson, C.I. Barnard . Peter Drucker TOTAL: 4	(9) 45 PERIODS
 Blau. P.M and Scott. W Presthus. R : The Orga 	Eminent Administrative Thinkers.	
CMG347	IDIAN ADMINISTRATIVE SYSTEM	L T P C 3 0 0 3
Commission, Union Publi General of India, Attorney UNIT II Role & Functions of the D	istrict Collector, Relationship between the District ndent of Police, Role of Block Development Officer in a	(9) ties: Finance and Auditor (9)
UNIT III Main Features of 73rd Co Amendment Act 1992	onstitutional Amendment Act 1992, Salient Features of 74th C	(9) Constitutional

UNIT IV

Coalition politics in India, Integrity and Vigilance in Indian Administration

(9)

UNIT V

Corruption – Ombudsman, Lok Pal & Lok Ayuktha

REFERENCES:

- 1. S.R. Maheswari : Indian Administration
- 2. Khera. S.S : Administration in India
- 3. Ramesh K. Arora : Indian Public Administration
- 4. T.N. Chaturvedi : State administration in India
- 5. Basu, D.D : Introduction to the Constitution of India

CMG348PUBLIC POLICY ADMINISTRATIONL T P C3 0 0 3

UNIT I

Meaning and Definition of Public Policy - Nature, Scope and Importance of public policy – Public policy relationship with social sciences especially with political science and Public Administration.

UNIT II

Approaches in Policy Analysis - Institutional Approach – Incremental Approach and System's Approach – Dror's Optimal Model

UNIT III

Major stages involved in Policy making Process – Policy Formulation – Policy Implementation – Policy Evaluation.

UNIT IV

Institutional Framework of Policy making – Role of Bureaucracy – Role of Interest Groups and Role of Political Parties.

UNIT V

Introduction to the following Public Policies – New Economic Policy – Population Policy – Agriculture policy - Information Technology Policy.

REFERENCES:

1. Rajesh Chakrabarti & Kaushik Sanyal : Public Policy in India, Oxford University Press, 2016.

- 2. Kuldeep Mathur : Public Policy and Politics in India, Oxford University Press, 2016.
- 3. Bidyutv Chakrabarty: Public Policy: Concept, Theory and Practice, 2015.
- 4. Pradeep Saxena : Public Policy Administration and Development

5. Sapru R.K. : Public Policy: Formulation, Implementation and Evaluation, Sterling Publishers, 2016.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

(9) em's

(9)

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

(9)

(9)

(9)

VERTICAL 4: BUSINESS DATA ANALYTICS

CMG349	STATISTICS FOR MANAGEMENT	L T P C 3 0 0 3
• To learn the a	VE : applications of statistics in business decision making.	5005
Basic definitions an	ODUCTION nd rules for probability, Baye's theorem and random variab ial, Poisson, Uniform and Normal distributions.	9 les, Probability
Introduction to samp	PLING DISTRIBUTION AND ESTIMATION bling distributions, Central limit theorem and applications, sampl stimates of population parameters.	9 ing techniques,
Hypothesis testing:	TING OF HYPOTHESIS - PARAMETIRC TESTS one sample and two sample tests for means of large sample ople tests for means of small samples (t-test), ANOVA one way.	9 es (z-test), one
	-PARAMETRIC TESTS independence of attributes and goodness of fit, Kolmogorov-Sn	9 nirnov – test for

UNIT V **CORRELATION AND REGRESSION**

Correlation - Rank Correlation - Regression - Estimation of Regression line - Method of Least Squares - Standard Error of estimate.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: To facilitate objective solutions in business decision making.

goodness of fit, Mann – Whitney U test and Kruskal Wallis test.

CO2: To understand and solve business problems

CO3:To apply statistical techniques to data sets, and correctly interpret the results.

CO4: To develop skill-set that is in demand in both the research and business environments

C05:To enable the students to apply the statistical techniques in a work setting.

REFERENCES:

1. Richard I. Levin, David S. Rubin, Masood H.Siddiqui, Sanjay Rastogi, Statistics for Management, Pearson Education, 8th Edition, 2017.

2. Prem. S. Mann, Introductory Statistics, Wiley Publications, 9th Edition, 2015.

3. T N Srivastava and Shailaja Rego, Statistics for Management, Tata McGraw Hill, 3rd Edition 2017.

4. Ken Black, Applied Business Statistics, 7th Edition, Wiley India Edition, 2012.

5. David R. Anderson, Dennis J. Sweeney, Thomas A.Williams, Jeffrey D.Camm, James J.Cochran, Statistics for business and economics, 13th edition, Thomson (South – Western) Asia, Singapore, 2016.

6. N. D. Vohra, Business Statistics, Tata McGraw Hill, 2017.

375

9

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

CMG350 DATAMINING FOR BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE	L T P C 3 0 0 3
COURSE OBJECTIVES :	0 0 0 0
 To know how to derive meaning form huge volume of data and information. To understand how knowledge discovering process is used in business decision n 	naking.
UNIT IINTRODUCTIONData mining, Text mining, Web mining, Data ware house.	9
UNIT IIDATA MINING PROCESSDatamining process – KDD, CRISP-DM, SEMMAPrediction performance measures	9
UNIT IIIPREDICTION TECHNIQUESData visualization, Time series – ARIMA, Winter Holts,	9
UNIT IV CLASSIFICATION AND CLUSTERING TECHNIQUES Classification, Association, Clustering.	9
UNIT V MACHINE LEARNING AND AI	9
Genetic algorithms, Neural network, Fuzzy logic, Ant Colony optimization, Particl optimization	e Swarm
TOTAL: 45	PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES:	
CO1:Learn to apply various data mining techniques into various areas of different domain	S.
CO2 :Be able to interact competently on the topic of data mining for business intelligence.	

CO3: Apply various prediction techniques.

CO4:Learn about supervised and unsupervised learning technique.

CO5:Develop and implement machine learning algorithms

REFERENCES:

1. Jaiwei Ham and Micheline Kamber, Data Mining concepts and techniques, Kauffmann Publishers 2006

2. Efraim Turban, Ramesh Sharda, Jay E. Aronson and David King, Business Intelligence, Prentice Hall, 2008.

3. W.H.Inmon, Building the Data Warehouse, fourth edition Wiley India pvt. Ltd. 2005.

4. Ralph Kimball and Richard Merz, The data warehouse toolkit, John Wiley, 3rd edition, 2013.

5. Michel Berry and Gordon Linoff, Mastering Data mining, John Wiley and Sons Inc, 2nd Edition, 2011

6. Michel Berry and Gordon Linoff, Data mining techniques for Marketing, Sales and Customer support, John Wiley, 2011

7. G. K. Gupta, Introduction to Data mining with Case Studies, Prentice hall of India, 2011

8. Giudici, Applied Data mining – Statistical Methods for Business and Industry, John Wiley. 2009

9. Elizabeth Vitt, Michael Luckevich Stacia Misner, Business Intelligence, Microsoft, 2011

10. Michalewicz Z., Schmidt M. Michalewicz M and Chiriac C, Adaptive Business Intelligence, Springer – Verlag, 2007

11. GalitShmueli, Nitin R. Patel and Peter C. Bruce, Data Mining for Business Intelligence -Concepts, Techniques and Applications Wiley, India, 2010.

CMG351 HUMAN RESOURCE ANALYTICS

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To develop the ability of the learners to define and implement HR metrics that are aligned with the overall business strategy.
- To know the different types of HR metrics and understand their respective impact and application.
- To understand the impact and use of HR metrics and their connection with HR analytics.
- To understand common workforce issues and resolving them using people analytics.

INTRODUCTION TO HR ANALYTICS UNIT I

People Analytics - stages of maturity - Human Capital in the Value Chain : impact on business -HR metrics and KPIs.

UNIT II HR ANLYTICS I: RECRUITMENT

Recruitment Metrics : Fill-up ratio - Time to hire - Cost per hire - Early turnover - Employee referral hires - Agency hires - Lateral hires - Fulfillment ratio- Quality of hire.

UNIT III HR ANALYTICS - TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT

Training & Development Metrics : Percentage of employees trained- Internally and externally trained -Training hours and cost per employee - ROI.

UNIT IV HR ANALYTICS EMPLOYEE ENGAGEMENT AND CAREER PROGRESSION

Employee Engagement Metrics : Talent Retention index - Voluntary and involuntary turnovergrades, performance, and service tenure - Internal hired index Career Progression Metrics: Promotion index - Rotation index - Career path index.

HR ANALYTICS IV: WORKFORCE DIVERSITY AND DEVELOPMENT UNIT V

Workforce Diversity and Development Metrics : Employees per manager - Workforce age profiling - Workforce service profiling - Churnover index - Workforce diversity index - Gender mix

COURSE OUTCOME:

CO1: The learners will be conversant about HR metrics and ready to apply at work settings. CO2: The learners will be able to resolve HR issues using people analytics.

REFERENCES:

1. JacFitzenz, The New HR Analytics, AMACOM, 2010.

2. Edwards M. R., & Edwards K, Predictive HR Analytics: Mastering the HR Metric.London: Kogan Page.2016.

377

LTPC 30 0 3

9

9

9

9

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

3. Human Resources kit for Dummies – 3 rd edition – Max Messmer, 2003

4. Dipak Kumar Bhattacharyya, HR Analytics ,Understanding Theories and

Applications, SAGE Publications India ,2017.

5. Sesil, J. C., Applying advanced analytics to HR management decisions: Methods fo selection, developing incentives, and improving collaboration. Upper Saddle River, New Jersey: Pearson Education, 2014.

6. Pease, G., & Beresford, B, Developing Human Capital: Using Analytics to Plan and Optimize Your Learning and Development Investments. Wiley ,2014.

7. Phillips, J., & Phillips, P.P, Making Human Capital Analytics Work: Measuring the ROI of Human Capital Processes and OUTCOME. McGraw-Hill,2014.

8. HR Scorecard and Metrices, HBR, 2001.

CMG352 MARKETING AND SOCIAL MEDIA WEB ANALYTICS L T P C

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

• To showcase the opportunities that exist today to leverage the power of the web and social media

UNIT I MARKETING ANALYTICS

Marketing Budget and Marketing Performance Measure, Marketing - Geographical Mapping, Data Exploration, Market Basket Analysis

UNIT II COMMUNITY BUILDING AND MANAGEMENT

History and Evolution of Social Media-Understanding Science of Social Media –Goals for using Social Media- Social Media Audience and Influencers - Digital PR- Promoting Social Media Pages-Linking Social Media Accounts-The Viral Impact of Social Media.

UNIT III SOCIAL MEDIA POLICIES AND MEASUREMENTS

Social Media Policies-Etiquette, Privacy- ethical problems posed by emerging social media technologies - The Basics of Tracking Social Media.

UNIT IV WEB ANALYTICS

Data Collection, Overview of Qualitative Analysis, Business Analysis, KPI and Planning, Critical Components of a Successful Web Analytics Strategy, Proposals & Reports, Web Data Analysis.

UNIT V SEARCH ANALYTICS

Search engine optimization (SEO), user engagement, user-generated content, web traffic analysis, online security, online ethics, data visualization.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

3 0 0 3

9

9

9

9

9

COURSE OUTCOME:

 The Learners will understand social media, web and social media analytics and their potential impact.

REFERENCES:

1. K. M. Shrivastava, Social Media in Business and Governance, Sterling Publishers Private Limited, 2013

2. Christian Fuchs, Social Media a critical introduction, SAGE Publications Ltd, 2014

- 3. Bittu Kumar, Social Networking, V & S Publishers, 2013
- 4. Avinash Kaushik, Web Analytics An Hour a Day, Wiley Publishing, 2007
- 5. Ric T. Peterson, Web Analytics Demystified, Celilo Group Media and CafePress 2004
- 6. Takeshi Moriguchi, Web Analytics Consultant Official Textbook, 7th Edition, 2016

CMG353 OPERATION AND SUPPLY CHAIN ANALYTICS LTPC

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

To treat the subject in depth by emphasizing on the advanced quantitative models and • methods in operations and supply chain management and its practical aspects and the latest developments in the field.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Descriptive, predictive and prescriptive analytics, Data Driven Supply Chains - Basics, transforming supply chains.

UNIT II WAREHOUSING DECISIONS

P-Median Methods - Guided LP Approach, Greedy Drop Heuristics, Dynamic Location Models, Space Determination and Layout Methods.

UNIT III INVENTORY MANAGEMENT

Dynamic Lot sizing Methods, Multi-Echelon Inventory models, Aggregate Inventory system and LIMIT, Risk Analysis in Supply Chain, Risk pooling strategies.

UNIT IV TRANSPORTATION NETWORK MODELS

Minimal Spanning Tree, Shortest Path Algorithms, Maximal Flow Problems, Transportation Problems, Set covering and Set Partitioning Problems, Travelling Salesman Problem, Scheduling Algorithms.

UNIT V MCDM MODELS

Analytic Hierarchy Process(AHP), Data Envelopment Analysis (DEA), Fuzzy Logic an Techniques, the analytical network process (ANP), TOPSIS.

COURSE OUTCOME:

To enable quantitative solutions in business decision making under conditions of certainty, risk and uncertainty.

REFERENCES:

1. Nada R. Sanders, Big data driven supply chain management: A framework for implementing analytics and turning information into intelligence, Pearson Education, 2014.

2. Michael Watson, Sara Lewis, Peter Cacioppi, Jay Jayaraman, Supply Chain Network Design: Applying Optimization and Analytics to the Global Supply Chain, Pearson Education, 2013.

3. Anna Nagurney, Min Yu, Amir H. Masoumi, Ladimer S. Nagurney, Networks Against Time: Supply Chain Analytics for Perishable Products, Springer, 2013.

4. Muthu Mathirajan, Chandrasekharan Rajendran, Sowmyanarayanan Sadagopan, Arunachalam Ravindran, Parasuram Balasubramanian, Analytics in

Operations/Supply Chain Management, I.K. International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., 2016.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

9

9

3 0 0 3

9

9

5. Gerhard J. Plenert, Supply Chain Optimization through Segmentation and Analytics, CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, 2014.

CMG354 FINANCIAL ANALYTICS

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

This course introduces a core set of modern analytical tools that specifically target finance • applications.

UNIT I **CORPORATE FINANCE ANALYSIS**

Basic corporate financial predictive modelling- Project analysis- cash flow analysis- cost of capital, Financial Break even modelling, Capital Budget model-Payback, NPV, IRR.

UNIT II FINANCIAL MARKET ANALYSIS

Estimation and prediction of risk and return (bond investment and stock investment) -Time seriesexamining nature of data, Value at risk, ARMA, ARCH and GARCH.

UNIT III PORTFOLIO ANALYSIS

Portfolio Analysis - capital asset pricing model, Sharpe ratio, Option pricing models- binomial model for options, Black Scholes model and Option implied volatility.

UNIT IV TECHNICAL ANALYSIS

Prediction using charts and fundamentals - RSI, ROC, MACD, moving average and candle charts, simulating trading strategies. Prediction of share prices.

UNIT V **CREDIT RISK ANALYSIS**

Credit Risk analysis- Data processing, Decision trees, logistic regression and evaluating credit risk model.

COURSE OUTCOME

The learners should be able to perform financial analysis for decision making using excel, Python and R.

REFERENCES:

1. Financial analytics with R by Mark J. Bennett, Dirk L. Hugen, Cambridge university press.

2. Haskell Financial Data Modeling and Predictive Analytics Paperback - Import, 25 Oct 2013 by Pavel Ryzhov.

3. Quantitative Financial Analytics: The Path To Investment Profits Paperback - Import, 11 Sep 2017 by Edward E Williams (Author), John A Dobelman.

4. Python for Finance - Paperback – Import, 30 Jun 2017 by Yuxing Yan (Author).

5. Mastering Python for Finance Paperback – Import, 29 Apr 2015 by James Ma Weiming.

9

LTPC 3003

9

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

9

VERTICAL 5: ENVIRONMENT AND SUSTAINABILITY

LTPC 3 0 0 3

9

9

9

9

CES331 SUSTAINABLE INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

• To impart knowledge about sustainable Infrastructure development goals, practices and to understand the concepts of sustainable planning, design, construction, maintenance and decommissioning of infrastructure projects.

UNIT I SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS

Definitions, principles and history of Sustainable Development - Sustainable development goals (SDG): global and Indian – Infrastructure Demand and Supply - Environment and Development linkages - societal and cultural demands – Sustainability indicators - Performance indicators of sustainability and Assessment mechanism - Policy frameworks and practices: global and Indian – Infrastructure Project finance – Infrastructure project life cycle - Constraints and barriers for sustainable development - future directions.

UNIT II SUSTAINABLE INFRASTRUCTURE PLANNING

Overview of Infrastructure projects: Housing sector, Power sector, Water supply, road, rail and port transportation sector, rural and urban infrastructure. Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA), Land acquisition -Legal aspects, Resettlement &Rehabilitation and Development - Cost effectiveness Analysis - Risk Management Framework for Infrastructure Projects, Economic, demand, political, socio-environmental and cultural risks. Shaping the Planning Phase of Infrastructure Projects to mitigate risks, Designing Sustainable Contracts, Negotiating with multiple Stakeholders on Infrastructure Projects. Use of ICT tools in planning – Integrated planning - Clash detection in construction - BIM (Building Information Modelling).

UNIT III SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION PRACTICES AND TECHNIQUES

Sustainability through lean construction approach - Enabling lean through information technology – Lean in planning and design - IPD (Integrated Project Delivery) - Location Based Management System - Geospatial Technologies for machine control, site management, precision control and real time progress monitoring - Role of logistics in achieving sustainable construction – Data management for integrated supply chains in construction - Resource efficiency benefits of effective logistics - Sustainability in geotechnical practice – Design considerations, Design Parameters and Procedures – Quality control and Assurance - Use of sustainable construction techniques: Precast concrete technology, Pre-engineered buildings.

UNIT IV SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS

Construction materials: Concrete, steel, glass, aluminium, timber and FRP - No/Low cement concrete - Recycled and manufactured aggregate - Role of QC and durability - Sustainable consumption – Eco-efficiency - green consumerism - product stewardship and green engineering - Extended producer responsibility – Design for Environment Strategies, Practices, Guidelines, Methods, And Tools. Eco-design strategies –Design for Disassembly - Dematerialization, rematerialization, transmaterialization – Green procurement and green distribution - Analysis framework for reuse and recycling – Typical constraints on reuse and recycling - Communication of Life Cycle Information - Indian Eco mark scheme - Environmental product declarations – Environmental marketing- Life cycle Analysis (LCA), Advances in LCA: Hybrid LCA,

Thermodynamic LCA - Extending LCA - economic dimension, social dimension - Life cycle costing (LCC) - Combining LCA and LCC – Case studies

UNIT V SUSTAINABLE MAINTENANCE OF INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS

Case Studies - Sustainable projects in developed countries and developing nations - An Integrated Framework for Successful Infrastructure Planning and Management - Information Technology and Systems for Successful Infrastructure Management, - Structural Health Monitoring for Infrastructure projects - Innovative Design and Maintenance of Infrastructure Facilities - Capacity Building and Improving the Governments Role in Infrastructure Implementation, Infrastructure Management Systems and Future Directions. – Use of Emerging Technologies – IoT, Big Data Analytics and Cloud Computing, Artificial Intelligences, Machine and Deep Learning, Fifth Generation (5G) Network services for maintenance .

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

9

COURSE OUTCOME:

On completion of the course, the student is expected to be able to

CO1 Understand the environment sustainability goals at global and Indian scenario.

CO2 Understand risks in development of projects and suggest mitigation measures.

CO3 Apply lean techniques, LBMS and new construction techniques to achieve sustainability in infrastructure construction projects.

CO4 Explain Life Cycle Analysis and life cycle cost of construction materials.

CO5 Explain the new technologies for maintenance of infrastructure projects.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Charles J Kibert, Sustainable Construction : Green Building Design & Delivery, 4th Edition , Wiley Publishers 2016.
- 2. Steve Goodhew, Sustainable Construction Process, Wiley Blackwell, UK, 2016.
- 3. Craig A. Langston & Grace K.C. Ding, Sustainable Practices in the Built Environment,
- 4. Butterworth Heinemann Publishers, 2011.
- 5. William P Spence, Construction Materials, Methods & Techniques (3e), Yesdee Publication Pvt. Ltd, 2016.
- 6. New Building Materials and Construction World magazine
- 7. Kerry Turner. R, "Sustainable Environmental Management", Principles and Practice Publisher:Belhaven Press,ISBN:1852930039.
- 8. Munier N, "Introduction to Sustainability", Springer2005
- 9. Sharma, "Sustainable Smart Cities In India: Challenges And Future Perspectives", SPRINGER, 2022.
- 10. Ralph Horne, Tim Grant, KarliVerghese, Life Cycle Assessment: Principles, Practice and Prospects, Csiro Publishing,2009
- 11. European Commission Joint Research Centre Institute for Environment and Sustainability: International Reference Life Cycle Data System (ILCD) Handbook - General guide for Life Cycle Assessment - Detailed guidance. Luxembourg. European Union;2010
- 12. Hudson, Haas, Uddin, Infrastructure management: integrating design, construction, maintenance, rehabilitation, and renovation, McGraw Hill, (1997).
- 13. GregerLundesjö, Supply Chain Management and Logistics in Construction: Delivering Tomorrow's Built Environment, Kogan Page Publishers, 2015.

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

	PO's												PSO's	\$	
CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	2		1	1		2	3	1	1		2	1	1	2	1
2	3	1	3	2	1	2	2		1	1	1	2	2	2	2
3	2	2	3	1	1	1	1				1	1	1	3	1
4	3	1	3	2	2	1	3	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
5	3	1	2	2	2	2	3	1		1	1	2	2	3	2
Avg.	3	1	3	2	2	2	3	1	1	1	1	2	2	3	2

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

CES332 SUSTAINABLE AGRICULTURE AND ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

• To educate the students about the issues of sustainability in agroecosystems, introduce the concepts and principles of agroecology as applied to the design and management of sustainable agricultural systems for a changing world.

UNIT I AGROECOLOGY, AGROECOSYSTEM AND SUSTAINABLE AGRICULTURE CONCEPTS 9

Ecosystem definition - Biotic Vs. abiotic factors in an ecosystem - Ecosystem processes - Ecological services and agriculture - Problems associated with industrial agriculture/food systems - Defining sustainability - Characteristics of sustainable agriculture - Difference between regenerative and sustainable agriculture systems

UNIT II SOIL HEALTH, NUTRIENT AND PEST MANAGEMENT

Soil health definition - Factors to consider (physical, chemical and biological) - Composition of healthy soils - Soil erosion and possible control measures - Techniques to build healthy soil - Management practices for improving soil nutrient - Ecologically sustainable strategies for pest and disease control

UNIT III WATER MANAGEMENT

Soil water storage and availability - Plant yield response to water - Reducing evaporation in agriculture - Earthworks and tanks for rainwater harvesting - Options for improving the productivity of water - Localized irrigation - Irrigation scheduling - Fertigation - Advanced irrigation systems and agricultural practices for sustainable water use

UNIT IV ENERGY AND WASTE MANAGEMENT

Types and sources of agricultural wastes - Composition of agricultural wastes - Sustainable technologies for the management of agricultural wastes - Useful and high value materials produced using different processes from agricultural wastes - Renewable energy for sustainable agriculture

9

9

9

LTPC 3 0 0 3

EVALUATING SUSTAINABILITY IN AGROECOSYSTEMS UNIT V

Indicators of sustainability in agriculture - On-farm evaluation of agroecosystem sustainability -Alternative agriculture approaches/ farming techniques for sustainable food production - Goals and components of a community food system - Case studies

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME

On completion of the course, the student is expected to be able to

CO1 Have an in-depth knowledge about the concepts, principles and advantages of sustainable agriculture

CO2 Discuss the sustainable ways in managing soil health, nutrients, pests and diseases

CO3 Suggest the ways to optimize the use of water in agriculture to promote an ecological use of resources

CO4 Develop energy and waste management plans for promoting sustainable agriculture in nonsustainable farming areas

CO5 Assess an ecosystem for its level of sustainability and prescribe ways of converting to a sustainable system through the redesign of a conventional agroecosystem

REFERENCES:

Approaches to Sustainable Agriculture - Exploring the Pathways Towards the Future of 1. Farming, Oberc, B.P. & Arroyo Schnell, A., IUCN, Belgium, 2020

Natural bioactive products in sustainable agriculture, Singh, J. & Yadav, A.N., Springer, 2. 2020

3. Organic Farming for Sustainable Agriculture, Nandwani, D., Springer, 2016

4. Principles of Agronomy for Sustainable Agriculture, Villalobos, F.J. & Fereres, E., Springer, 2016

5. Sustainable Agriculture for Food Security: A Global Perspective, Balkrishna, A., CRC Press, 2021

Sustainable Energy Solutions in Agriculture, Bundschuh, J. & Chen, G., CRC Press, 2014 6.

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING - SUSTAINABLE AGRICULTURE PRACTICES

CO's	PO's	D's											PSO's			
CUS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	
1		2				·		2		2	-	1	2	2		
2		2		2	2	2							3	2		
3				2	CD I	2					101		3	2	3	
4	3	2		1.1	2			2	2	2	2		3	2	3	
5		2	3	2			1					1		2		
Avg.	3	2	3	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	3	2	3	

1 – Low; 2 – Medium; 3 – High; '- "– No correlation

CES333 SUSTAINABLE BIOMATERIALS

LT PC 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To Impart knowledge of biomaterials and their properties •
- To learn about Fundamentals aspects of Biopolymers and their applications
- To learn about bioceramics and biopolymers

384

- To introduce the students about metals as biomaterials and their usage as implants
- To make the students understand the significance of bionanomaterials and its applications.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO BIOMATERIALS

Introduction: Definition of biomaterials, requirements & classification of biomaterials- Types of Biomaterials- Degradable and resorbable biomaterials- engineered natural materials-Biocompatibility-Hydrogels-pyrolitic carbon for long term medical implants-textured and porous materials-Bonding types- crystal structure-imperfection in crystalline structure-surface properties and adhesion of materials –strength of biological tissues-performance of implants-tissue response to implants- Impact and Future of Biomaterials

UNIT II BIO POLYMERS

Molecular structure of polymers -Molecular weight - Types of polymerization techniques–Types of polymerization reactions- Physical states of polymers- Common polymeric biomaterials - Polyethylene -Polymethylmethacrylate (PMMA-Polylactic acid (PLA) and polyglycolic acid (PGA) - Polycaprolactone (PCL) - Other biodegradable polymers –Polyurethan- reactions polymers for medical purposes - Collagens- Elastin- Cellulose and derivatives-Synthetic polymeric membranes and their biological applications

UNIT III BIO CERAMICS AND BIOCOMPOSITES

General properties- Bio ceramics -Silicate glass - Alumina (Al2O3) -Zirconia (ZrO2)-Carbon-Calcium phosphates (CaP)- Resorbable Ceramics- surface reactive ceramics- Biomedical Composites-Polymer Matrix Compsite(PMC)-Ceramic Matrix Composite(CMC)-Metal Matrix Composite (MMC)–glass ceramics - Orthopedic implants-Tissue engineering scaffolds

UNIT IV METALS AS BIOMATERIALS

Biomedical metals-types and properties-stainless steel-Cobalt chromium alloys-Titanium alloys-Tantalum-Nickel titanium alloy (Nitinol)- magnesium-based biodegradable alloys-surface properties of metal implants for osteointegration-medical application-corrosion of metallic implants – biological tolerance of implant metals

UNIT V NANOBIOMATERIALS

Meatllicnanobiomaterials–Nanopolymers-Nanoceramics- Nanocomposites -Carbon based nanobiomaterials - transport of nanoparticles- release rate-positive and negative effect of nanosize-nanofibres-Nano and micro features and their importance in implant performance-Nanosurface and coats-Applications nanoantibiotics-Nanomedicines- Biochips – Biomimetics-BioNEMs -Biosensor-Bioimaging/Molecular Imaging- challenges and future perspective.

COURSE OUTCOMES

CO1:Students will gain familiarity with Biomaterials and they will understand their importance. **CO2**:Students will get an overview of different biopolymers and their properties

CO3:Students gain knowledge on some of the important Bioceramics and Biocomposite materials **CO4**:Students gain knowledge on metals as biomaterials

CO5:Student gains knowledge on the importance of nanobiomaterials in biomedical applications.

REFERENCES

9

9

9

9

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

- 1. C. Mauli Agrawal, Joo L. Ong, Mark R. Appleford, Gopinath Mani "Introduction to Biomaterials Basic Theory with Engineering Applications" Cambridge University Press, 2014.
- 2. Donglu shi "Introduction to Biomaterials" Tsinghua University press, 2006.
- 3. Joon Park, R.S.Lakes "Biomaterials An Introduction" third edition, Springer 2007.
- 4. M.Jaffe,W.Hammond, P.Tolias and T.Arinzeh "Characterization of Biomaterials" Wood head publishing, 2013.
- 5. Buddy D.Ratner and Allan S.Hoffman Biomaterials Science "An Introduction to Material in Medicine" Third Edition, 2013.
- 6. VasifHasirci, NesrinHasirci "Fundamentals of Biomaterials" Springer, 2018
- 7. Leopoido Javier Rios Gonzalez. "Handbook of Research on Bioenergy and Biomaterials: Consolidated and green process" Apple academic press, 2021.
- 8. Devarajan Thangadurai, Jeyabalan Sangeetha, Ram Prasad "Functional Bionanomaterials" springer, 2020.
- 9. Sujata.V.Bhat Biomaterials; Narosa Publishing house, 2002.

CES334 MATERIALS FOR ENERGY SUSTAINABILITY L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To familiarize the students about the challenges and demands of energy sustainability
- To provide fundamental knowledge about electrochemical devices and the materials used.
- To introduce the students to various types of fuel cell
- To enable students to appreciate novel materials and their usage in photovoltaic application

• To introduce students to the basic principles of various types Supercapacitors and the materials used.

9

9

UNIT I SUSTAINABLE ENERGY SOURCES

Introduction to energy demand and challenges ahead – sustainable source of energy (wind, solar etc.) – electrochemical energy systems for energy harvesting and storage – materials for sustainable electrochemical systems building – India centric solutions based on locally available materials – Economics of wind and solar power generators vs. conventional coal plants – Nuclear energy

UNIT II ELECTROCHEMICAL DEVICES

Electrochemical Energy – Difference between primary and secondary batteries – Secondary battery (Li-ion battery, Sodium-ion battery, Li-S battery, Li-O₂ battery, Nickel Cadmium, Nickel Metal Hydride) – Primary battery (Alkaline battery, Zinc-Carbon battery) – Materials for battery (Anode materials – Lithiated graphite, Sodiated hard carbon, Silicon doped graphene, Lithium Titanate) (Cathode Materials – S, LiCoO₂, LiFePO₄, LiMn₂O₄) – Electrolytes for Lithium-ion battery (ethylene carbonate and propylene carbonate based)

W W 11 1515 W

UNIT III FUEL CELLS

Principle of operation of fuel cells – types of fuel cells (Proton exchange membrane fuel cells, alkaline fuel cell, direct methanol fuel cells, direct borohydride fuel cells, phosphoric acid fuel cells, solid oxide fuel cells, and molten carbonate fuel cells) – Thermodynamics of fuel cell – Fuel utilization – electrolyte membrane (proton conducting and anion conducting) – Catalysts (Platinum, Platinum alloys, carbon supported platinum systems and metal oxide supported platinum catalysts) – Anatomy of fuel cells (gas diffusion layer, catalyst layer, flow field plate, current conductors, bipolar plates and monopolar plates).

UNIT IV PHOTOVOLTAICS

Physics of the solar cell – Theoretical limits of photovoltaic conversion – bulk crystal growth of Si and wafering for photovoltaic application - Crystalline silicon solar cells – thin film silicon solar cells – multijunction solar cells – amorphous silicon based solar cells – photovoltaic concentrators – Cu(InGa)Se₂ solar cells – Cadium Telluride solar cells – dye sensitized solar cells – Perovskite solar cells – Measurement and characterization of solar cells - Materials used in solar cells (metallic oxides, CNT films, graphene, OD fullerenes, single-multi walled carbon nanotubes, two-dimensional Graphene, organic or Small molecule-based solar cells materials - copper-phthalocyanine and perylenetetracarboxylicbis - benzine – fullerenes - boron subphthalocyanine-tin (II) phthalocyanine)

UNIT V SUPERCAPACITORS

Supercapacitor –types of supercapacitors (electrostatic double-layer capacitors, pseudo capacitors and hybrid capacitors) - design of supercapacitor-three and two electrode cell-parameters of supercapacitor- Faradaic and non - Faradaic capacitance – electrode materials (transition metal oxides (MO), mixed metal oxides, conducting polymers (CP), Mxenes, nanocarbons, non-noble metal, chalcogenides, hydroxides and 1D-3D metal-organic frame work (MOF), activated carbon fibres (ACF)- Hydroxides-Based Materials - Polyaniline (PANI), a ternary hybrid composite-conductive polypyrrole hydrogels – Different types of nanocomposites for the SC electrodes (carbon–carbon composites, carbon-MOs composites, carbon-CPs composites and MOs-CPs composites) - Two-Dimensional (2D) Electrode Materials - 2D transition metal carbides, carbonitrides, and nitrides.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

CO1:Students will acquire knowledge about energy sustainability.

CO2:Students understand the principles of different electrochemical devices.

CO3:Students learn about the working of fuel cells and their application.

CO4: Students will learn about various Photovoltaic applications and the materials used.

CO5:The students gain knowledge on different types of supercapacitors and the performance of various materials

REFERENCES

- 1. Functional materials for sustainable energy applications; John A. Kilner, Stephen J. Skinner, Stuart J. C. Irvine and Peter P. Edwards.
- 2. Hand Book of Fuel Cells: Fuel Cell Technology and Applications, Wolf Vielstich, Arnold Lamm, Hubert Andreas Gasteiger, Harumi Yokokawa, Wiley, London 2003.
- 3. B.E. Conway, Electrochemical supercapacitors: scientific fundamentals and technological applications, Kluwer Academic / Plenum publishers, New York, 1999.

387

9

- 4. T.R. Crompton, Batteries reference book, Newners, 3rd Edition, 2002.
- 5. Materials for Supercapacitor applications; B.Viswanathan. M.Aulice Scibioh
- 6. Electrode Materials for Supercapacitors: A Review of Recent Advances, Parnia Forouzandeh, Vignesh Kumaravel and Suresh C. Pillai, catalysts 2020.
- 7. Recent advances, practical challenges, and perspectives of intermediate temperature solid oxide fuel cell cathodes Amanda Ndubuisi, Sara Abouali, Kalpana Singh and VenkataramanThangadurai, J. Mater. Chem. A, 2022.
- 8. Review of next generation photovoltaic solar cell technology and comparative materialistic development Neeraj Kant, Pushpendra Singh, Materials Today: Proceedings, 2022.

CES335

GREEN TECHNOLOGY

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

• To acquire knowledge on green systems and the environment, energy technology and efficiency, and sustainability.

• To provide green engineering solutions to energy demand, reduced energy footprint.

UNIT I PRINCIPLES OF GREEN CHEMISTRY

Historical Perspectives and Basic Concepts. The twelve Principles of Green Chemistry and green engineering. Green chemistry metrics- atom economy, E factor, reaction mass efficiency, and other green chemistry metrics, application of green metrics analysis to synthetic plans.

UNIT II POLLUTION TYPES

Pollution – types, causes, effects, and abatement. Waste – sources of waste, different types of waste, chemical, physical and biochemical methods of waste minimization and recycling.

UNIT III GREEN REAGENTS AND GREEN SYNTHESIS

Environmentally benign processes- alternate solvents- supercritical solvents, ionic liquids, water as a reaction medium, energy-efficient design of processes- photo, electro and sono chemical methods, microwave-assisted reactions

UNIT IV DESIGNING GREEN PROCESSES

Safe design, process intensification, in process monitoring. Safe product and process design – Design for degradation, Real-time Analysis for pollution prevention, inherently safer chemistry for accident prevention

UNIT V GREEN NANOTECHNOLOGY

Nanomaterials for water treatment, nanotechnology for renewable energy, nanotechnology for environmental remediation and waste management, nanotechnology products as potential substitutes for harmful chemicals, environmental concerns with nanotechnology

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

LTPC

3003

q

9

9

9

9

COURSE OUTCOMES

CO1: To understand the principles of green engineering and technology

- **CO2:** To learn about pollution using hazardous chemicals and solvents
- **CO3**: To modify processes and products to make them green and safe.
- CO4: To design processes and products using green technology
- **CO5**: To understand advanced technology in green synthesis

TEXT BOOKS

1. Green technology and design for the environment, <u>Samir B. Billatos</u>, <u>Nadia A. Basaly</u>, Taylor & Francis, Washington, DC, ©1997

2. Green Chemistry – An introductory text - M. Lancaster, RSC,2016.

3. Green chemistry metrics - Alexi Lapkin and david Constable (Eds), Wiley publications, 2008

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Environmental chemistry, Stanley E Manahan, Taylor and Francis, 2017

CES336 ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY MONITORING AND ANALYSIS L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

• to understand and study the complexity of the environment in relation to pollutants generated due to industrial activity.

• To analyze the quality of the environmental parameters and monitor the same for the purpose of environmental risk assessment.

UNIT I ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING AND STANDARDS

Introduction- Environmental Standards- Classification of Environmental Standards- Global Environmental Standards- Environmental Standards in India- Ambient air quality standards- water quality standard- Environmental Monitoring-Need for environmental monitoring- Concepts of environmental monitoring- Techniques of Environmental Monitoring.

UNIT II MONITORING OF ENVIRONMENTAL PARAMETERS

Current Environmental Issues- Global Environmental monitoring programme-International conventions- Application of Environmental Monitoring- Atmospheric Monitoring - screening parameters – Significance of environmental sampling- sampling methods – water sampling - sampling of ambient air-sampling of flue gas.

UNIT III ANALYTICAL METHODS FOR ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING

Classification of Instrumental Method- Analysis of Organic Pollutants by Spectrophotometric methods -Determination of nitrogen, phosphorus and, chemical oxygen demand (COD) in sewage; Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)- Sampling techniques for air pollution measurements; analysis of particulates and air pollutants like oxides of nitrogen, oxides of sulfur, carbon monoxide, hydrocarbon; Introduction to advanced instruments for environmental analysis

UNIT IV ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAMME (EMP) & RISKASSESSMENT 9

Water quality monitoring programme- national water quality monitoring- Parameters for National Water Quality Monitoring- monitoring protocol; Process of risk assessment- hazard identification-exposure assessment- dose-response assessment; risk characterization.

UNIT V AUTOMATED DATA ACQUISITION AND PROCESSING

Data Acquisition for Process Monitoring and Control - The Data Acquisition System - Online Data Acquisition, Monitoring, and Control - Implementation of a Data Management System - Review of Observational Networks -Sensors and transducers- classification of transducers- data acquisition

389

9

9

9

system- types of data acquisition systems- data management and quality control; regulatory overview.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completion of this course, the students will know

CO1	Basic concepts of environmental standards and monitoring.
CO2	the ambient air quality and water quality standards;
CO3	the various instrumental methods and their principles for environmental monitoring
CO4	The significance of environmental standards in monitoring quality and sustainability
	of the environment.
CO5	the various ways of raising environmental awareness among the people.
CO6	Know the standard research methods that are used worldwide for monitoring the
	environment.

TEXTBOOKS

1. Environmental monitoring Handbook, Frank R. Burden, © 2002 by The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc.

2. Handbook of environmental analysis: chemical pollutants in the air, water, soil, and soild wastes / Pradyot Patnaik, © 1997 by CRC Press, Inc

REFERENCES

1. Environmental monitoring / edited by G. Bruce Wiersma, © 2004 by CRC Press LLC.

2. H. H. Willard, L. L. Merit, J. A. Dean and F. A. Settle, Instrumental Methods of Analysis, CBP Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi, 1988.

3. Heaslip, G. (1975) Environmental Data Handling. John Wiley & Sons. New York.

Course	Program Outcomes														
Outcom	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PS	PS	PS
es	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	02	O 3
CO1	1	1	1	-		-		-	- 1	-	- /	-	3	-	-
CO2	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	2	2	2	1	1
CO3	1	1	2	1	1	-	-	-	2	-	1	1	1	-	-
CO4	1	2	3	3	1	-	-	-	2	-	3	3	1	-	-
CO5	1	1	3	2	1	-	-	-	3	-	3	1	2	-	-
CO6	3	2	3	3	2	-	-	-	3	-	3	3	3	1	1
Over all	3	2	3	3	2	-	-	-	3	-	3	3	3	1	1

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, '-"- no correlation

CES337 INTEGRATED ENERGY PLANNING FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

LTPC 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To create awareness on the energy scenario of India with respect to world
- To understand the fundamentals of energy sources, energy efficiency and resulting environmental implications of energy utilisation

- Familiarisation on the concept of sustainable development and its benefits
- Recognize the potential of renewable energy sources and its conversion technologies for attaining sustainable development
- Acquainting with energy policies and energy planning for sustainable development

UNIT I ENERGY SCENARIO

Comparison of energy scenario – India and World (energy sources, generation mix, consumption pattern, T&D losses, energy demand, per capita energy consumption) – energy pricing – Energy security

UNIT II ENERGY AND ENVIRONMENT

Conventional Energy Sources - Emissions from fuels – Air, Water and Land pollution – Environmental standards - measurement and controls

UNIT III SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

Sustainable Development: Concepts and Stakeholders, Sustainable Development Goal (SDG) - Social development: Poverty, conceptual issues and measures, impact of poverty. Globalization and Economic growth - Economic development: Economic inequalities, Income and growth.

UNIT IV RENEWABLE ENERGY TECHNOLOGY

Renewable Energy – Sources and Potential – Technologies for harnessing from Solar, Wind, Hydro, Biomass and Oceans – Principle of operation, relative merits and demerits

UNIT V ENERGY PLANNING FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

National & State Energy Policy - National solar mission - Framework of Central Electricity Authority - National Hydrogen Mission - Energy and climate policy - State Energy Action Plan, RE integration, Road map for ethanol blending, Energy Efficiency and Energy Mix

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to

CO1:Understand the world and Indian energy scenario

CO2: Analyse energy projects, its impact on environment and suggest control strategies

CO3:Recognise the need of Sustainable development and its impact on human resource development

CO4: Apply renewable energy technologies for sustainable development

CO5:Fathom Energy policies and planning for sustainable development.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Energy Manager Training Manual (4Volumes) available at http://www.emea.org/gbook1.asp, a website administered by Bureau of Energy Efficiency (BEE), a statutory body under Ministry of Power, Government of India.2004
- 2. Robert Ristirer and Jack P. Kraushaar, "Energy and the environment", Willey, 2005.
- 3. Godfrey Boyle, "Renewable Energy, Power for a Sustainable Future", Oxford University Press, U.K., 2012
- 4. Twidell, J.W. & Weir A., "Renewable Energy Resources", EFNSpon Ltd., UK, 2015.
- 5. Dhandapani Alagiri, Energy Security in India Current Scenario, The ICFAI University Press, 2006.

9 0

9

9

9

- 6. M.H. Fulekar, Bhawana Pathak, R K Kale, "Environment and Sustainable Development" Springer, 2016
- 7. https://www.niti.gov.in/verticals/energy

CES338 ENERGY EFFICIENCY FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT L T P C

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

• To understand the types of energy sources, energy efficiency and environmental implications of energy utilisation

3 0 0 3

9

9

9

9

9

- To create awareness on energy audit and its impacts
- To acquaint the techniques adopted for performance evaluation of thermal utilities
- To familiarise on the procedures adopted for performance evaluation of electrical utilities
- To learn the concept of sustainable development and the implication of energy usage

UNIT I ENERGY AND ENVIRONMENT

Primary energy sources - Coal, Oil, Gas – India Vs World with respect to energy production and consumption, Climate Change, Global Warming, Ozone Depletion, UNFCCC, COP

UNIT II ENERGY AUDITING

Need and types of energy audit. Energy management (audit) approach-understanding energy costs, bench marking, energy performance, matching energy use to requirement, maximizing system efficiencies, optimizing the input energy requirements, fuel & energy substitution, energy audit instruments

UNIT III ENERGY EFFICIENCY IN THERMAL UTILITIES

Energy conservation avenues in steam generation and utilisation, furnaces, Thermic Fluid Heaters. Insulation and Refractories - Commercial waste heat recovery devices: recuperator, regenerator, heat pipe, heat exchangers (Plate, Shell & Tube), heat pumps, and thermocompression

UNIT IV ENERGY CONSERVTION IN ELECTRICAL UTILITIES

Demand side management - Power factor improvement – Energy efficient transformers - Energy conservation avenues in Motors, HVAC, fans, blowers, pumps, air compressors, illumination systems and cooling towers

UNIT V SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

Sustainable Development: Concepts and Stakeholders, Sustainable Development Goal (SDG). Globalization and Economic growth. Economic development: Economic inequalities, Income and growth. Social development: Poverty, conceptual issues and measures, impact of poverty,

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to CO1:Understand the prevailing energy scenario CO2:Familiarise on energy audits and its relevance CO3:Apply the concept of energy audit on thermal utilities CO4:Employ relevant techniques for energy improvement in electrical utilities

CO5: Understand Sustainable development and its impact on human resource development

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

REFERENCES:

- Energy Manager Training Manual (4Volumes) available at http://www.emea.org/gbook1.asp, a website administered by Bureau of Energy Efficiency (BEE), a statutory body under Ministry of Power, Government of India.2004
- 2. Eastop.T.D& Croft D.R, "Energy Efficiency for Engineers and Technologists", Logman Scientific & Technical, ISBN-0-582-03184, 1990
- 3. W.R. Murphy and G. McKay "Energy Management" Butterworths, London 1987
- 4. Pratap Bhattacharyya, "Climate Change and Greenhouse Gas Emission", New India Publishing Agency- Nipa,2020
- 5. Matthew John Franchetti , Defne Apul "Carbon Footprint Analysis: Concepts, Methods, Implementation, and Case Studies" CRC Press,2012
- 6. Robert A. Ristinen, Jack J. Kraushaar, Jeffrey T. Brack, "Energy and the Environment", 4th Edition, Wiley, 2022
- 7. M.H. Fulekar, Bhawana Pathak, R K Kale, "Environment and Sustainable Development" Springer, 2016
- 8. Sustainable development in India: Stocktaking in the run up to Rio+20: Report prepared by TERI for MoEF, 2011.

